

TPS22929D 具有受控接通功能的超小型、低导通电阻负载开关

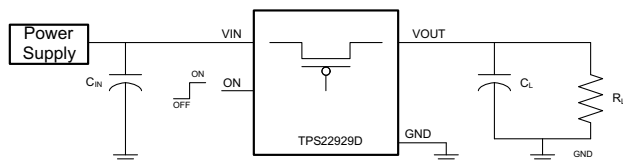
1 特性

- 集成单负载开关
- 小型 SOT23-6 封装
- 输入电压范围：1.4V 至 5.5V
- 低导通电阻
 - 在 $V_{IN} = 5V$ 时, $r_{ON} = 115m\Omega$
 - 在 $V_{IN} = 3.3V$ 时, $r_{ON} = 115m\Omega$
 - 在 $V_{IN} = 2.5V$ 时, $r_{ON} = 118m\Omega$
 - 在 $V_{IN} = 1.5V$ 时, $r_{ON} = 129m\Omega$
- 1.8A 连续开关电流 (25°C)
- 低阈值控制输入
- 受控转换率
- 欠压闭锁
- 快速输出放电
- 反向电流保护

2 应用

- 便携式工业设备
- 便携式医疗设备
- 便携式媒体播放器
- 销售点终端
- 全球卫星定位 (GPS) 设备
- 数码摄像机
- 便携式仪表
- 智能电话

4 简化电路原理图



3 说明

TPS22929D 是一款具有受控接通功能的小型、超低 r_{ON} 负载开关。此器件包括一个 P 沟道金属氧化物半导体场效应晶体管 (MOSFET), 可在 1.4V 至 5.5V 的输入电压范围内运行。此开关由一个开/关输入 (ON) 控制, 此输入能够与低电压控制信号直接相连。

TPS22929D 为高电平有效。

TPS22929D 包含一个 150Ω 片上负载电阻器, 用于在此开关被关闭时进行快速输出放电。此器件的上升时间受到内部控制以避免浪涌电流。

在出现反向电压时, TPS22929D 器件通过闭锁电源开关来提供断路器功能。当输出电压 (V_{OUT}) 被驱动至高于输入 (V_{IN}) 时, 内部反向电压比较器会关闭此电源开关以快速 (典型值为 10μs) 阻止流向此开关输入一侧的电流。反向电流一直有效, 甚至当电源开关关闭的时候也是如此。此外, 如果此输入电压过低, 欠压闭锁 (UVLO) 保护会将此开关关闭。

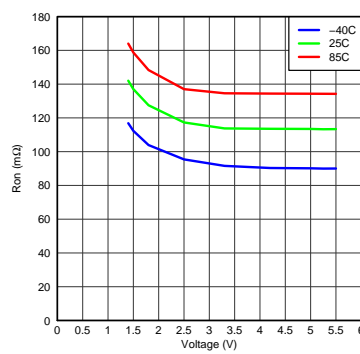
TPS22929D 采用节省空间的小型 6 引脚 SOT23 封装, 自然通风条件下的额定工作温度范围为 $-40^{\circ}C$ 至 $85^{\circ}C$ 。

器件信息(1)

器件型号	封装	封装尺寸 (标称值)
TPS22929D	SOT23 (6)	2.90mm x 1.60mm

(1) 如需了解所有可用封装, 请见数据表末尾的可订购产品附录。

导通状态电阻与输入电压间的关系



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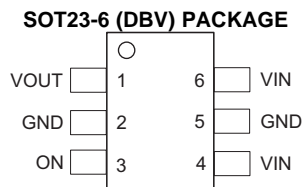
5 修订历史记录

Changes from Original (December 2011) to Revision A

Page

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 已更新到增强型数据表标准。 1 • Added Handling Ratings table. 4 • Added Thermal Information table. 4 • Added Detailed Description section. 12 • Added Application and Implementation section. 14 • Added Power Supply Recommendations section. 18 • Added Layout section. 18 	<p>1</p> <p>4</p> <p>4</p> <p>12</p> <p>14</p> <p>18</p> <p>18</p>
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6 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

