

UCC28250 1/8th Brick Reference Design

40-75V input, 12V/15A Output

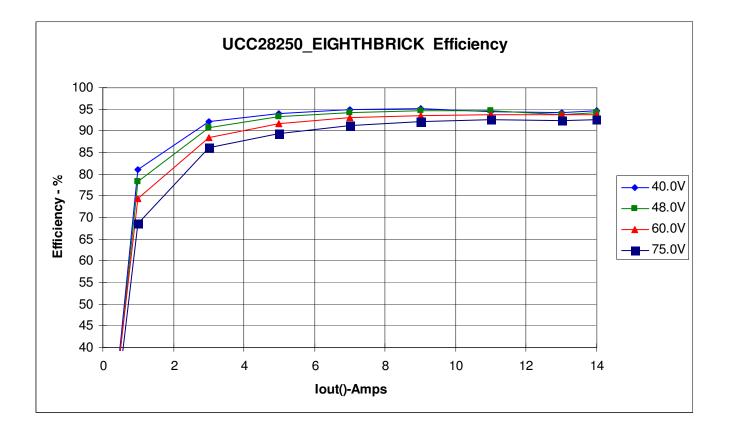
Test Report



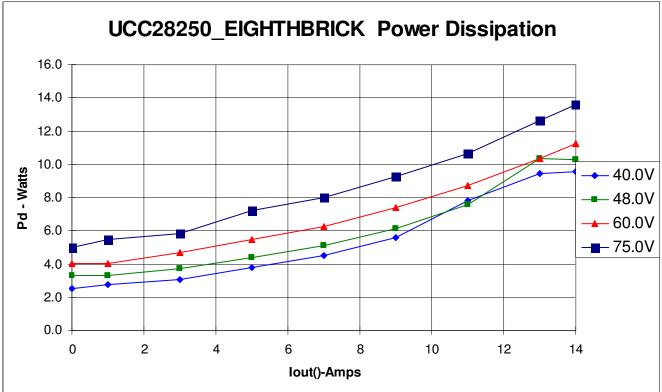
This document refers to test results for a standard Eighth Brick reference design featuring Texas Instruments parts.

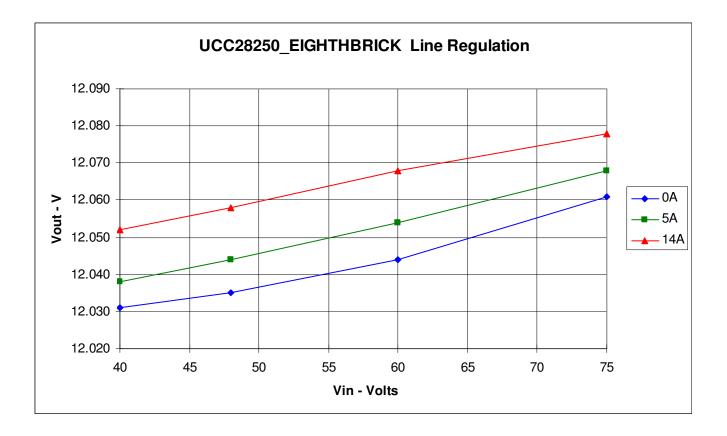
Design criteria: Vout=12v @ 15 Amps, Vin range=40-75 Volts DC. Secondary side control.

TI content: UCC28250 PWM controller, UCC27201 High and Low side Mosfet Driver, UCC27324 Low side Mosfet Driver, UCC25230 Bias PWM Contoller, ISO7220 Digital Isolator, OPA365 High Performance Op Amp, TPS76201 Linear regulator, LM4041 Shunt Regulator

