

DeviceNet™ CAN Transceivers

Check for Samples: [SN65HVD252](#), [SN65HVD253](#)

FEATURES

- DeviceNet Compliant Supporting 64 DeviceNet Nodes
- Loopback Function (HVD253)
- Bus-Fault Protection of –36 V to 40 V
- Power-Up/Down Glitch-Free Bus I/O
- 3.3-V Compatible Receiver Output

APPLICATIONS

- DeviceNet Networks (Vendor ID # 806)
- Industrial Automation
- HVAC Networks
- Security Systems
- Telecom Base Station Status and Control
- CANopen Data Bus
- SDS Data Bus
- CAN Kingdom Data Bus

DESCRIPTION

The SN65HVD252 and SN65HVD253 CAN transceivers meet or exceed the specifications of DeviceNet and are compatible to the ISO 11898-2:2003 standard for use in applications employing a controller area network (CAN). This device provides differential transmit and receive capability at signaling rates up to 1 megabit per second (Mbps).

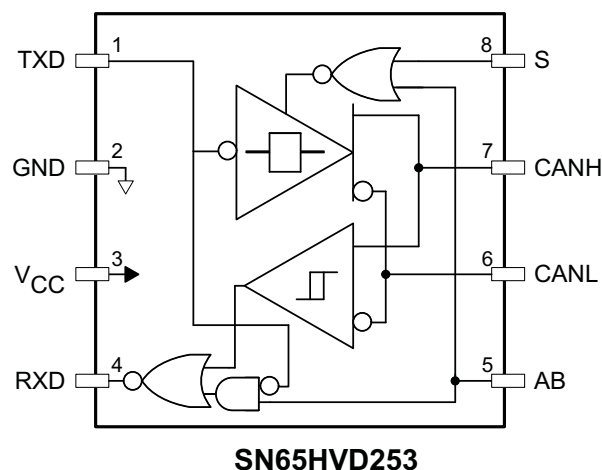
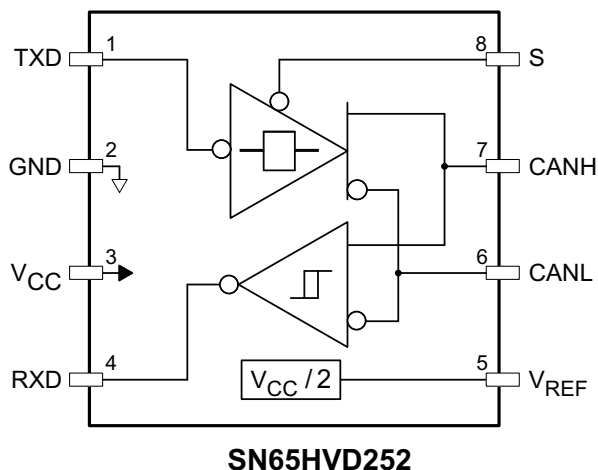
Designed for operation in harsh industrial environments, these devices feature bus-pin voltage protection from –36 V to 40 V, driver output current limiting, and overtemperature driver shutdown.

Pin 8 provides for two different modes of operation: normal and silent mode. The normal mode of operation is selected by connecting S (pin 8) to ground. If a high logic level is applied to the S pin, the device enters a listen-only silent mode during which the driver is inactive while the receiver remains fully functional.

The Vref pin 5 of the SN65HVD252 is a $V_{CC}/2$ voltage reference for systems which use split termination.

The AB pin of the SN65HVD253 implements a listen-only loopback feature which allows the local node controller to synchronize its baud rate with that of the CAN bus. In loopback mode, the driver differential outputs are placed in high-impedance state while the receiver bus inputs remain active. For more information on the loopback mode, see the [Application Information](#) section.

The SN65HVD252 and SN65HVD253 are characterized for operation from –40°C to 85°C.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

DeviceNet is a trademark of Open DeviceNet Vendor Association.



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.



Table 1. DRIVER (SN65HVD252)

INPUTS		OUTPUTS		BUS STATE
TXD	S	CAN_H	CAN_L	
L	L or OPEN	H	L	Dominant
H or OPEN		Z	Z	Recessive
X	H	Z	Z	Recessive

Table 2. RECEIVER (SN65HVD252)

INPUTS		OUTPUT
BUS STATE	$V_{ID} = V_{CANH} - V_{CANL}$	RXD
Dominant	$V_{ID} \geq 0.9 \text{ V}$	L
?	$0.5 \text{ V} < V_{ID} < 0.9 \text{ V}$	?
Recessive	$V_{ID} < 0.5 \text{ V}$	H
OPEN	$V_{ID} \approx 0 \text{ V}$	H

Table 3. DRIVER (SN65HVD253)

INPUTS			OUTPUTS		BUS STATE
TXD	AB	S	CAN_H	CAN_L	
X	X	H	Z	Z	Recessive
L	L or open	L or OPEN	H	L	Dominant
H or open	X		Z	Z	Recessive
X	H		Z	Z	Recessive

Table 4. RECEIVER (SN65HVD253)

INPUTS				OUTPUT
AB	BUS STATE	$V_{ID} = V_{CANH} - V_{CANL}$	TXD	RXD
L or open	Dominant	$V_{ID} \geq 0.9 \text{ V}$	X	L
	?	$0.5 \text{ V} < V_{ID} < 0.9 \text{ V}$		?
	Recessive	$V_{ID} \leq 0.5 \text{ V}$		H
	Open	$V_{ID} \approx 0 \text{ V}$		H
H	Dominant	$V_{ID} \geq 0.9 \text{ V}$	X	L
	?	$0.5 \text{ V} < V_{ID} < 0.9 \text{ V}$	L	L
	Recessive	$V_{ID} \leq 0.5 \text{ V or open}$	H	H
X	X	X	L	L