PIN		DESCRIPTION
NAME	DBV	
GND	2, 5	Ground
ON	3	Switch control input, active high. Do not leave floating
VOUT	1	Switch output
VIN	4, 6	Switch input, bypass this input with a ceramic capacitor to ground

7 Specifications

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{IN}	Input voltage range	-0.3	6	V
V_{OUT}	Output voltage range	-0.3	6	V
V_{ON}	Input voltage range	-0.3	6	V
P_{MAX}	Maximum continuous power dissipation at 25°C		463	mW
	Maximum continuous power dissipation at 70°C		254	
	Maximum continuous power dissipation at 85°C		185	
I_{MAX}	Maximum continuous operating current		2	A
T_A	Operating free-air temperature range	-40	85	°C
T_J	Maximum junction temperature		125	°C

7.2 Handling Ratings

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range	–65	150	°C
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins ⁽¹⁾		kV
		Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins ⁽²⁾		
		–2	2	
		–1	1	

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Pins listed as 2 kV may actually have higher performance.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Pins listed as 1 kV may actually have higher performance.

7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Input voltage range	1.4	5.5	V
V _{ON}	ON voltage range	0	5.5	V
V _{OUT}	Output voltage range		V _{IN}	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage, ON	V _{IN} = 1.4 V to 5.5 V		V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage, ON	V _{IN} = 3.61 V to 5.5 V		0.6
		V _{IN} = 1.4 V to 3.6 V		0.4
C _{IN}	Input Capacitor	1 ⁽¹⁾		μF

- (1) Refer to the application section.

7.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TPS22929D		UNITS
		DBV		
		6 PINS		
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	216		°C/W
R _{θJctop}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	209		
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	131		
ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	52		
ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	110		

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, [SPRA953](#).

