

IBIS models for LVDS buffers in ADS528x and AFE5805/04

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How to use the models:

1. **Choose the LVDS drive current setting.** The various current settings are 3.5 mA (default), 0.5 mA, 1.5 mA, 2.5 mA, 4.5 mA, 5.5 mA, 6.5 mA, 7.5 mA. The selected setting can be chosen in HSPICE through the keyword MODEL. For example, the 3.5 mA drive is chosen as MODEL = "lvds_obuf_3.5". Although models have been provided for all these current settings, it is recommended that current settings lower than 1.5 mA not be used.
2. **Choose the LVDS internal termination setting.** The various internal termination settings are "None" (default), 260 Ohm, 150 Ohm, 94 Ohm, 125 Ohm, 80 Ohm, 66 Ohm and 55 Ohm. Once chosen, the appropriate termination should be added as a resistor of the corresponding value between the positive and negative outputs of the IBIS model for the LVDS buffer.
3. **Choose the package.** These IBIS models can be used for the any of the following devices – ADS5281IPFP (80-pin TQFP), ADS528xIRGC (64-pin QFN) or AFE5805/04ZCF (135-ball BGA). The values of R_pkg, L_pkg and C_pkg for all these three package options are indicated in the IBIS model files.
4. **Choose the IBIS file for use in simulation.** There are three ibis files – lvds_100.ibs, lvds_75.ibs and lvds_50.ibs. These correspond to the three values of loading (100, 75 and 50 Ohm) for which the models have been developed. To determine which one is to be used in a simulation, compute the effective resistive loading on the LVDS buffer. For example, if an internal termination setting of 260 Ohm is used, and the termination at the receiver is 100 Ohm, then the effective resistive loading is 260 Ohm in parallel with 100 Ohm, which is 72.2 Ohm. Choose the file that corresponds to the loading closest to the computed value (72.2 Ohm). So for this case, choose the file lvds_75.ibs. If the internal termination was set to "None" and a 100 Ohm termination was used at the receiver, then the model of choice would have been in lvds_100.ibs.

The syntax for instantiating the buffers in HSPICE, with the output terminals as LOUTP, LOUTM and input terminals as HI, LO is as follows:

```
BoutputP puP pdP  LOUTP  HI  FILE = "lvds_75.ibs"  MODEL = "lvds_obuf_3.5" TYP=typ POWER=ON
BUFFER = OUTPUT RAMP_RWF = 1 RAMP_FWF = 1 INTERPOL=2
BoutputM puM pdM  LOUTM  LO  FILE = "lvds_75.ibs"  MODEL = "lvds_obuf_3.5" TYP=typ POWER=ON
BUFFER = OUTPUT RAMP_RWF = 1 RAMP_FWF = 1 INTERPOL=2
```

In the above statements, puP, pdP and puM, pdM are the internal pull-up and pull-down nodes of the P and M respectively.

To further include an internal termination of 260 Ohm, add the following line:
RTERM LOUTP LOUTM 260

Note: HI and LO are complementary inputs to the buffer and have logic levels of 0V (for low) and 1.8V (for high). In HSPICE, they could be defined as follows:

```
VLO LO 0 PULSE(0 1.8 1e-10 1e-10 1e-10 9e-09 20e-09)
VHI HI 0 PULSE(1.8 0 1e-10 1e-10 1e-10 9e-09 20e-09)
```

Method of modelling the LVDS buffer through IBIS

Since the LVDS buffer has differential inputs and outputs, some additional considerations are involved while modeling it through IBIS.

LVDS buffer architecture

The structure of the LVDS buffer is shown in Figure 1. HI and LO refer to the differential input to the buffer. Voltage levels of 0 Volts and 1.8 Volts correspond to logic levels of '0' and '1' at HI and LO. LOUTP and LOUTM are the differential output of the buffer. The buffer consists of two current sources (one NMOS and one PMOS) and a set of four switches to change the direction of the current flowing into the external load.