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS⁽¹⁾

	VALUE	UNIT
Supply voltage ⁽²⁾ , V _{CC}	–0.3 to 6	V
Voltage range at CANH, CANL, V _{REF}	–36 to 40	V
Voltage at CANH, CANL, transient pulse per ISO 7637, pulse 1, 2, 3a, 3b, 5, 6, 7	–200 to 200	V
Voltage input range at logic inputs, V _I (TXD, AB, RXD, S)	–0.5 to 6	V
ESD, human-body model (HBM) per JEDEC Standard 22, test method A114, CANH, CANL vs GND	±12	kV
ESD, human-body model (HBM) per JEDEC Standard 22, test method A114, all pins	±5	kV
ESD, charged-device model (CDM) per JEDEC Standard 22, test method C101, all pins	±2	kV
ESD, machine model (MM) per JEDEC Standard 22, test method A115 CANH, CANL vs GND	±200	V
Receiver output current, I _O	±20	mA
Junction temperature, T _J	170	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltage values, except differential I/O bus voltages, are with respect to ground terminal.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	4.75	5.25	V
	Voltage at any bus terminal (separately or common mode)	–5 ⁽¹⁾	10	V
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage	2	5.5	V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage	0	0.8	V
V _{ID}	Differential input voltage	–7	7	V
I _{OH}	Output current	–70	70	mA
	Driver	–2	2	
	Receiver			
T _A	Operating ambient free-air temperature	–40	85	°C
	See Thermal Information Table			

- (1) The algebraic convention, in which the least positive (most negative) limit is designated as minimum is used in this data sheet.

THERMAL INFORMATION

THERMAL METRIC		HVD252/53	UNITS
		8 PINS SOIC	
θ_{JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance ⁽¹⁾	124.5	°C/W
$\theta_{JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case(top) thermal resistance ⁽²⁾	55.9	
θ_{JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance ⁽³⁾	50.2	
ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter ⁽⁴⁾	4.9	
ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter ⁽⁵⁾	46	
$\theta_{JC(bottom)}$	Junction-to-case(bottom) thermal resistance ⁽⁶⁾	n/a	
P_D	Device power dissipation	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_J = 27^\circ\text{C}$, $R_L = 60\Omega$, R_S at 0 V, Input to D a 500-kHz 50% duty cycle square wave	189.1 mW
		$V_{CC} = 5.25\text{ V}$, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $R_L = 50\Omega$, R_S at 0 V, Input to D a 500-kHz 50% duty cycle square wave	274.8 mW

- (1) The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance under natural convection is obtained in a simulation on a JEDEC-standard, high-K board, as specified in JESD51-7, in an environment described in JESD51-2a.
- (2) The junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance is obtained by simulating a cold plate test on the package top. No specific JEDEC-standard test exists, but a close description can be found in the ANSI SEMI standard G30-88.
- (3) The junction-to-board thermal resistance is obtained by simulating in an environment with a ring cold plate fixture to control the PCB temperature, as described in JESD51-8.
- (4) The junction-to-top characterization parameter, ψ_{JT} , estimates the junction temperature of a device in a real system and is extracted from the simulation data for obtaining θ_{JA} , using a procedure described in JESD51-2a (sections 6 and 7).
- (5) The junction-to-board characterization parameter, ψ_{JB} , estimates the junction temperature of a device in a real system and is extracted from the simulation data for obtaining θ_{JA} , using a procedure described in JESD51-2a (sections 6 and 7).
- (6) The junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance is obtained by simulating a cold plate test on the exposed (power) pad. No specific JEDEC standard test exists, but a close description can be found in the ANSI SEMI standard G30-88.

DRIVER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
$V_{O(D)}$	Bus output voltage (dominant)	CANH	See Figure 1, TXD = 0 V, S = 0 V, AB = 0 V (HVD253), $R_{CM} = \text{open}$, $C_L = \text{open}$, $R_L = 60\Omega$		2.75	3.5	4.5	V
		CANL			0.5	1.5	2.25	
$V_{O(R)}$	Bus output voltage (recessive)		TXD = 3 V, S = 0 V	No Load	2	2.5	3	V
$V_{OD(D)}$	Differential output voltage (dominant)		See Figure 1, TXD = 0 V, S = 0 V, $R_{CM} = \text{open}$, $C_L = \text{open}$, $45\Omega \leq R_L \leq 60\Omega$		1.5	2.4	3.4	V
			See Figure 1, TXD = 0 V, S = 0 V, $R_L = 60\Omega$, $R_{CM} = 330\Omega$, $C_L = \text{open}$, $-5\text{ V} < V_{CM} < 10\text{ V}$		1.2	2.6	3.3	
$V_{OD(R)}$	Differential output voltage (recessive)		See Figure 1, TXD = 3 V, S = 0 V, $R_{CM} = \text{open}$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	$R_L = 60\Omega$	-12		12	mV
				No load	-100		50	
V_{SYM}	Output symmetry (dominant or recessive)		See Figure 1, S = 0 V, AB = 0 V (HVD253), $R_{CM} = \text{open}$, $C_L = \text{open}$, $R_L = 60\Omega$, $V_{SYM} = V_{CC} - V_{CANH} - V_{CANL}$		-400	0	400	mV
$I_{OS(ss)}$	Short-circuit steady-state output current		$-5\text{ V} < V_{CANH} < 10\text{ V}$, CANL open		-350		2.5	mA
			$-5\text{ V} < V_{CANL} < 10\text{ V}$, CANH open		-2.5		350	

- (1) All typical values are at 25°C with $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$.

DRIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{pHR}	Propagation delay time, high input to recessive output	See Figure 1, S = 0 V, $R_L = 60\Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_{CM} = \text{open}$			50	70	ns
t_{pLD}	Propagation delay time, low input to dominant output				40	70	
t_r	Differential output signal rise time, 10% to 90%				15	30	
t_f	Differential output signal fall time, 90% to 10%				17	30	
t_{en}	Enable time from silent mode to dominant	$R_L = 60\Omega$, $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$, $C_{LD} = 100\text{ pF}$				200	ns

RECEIVER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
V _{IT+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	–5 V < V _{CM} < 10 V		800	900	mV
V _{IT–}	Negative-going input threshold voltage		500	650		
V _{hys}	Hysteresis voltage (V _{IT+} – V _{IT–})		140	160		
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	I _O = –2 mA	2.4	3.3	3.7	V
		I _O = –20 µA	2.7	3.3	3.7	
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	I _O = 2 mA		0.1	0.2	V
I _{BL(off)}	Bus leakage current, with power off	CANH or CANL, Other bus pin at 0 V	V _{CC} at 0 V		600	µA
I _{BL}	Bus leakage current, in silent mode or recessive state		TXD or S pin at V _{CC}		600	
C _I	Input capacitance to ground, (CANH or CANL)	V _I = 0.4 sin (4E6πt) + 2.5 V		20		pF
C _{ID}	Differential input capacitance	V _I = 0.4 sin (4E6πt)		7		pF
R _{ID}	Differential input resistance	TXD at 3 V, S at 0 V	30	60	80	kΩ
R _{IN}	Input resistance, (CANH or CANL)		15	30	40	kΩ
R _{I(M)}	Input resistance matching [1 – (R _{IN (CANH)} / R _{IN (CANL)})] × 100%	V _{CANH} = V _{CANL}	–3%	0%	3%	

(1) All typical values are at 25°C with V_{CC} = 5 V.

RECEIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{pRH}	Propagation delay time, recessive input to high output	See Figure 2, C _L = 15 pF, AB = 0 V or V _{CC} (HVD253)		55	80	ns
t _{pDL}	Propagation delay time, dominant input to low output			50	80	
t _r	Output signal rise time, 10% to 90%				20	
t _f	Output signal fall time, 90% to 10%				20	

DRIVER-TO-RECEIVER LOOP-SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{loop1}	Total loop delay, driver input to receiver output	Recessive to dominant	See Figure 4, S at 0 V, AB at 0 V, R _L = 60 Ω, C _{LD} = 100 pF, C _L = 15 pF	40	90	140	ns
t _{loop2}		Dominant to recessive		40	105	140	
t _{AB1}	Loopback delay, driver input to receiver output (HVD253 only)		See Figure 5, S at 0 V, AB = V _{CC} , R _L = 60 Ω, C _{LD} = 100 pF, C _L = 15 pF		20	40	ns

LOGIC INPUT PIN CHARACTERISTICS (D, S, AND AB INPUTS)

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I_I	Input current	$0\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{CC}$	-100		100	μA
$I_{OP(off)}$	Power-off leakage current	V_{CC} at 0 V , $0 < V_{IN} < V_{CC(MAX)}$	-100		100	μA

V_{REF} PIN CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_O	Output voltage	$-100\text{ }\mu\text{A} < I_O < 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	$0.4\text{ }V_{CC}$	$0.5V_{CC}$	$0.6V_{CC}$	V
		$-50\text{ }\mu\text{A} < I_O < 50\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	$0.43\text{ }V_{CC}$	$0.5V_{CC}$	$0.57\text{ }V_{CC}$	
		$-5\text{ }\mu\text{A} < I_O < 5\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	$0.45\text{ }V_{CC}$	$0.5V_{CC}$	$0.55\text{ }V_{CC}$	

SUPPLY CURRENT

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I_{CC}	Supply current	HVD252	Silent	S at V_{CC} , TXD at V_{CC}		13	17	mA
		HVD253		S at V_{CC} , AB at 0 V or V_{CC}		13	17	
		All	Dominant	TXD at 0 V , $50\text{-}\Omega$ load, S at 0 V		60	80	
			Recessive	TXD at V_{CC} , no load, S at 0 V		13	17	

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

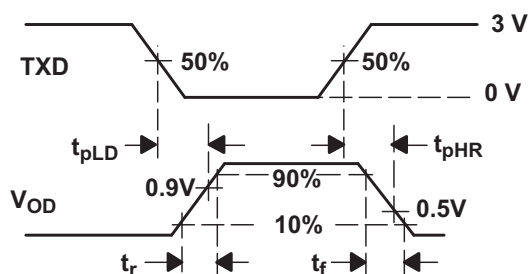
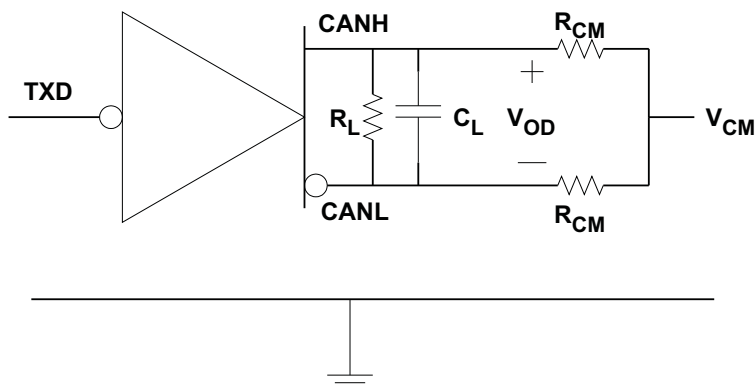