7.5 Electrical Characteristics

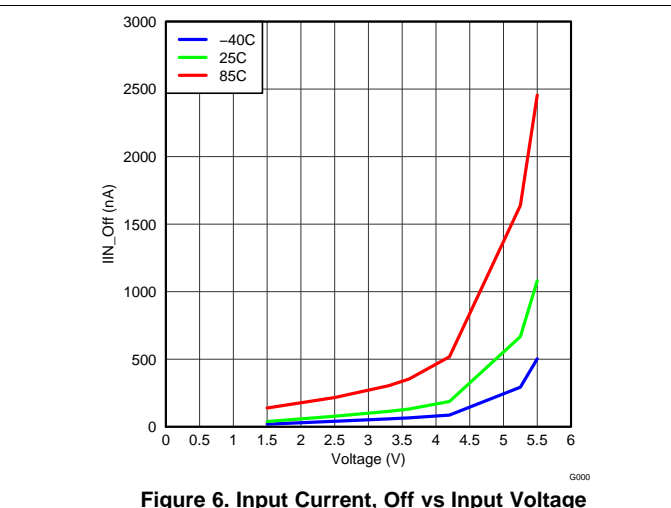
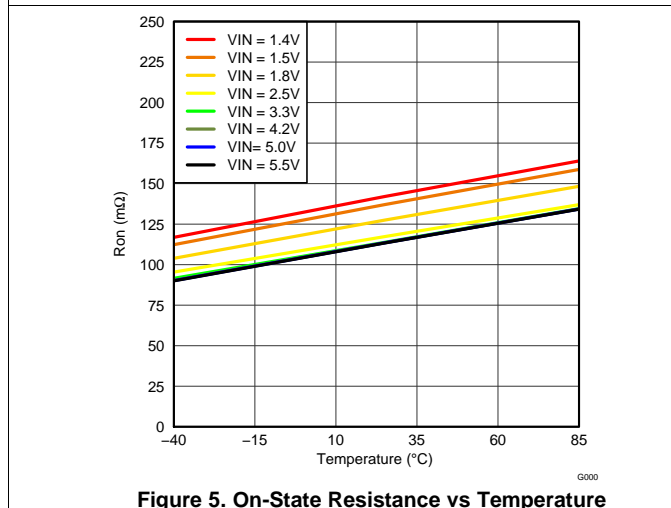
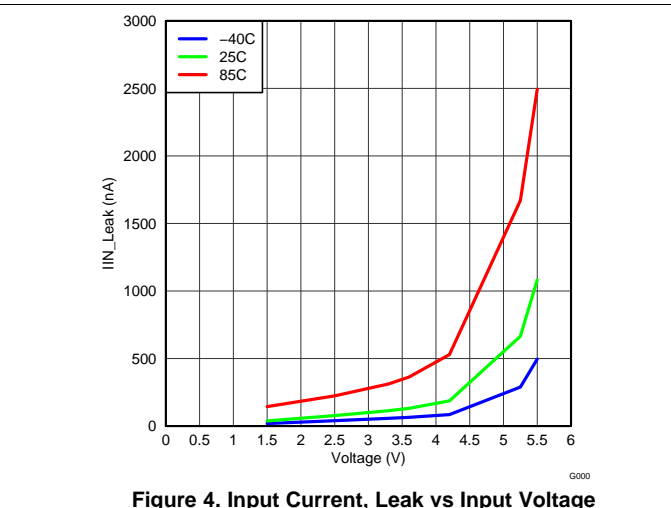
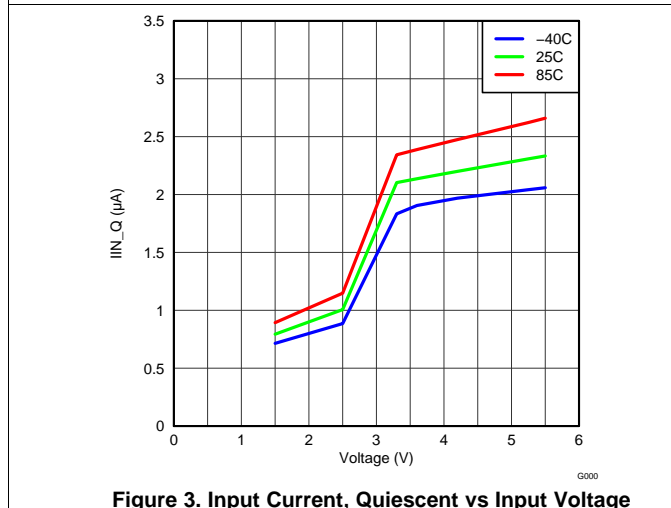
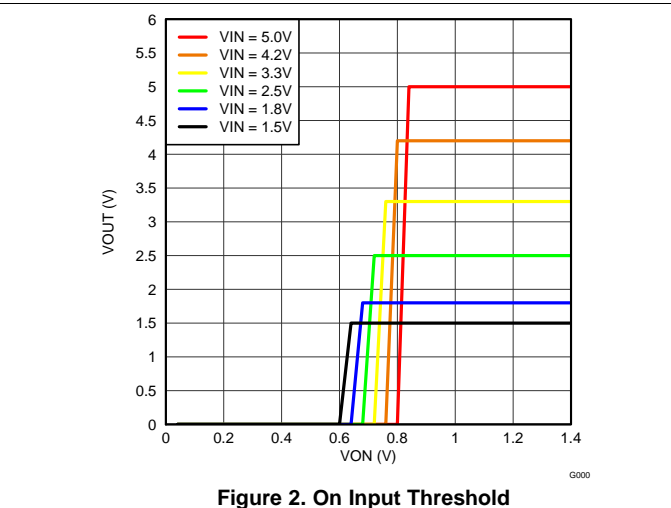
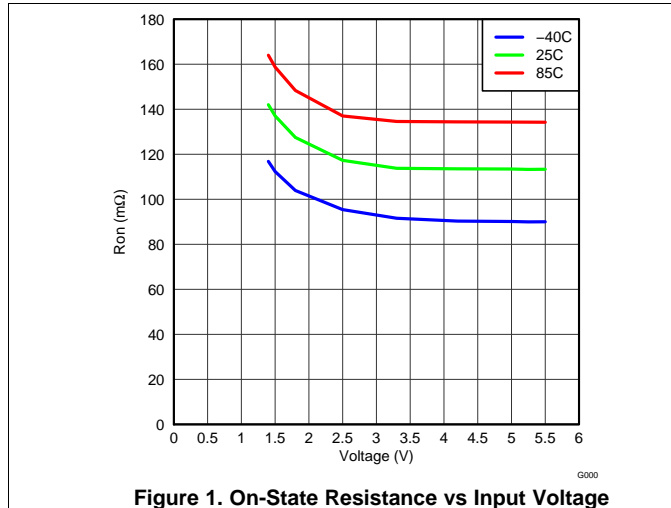
 $V_{IN} = 1.4\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	T_A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I_{IN}	Quiescent current	$I_{OUT} = 0$, $V_{IN} = V_{ON} = 5.25\text{ V}$	Full		2.2	10	μA
		$I_{OUT} = 0$, $V_{IN} = V_{ON} = 4.2\text{ V}$			2.1	7.0	
		$I_{OUT} = 0$, $V_{IN} = V_{ON} = 3.6\text{ V}$			2.0	7.0	
		$I_{OUT} = 0$, $V_{IN} = V_{ON} = 2.5\text{ V}$			1.0	5.0	
		$I_{OUT} = 0$, $V_{IN} = V_{ON} = 1.5\text{ V}$			0.8	5.0	
$I_{IN(off)}$	Off supply current	$V_{ON} = \text{GND}$, $V_{OUT} = \text{Open}$, $V_{IN} = 5.25\text{ V}$	Full		0.8	10	μA
		$V_{ON} = \text{GND}$, $V_{OUT} = \text{Open}$, $V_{IN} = 4.2\text{ V}$			0.3	7.0	
		$V_{ON} = \text{GND}$, $V_{OUT} = \text{Open}$, $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{ V}$			0.2	7.0	
		$V_{ON} = \text{GND}$, $V_{OUT} = \text{Open}$, $V_{IN} = 2.5\text{ V}$			0.2	5.0	
		$V_{ON} = \text{GND}$, $V_{OUT} = \text{Open}$, $V_{IN} = 1.5\text{ V}$			0.1	5.0	
$I_{IN(Leakage)}$	Leakage current	$V_{ON} = \text{GND}$, $V_{OUT} = 0$, $V_{IN} = 5.25\text{ V}$	Full		0.8	10	μA
		$V_{ON} = \text{GND}$, $V_{OUT} = 0$, $V_{IN} = 4.2\text{ V}$			0.3	7.0	
		$V_{ON} = \text{GND}$, $V_{OUT} = 0$, $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{ V}$			0.2	7.0	
