

TPS53819A Buck Controller Evaluation Module User's Guide



ABSTRACT

The TPS53819AEM-123 evaluation module (EVM) is designed to evaluate the TPS53819A. The TPS53819A is a small-size single-buck controller with adaptive on-time D-CAP2 mode control. It provides a fixed 1.2-V output at up to 25 A from a nominal 12-V input bus. This controller is an analog PWM controller allowing programming and monitoring via the PMBus interface. The TPS53819AEM-123 also uses a 5 mm × 6 mm TI power block MOSFET (CSD87350Q5D) for high power density and superior thermal performance.

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Trademarks

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1 Description

The TPS53819AEVM-123 is designed to use a regulated 12-V bus to produce a regulated 1.2-V output at up to 25 A of load current. The TPS53819AEVM-123 is designed to demonstrate the TPS53819A in a typical low voltage application while providing a number of test points to evaluate the performance of the TPS53819A.

1.1 Typical Applications

- Point of load systems
- Storage computer
- Server computer
- Multi-function printer
- Embedded computing

1.2 Features

- Regulated 1.2-V output, marginable and trimmable through the PMBus interface

- 25-A DC steady state output current
- D-CAP2™ mode control supporting all ceramic output capacitors
- Programmable soft start through the PMBus interface
- Programmable enable function through the PMBus interface
- Fault report through the PMBus interface
- J2 for external enable function
- Supports pre-bias output voltage start-up
- High efficiency and high-power density by using a TI power block MOSFET
- Convenient test points for probing critical waveforms
- Cycle-by-cycle valley overcurrent limit protection

2 Electrical Performance Specifications

Table 2-1. TPS53819AEVM-123 Electrical Performance Specifications⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Voltage range, V_{IN}		8	12	14	V
Maximum input current	$V_{IN} = 8\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 25\text{ A}$		4.3		A
No load input current	$V_{IN} = 14\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 0\text{ A}$ with auto skip mode		1		mA
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Output voltage, V_{OUT}			1.2		V
Output load current, I_{OUT}		0		25	A
Output voltage regulation	Line regulation: input voltage = 8 V to 14 V		0.5%		
	Load regulation: output current = 0 A to 25 A		0.5%		
Output voltage ripple	$V_{IN} = 12\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 25\text{ A}$		10		mVpp
Output over current	I_{OUT_OC} fault flag asserted	25			A
SYSTEMS CHARACTERISTICS					
Switching frequency			425		kHz
Peak efficiency	$V_{IN} = 12\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ A}$		91.0%		
Full load efficiency	$V_{IN} = 12\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 25\text{ A}$		87.9%		
Loop bandwidth	$V_{IN} = 12\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 25\text{ A}$		111		kHz
Phase margin	$V_{IN} = 12\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 25\text{ A}$		91.4		°
Operating temperature			25		°C

(1) This design uses TI Default PMBus settings

3 Schematic

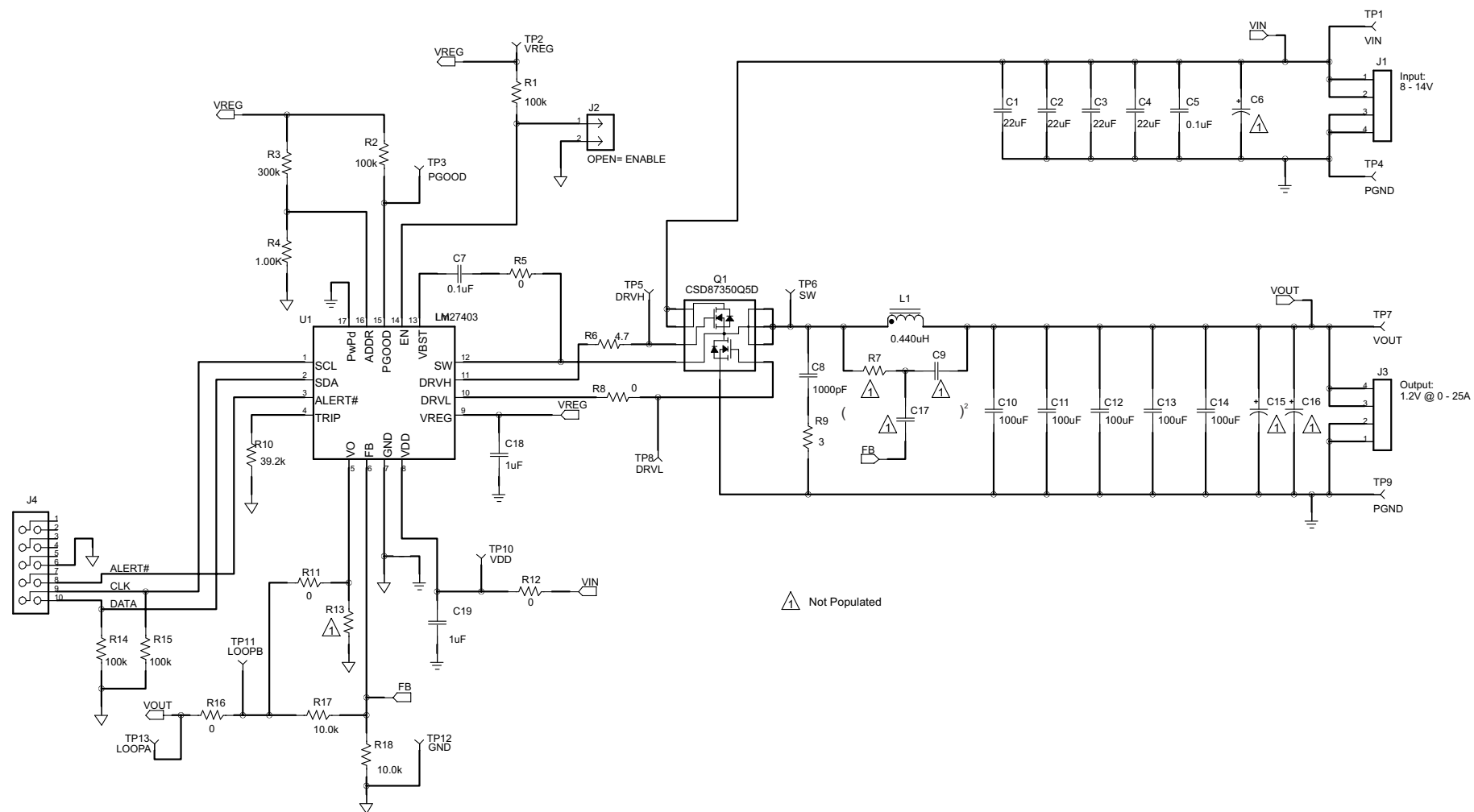


Figure 3-1. TPS53819AEVM-123 Schematic

4 Test Setup

4.1 Test and Configuration Software

In order to change any of the default configuration parameters on the EVM, it is necessary to obtain the TI Fusion Digital Power Designer software.

4.1.1 Description

Fusion Digital Power Designer is the Graphical User Interface (GUI) used to configure and monitor Texas Instrument's (TI) TPS53819A power controller on this evaluation module (EVM). The application uses the PMBus protocol to communicate with the controller over serial bus by way of a TI USB Interface Adapter EVM included.

4.1.2 Features

Some of the tasks performed with the GUI include:

- Turn on or off the power supply output, either through the hardware control line or the PMBus operation command.
- Configure common operating characteristics such as V_{OUT} , switching frequency, soft-start time, and more.
- Monitor status and warnings or fault conditions real-time.

The software is available for download at this location:

http://focus.ti.com/docs/toolsw/folders/print/fusion_digital_power_designer.html.

4.2 Test Equipment

Voltage Source: The input voltage source V_{IN} should be a 0-V to 14-V variable DC source capable of supplying 30 ADC. Connect V_{IN} to J4 as shown in [Figure 4-2](#).

Multimeters:

- **V1:** V_{IN} at TP1 (V_{IN}) to TP4 (PGND)
- **V2:** V_{OUT} at TP7 (V_{OUT}) to TP9 (PGND)
- **A1:** V_{IN} input current

Output Load: The output load should be an electronic constant-resistance mode load capable of 0 ADC to 25 ADC at 1.2 V. An electronic constant-current load is also acceptable.

Oscilloscope: A digital or analog oscilloscope can be used to measure the output ripple. The oscilloscope must be set for 1-M Ω impedance, 20-MHz bandwidth, AC coupling, 2- μ s per division horizontal resolution, 20-mV per division vertical resolution. As shown in [Figure 4-1](#), test points TP7 and TP9 can be used to measure the output ripple voltage by placing the oscilloscope probe tip through TP7 and holding the ground barrel to TP9. It is not recommended to use a long leaded ground connection because this may induce additional noise due to a large ground loop. Alternatively, the output ripple can be measured directly across C14 with a short ground lead as shown in [Figure 4-2](#). To measure other waveforms, adjust the oscilloscope as needed.

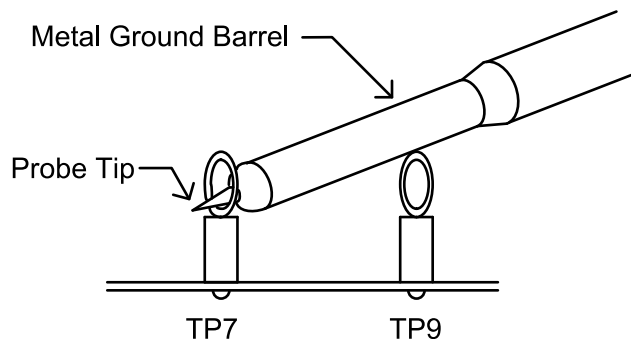


Figure 4-1. Tip and Barrel Measurement for V_{OUT} Ripple

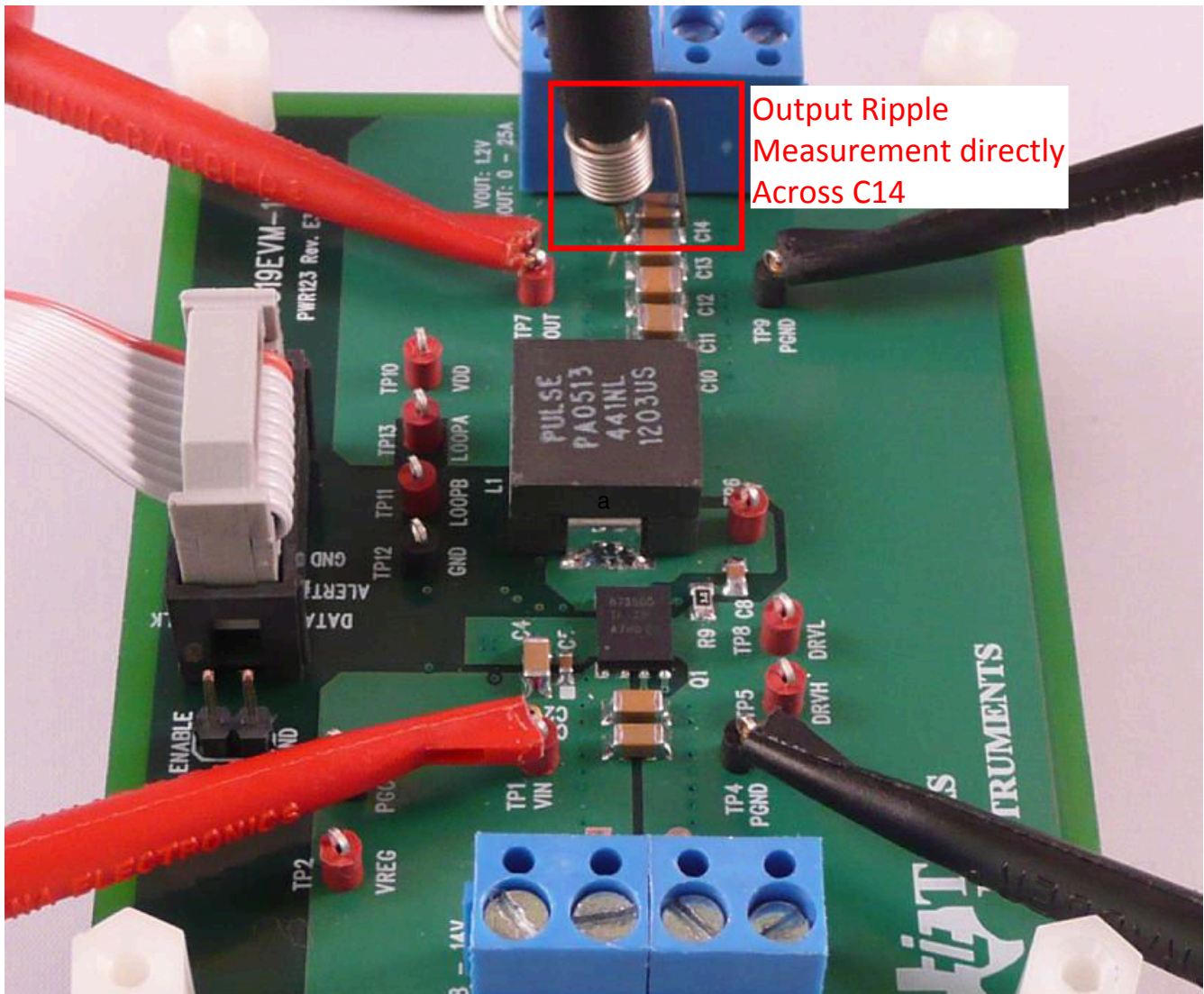


Figure 4-2. Probe with Short Ground Lead for V_{OUT} Ripple Across C14

Fan: Some of the components of this EVM can approach temperatures of 60°C during operation. A small fan capable of 200–400 LFM is recommended to reduce component temperatures while the EVM is operating. Exercise caution when touching the EVM while the fan is not running and always exercise caution when touching any circuits that can be live or energized.