Figure 1. Driver Test Circuit

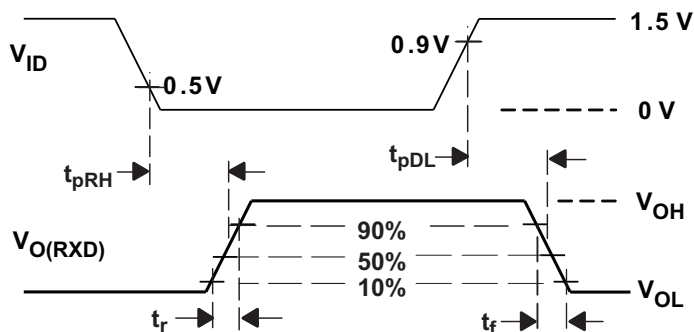
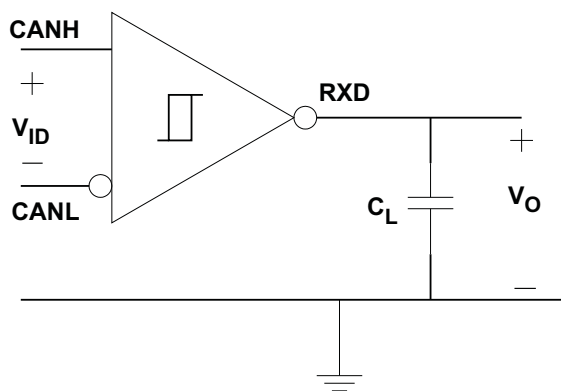


Figure 2. Receiver Test Circuit

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)

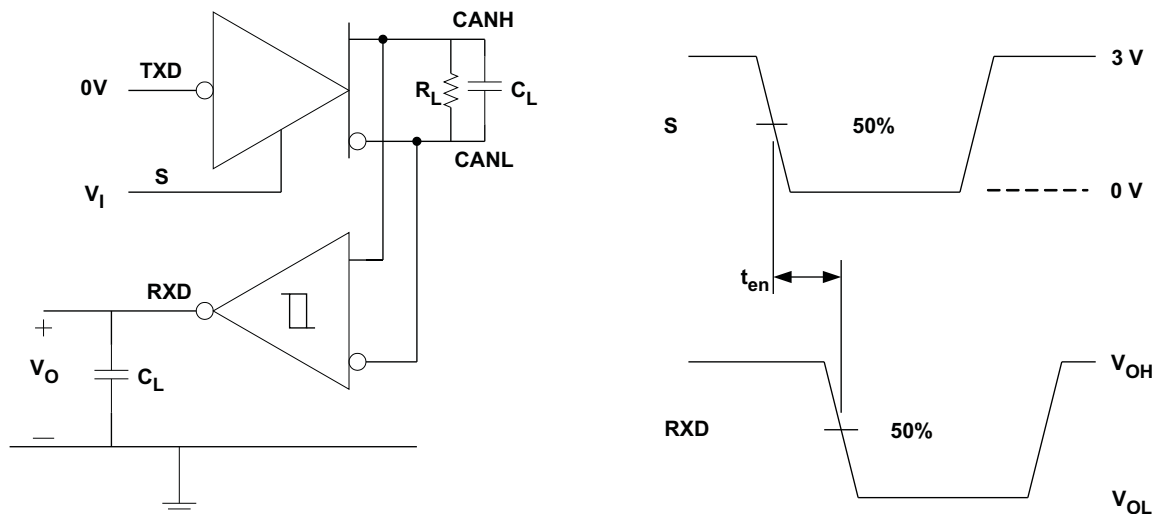


Figure 3. Enable Test Circuit

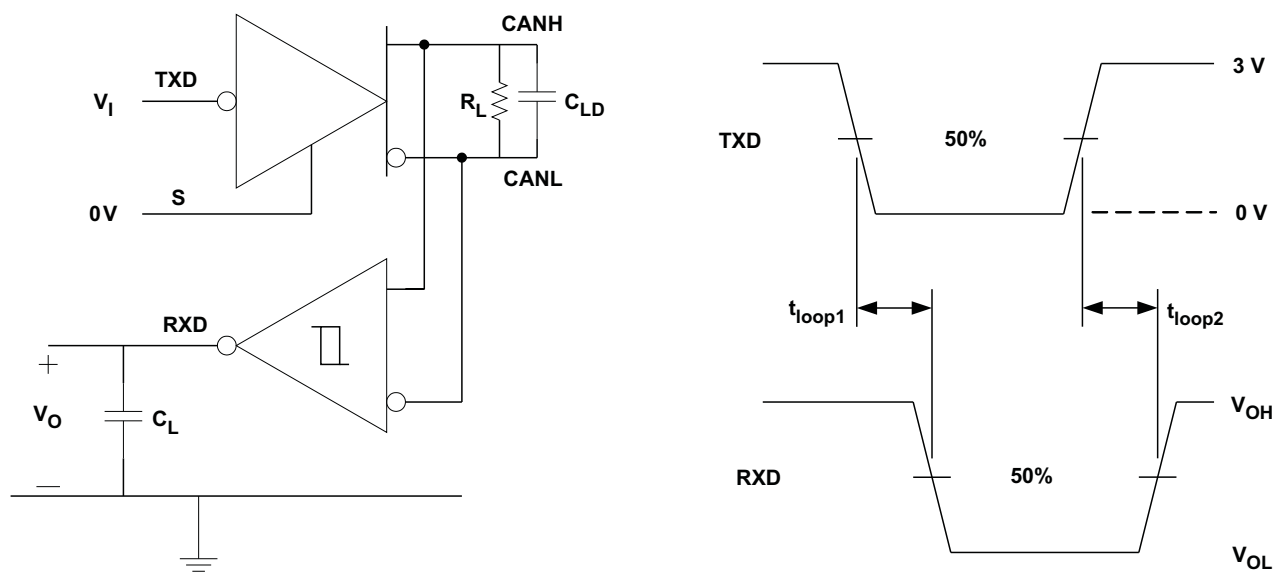


Figure 4. Loop Time Measurements

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)