		$V_{ON} = \text{GND}$, $V_{OUT} = 0$, $V_{IN} = 2.5\text{ V}$			0.2	5.0	
		$V_{ON} = \text{GND}$, $V_{OUT} = 0$, $V_{IN} = 1.5\text{ V}$			0.1	5.0	
r_{ON}	On-resistance	$V_{IN} = 5.25\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = -200\text{ mA}$	25°C		115	150	$\text{m}\Omega$
			Full			175	
		$V_{IN} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = -200\text{ mA}$	25°C		115	150	
			Full			175	
		$V_{IN} = 4.2\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = -200\text{ mA}$	25°C		115	150	
			Full			175	
		$V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = -200\text{ mA}$	25°C		115	150	
			Full			175	
		$V_{IN} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = -200\text{ mA}$	25°C		118	155	
			Full			180	
		$V_{IN} = 1.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = -200\text{ mA}$	25°C		129	170	
			Full			200	
RPD	Output pull down resistance	$V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $V_{ON} = 0$, $I_{OUT} = 30\text{ mA}$	25°C		150	200	Ω
UVLO	Under voltage lockout	V_{IN} increasing, $V_{ON} = 3.6\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = -100\text{ mA}$	Full			1.4	V
				V_{IN} decreasing, $V_{ON} = 3.6\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\ \Omega$	0.50		
I_{ON}	ON input leakage current	$V_{ON} = 1.4\text{ V to }5.25\text{ V or GND}$	Full			1	μA
V_{RVP}	Reverse Current Voltage Threshold				77		mV
t_{DELAY}	Reverse Current Response Delay	$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$			10		μs