Recommended Wire Gauge:

- **V_{IN} to J1 (12-V input):** The recommended wire size is 1 × AWG #14 per input connection, with the total length of wire less than four feet (two feet input, two feet return).
- **J3 to LOAD:** The minimum recommended wire size is 2 × AWG #14, with the total length of wire less than four feet (two feet input, two feet return).

4.3 Recommended Test Setup

Figure 4-3 is the recommended test set up to evaluate the TPS53819AEVM-123. Working at an ESD workstation, make sure that any wrist straps, bootstraps or mats are connected referencing the user to earth ground before power is applied to the EVM.

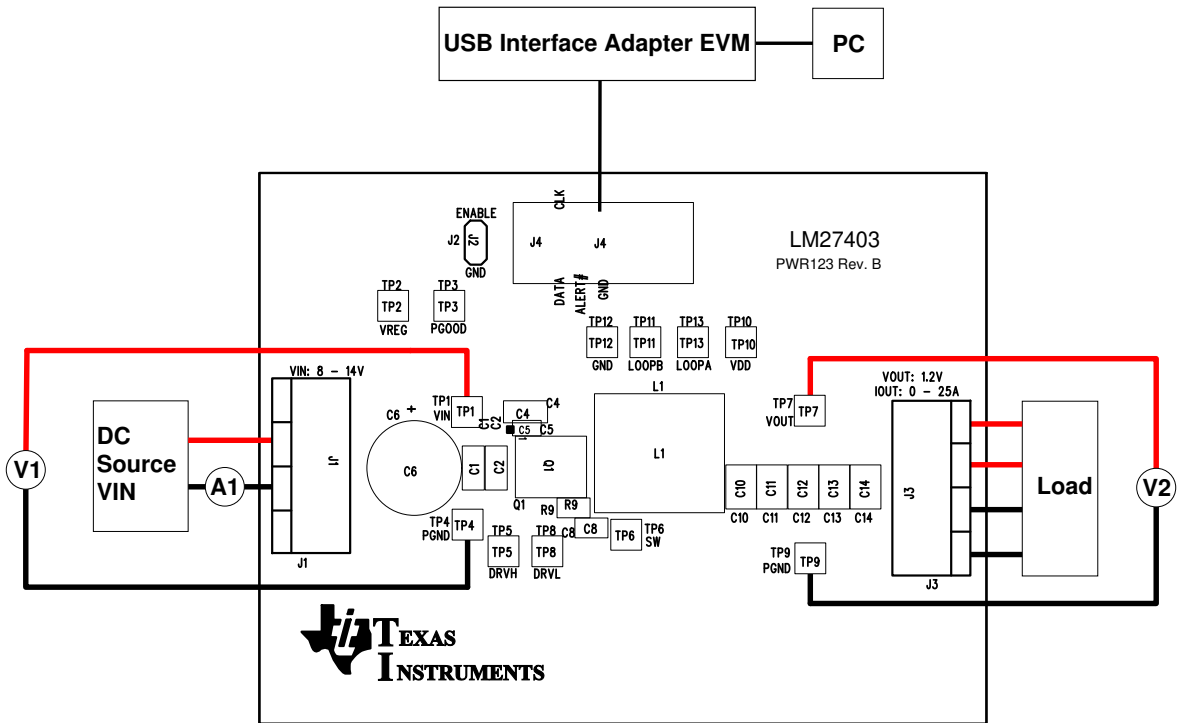


Figure 4-3. TPS53819AEMV-123 Recommended Test Setup

4.3.1 Input Connections

1. Prior to connecting the DC input source V_{IN} , it is advisable to limit the source current from V_{IN} to 10-A maximum. Make sure V_{IN} is initially set to 0 V and connected to J1 as shown in Figure 4-3.
2. Connect a voltmeter V1 at TP1 and TP4 to measure the input voltage.
3. Connect a current meter to A1 to measure the input current.

4.3.2 Output Connections

1. Connect Load to J3 and set Load to constant resistance mode to sink 0 Adc before V_{IN} is applied.
2. Connect a voltmeter V2 at TP7 and TP9 to measure the output voltage.

4.3.3 Other Connections

1. When using a fan, ensure air is flowing across the EVM.
2. Connect the ribbon cable from the USB interface adapter to J4.

4.4 List of Test Points

Table 4-1. The Functions of Each Test Points

TEST POINTS	NAME	DESCRIPTION
TP1	VIN	Input voltage
TP2	VREG	5-V LDO output
TP3	PGOOD	Power good
TP4	PGND	GND reference for V_{IN}
TP5	DRVH	High-side driver output
TP6	SW	Switching node
TP7	VOUT	Output voltage
TP8	DRVL	Low-side driver output
TP9	PGND	GND reference for VOUT
TP10	VDD	Controller power-supply input
TP11	LOOPB	Input B for loop injection
TP12	GND	GND for sensitive analog circuitry

Table 4-1. The Functions of Each Test Points (continued)

TEST POINTS	NAME	DESCRIPTION
TP13	LOOPA	Input A for loop injection

4.5 Jumper Configuration: Enable Selection

The controller can be enabled and disabled by J3.

Default setting: No Jumper shorts on J3 to Enable the controller.

Table 4-2. Enable Selection

JUMPER POSITION	ENABLE SELECTION
Jumper shorts on J3	Disable the controller
No jumper shorts on J3	Enable the controller

5 EVM Configuration Using the Fusion GUI

In order to configure the TPS53819A controller on the EVM from its default values, it is required to use the TI Fusion Digital Power Designer software. It is necessary to have input voltage applied to the EVM prior to launching the software so the TPS53819A can respond to the GUI and the GUI can recognize the TPS53819A. At least 4.25 V must be applied to the V_{DD} pin to overcome the default UVLO setting.

5.1 Configuration Procedure

1. Adjust the input supply to provide at least 4.25 V.
2. Apply the input voltage to the EVM. Refer to [Figure 4-3](#) for connections and test setup.
3. Launch the Fusion GUI software. If prompted, select GUI scan mode to *DEVICE_CODE* only. Refer to [Figure 5-1](#) for changing device scanning options. The software will recognize the TPS53819A device on the EVM and load the GUI.
4. Configure the EVM operating parameters as needed.

CAUTION

Some parameters can be configured, such as switching frequency, to values that can result in erratic or unexpected behavior on this EVM. Consult the [TPS53819A 3-V to 28-V Input, 40-A, Eco-Mode™, D-CAP2™ Synchrons Buck Controller Data Sheet](#) for guidance in configuration of parameters and impact on component selection.


Figure 5-1. Selection of Device Scan Options

5.2 Default Fusion GUI Screenshots and Description

[Figure 5-2](#) is a screenshot of the *General* tab of the Fusion GUI with default configuration where the general configuration parameters can be set. After modifying a parameter the **Write to Hardware** button must be clicked to apply it. When power cycling all parameters reset to the values stored in flash. To change the values stored in flash, click the **Store RAM to Flash** button. [Figure 5-3](#) is a screenshot of the *All Config* tab where all accessible registers are viewed. [Figure 5-4](#) is a screenshot of the Status screen selected on the bottom-left corner. The USB adapter settings are found in the File menu of the Digital Fusion GUI.