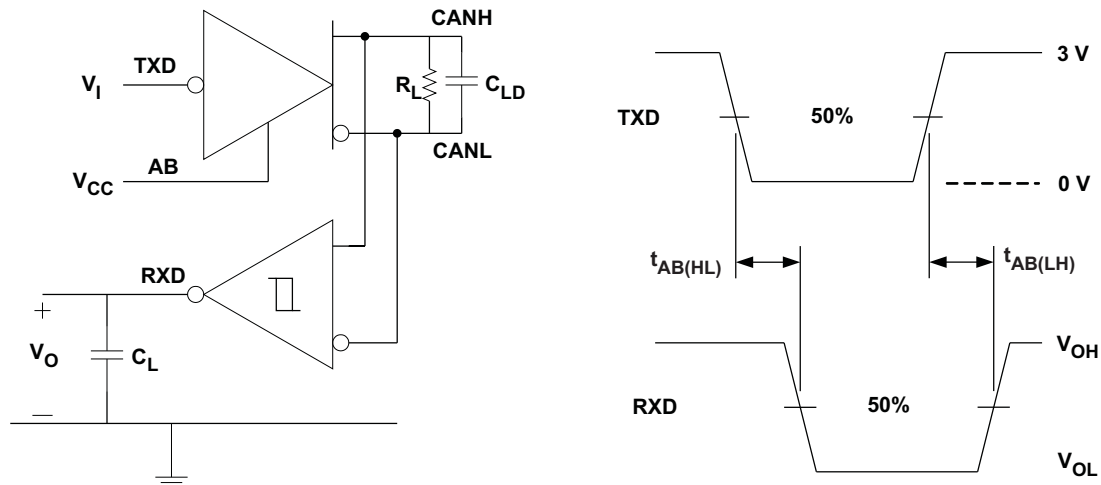
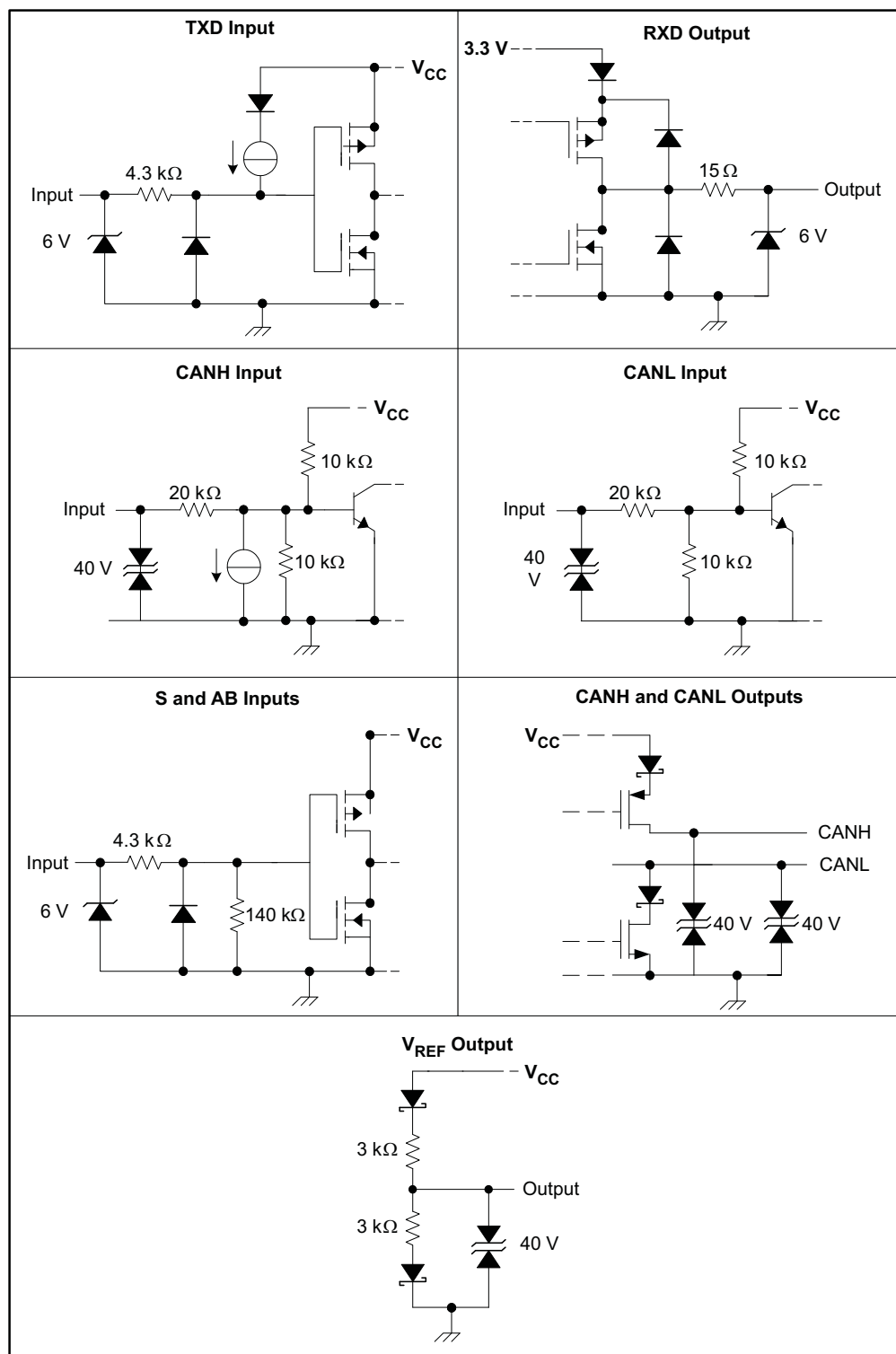


Figure 5. Loopback Timing Measurement

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)

EQUIVALENT INPUT AND OUTPUT SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS



APPLICATION INFORMATION

USING THE SILENT MODE

The silent mode is selected by setting a logic high on pin 8 (S). In silent mode, the driver function of the transceiver is disabled, whereas the receiver function remains active. This silent mode may be used to implement *babbling idiot* protection, to ensure that the driver does not disrupt the entire network in case of a local fault. The silent mode may also be used in redundant systems to select or de-select the redundant transceiver until needed.