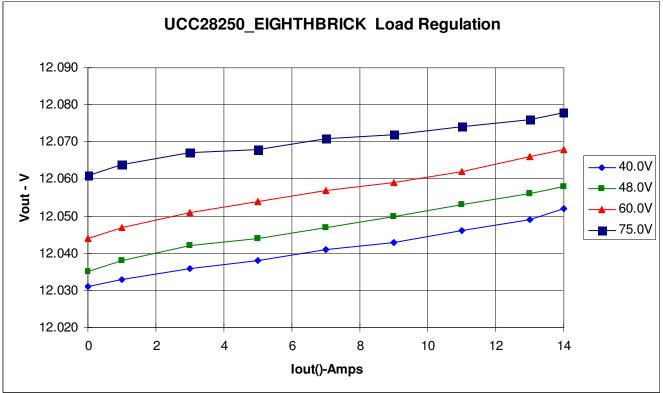




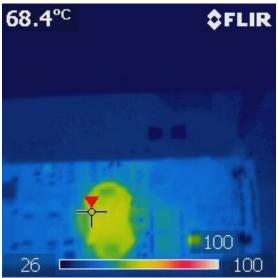






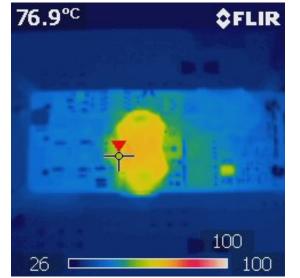


Thermal images of top side.

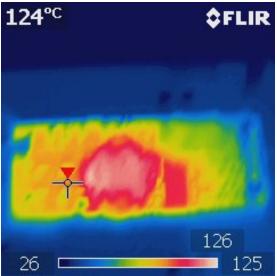


Vin=40V lout=0A, Hot spot is Transformer core. 0 cfm





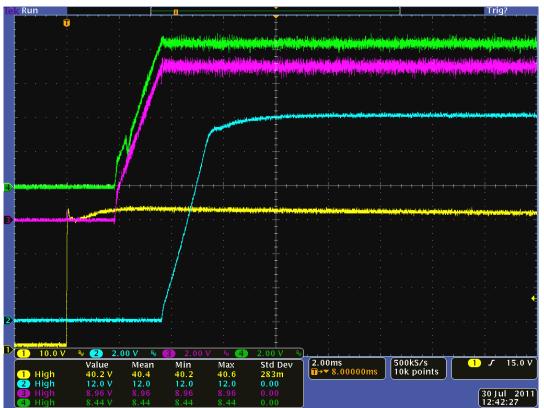
Vin=60V lout=0A, Hot spot is Transformer core. 0 cfm



Vin=40V lout=15A, Hot spot is PCB near primary mosfets. 0 cfm

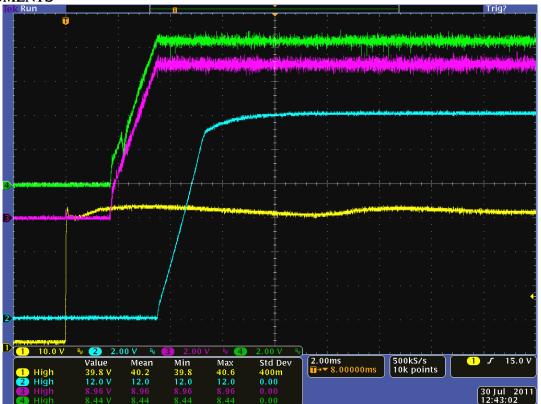


Start Up

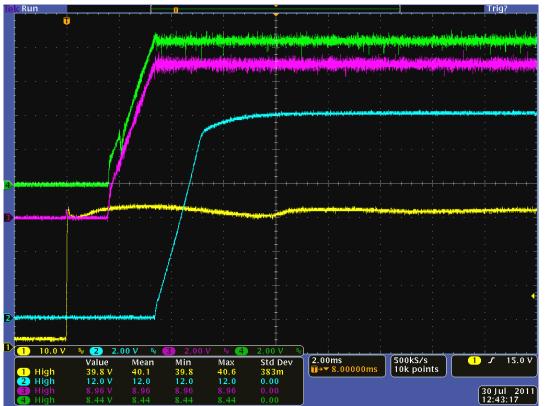


Yellow(channel 1)=Vin, Blue(channel 2)=Vout, Pink(channel 3)=primary bias, Green(channel 4)=secondary bias; Vin=40V lout= 0A External capacitance=150uf