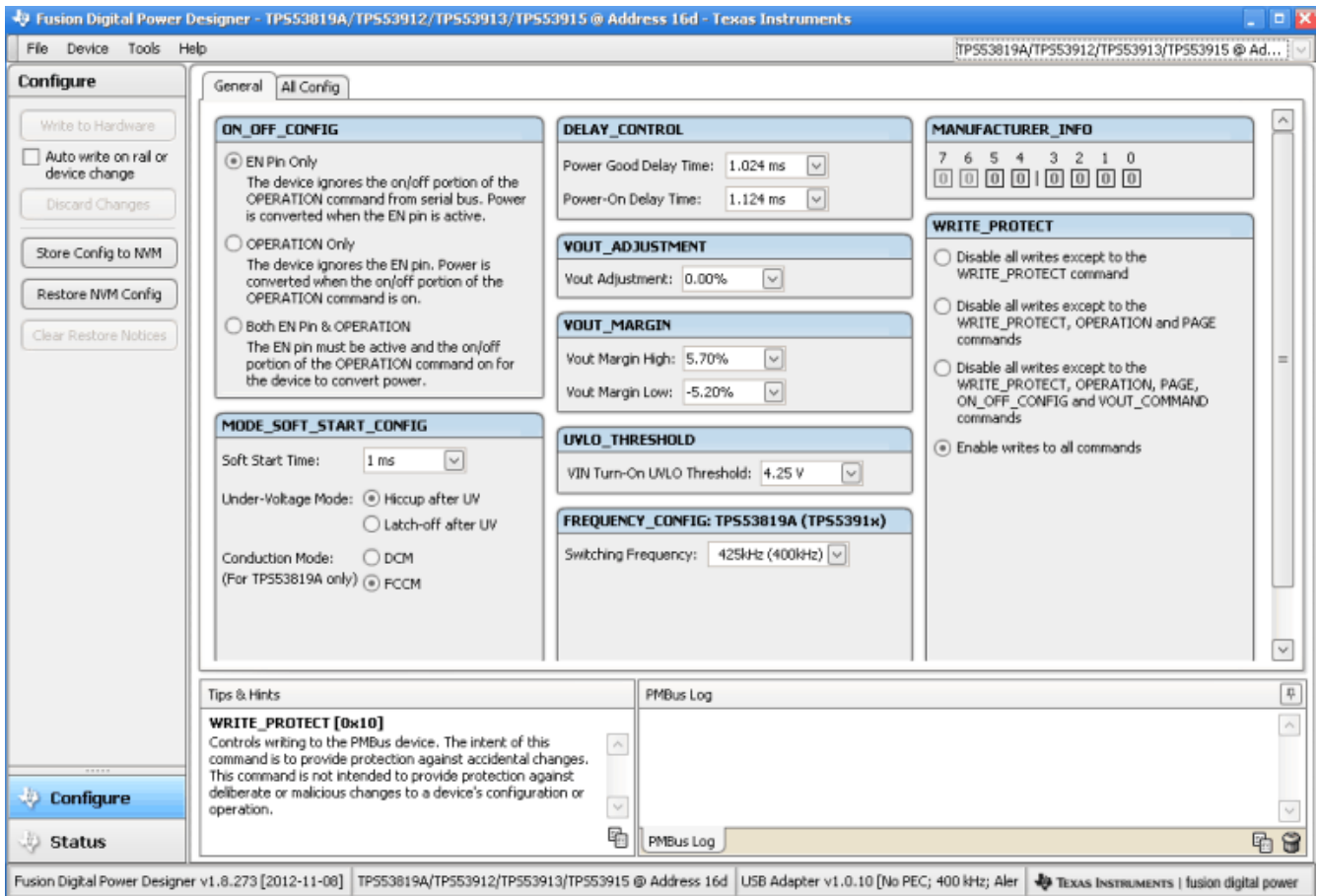


Figure 5-2. TPS53819A GUI Configure General Tab

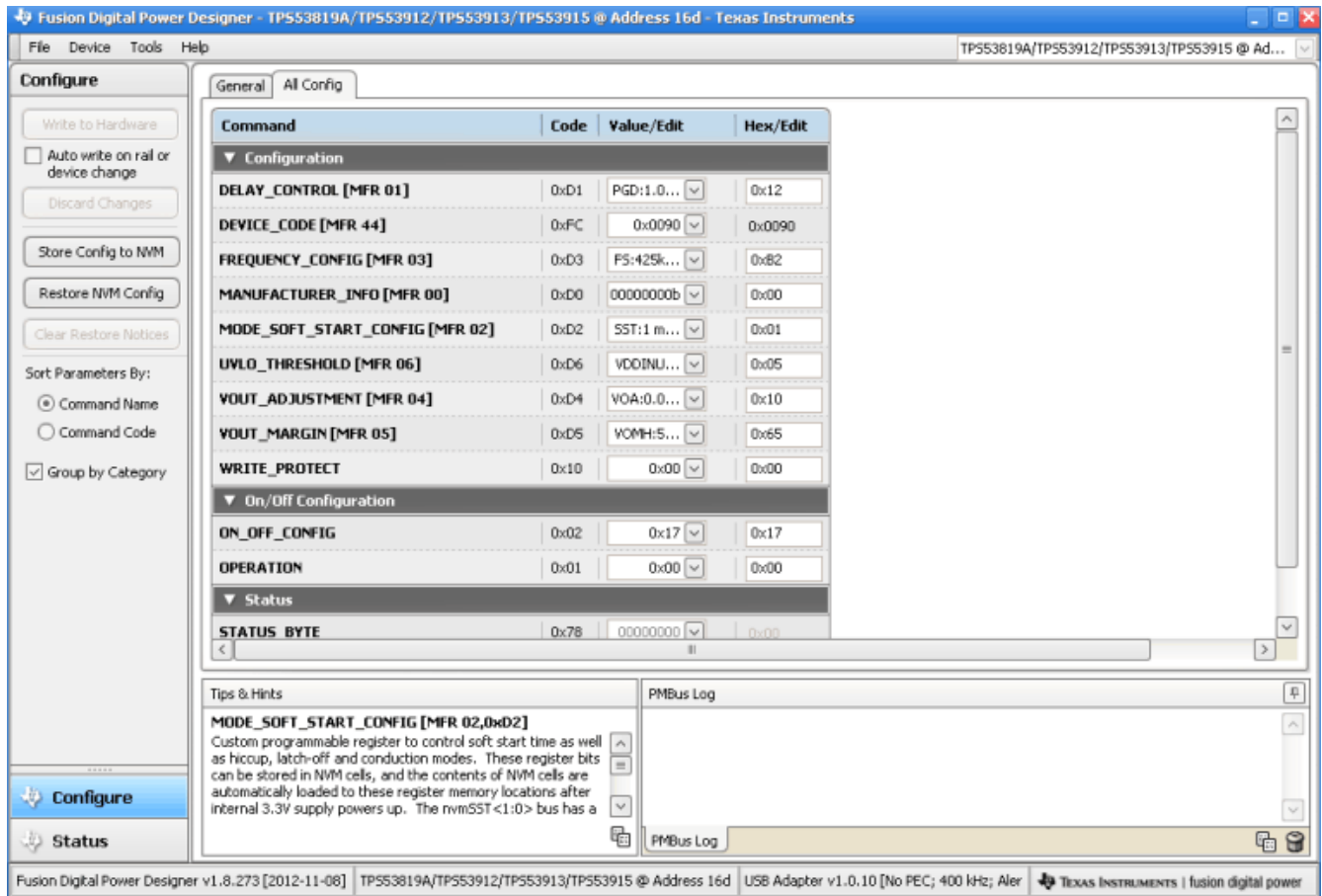


Figure 5-3. TPS53819A GUI Configure, All Config Tab

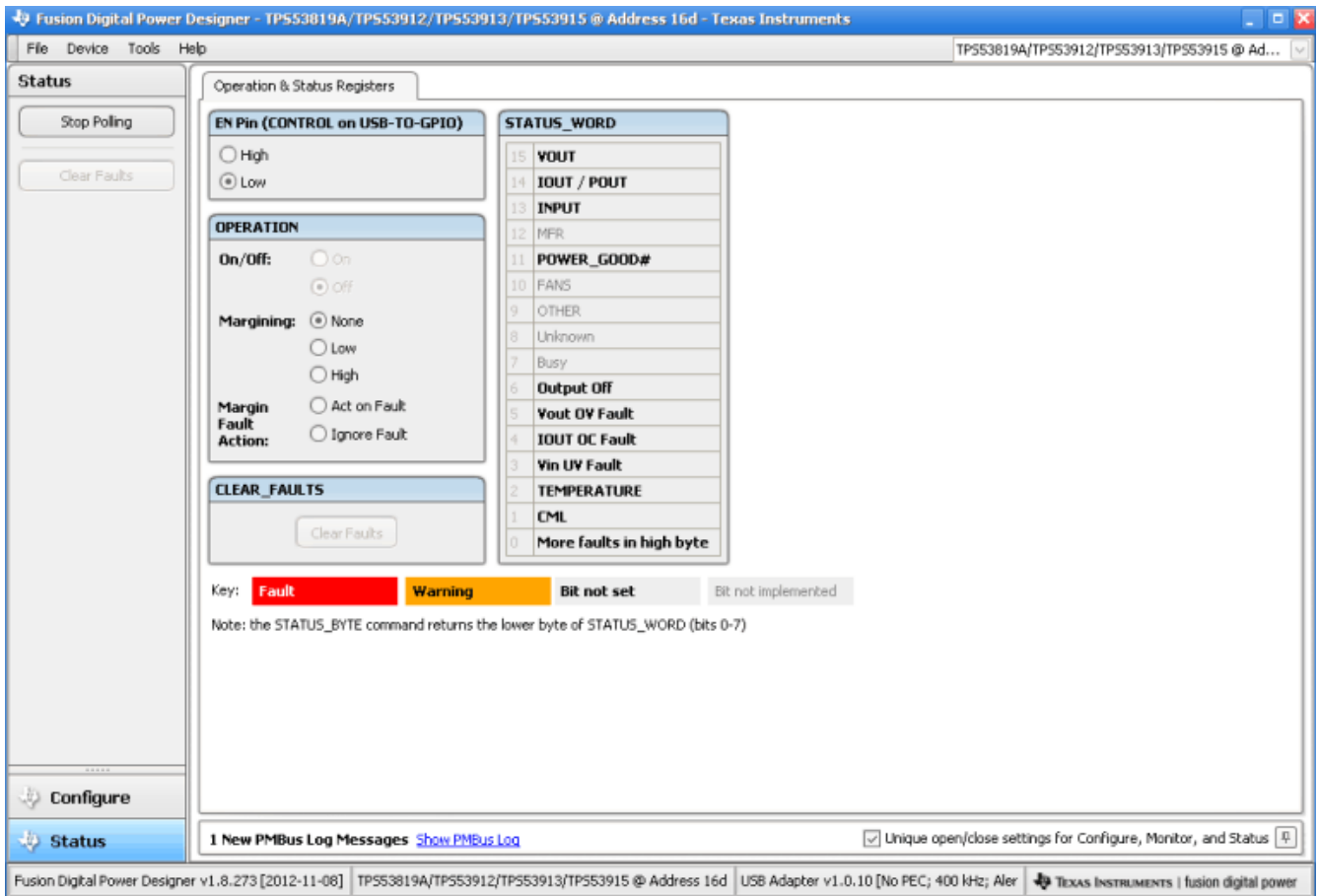


Figure 5-4. TPS53819A GUI Status

6 Test Procedure

6.1 Line and Load Regulation and Efficiency Measurement Procedure

1. Set up the EVM as described in [Section 4](#) and [Figure 4-3](#).
2. Ensure the load is set to constant resistance mode and to sink 0 ADC.
3. Ensure the jumper provided in the EVM shorts on J2 before V_{IN} is applied.
4. Increase V_{IN} from 0 V to 12 V, using V1 to measure input voltage.
5. Remove the jumper on J3 to enable the controller.
6. Use V2 to measure V_{OUT} voltage.
7. Vary Load from 0 ADC to 25 ADC. V_{OUT} should remain in load regulation.
8. Vary V_{IN} from 8 V to 14 V. V_{OUT} should remain in line regulation.
9. Put the jumper on J3 to disable the controller.
10. Decrease the load to 0 A.
11. Decrease V_{IN} to 0 V.

6.2 Control Loop Gain and Phase Measurement Procedure

TPS53819AEVM-123 contains a place holder for a 10- Ω series resistor in the feedback loop for loop response analysis.

1. Replace R16 with a 10- Ω resistor.
2. Set up EVM as described in [Section 4](#) and [Figure 4-3](#).
3. Connect isolation transformer to test points marked TP13 and TP11.
4. Connect input signal amplitude measurement probe (Loop B) to TP11. Connect output signal amplitude measurement probe (Loop A) to TP13.
5. Connect ground lead of Loop A and Loop B to TP12.
6. Inject around 10 mV or less signal through the isolation transformer.
7. Sweep the frequency from 100 Hz to 1 MHz with 10 Hz or lower post filter. The control loop gain and phase margin can be measured.
8. Disconnect isolation transformer from bode plot test points before making other measurements (Signal injection into feedback can interfere with accuracy of other measurements).

6.3 Equipment Shutdown

1. Shut down the load.
2. Shut down V_{IN} .
3. Shut down fan.

7 Performance Data and Typical Characteristic Curves

Figure 7-1 through Figure 7-4 present typical performance curves for TPS53819AEVM-123.