7.6 Switching Characteristics

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITION	TPS22929D	UNIT
			TYP	
VIN = 5 V, TA = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)				
t _{ON}	Turn-ON time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _L = 0.1 μF	3315	μs
t _{OFF}	Turn-OFF time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _L = 0.1 μF	7.4	
t _R	VOUT rise time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _L = 0.1 μF	3660	
t _F	VOUT fall time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _L = 0.1 μF	6.1	
VIN = 3.3 V, TA = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)				
t _{ON}	Turn-ON time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _L = 0.1 μF	4655	μs
t _{OFF}	Turn-OFF time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _L = 0.1 μF	9.5	
t _R	VOUT rise time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _L = 0.1 μF	4150	
t _F	VOUT fall time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _L = 0.1 μF	3.0	
VIN = 1.5 V, TA = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)				
t _{ON}	Turn-ON time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _L = 0.1 μF	10175	μs
t _{OFF}	Turn-OFF time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _L = 0.1 μF	18.3	
t _R	VOUT rise time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _L = 0.1 μF	7812	
t _F	VOUT fall time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _L = 0.1 μF	3.0	

7.7 Typical Characteristics



Typical Characteristics (continued)

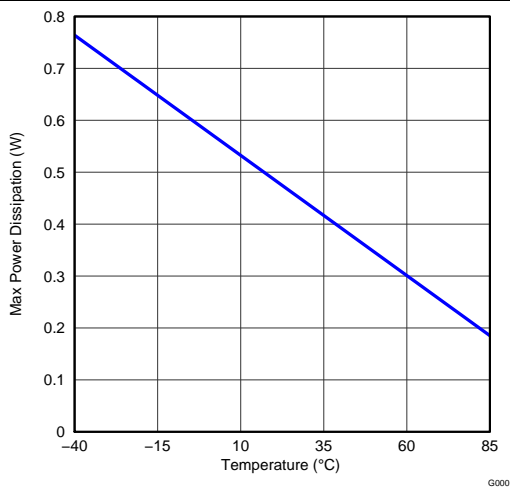


Figure 7. Allowable Power Dissipation

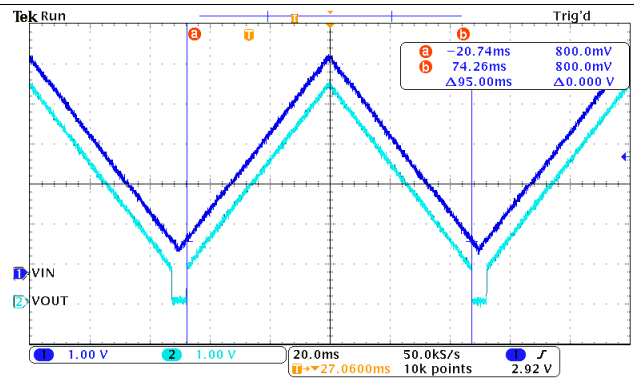


Figure 8. Under-Voltage Lockout Response (IOUT = -100mA)