USING THE AUTOBAUD FEATURE OF THE SN65HVD253

The autobaud feature of the HVD253 is selected by placing a logic high on pin 5 (AB). In autobaud mode, the normal *bus-transmit* function of the transceiver is disabled, whereas the *bus-receive* function and all of the other normal operating functions of the device remain active. An internal loopback emulates the connection between the driver outputs and the receiver inputs, allowing the receiver to respond to locally-generated dominant bits as well as dominant bits from other nodes.

With the autobaud function engaged, normal bus activity, including activity from the local controller, can be monitored by the local node as received data. However, if an error frame is generated by the local CAN controller, it is not transmitted to the bus. Only the local microprocessor can detect the error frame.

Autobaud detection is well suited to applications that have a known selection of baud rates. For example, DeviceNet (a common industrial protocol) has optional signaling rates of 125 kbps, 250 kbps, or 500 kbps. Once a logic high has been applied to pin 5 (AB) of the HVD253, the local controller may assume a baud rate such as 125 kbps and then wait for a message to be transmitted by another node on the bus. If the wrong local signaling rate has been selected, an error message is generated by the local CAN controller. However, because the *bus-transmit* function of the transceiver has been disabled, no other nodes receive the error message from the local controller.

This procedure makes use of the CAN controller status-register indications of message received and error warning status to signal if the current signaling rate is correct or not. The warning status indicates that the CAN controller error counters have been incremented. A message-received status indicates that a good message has been received.

If an error is generated, the local CAN controller may assume another signaling rate and wait to receive another message. When an error-free message has been received, the correct baud rate has been selected. A logic low may now be applied to pin 5 (AB) of the HVD253, returning the *bus-transmit* normal operating function to the transceiver.

USING THE V_{REF} OUTPUT

The V_{REF} output provides a stable voltage of half the power supply voltage. This can be used in split-termination schemes to improve electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of the system. It can also be used as a reference with which to compare the single-ended inputs for degraded operation in the event of a wire-break fault on either the CANH or CANL bus lines.

DeviceNet REQUIREMENTS

DeviceNet requires additional performance beyond the requirements of the ISO 11898-2 CAN standard. These additional specifications address the conditions found in rugged industrial applications. The DeviceNet specifications are maintained by ODVA. (www.odva.org) The HVD252 and HVD253 fully meet these requirements under all recommended operating conditions.

PARAMETER	DeviceNet SPECIFICATION	HVD252, HVD253
Number of nodes	64	Yes
Minimum differential input resistance	20 k Ω	Yes
Minimum differential input capacitance	24 pF	Yes
Bus pin voltage range (survivable)	–25 V to 18 V	Yes
Bus pin voltage range (operation)	–5 V to 10 V	Yes
Differential output voltage	1.5 V with 50- Ω load	Yes

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
SN65HVD252D	Active	Production	SOIC (D) 8	75 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HVD252
SN65HVD252D.A	Active	Production	SOIC (D) 8	75 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HVD252
SN65HVD252DR	Active	Production	SOIC (D) 8	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HVD252
SN65HVD252DR.A	Active	Production	SOIC (D) 8	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HVD252
SN65HVD253D	Active	Production	SOIC (D) 8	75 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HVD253
SN65HVD253D.A	Active	Production	SOIC (D) 8	75 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HVD253
SN65HVD253DR	Active	Production	SOIC (D) 8	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HVD253
SN65HVD253DR.A	Active	Production	SOIC (D) 8	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HVD253