7.1 Efficiency

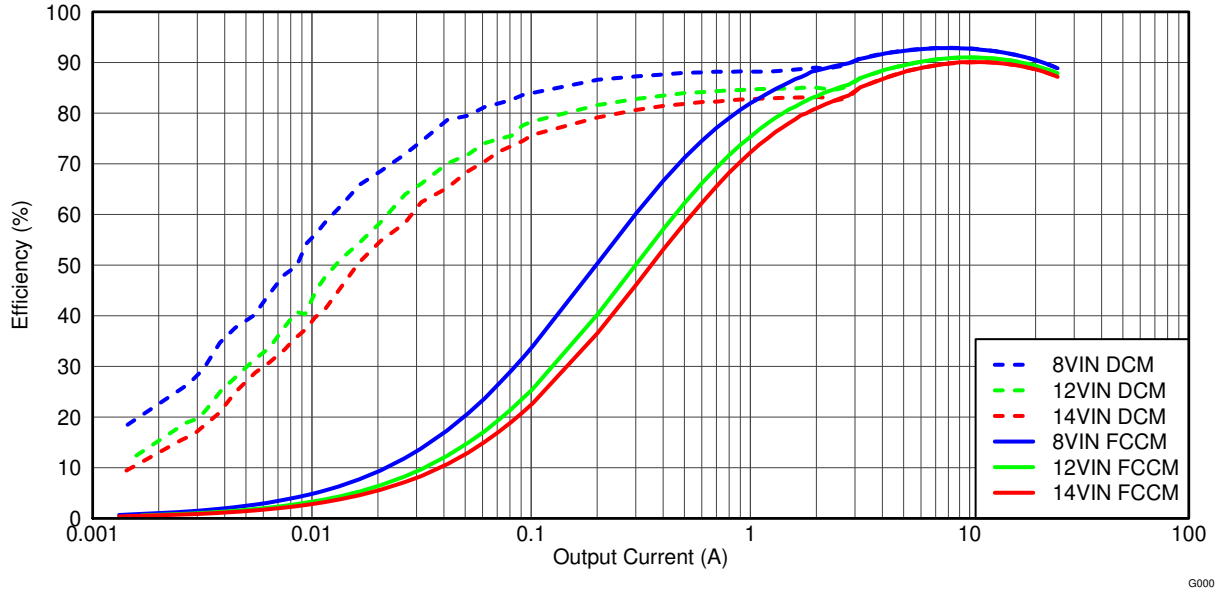


Figure 7-1. TPS53819AEVM-123 Efficiency

7.2 Load Regulation

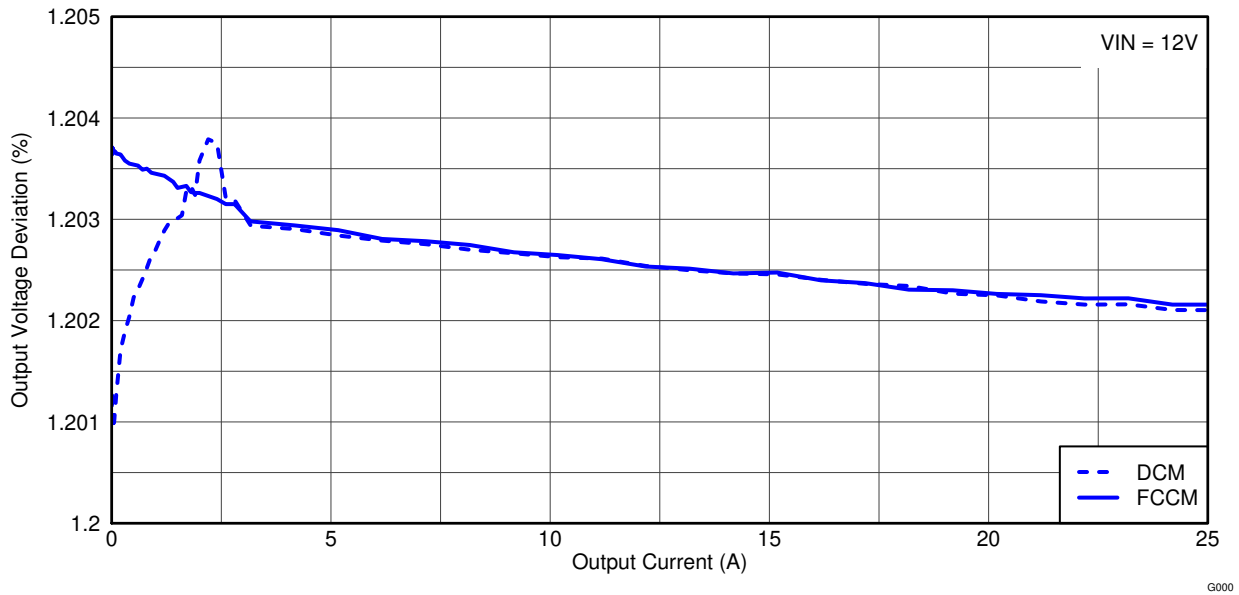


Figure 7-2. TPS53819AEVM-123 Load Regulation

7.3 Line Regulation

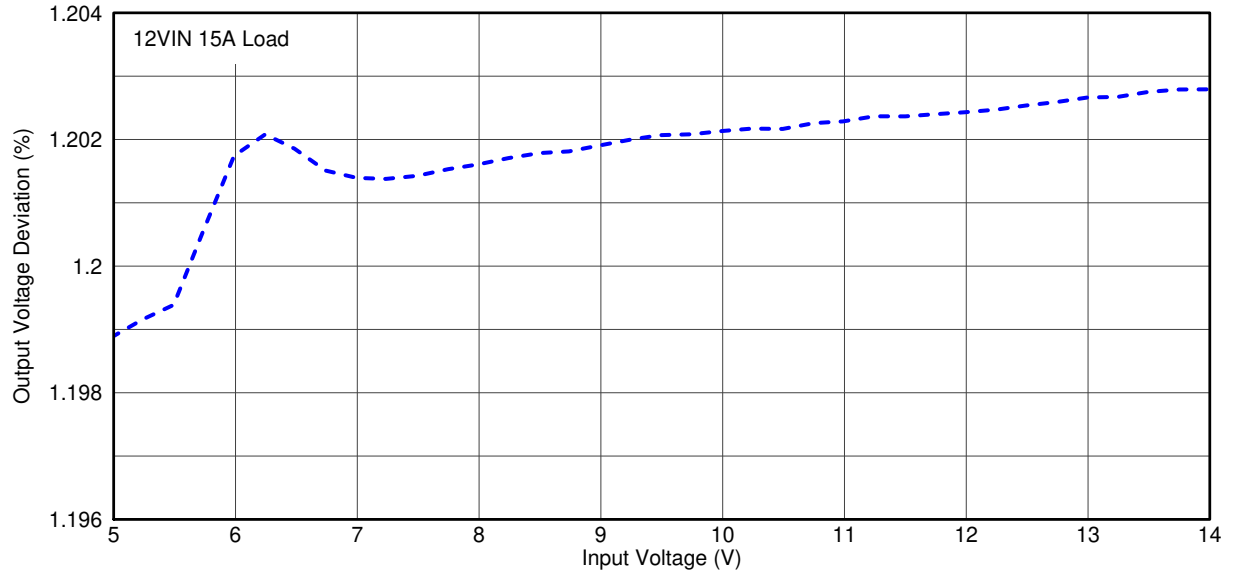


Figure 7-3. TPS53819AEVM-123 Line Regulation

7.4 f_{sw} Versus Load

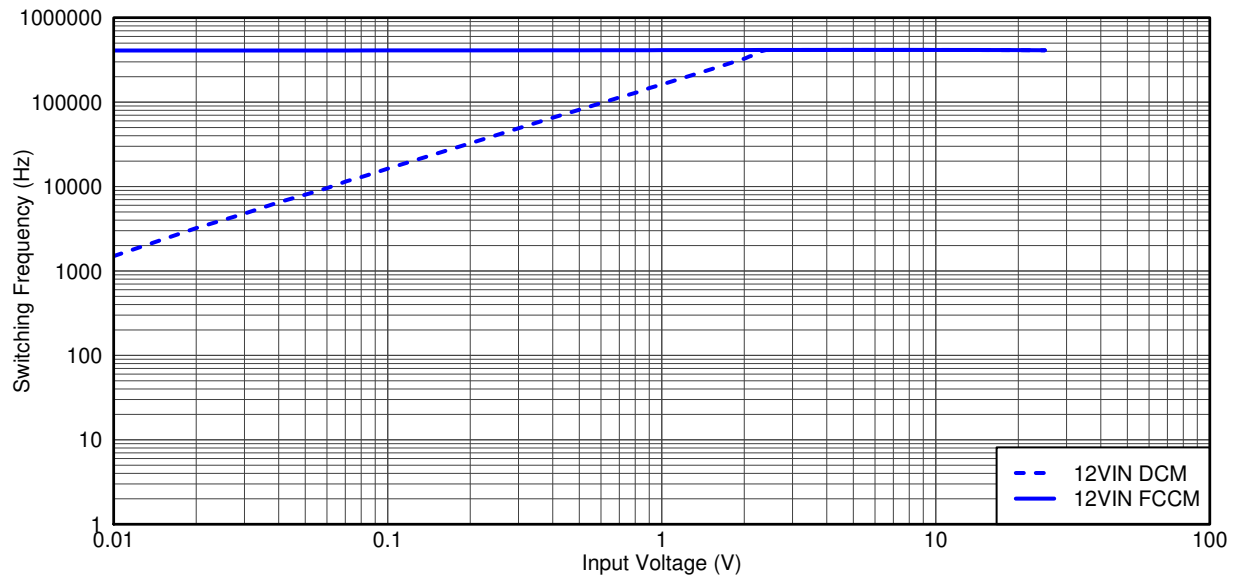
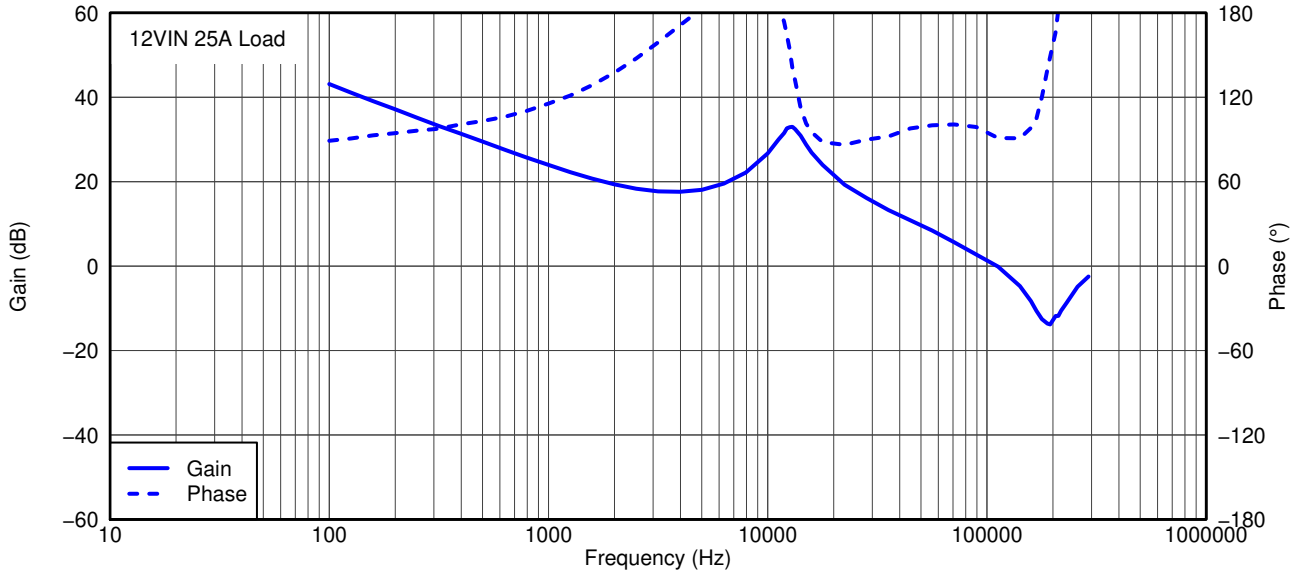