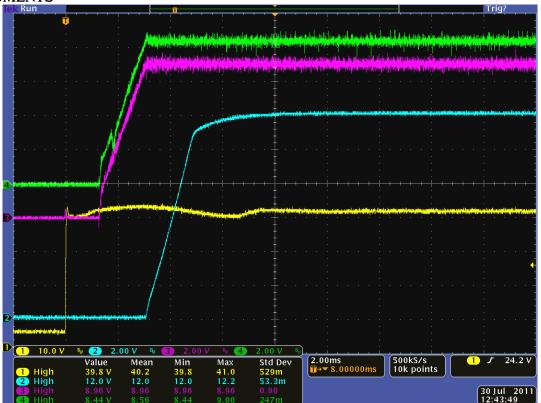


Yellow(channel 1)=Vin, Blue(channel 2)=Vout, Pink(channel 3)=primary bias, Green(channel 4)=secondary bias; Vin=40V lout= 5A External capacitance=150uf

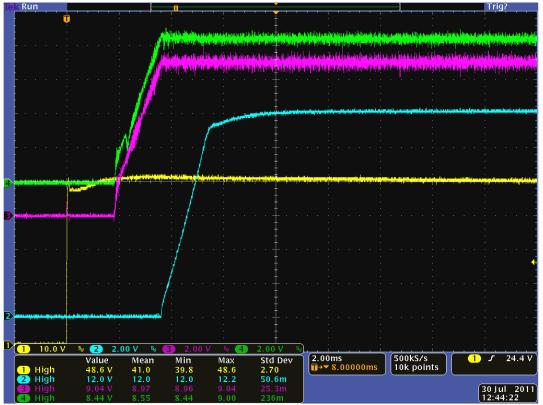


Yellow(channel 1)=Vin, Blue(channel 2)=Vout, Pink(channel 3)=primary bias, Green(channel 4)=secondary bias; Vin=40V lout= 10A External capacitance=150uf





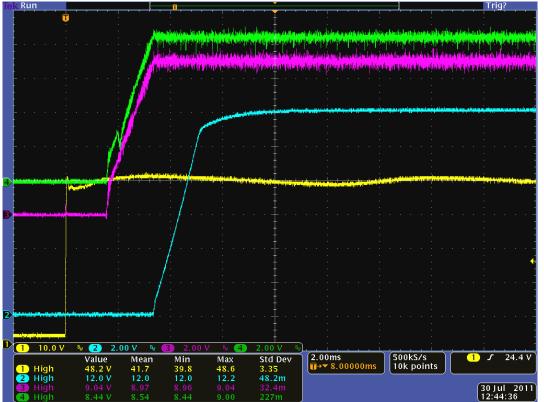
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Yellow(channel 1)=Vin, Blue(channel 2)=Vout, Pink(channel 3)=primary bias, Green(channel