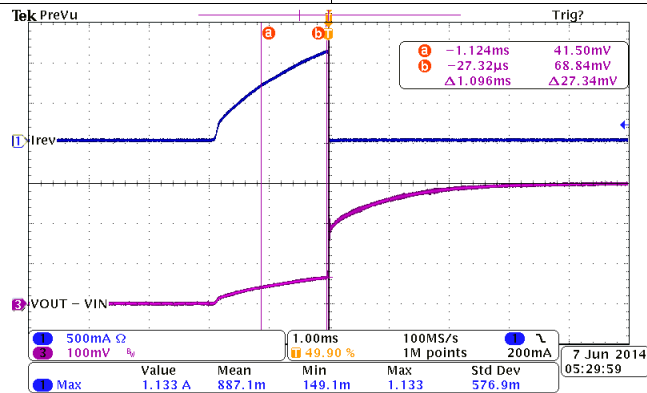


Figure 9. Reverse Current Protection (VIN = 3.0 V, VOUT Ramp up From 3.0 V to 3.3 V)

7.7.1 Typical AC Characteristics

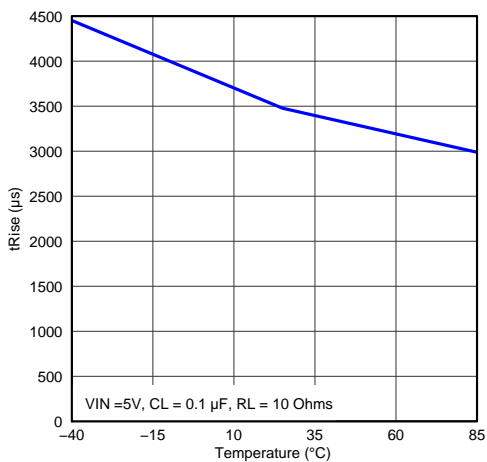


Figure 10. Rise Time vs Temperature

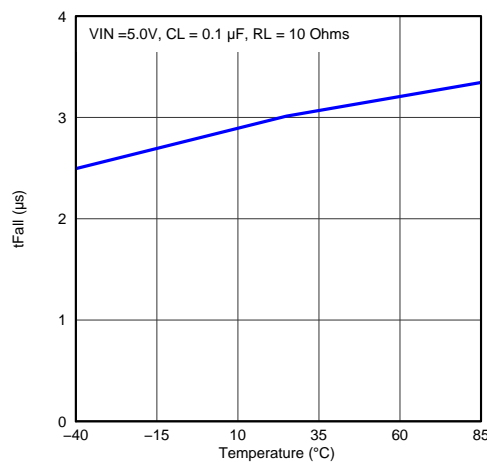


Figure 11. Fall Time vs Temperature

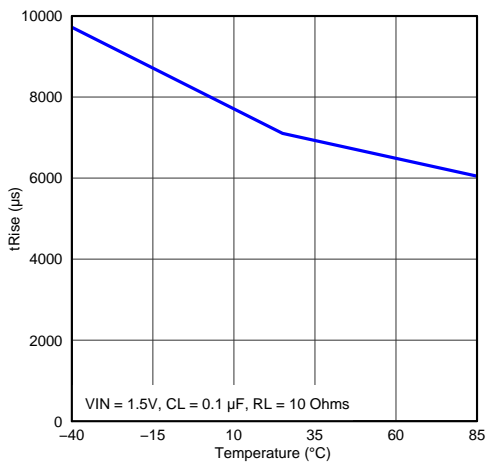