Figure 7-4. TPS53819AEVM-123 f_{sw} Versus Load

7.5 Bode Plot



G000

Figure 7-5. TPS53819AEM-123 Loop Response Gain and Phase

7.6 Transient Response

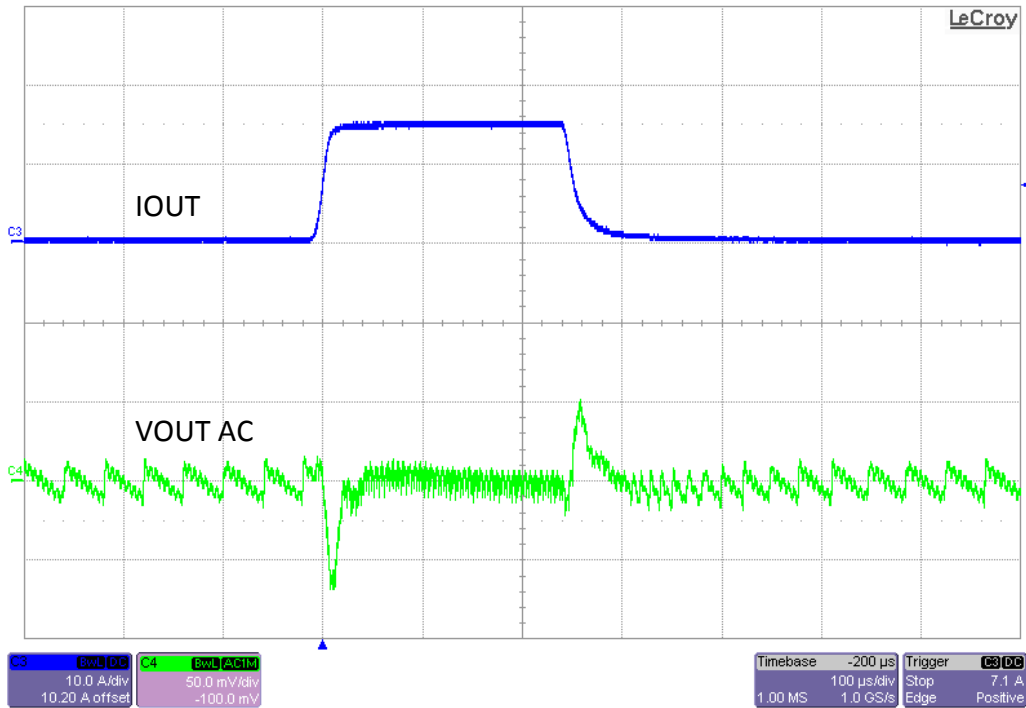


Figure 7-6. TPS53819AEM-123 Load Transient, 12 V_{IN}, 0-A to 15-A Eco-mode

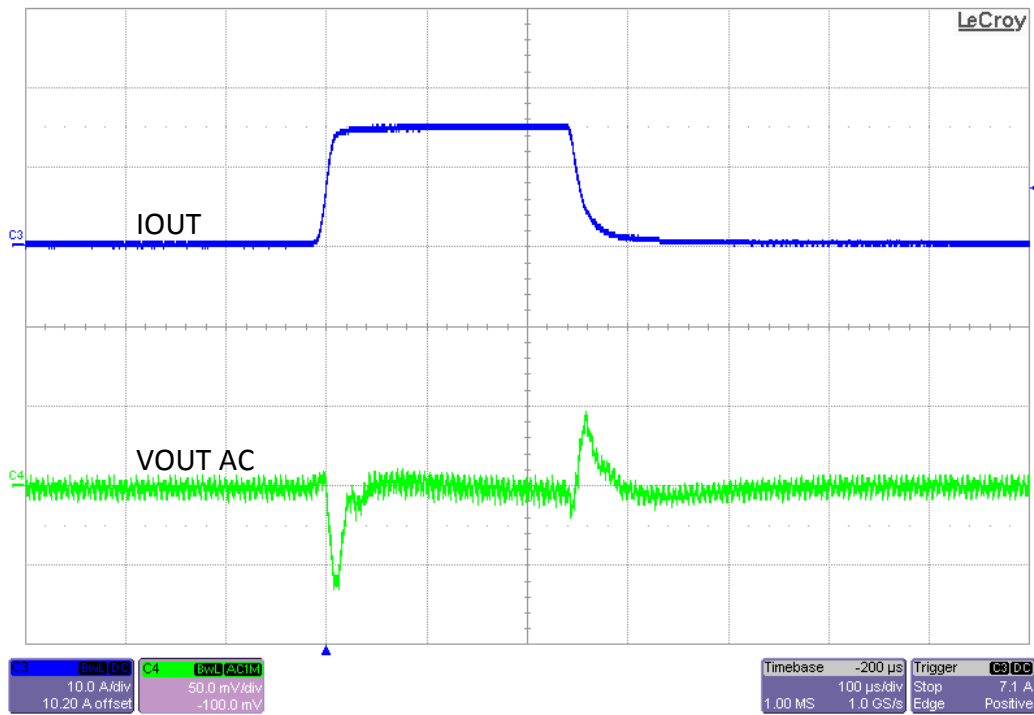


Figure 7-7. TPS53819AEM-123 Load Transient, 12 V_{IN}, 0-A to 15-A FCCM

7.7 Output Ripple

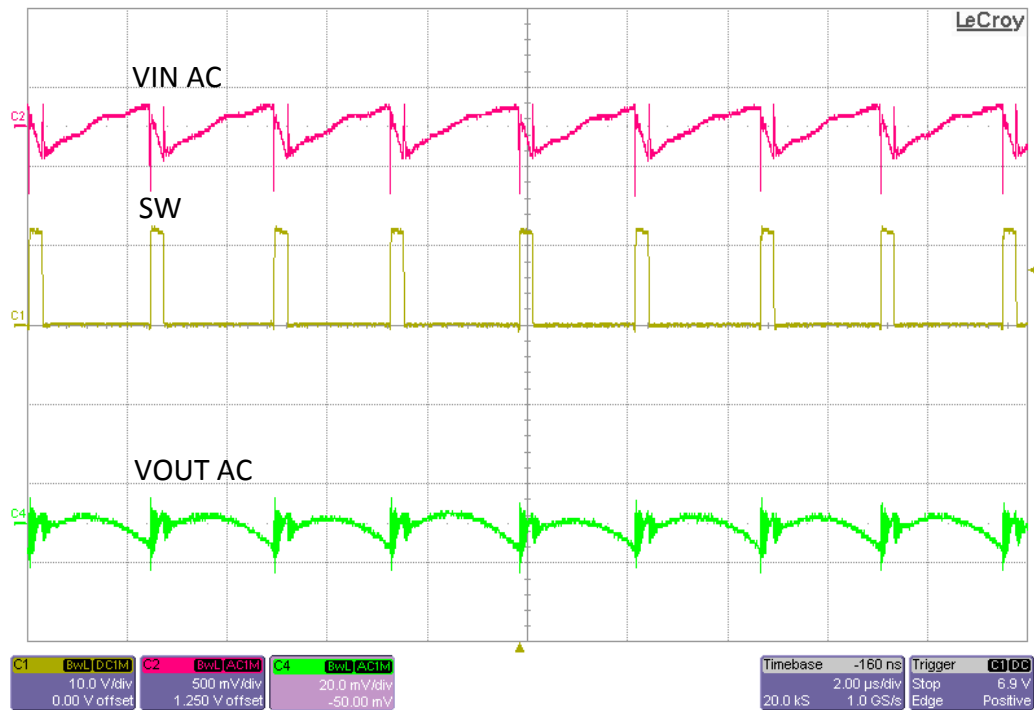


Figure 7-8. TPS53819AEM-123 Output Ripple, 12 V_{IN}, 25 A

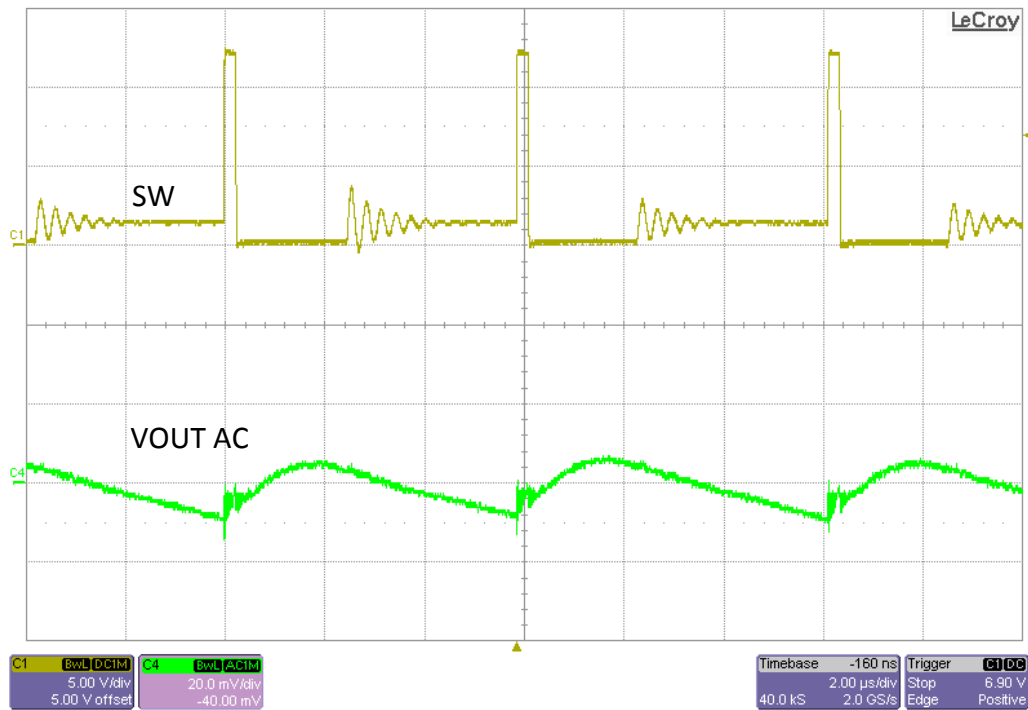


Figure 7-9. TPS53819AEM-123 Output Ripple, 12 V_{IN}, 1-A Load Eco-mode

7.8 Switching Node

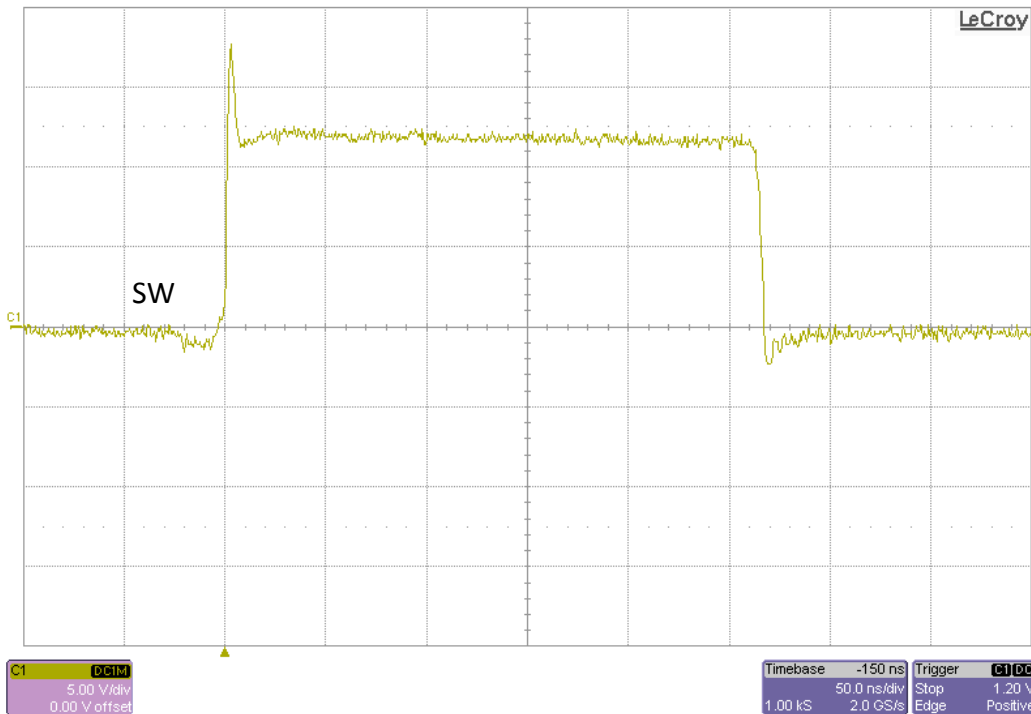