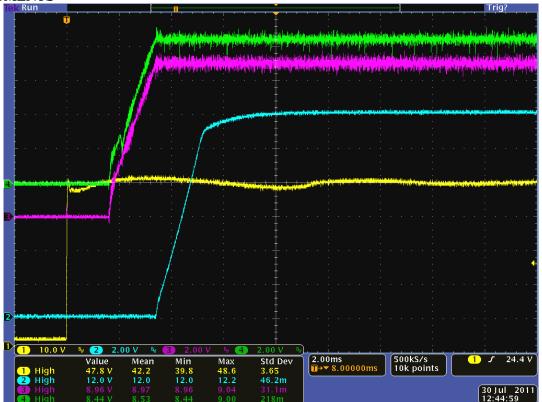


as; Vin=48V lout= 0A External capacitance=150uf

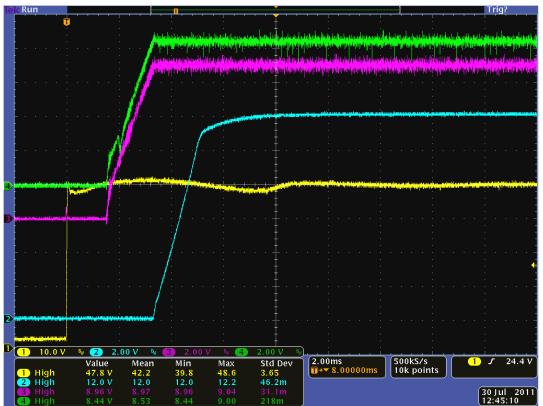


Yellow(channel 1)=Vin, Blue(channel 2)=Vout, Pink(channel 3)=primary bias, Green(channel 4)=secondary bias; Vin=48V lout= 5A External capacitance=150uf



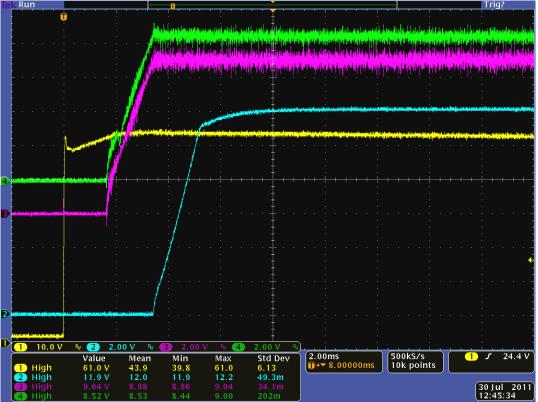


Yellow(channel 1)=Vin, Blue(channel 2)=Vout, Pink(channel 3)=primary bias, Green(channel 4)=secondary bias; Vin=48V lout= 10A External capacitance=150uf

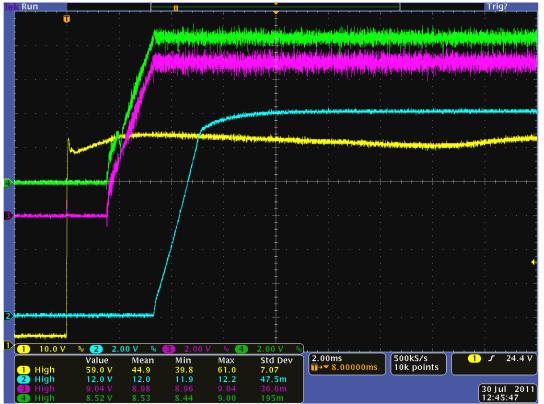


Yellow(channel 1)=Vin, Blue(channel 2)=Vout, Pink(channel 3)=primary bias, Green(channel 4)=secondary bias; Vin=48V lout= 15A External capacitance=150uf



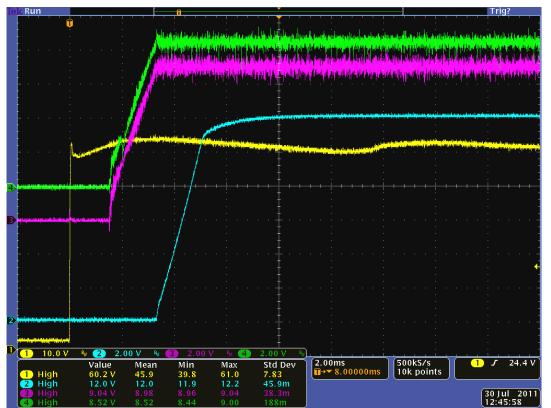


Yellow(channel 1)=Vin, Blue(channel 2)=Vout, Pink(channel 3)=primary bias, Green(channel 4)=secondary bias; Vin=60V lout= 0A External capacitance=150uf



