

The Difference between Hysteretic-mode Converters and Traditional Regulators



Masashi Nogawa

When designing a power circuit, many of the selections available on the market, such as traditional voltage and current-mode regulators, look similar. You know it will do a certain job - for example, step-down DC/DC conversion - but you may not know how the many choices compare to each other.

If you haven't considered it before today, my recommendation is a hysteretic-mode converter.

Hysteretic-mode converters are branded in many different ways, including D-CAP™, D-CAP+™, D-CAP2™, D-CAP3™, constant-on-time, or DCS-Control.

When you're deciding between the many choices, you probably do what I do; search online and find a comparison report, or find a site with reviews to see recommendations and complaints.

To help you in this effort, I authored a 3-part series of articles "Hysteretic-Mode Converters Demystified" aimed at comparing a hysteretic-mode step-down switching regulator with traditional voltage-mode and current-mode regulators. [This series in Power Electronics Technology magazine](#) is based on lots of measurement data behind the scenes (see example in [Figure 1](#)) and includes unbiased comparisons as much as possible.

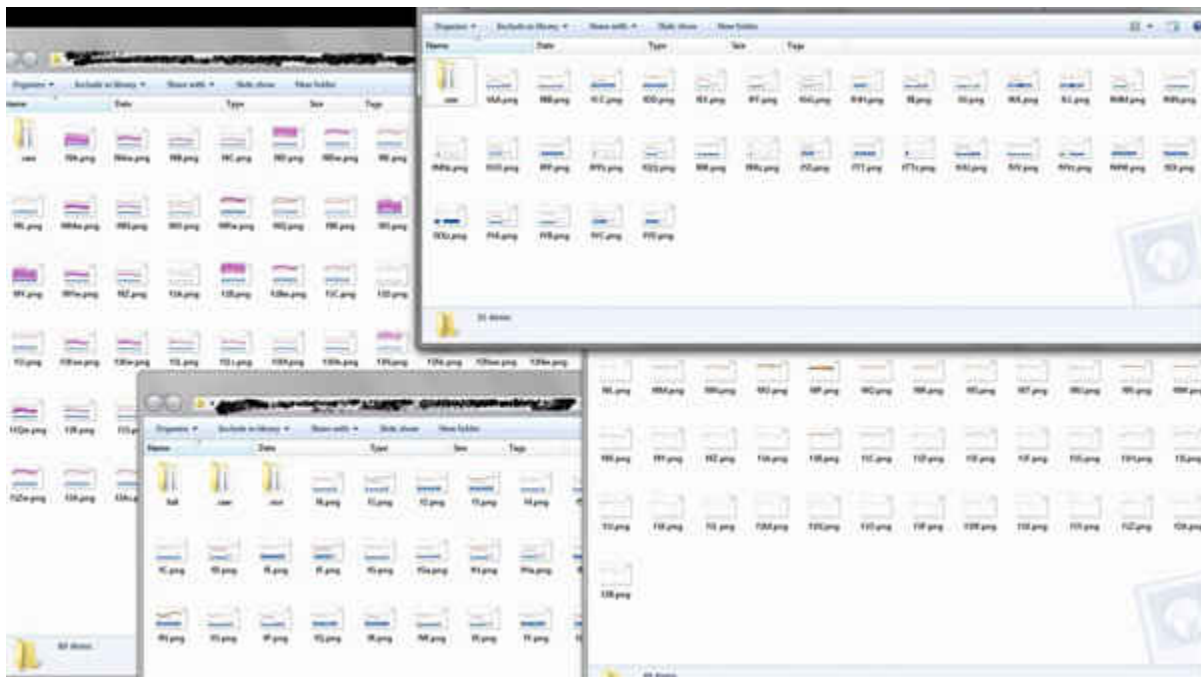


Figure 1. Screenshot of the Many Measurement Plots I Compiled for the Comparison.

I kick off part 1 of the article series "[Hysteretic-Mode Converters Demystified](#)" by reviewing basic operation differences of hysteretic-mode, voltage-mode and current-mode converters. This part illustrates the fundamental differences and also points out similarity of converters.

In part 2 "[Voltage and Current Mode Control](#)," I compare large signal load and line transient behavior. This section reviews the many technical plots pictured above to highlight the differences between control modes.

In part 3 “[Regulator Stability](#),” I examine small signal behavior and stability. This part reviews three different small signal measurements (Bode plot, output impedance and small signal load transient) so you can get good idea of how hysteretic-mode converters perform.

I hope you enjoy the article series and I look forward to answering any questions you may have. If you are a more visual learner, view the seven-part video series based on these articles “[Fixed Frequency vs Constant On-Time Control of DC/DC Converters](#)”.

Additional resources:

- Consider one of TI’s [SWIFT™ point-of-load DC/DC converters](#) for your next design.
- Watch the video “[Buck regulator architectures - overview](#)” for an overview on a variety buck regulators.

IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATA SHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, regulatory or other requirements.

These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

TI's products are provided subject to [TI's Terms of Sale](#) or other applicable terms available either on [ti.com](https://www.ti.com) or provided in conjunction with such TI products. TI's provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products.

TI objects to and rejects any additional or different terms you may have proposed.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265
Copyright © 2023, Texas Instruments Incorporated