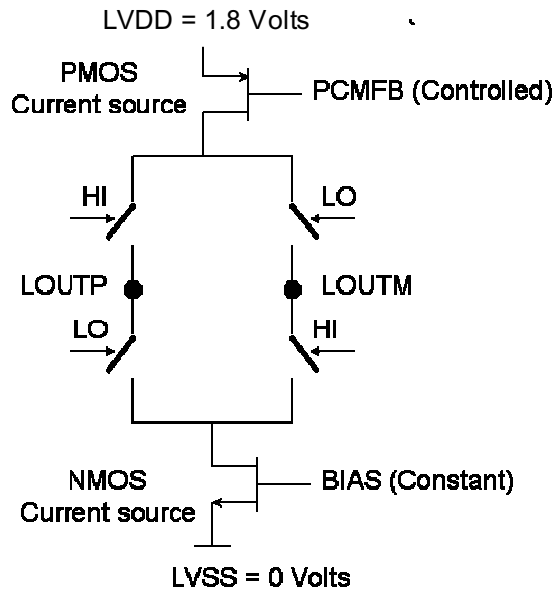


Figure 1. LVDS buffer architecture

While the NMOS current source is a constant current source (its value set by one of the four current mode settings), the PMOS current source is controlled through a feedback loop as shown in Figure 2.

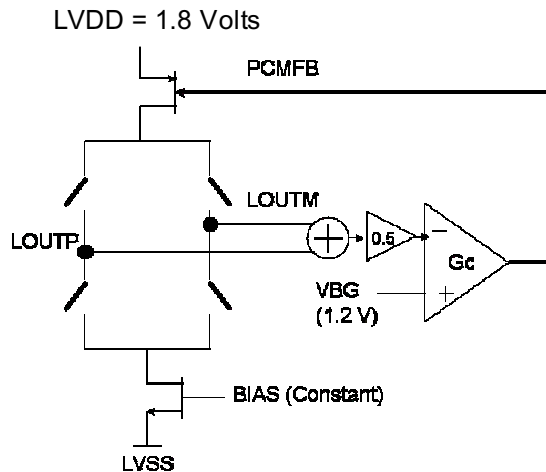


Figure 2. Controlling the PMOS current source

The PMOS current source is controlled so as to maintain the output common mode voltage of the buffer equal to a reference voltage of 1.2 Volts.

Pulldown and Pullup V-I tables

Since the LVDS buffer does not have a tristate, the power and ground clamp data are merged into the pullup and pulldown tables. The switches are controlled using HI and LO and the voltage at LOUTP is swept from $-VDD$ to $2*VDD$. The setup for the pulldown data is as shown in Figure 3. A load resistor connects LOUTM to the common mode voltage of $VBG=1.2$ Volts. In Figure 3, this resistor is shown to be 50 Ohm, which corresponds to a differential loading of 100 Ohm between LOUTP and LOUTM. The models generated with this loading therefore comprise the file lvds_100.ibs. Similarly, models in files lvds_50.ibs and lvds_75.ibs are generated with resistors (as in Figure 3) of 25 Ohm and 37.5 Ohm respectively.