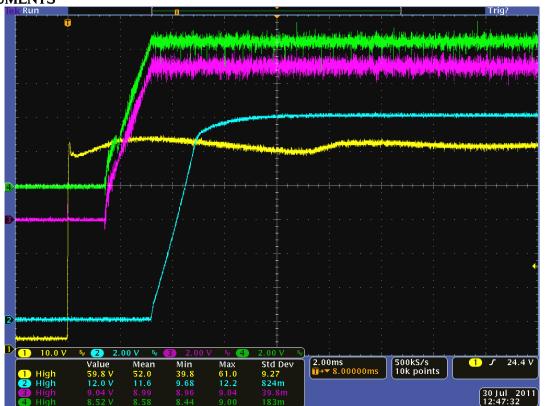
Yellow(channel 1)=Vin, Blue(channel 2)=Vout, Pink(channel 3)=primary bias, Green(channel





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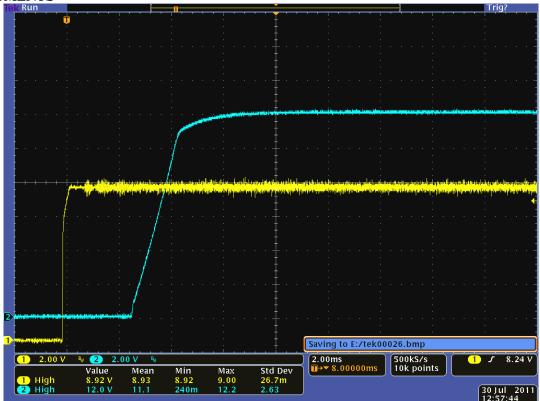




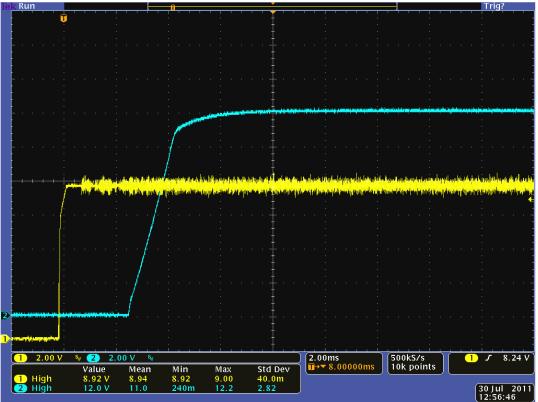
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Enable vs Vout



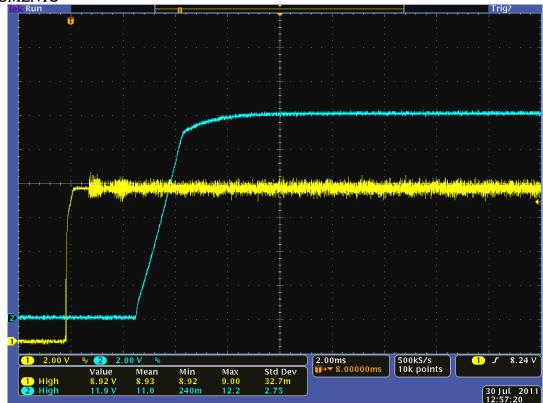


Yellow(channel 1)=Vin, Blue(channel 2)=Vout; Vin=40V lout=5A External capacitance=150uf



Yellow(channel 1)=Vin, Blue(channel 2)=Vout; Vin=48V lout=5A External capacitance=150uf





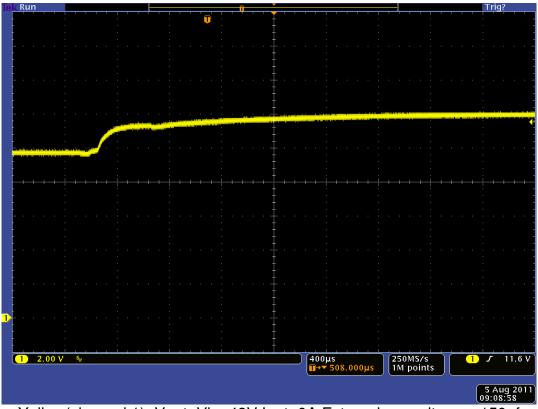
Yellow(channel 1)=Vin, Blue(channel 2)=Vout; Vin=60V lout=5A External capacitance=150uf

