Watchdog Timer (WDT_A)

The watchdog timer is a 32-bit timer that can be used as a watchdog or as an interval timer. This chapter describes the watchdog timer. The enhanced watchdog timer, WDT_A, is implemented in all devices.

NOTE: This chapter is an extract from the *MSP430F5xx/MSP430F6xx Family User's Guide*, revision SLAU208H. The full user's guide can be downloaded from www.ti.com/lit/pdf/slau208.

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1.1 WDT_A Introduction

The primary function of the watchdog timer (WDT_A) module is to perform a controlled system restart after a software problem occurs. If the selected time interval expires, a system reset is generated. If the watchdog function is not needed in an application, the module can be configured as an interval timer and can generate interrupts at selected time intervals.

Features of the watchdog timer module include:

- Eight software-selectable time intervals
- Watchdog mode
- Interval mode
- Password-protected access to Watchdog Timer Control (WDTCTL) register
- Selectable clock source
- Can be stopped to conserve power
- Clock fail-safe feature

The watchdog timer block diagram is shown in Figure 1-1.

NOTE: Watchdog timer powers up active.

After a PUC, the WDT_A module is automatically configured in the watchdog mode with an initial ~32-ms reset interval using the SMCLK. The user must setup or halt the WDT_A prior to the expiration of the initial reset interval.