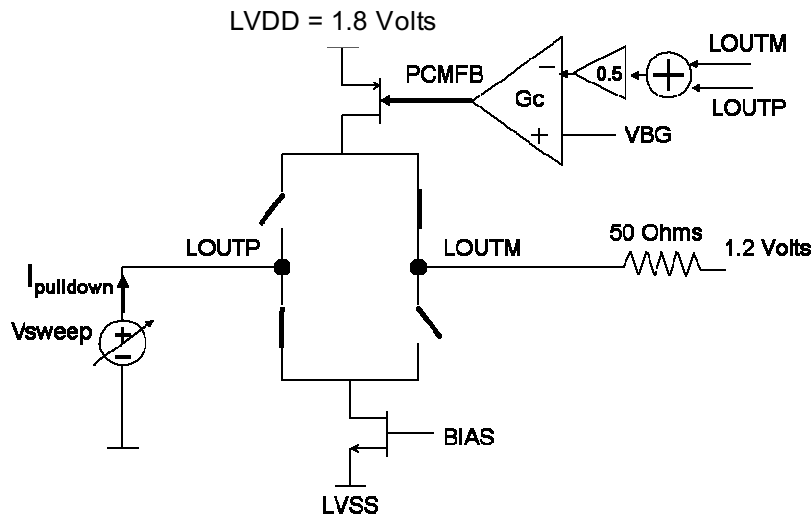


Figure 3. Voltage sweep for Pulldown table

The pullup data is generated by the method shown in Figure 4. Here again, the resistor on LOUTM is 50 Ohm, indicating that this is for the models in file lvds_100.ibs.

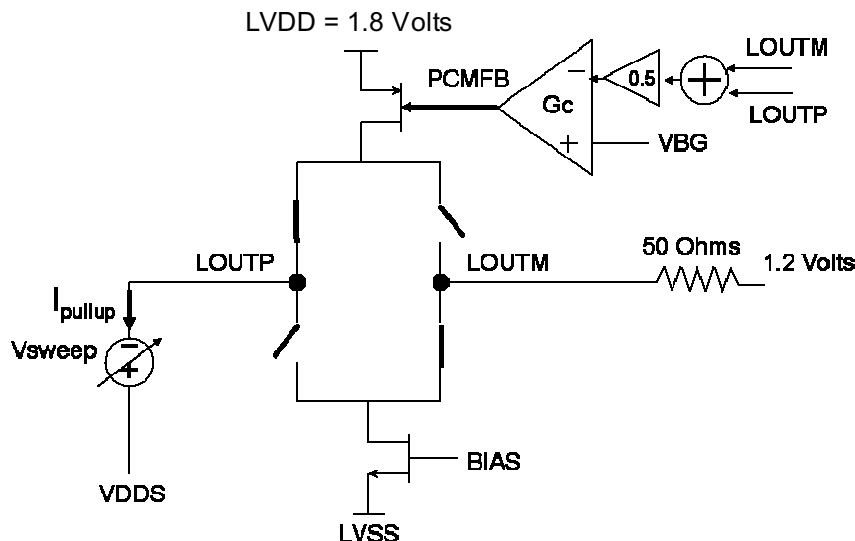


Figure 4. Voltage sweep for Pullup table

Generating the V-t table

The V-t tables are generated using the setup shown in Figure 5.