⁽¹⁾ **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

⁽²⁾ **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

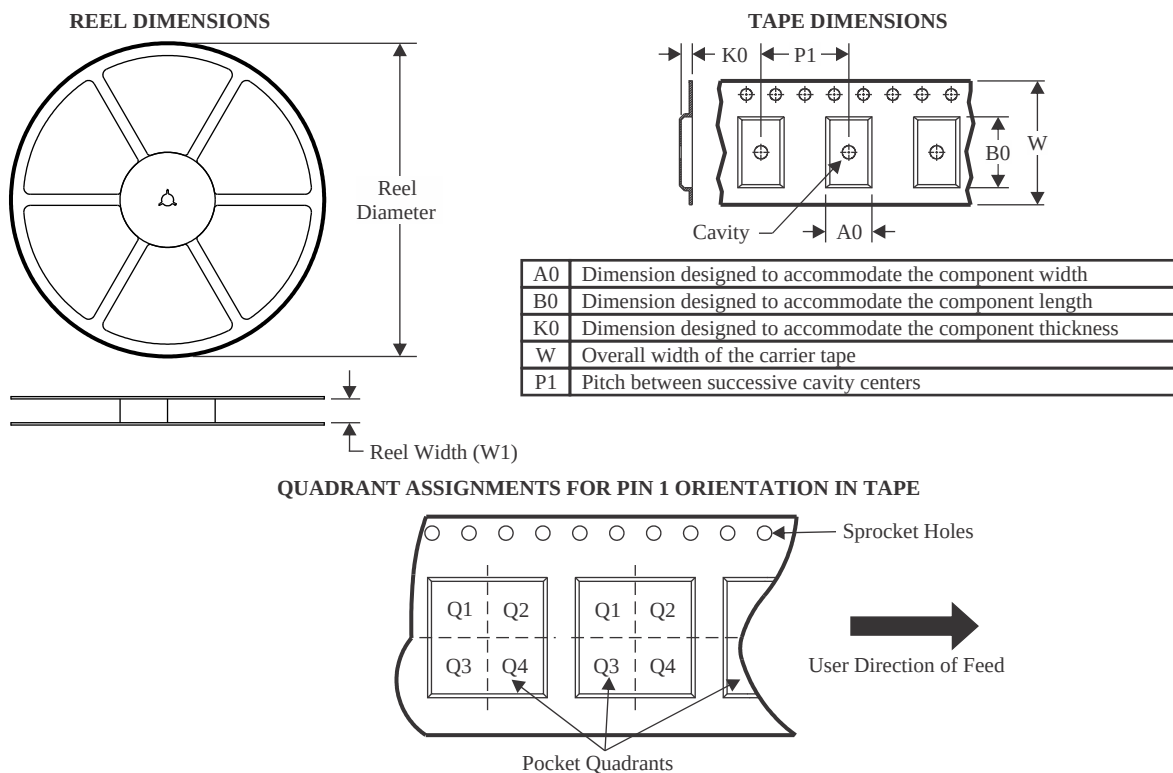
⁽⁶⁾ **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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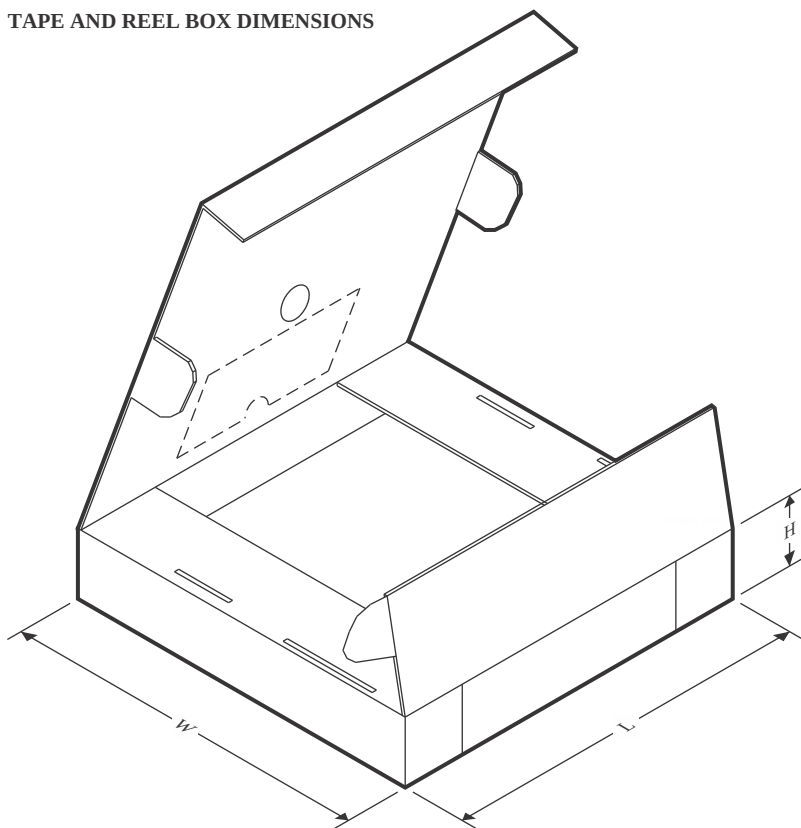
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN65HVD252DR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN65HVD253DR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

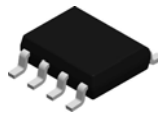
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN65HVD252DR	SOIC	D	8	2500	353.0	353.0	32.0
SN65HVD253DR	SOIC	D	8	2500	353.0	353.0	32.0

TUBE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (μm)	B (mm)
SN65HVD252D	D	SOIC	8	75	506.6	8	3940	4.32
SN65HVD252D.A	D	SOIC	8	75	506.6	8	3940	4.32
SN65HVD253D	D	SOIC	8	75	506.6	8	3940	4.32
SN65HVD253D.A	D	SOIC	8	75	506.6	8	3940	4.32