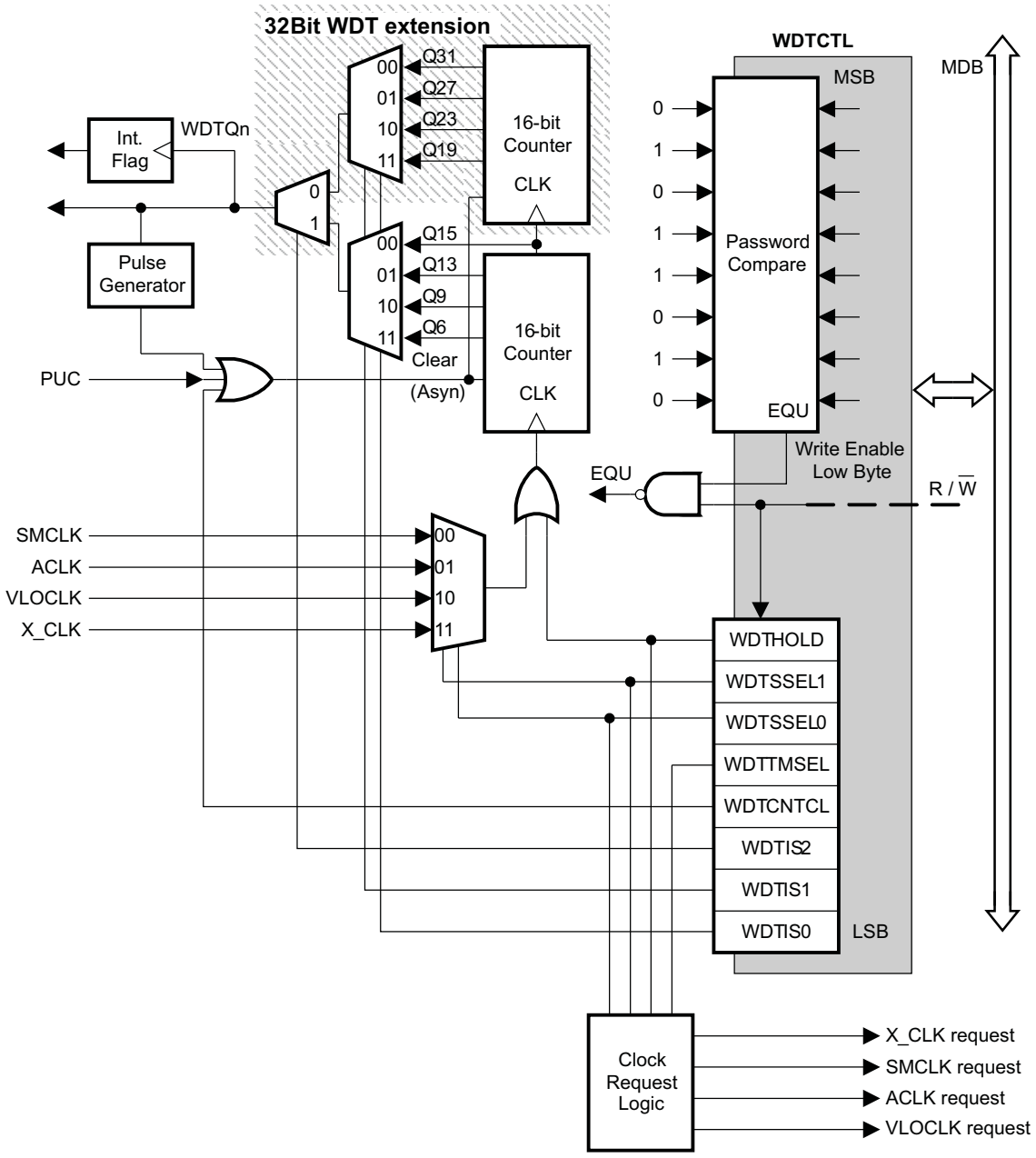

Figure 1-1. Watchdog Timer Block Diagram

1.2 WDT_A Operation

The watchdog timer module can be configured as either a watchdog or interval timer with the WDTCTL register. WDTCTL is a 16-bit password-protected read/write register. Any read or write access must use word instructions and write accesses must include the write password 05Ah in the upper byte. Any write to WDTCTL with any value other than 05Ah in the upper byte is a password violation and triggers a PUC system reset, regardless of timer mode. Any read of WDTCTL reads 069h in the upper byte. Byte reads on WDTCTL high or low part result in the value of the low byte. Writing byte wide to upper or lower parts of WDTCTL results in a PUC.

1.2.1 Watchdog Timer Counter (WDTCNT)

The WDTCNT is a 32-bit up counter that is not directly accessible by software. The WDTCNT is controlled and its time intervals are selected through the Watchdog Timer Control (WDTCTL) register. The WDTCNT can be sourced from SMCLK, ACLK, VLOCLK, and X_CLK on some devices. The clock source is selected with the WDTSSEL bits. The timer interval is selected with the WDTIS bits.

1.2.2 Watchdog Mode

After a PUC condition, the WDT module is configured in the watchdog mode with an initial ~32-ms reset interval using the SMCLK. The user must setup, halt, or clear the watchdog timer prior to the expiration of the initial reset interval or another PUC is generated. When the watchdog timer is configured to operate in watchdog mode, either writing to WDTCTL with an incorrect password, or expiration of the selected time interval triggers a PUC. A PUC resets the watchdog timer to its default condition.

1.2.3 Interval Timer Mode

Setting the WDTTMSEL bit to 1 selects the interval timer mode. This mode can be used to provide periodic interrupts. In interval timer mode, the WDTIFG flag is set at the expiration of the selected time interval. A PUC is not generated in interval timer mode at expiration of the selected timer interval, and the WDTIFG enable bit WDTIE remains unchanged

When the WDTIE bit and the GIE bit are set, the WDTIFG flag requests an interrupt. The WDTIFG interrupt flag is automatically reset when its interrupt request is serviced, or may be reset by software. The interrupt vector address in interval timer mode is different from that in watchdog mode.

NOTE: Modifying the watchdog timer

The watchdog timer interval should be changed together with WDTCNTCL = 1 in a single instruction to avoid an unexpected immediate PUC or interrupt. The watchdog timer should be halted before changing the clock source to avoid a possible incorrect interval.

1.2.4 Watchdog Timer Interrupts

The watchdog timer uses two bits in the SFRs for interrupt control:

- WDT interrupt flag, WDTIFG, located in SFRIFG1.0
- WDT interrupt enable, WDTIE, located in SFRIE1.0

When using the watchdog timer in the watchdog mode, the WDTIFG flag sources a reset vector interrupt. The WDTIFG can be used by the reset interrupt service routine to determine if the watchdog caused the device to reset. If the flag is set, the watchdog timer initiated the reset condition, either by timing out or by a password violation. If WDTIFG is cleared, the reset was caused by a different source.

When using the watchdog timer in interval timer mode, the WDTIFG flag is set after the selected time interval and requests a watchdog timer interval timer interrupt if the WDTIE and the GIE bits are set. The interval timer interrupt vector is different from the reset vector used in watchdog mode. In interval timer mode, the WDTIFG flag is reset automatically when the interrupt is serviced, or can be reset with software.

1.2.5 Clock Fail-Safe Feature

The WDT_A provides a fail-safe clocking feature, ensuring the clock to the WDT_A cannot be disabled while in watchdog mode. This means the low-power modes may be affected by the choice for the WDT_A clock.