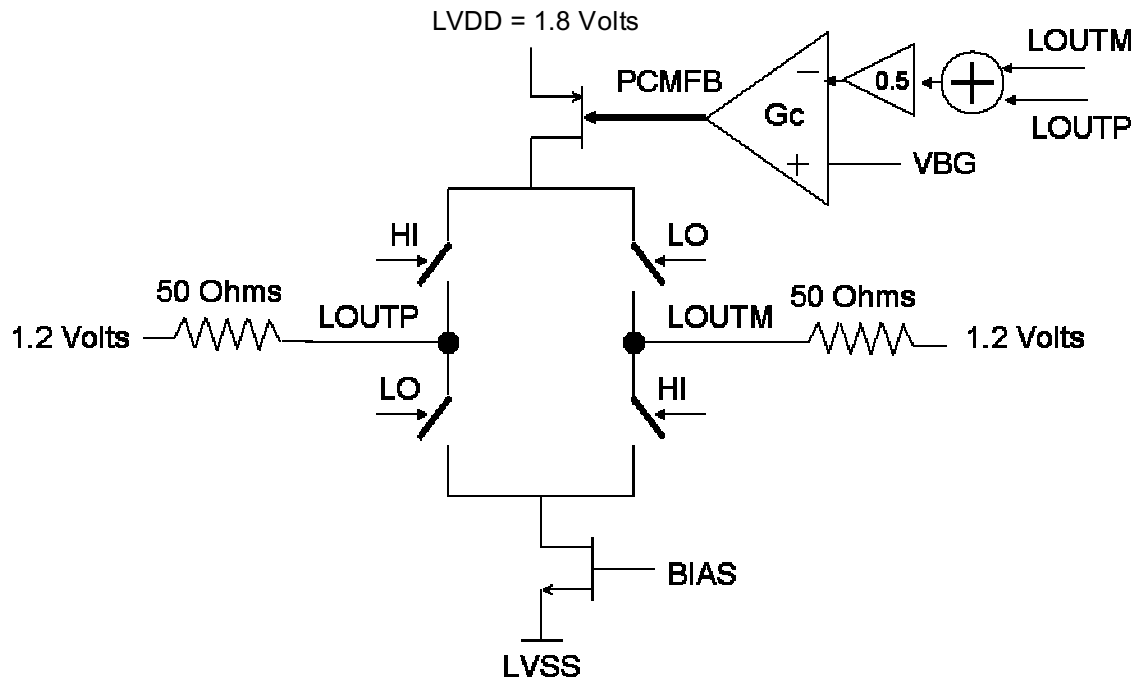


Figure 5. Generation of V-t table

Comparison of IBIS model with the actual circuit

The IBIS models were generated and compared with the actual circuit through SPICE simulations. Figure 6 shows the simulation environment for the actual LVDS buffer, while Figure 7 shows the identical environment used for the IBIS model.

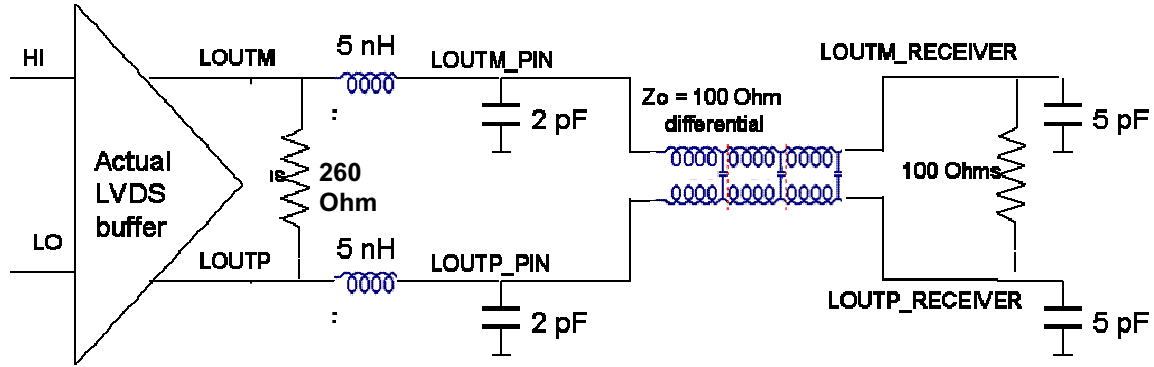


Figure 6. Simulation environment for the actual circuit of the LVDS buffer

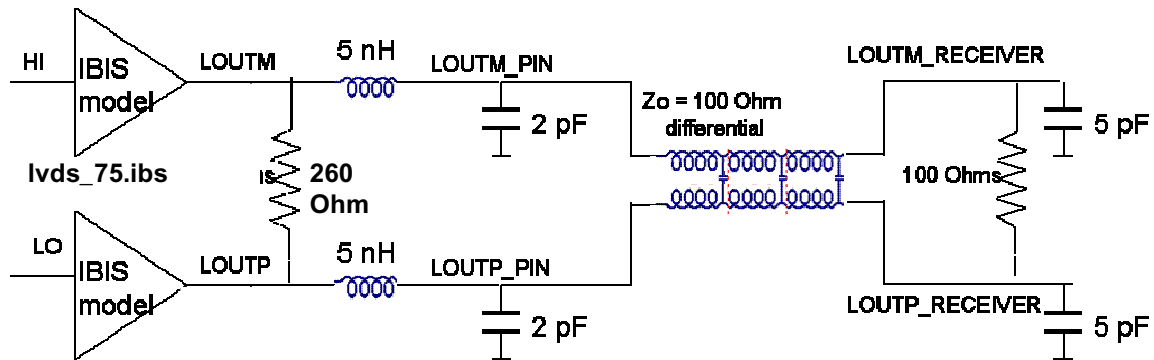


Figure 7. Simulation environment for the IBIS model of the LVDS buffer

Figure 8 shows a comparison of the SPICE simulation results obtained from the IBIS model with those from the actual circuit. These waveforms correspond to the difference between the voltages on nodes LOUTP_RECEIVER and LOUTM_RECEIVER. The delay of the transmission line was set to 100 ps.