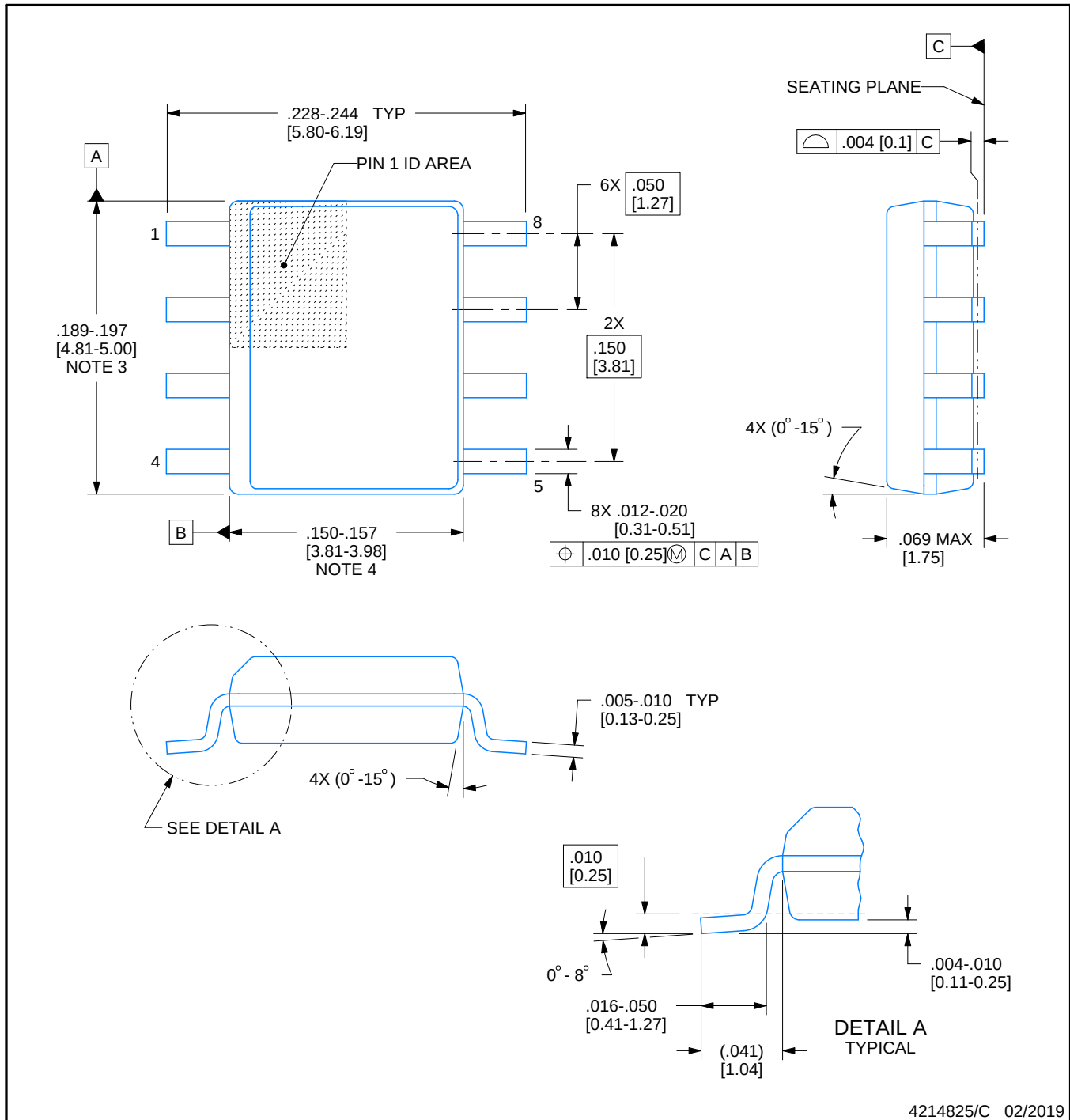


D0008A

PACKAGE OUTLINE

SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



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NOTES:

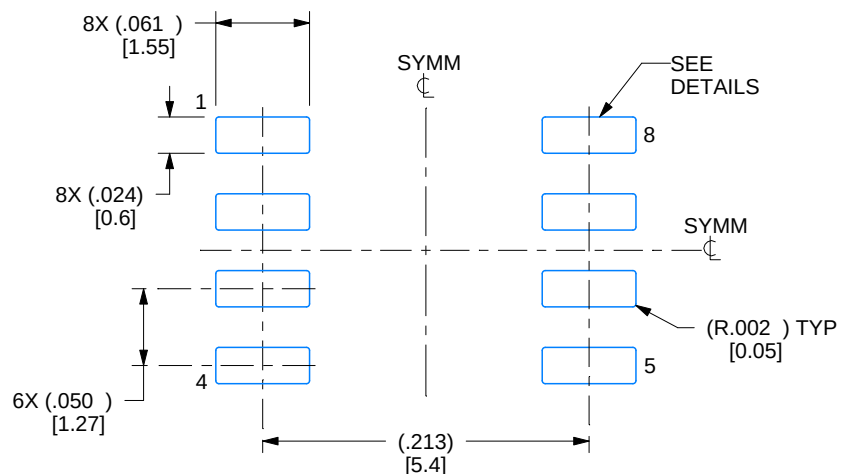
1. Linear dimensions are in inches [millimeters]. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Controlling dimensions are in inches. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 [0.15] per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-012, variation AA.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

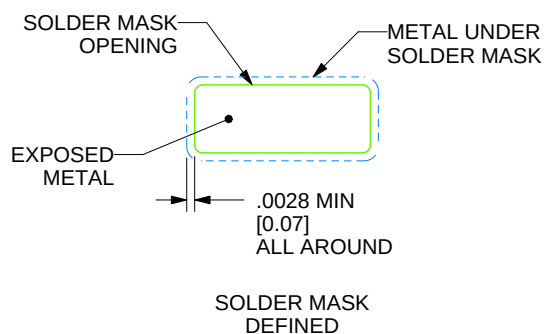
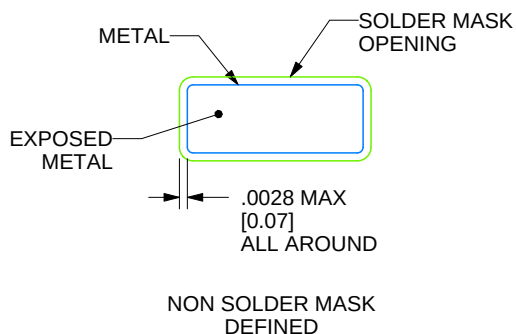
D0008A

SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:8X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

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NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

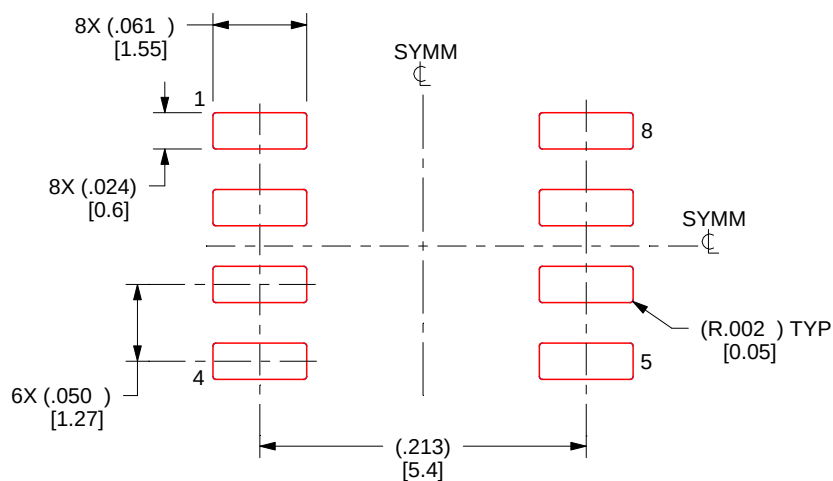
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

D0008A

SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON .005 INCH [0.125 MM] THICK STENCIL
SCALE:8X

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NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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