Figure 12. Rise Time vs Temperature

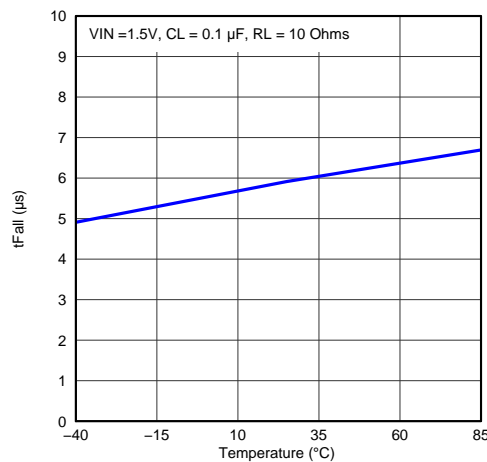


Figure 13. Fall Time vs Temperature

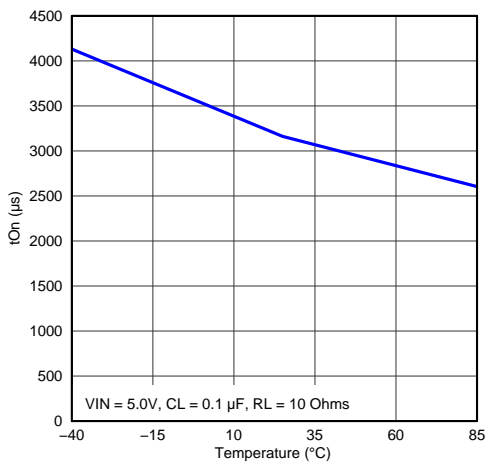


Figure 14. Turn-On Time vs Temperature

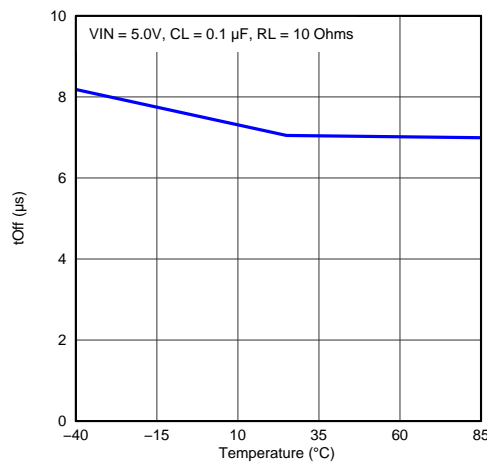
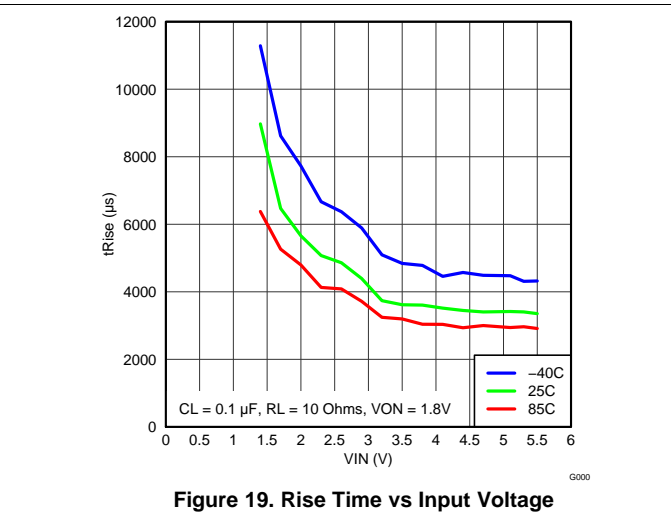
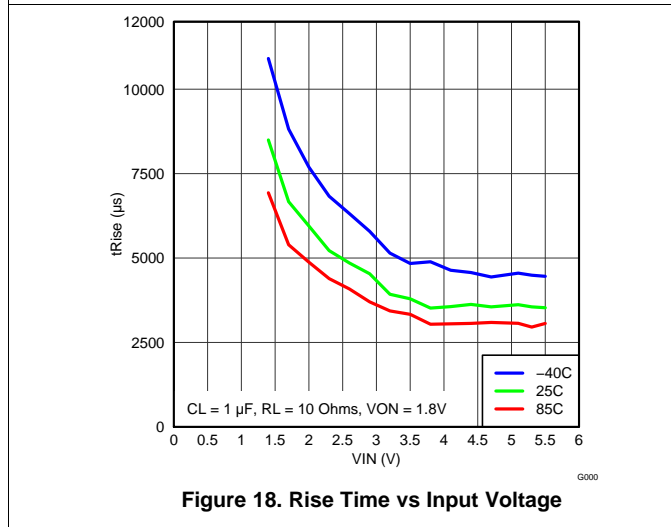
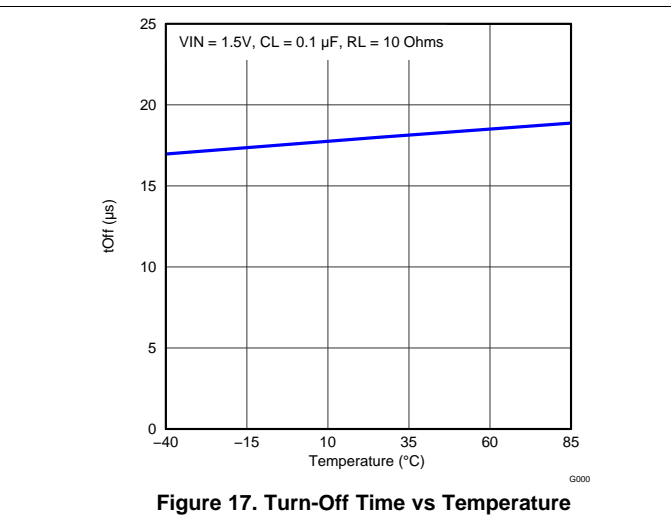
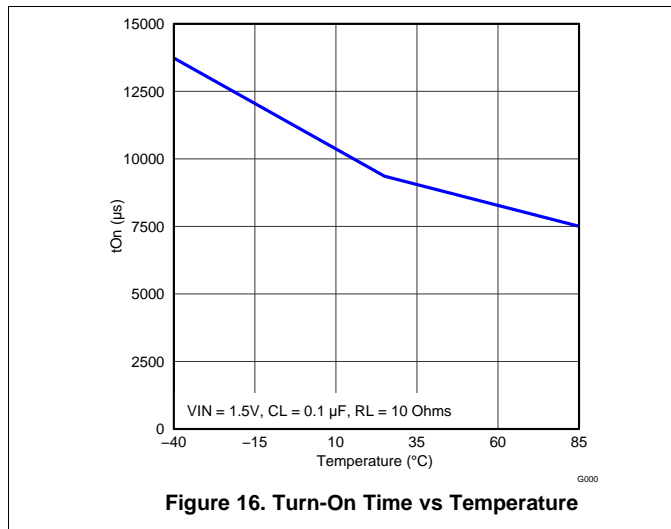