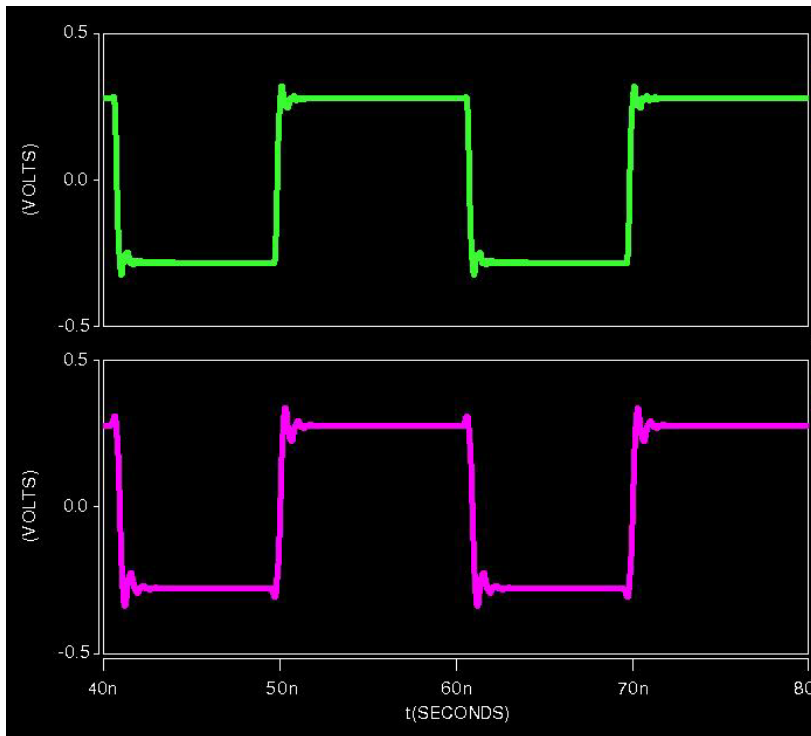


Figure 8. Comparison of simulation results

Green Waveform– LOUTP_RECEIVER-LOUTM_RECEIVER (Actual circuit)

Pink Waveform– LOUTP_RECEIVER-LOUTM_RECEIVER (IBIS model)

As can be observed, there is a close match between the actual circuit and its IBIS model.

MODEL SUMMARY

Modeling conditions:

Condition	typ/ min/ max
LVDD	1.8 V/ 1.65 V/ 1.95 V
VBG (Common mode reference)	1.2 V/ 1.1 V/ 1.3 V
Junction temperature (Tj)	25/ 125/ -40 (degree C)
Process setting	nominal/ weak/ strong

Package Characteristics:

ADS5281IPFP – 80-pin, TQFP package

Characteristics	typ/ min/ max
R_pkg:	0.5 / NA / NA
L_pkg	5 nH/ NA/ NA
C_pkg	2 pF/ NA / NA

ADS5281IRGC, ADS5282IRGC – 64-pin, QFN package

Characteristics	typ/ min/ max
R_pkg:	0.5 / NA / NA
L_pkg	2 nH/ NA/ NA
C_pkg	0.3 pF/ NA / NA

AFE5805/04ZCF – 135-ball, BGA package

Characteristics	typ/ min/ max
R_pkg:	0.3 / NA / NA
L_pkg	5 nH/ NA/ NA
C_pkg	1 pF/ NA / NA

Quality Verification:

The created IBIS models are verified as follows:

1. Visual check of each characteristics using the s2iplt tool
2. Syntax check by IBISCHK4
3. Behavior of IBIS models and actual circuit compared using SPICE

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