Vout with 6v Prebias



Yellow(channel 1)=Vout; Vin=48V lout=0A External capacitance=150uf



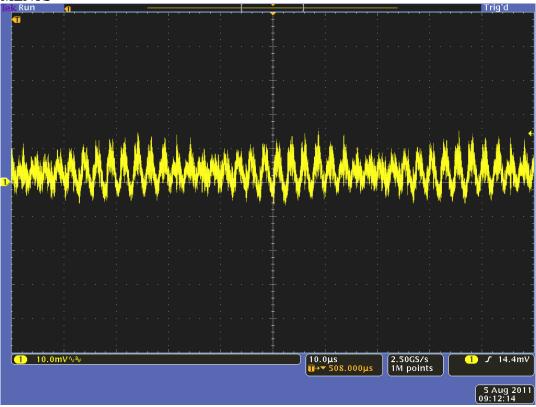


Vout with 10v Prebias

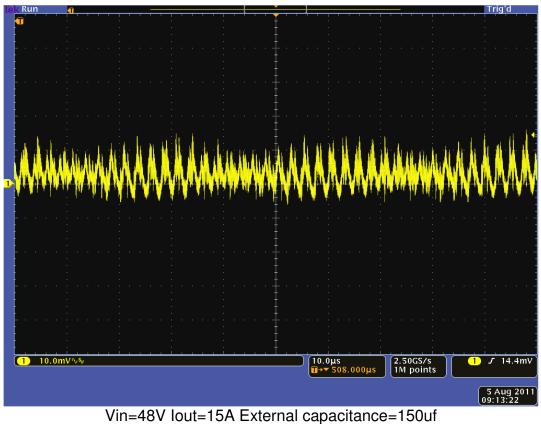
Yellow(channel 1)=Vout; Vin=48V lout=0A External capacitance=150uf

Output Ripple



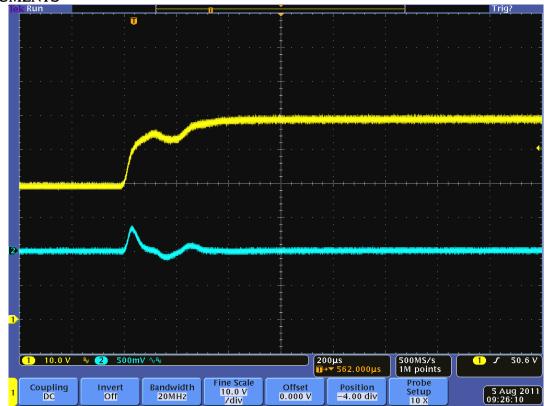


Vin=48V lout=0A External capacitance=150uf



Vin Step change 40v to 60v



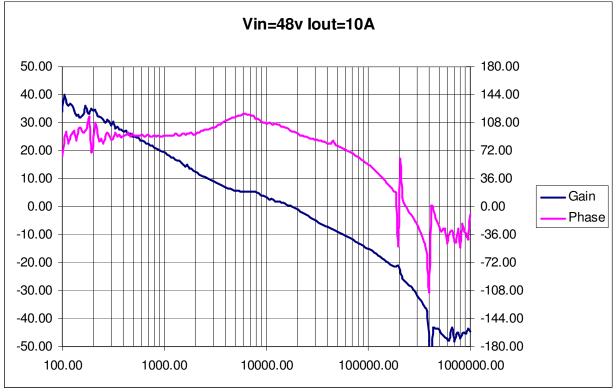


Yellow(channel 1)=Vin, Blue(channel 2)=Vout; lout=5A 400mv deviation External capacitance=150uf