Figure 7-10. TPS53819AEM-123 Switching Node, 12-V_{IN}, 25-A Load Full Bandwidth

7.9 Turn-On Waveform

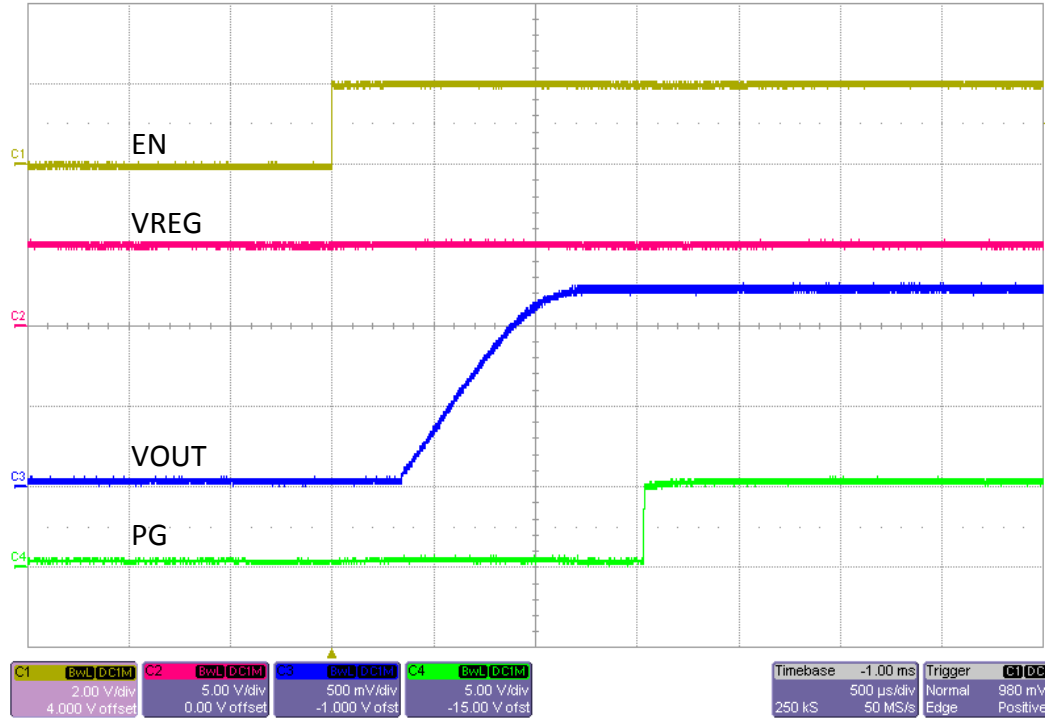


Figure 7-11. TPS53819AEVM-123 Enable Turn-On Waveform, 12-V_{IN}, 1- Ω Load

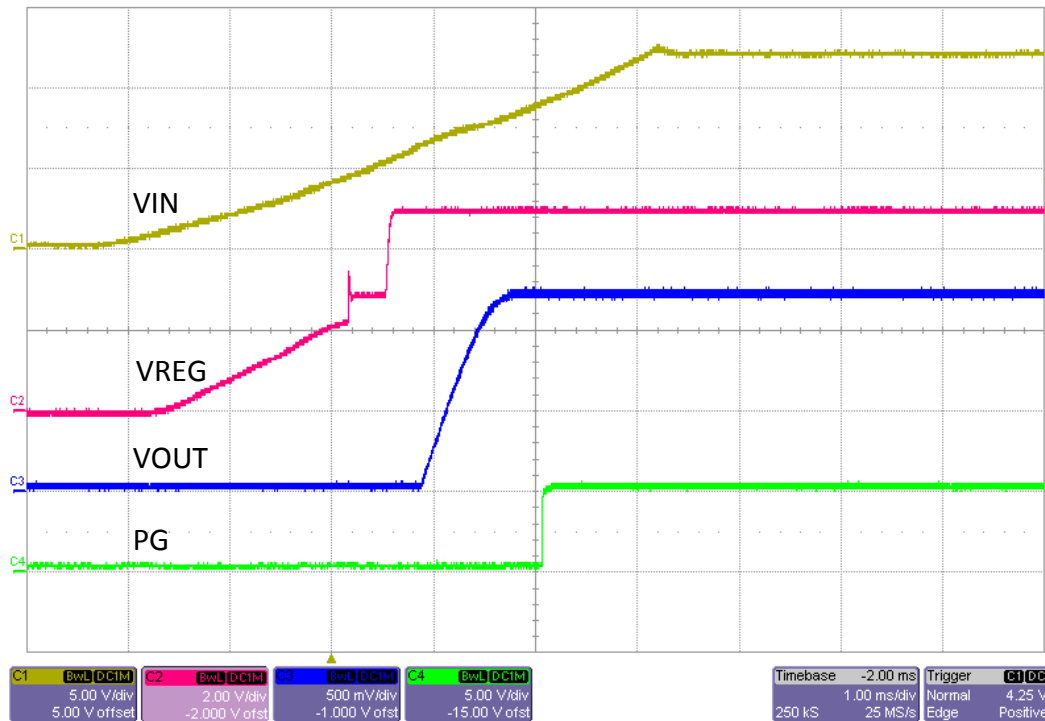


Figure 7-12. TPS53819AEVM-123 V_{IN} Turn-On Waveform, 12-V_{IN}, 1- Ω Load

7.10 Turn-Off Waveform

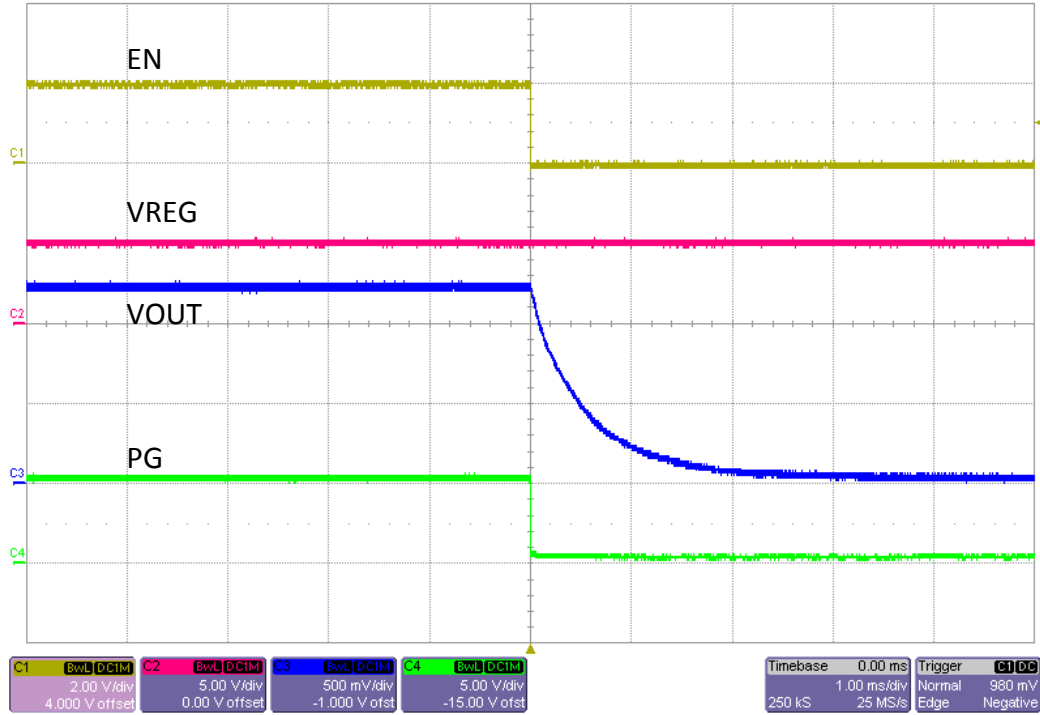


Figure 7-13. TPS53819AEVM-123 Enable Turn-Off Waveform, 12 V_{IN}, 1-Ω Load

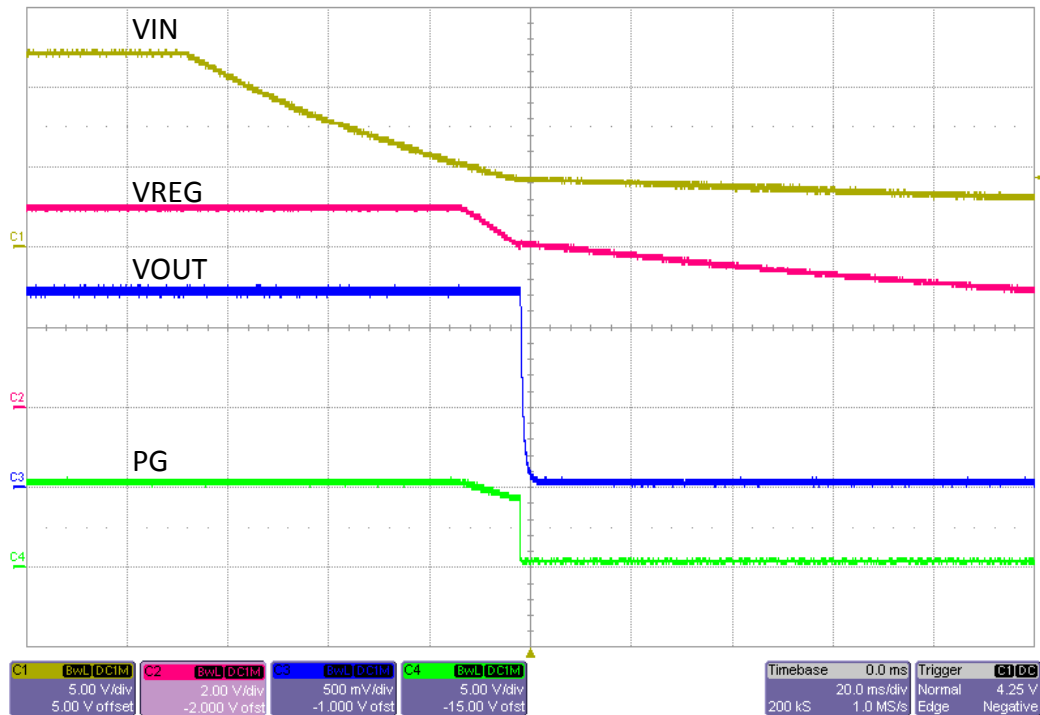


Figure 7-14. TPS53819AEVM-123 V_{IN} Turn off Waveform, 12 V_{IN}, 1-Ω Load

7.11 Pre-bias Turn-On Waveform

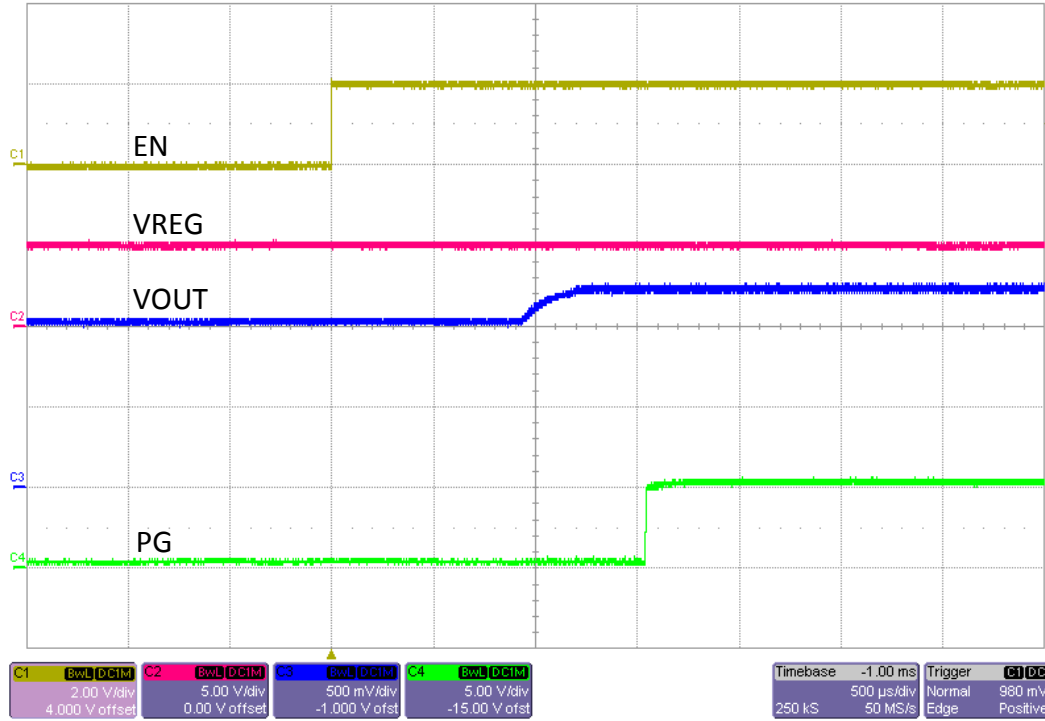
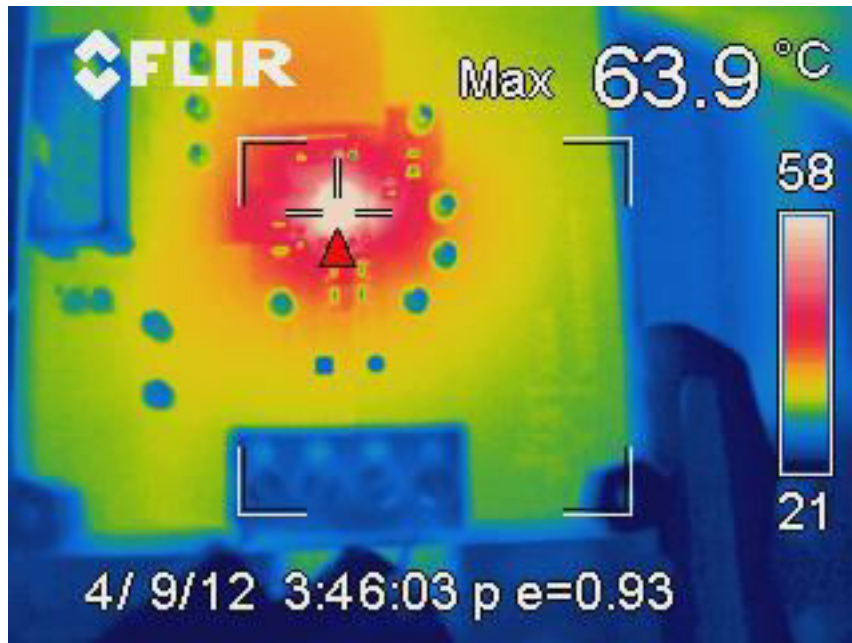