If SMCLK or ACLK fails as the WDT_A clock source, VLOCLK is automatically selected as the WDT_A clock source.

When the WDT_A module is used in interval timer mode, there is no fail-safe feature within WDT_A for the clock source.

1.2.6 Operation in Low-Power Modes

The devices have several low-power modes. Different clock signals are available in different low-power modes. The requirements of the application and the type of clocking that is used determine how the WDT_A should be configured. For example, the WDT_A should not be configured in watchdog mode with a clock source that is originally sourced from DCO, XT1 in high-frequency mode, or XT2 via SMCLK or ACLK if the user wants to use low-power mode 3. In this case, SMCLK or ACLK would remain enabled, increasing the current consumption of LPM3. When the watchdog timer is not required, the WDTHOLD bit can be used to hold the WDTCNT, reducing power consumption.

1.2.7 Software Examples

Any write operation to WDTCTL must be a word operation with 05Ah (WDTPW) in the upper byte:

```
; Periodically clear an active watchdog
MOV #WDTPW+WDTIS2+WDTIS1+WDTCNTCL,&WDTCTL
;
; Change watchdog timer interval
MOV #WDTPW+WDTCNTCL+SSEL,&WDTCTL
;
; Stop the watchdog
MOV #WDTPW+WDTHOLD,&WDTCTL
;
; Change WDT to interval timer mode, clock/8192 interval
MOV #WDTPW+WDTCNTCL+WDTTMSEL+WDTIS2+WDTIS0,&WDTCTL
```

1.3 WDT_A Registers

The watchdog timer module registers are listed in Table 1-1. The base register or the watchdog timer module registers and special function registers (SFRs) can be found in device-specific data sheets. The address offset is given in Table 1-1.

NOTE: All registers have word or byte register access. For a generic register *ANYREG*, the suffix "_L" (*ANYREG_L*) refers to the lower byte of the register (bits 0 through 7). The suffix "_H" (*ANYREG_H*) refers to the upper byte of the register (bits 8 through 15).

Table 1-1. Watchdog Timer Registers

Register	Short Form	Register Type	Register Access	Address Offset	Initial State
Watchdog Timer Control	WDTCTL	Read/write	Word	0Ch	6904h
	WDTCTL_L	Read/write	Byte	0Ch	04h
	WDTCTL_H	Read/write	Byte	0Dh	69h

Watchdog Timer Control Register (WDTCTL)

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Read as 069h WDTPW, must be written as 05Ah							
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
WDTHOLD	**WDTSSEL**		**WDTTMSEL**	**WDTCNTCL**	**WDTIS**		
rw-0	rw-0	rw-0	rw-0	r0(w)	rw-1	rw-0	rw-0

WDTPW Bits 15-8 Watchdog timer password. Always read as 069h. Must be written as 05Ah, or a PUC is generated.

WDTHOLD Bit 7 Watchdog timer hold. This bit stops the watchdog timer. Setting WDTHOLD = 1 when the WDT is not in use conserves power.

- 0 Watchdog timer is not stopped.
- 1 Watchdog timer is stopped.

WDTSSEL Bits 6-5 Watchdog timer clock source select

- 00 SMCLK
- 01 ACLK
- 10 VLOCLK
- 11 X_CLK; VLOCLK in devices that do not support X_CLK

WDTTMSEL Bit 4 Watchdog timer mode select

- 0 Watchdog mode
- 1 Interval timer mode

WDTCNTCL Bit 3 Watchdog timer counter clear. Setting WDTCNTCL = 1 clears the count value to 0000h. WDTCNTCL is automatically reset.

- 0 No action
- 1 WDTCNT = 0000h

WDTIS Bits 2-0 Watchdog timer interval select. These bits select the watchdog timer interval to set the WDTIFG flag and/or generate a PUC.

- 000 Watchdog clock source /2G (18:12:16 at 32 kHz)
- 001 Watchdog clock source /128M (01:08:16 at 32 kHz
- 010 Watchdog clock source /8192k (00:04:16 at 32 kHz)
- 011 Watchdog clock source /512k (00:00:16 at 32 kHz)
- 100 Watchdog clock source /32k (1 s at 32 kHz)
- 101 Watchdog clock source /8192 (250 ms at 32 kHz)
- 110 Watchdog clock source /512 (15,6 ms at 32 kHz)
- 111 Watchdog clock source /64 (1.95 ms at 32 kHz)

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