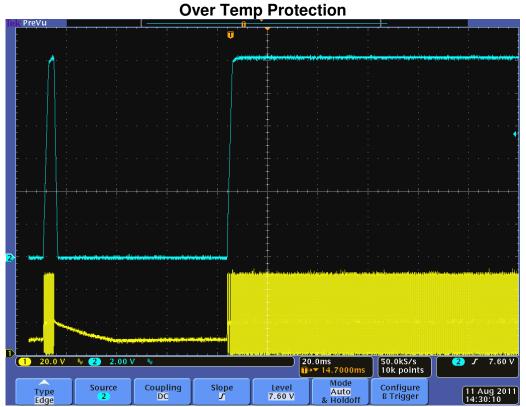


Vout response with 50% step change in load. External capacitance=150uf





External capacitance=150uf

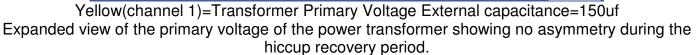


Yellow(channel 1)=Transformer Primary Voltage, Blue(channel 2)=Vout; External capacitance=150uf



The board was externally heated in the area of the sense thermistor for the Over temp detection circuit. The waveforms show the hiccup delay before switching resumes and the output returning with no overshoot after the temperature is reduced.



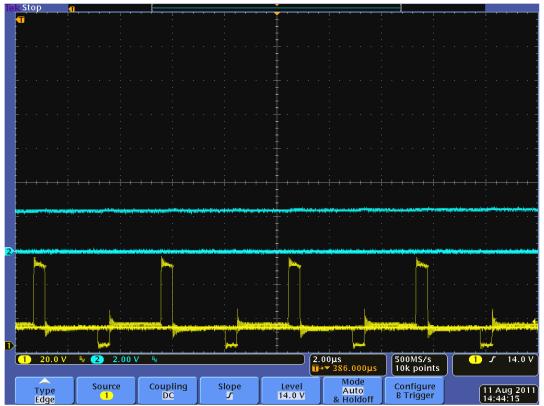


Over Current



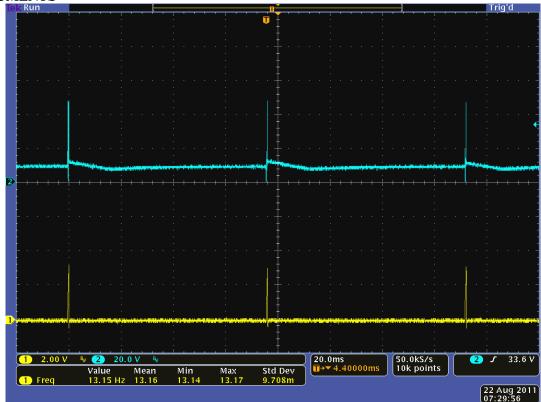


Yellow(channel 1)=Transformer Primary Voltage, Blue(channel 2)=Vout; lout=20A External capacitance=150uf



Yellow(channel 1)=Transformer Primary Voltage, Blue(channel 2)=Vout; lout=20A External capacitance=150uf Expanded view of the primary voltage of the power transformer showing no asymmetry during the hiccup recovery period.





Yellow(channel 1)= Vout, Blue(channel 2)= Transformer Primary Voltage; lout=20A External capacitance=150uf. Converter in Hiccup mode during Over current condition. Featuring very low power dissipation when exhibiting an over current fault.



Summary

The intent of this design was to highlight some of features of the UCC28250 PWM controller, such as a programmable hiccup timer for fault conditions, prebias startup capability, adjustable timing on gate drive signals for synchronous rectifiers and the ability to have feed forward compensation with a secondary side controller.

The secondary side bias power and startup is provided by Texas Instruments UCC25230 bias supply controller with built in power devices. This device is capable of 75v operation with 100v surges and up to 250mA of peak current. By utilizing a forward flyback topology allows for simpler magnetic design for the bias supply to provide controller power for both primary and secondary side circuitry. As can be observed by the previous data, a high efficiency eighth brick reference design can be achieved using Texas Instruments comprehensive line of power solutions.

Notes:

All data was taken at room ambient approximately 25 degrees C, minimal airflow of 200LFM unless otherwise noted. No data was taken at extreme cold or elevated temperatures. The design would need to be optimized for specific applications and specifications.

Over current sensing is done by amplifying a differential voltage across an embedded copper trace on the secondary side.

This reference design does not have any compensation for temperature or input voltage changes for the current sensing method used. It would need to be modified for an end user application to allow for input voltage range, printed circuit board materials and temperature variations.

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