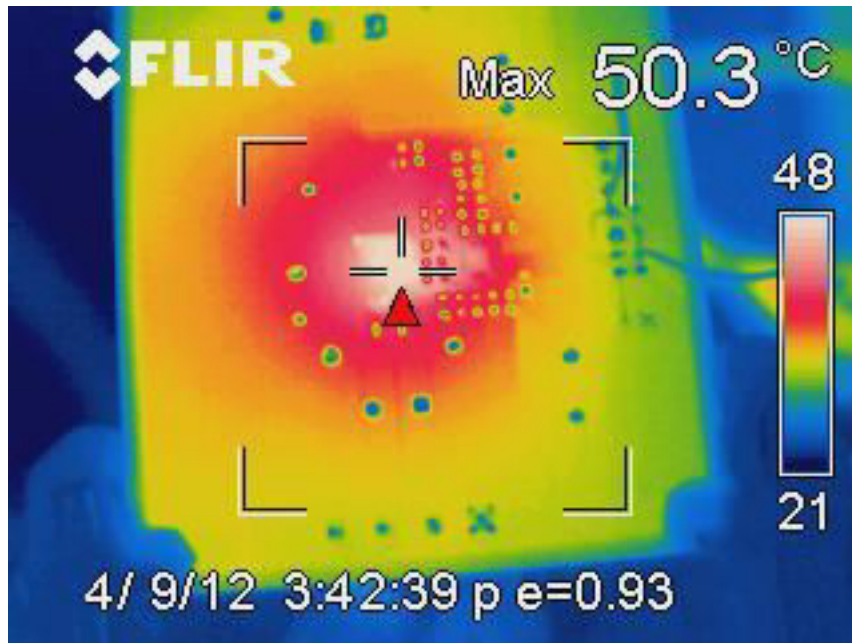
Figure 7-15. TPS53819AEVM-123 Enable Turn-On Waveform, 12 V_{IN}, 1- Ω Load, 1-V Pre-bias

7.12 Thermal Images



Hottest point is the CSD87350Q5D

Figure 7-16. TPS53819AEVM-123 Top Board, 12 V_{IN}, 25-A Fan

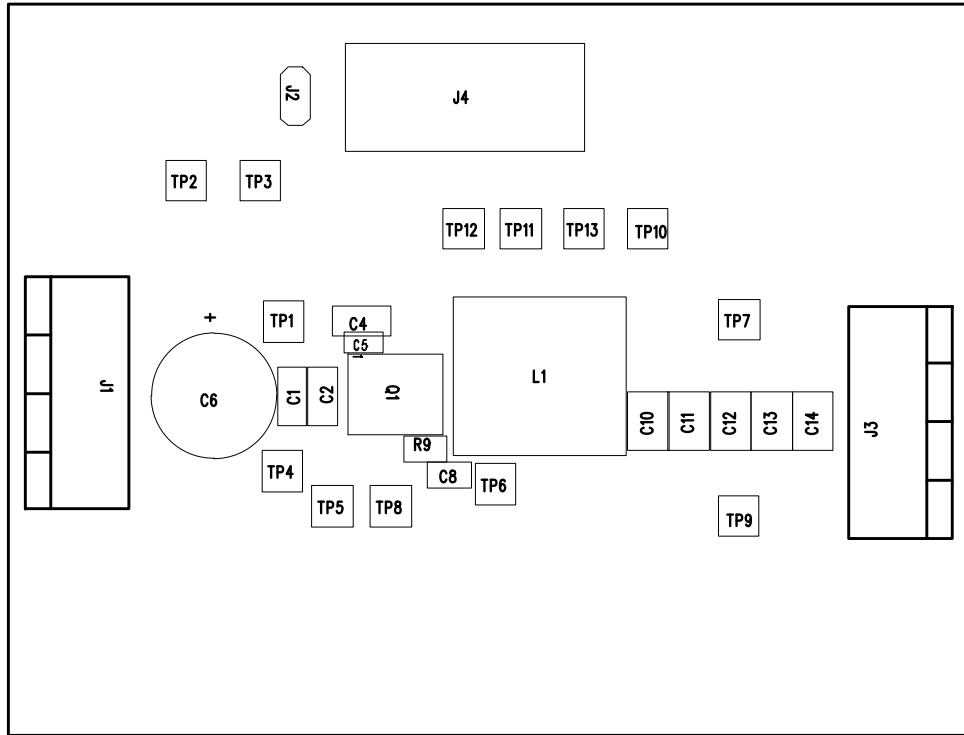


Hottest point is below the CSD87350Q5D

Figure 7-17. TPS53819AEVM-123 Bottom Board, 12 V_{IN}, 25-A Fan

8 EVM Assembly Drawing and PCB layout

Figure 8-1 through Figure 8-8 show the design of the TPS53819AEVM-123 printed-circuit board (PCB). The EVM has been designed using six layers, 2-oz copper circuit board.



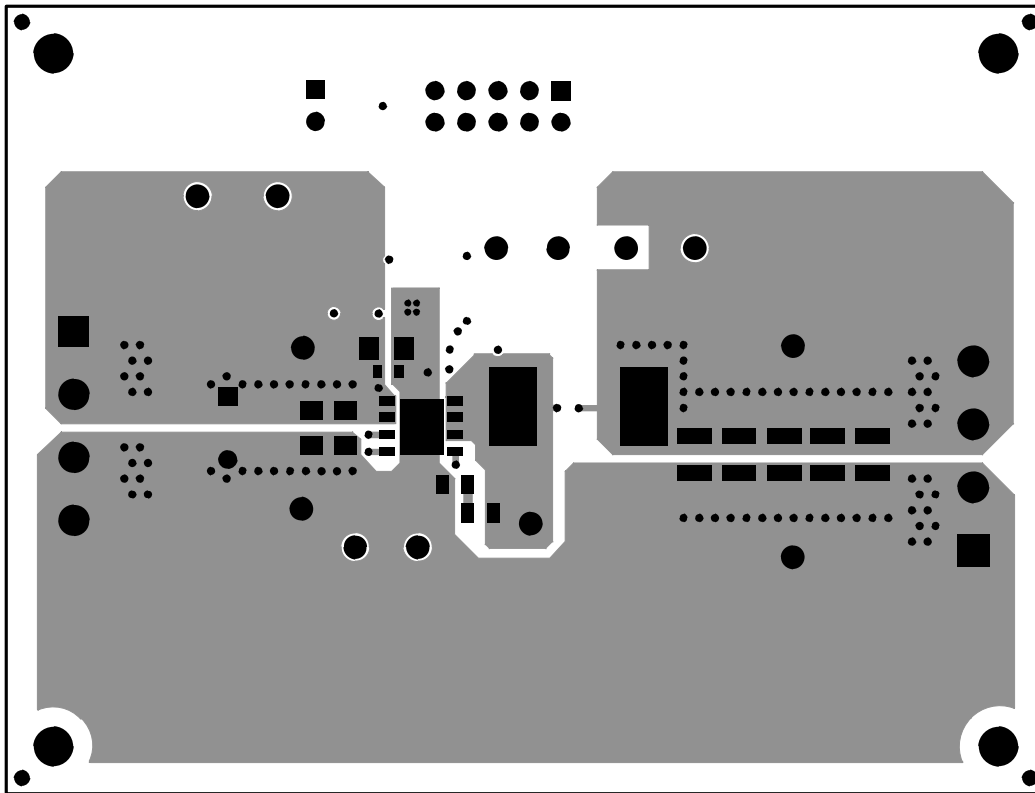


Figure 8-3. TPS53819AEVM-123 Top Copper (Top View)

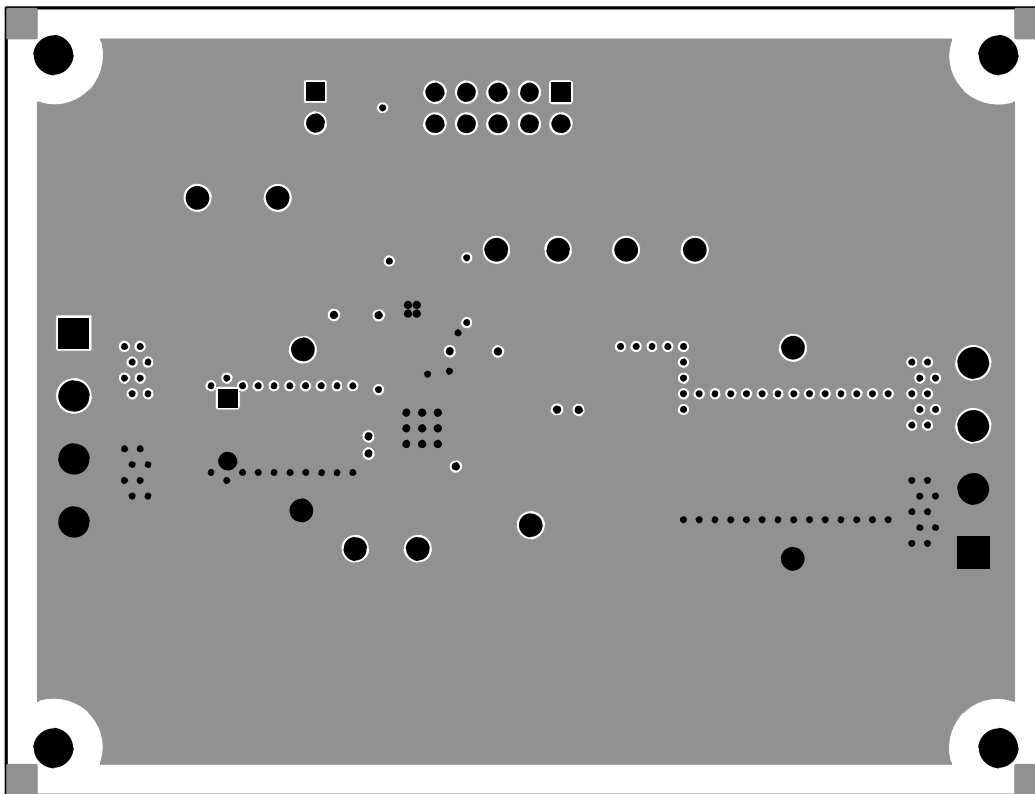


Figure 8-4. TPS53819AEVM-123 Internal Layer 1 (Top View)

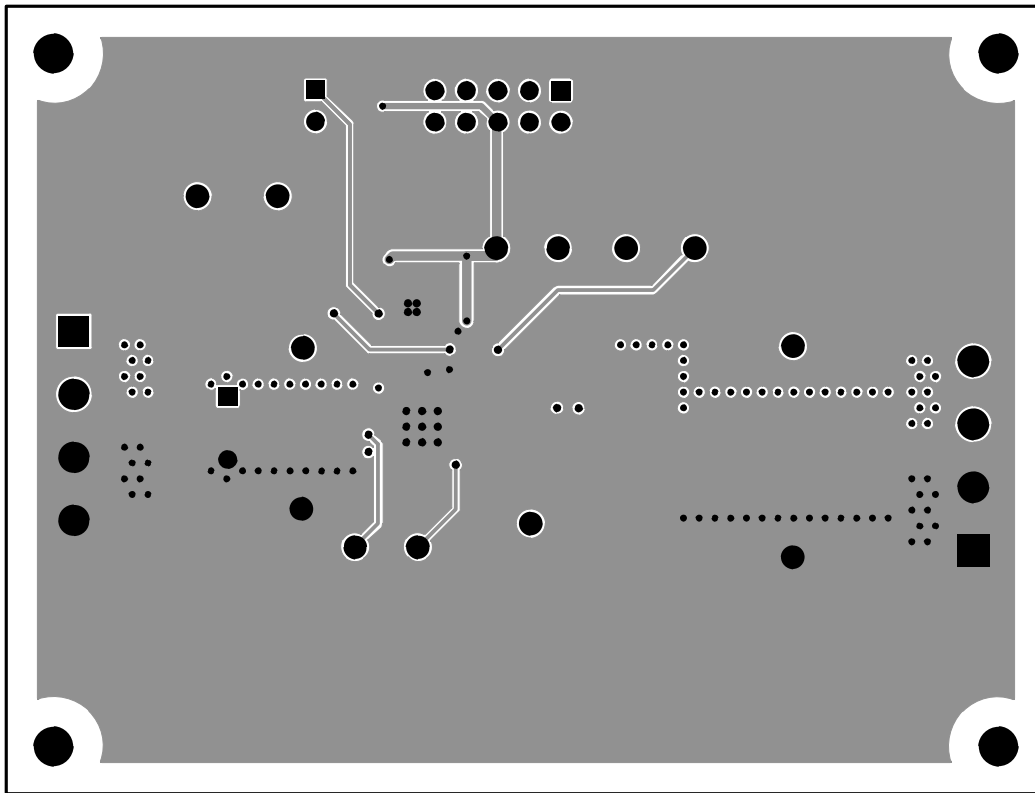


Figure 8-5. TPS53819AEVM-123 Internal Layer 3 (Top View)

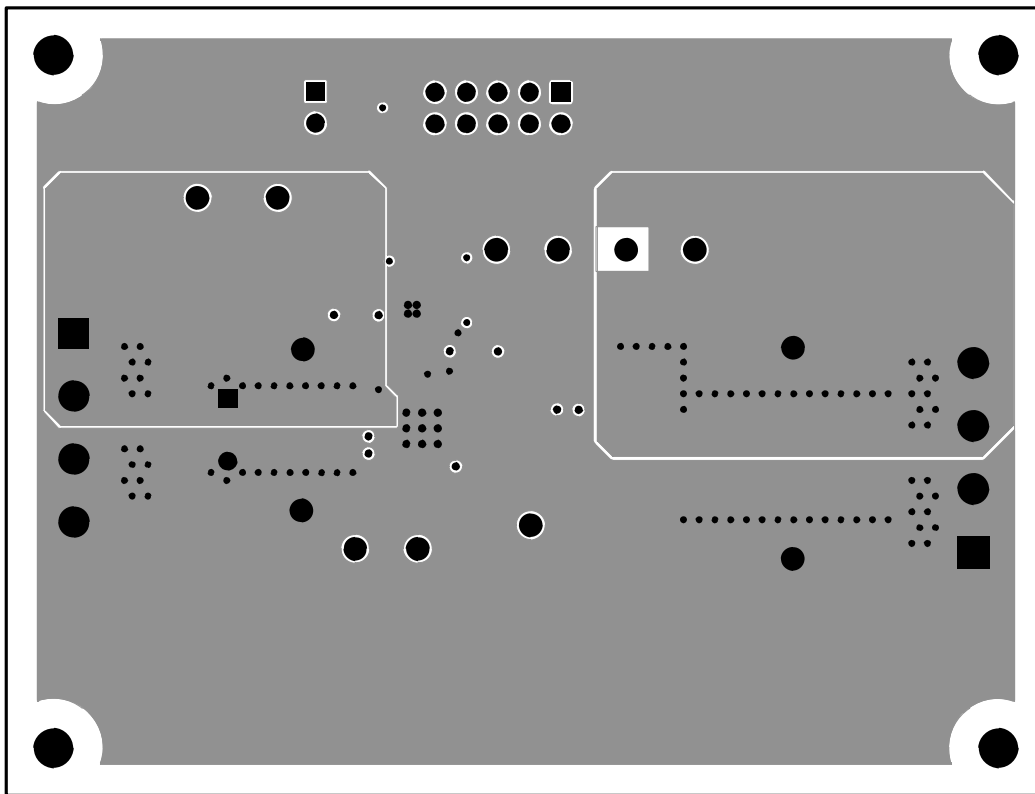


Figure 8-6. TPS53819AEVM-123 Internal Layer 4 (Top View)

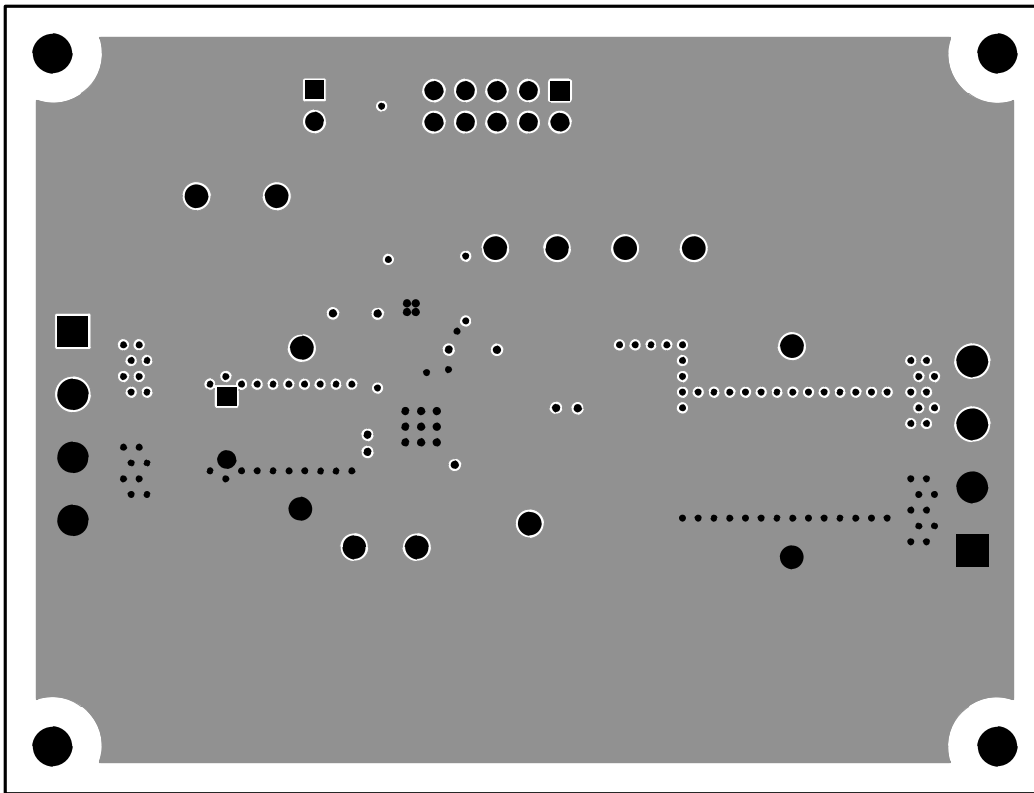


Figure 8-7. TPS53819AEVM-123 Internal Layer 5 (Top View)

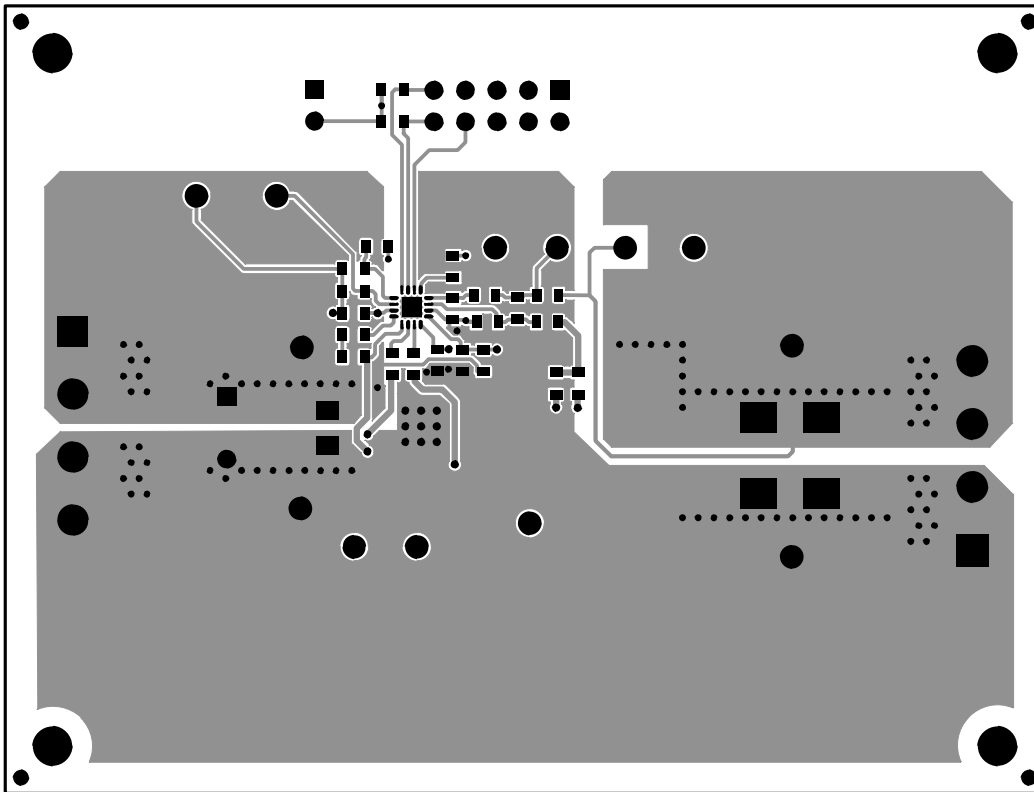


Figure 8-8. TPS53819AEVM-123 Bottom Copper (Top View)

9 Bill of Materials

Table 9-1. TPS53819AEVM-123 List of Materials

COUNT	REFDES	DESCRIPTION	PART NUMBER	MFR
4	C1–C4	Capacitor, Ceramic, 22 μ F, 16 V, X5R, 10%	GRM31CR61C226ME15L	Murata
2	C5, C7	Capacitor, Ceramic, 0.1 μ F, 50 V, X7R, 10%	Std	Std
0	C6	Capacitor, OSCON, 330 μ F, 16 V	16SEP330M	Sanyo
1	C8	Capacitor, Ceramic, 1000 pF, 50 V, X7R, 20%	Std	Std
0	C9, C17	Capacitor, Ceramic, 50 V, X7R, 10%	Std	Std
5	C10–C14	Capacitor, Ceramic, 100 μ F, 6.3 V, X5R, 20%	GRM32ER60J107ME20L	Murata
0	C15–C16	Capacitor, POSCAP, SMT, 2.5 V, 330 μ F, 8 m Ω	2R5TPE330M9 or 6TPE330MIL	Sanyo
2	C18, C19	Capacitor, Ceramic, 1 μ F, 16 V, X7R, 10%	Std	Std
2	J1, J3	Terminal Block, 4-pin, 15-A, 5.1 mm	ED120/4DS	OST
1	J2	Header, Male 2-pin, 100-mil spacing	PEC02SAAN	Sullins
1	J4	Connector, Male Straight 2 \times 5 pin, 100-mil spacing, 4 Wall	N2510-6002RB	3M
1	L1	Inductor, Toroid, 0.440 μ H, 30 A, 0.0032 Ω	PA0513.441NLT or 744309047	Pulse or WE
1	Q1	MOSFET, Dual N-Chan, 30 V 27 A	CSD87350Q5D	TI
4	R1–R2, R14–R15	Resistor, Chip, 100 k Ω , 1/16W, 1%	Std	Std
1	R3	Resistor, Chip, 300 k Ω , 1/16W, 1%	Std	Std
1	R4	Resistor, Chip, 1.00 k Ω , 1/16W, 1%	Std	Std
2	R6	Resistor, Chip, 4.7 Ω , 1/16W, 1%	Std	Std
1	R9	Resistor, Chip, 3 Ω , 1/4W, 1%	Std	Std
0	R7, R13	Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1%	Std	Std
1	R10	Resistor, Chip, 39.2 k Ω , 1/16W, 1%	Std	Std
5	R5, R8, R11–R12, R16	Resistor, Chip, 0 Ω , 1/10W, 1%	Std	Std
2	R17–R18	Resistor, Chip, 10.0 k Ω , 1/16W, 1%	Std	Std
10	TP1–TP3, TP5–TP8, TP10–TP11, TP13	Test Point, Red, Thru Hole Color Keyed	5000	Keystone
3	TP4, TP9, TP12	Test Point, Black, Thru Hole Color Keyed	5001	Keystone
1	U1	IC, Single Synchronous Step-Down Controller with PMBus	TPS53819ARGT	TI
1	—	Shunt, 100-mil, Black	929950-00	3M
1	—	PCB, 2.5 inch \times 3.3 inch \times 0.062 inch	PWR123	Any
4	—	STANDOFF HEX .375"L 4-40THR NYL	1902B	Keystone
4	—	STANDOFF M/F HEX 4-40 NYL 1.00"L	4806	Keystone

10 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision A (December 2012) to Revision B (November 2021)	Page
• Updated the numbering format for tables, figures, and cross-references throughout the document.	2
• Updated the user's guide title.....	2

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Last updated 10/2025