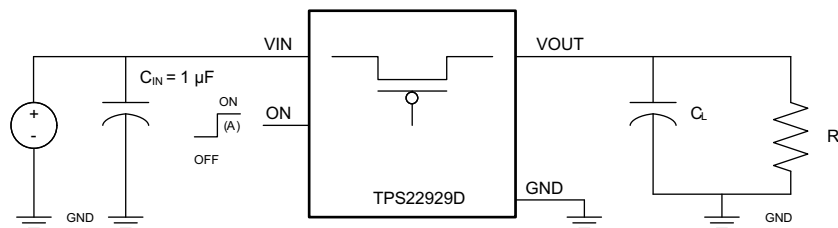


Figure 15. Turn-Off Time vs Temperature

Typical AC Characteristics (continued)



8 Parametric Measurement Information



A. Rise and fall times of the control signal is 100 ns.

Figure 20. Test Circuit

Parametric Measurement Information (continued)

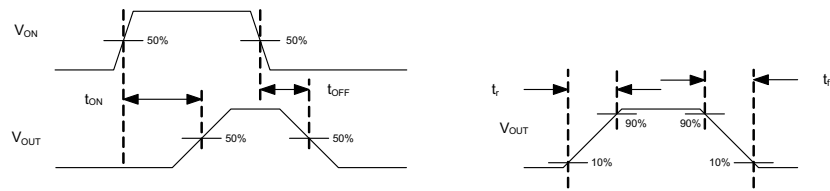


Figure 21. T_{ON}/T_{OFF} Waveforms

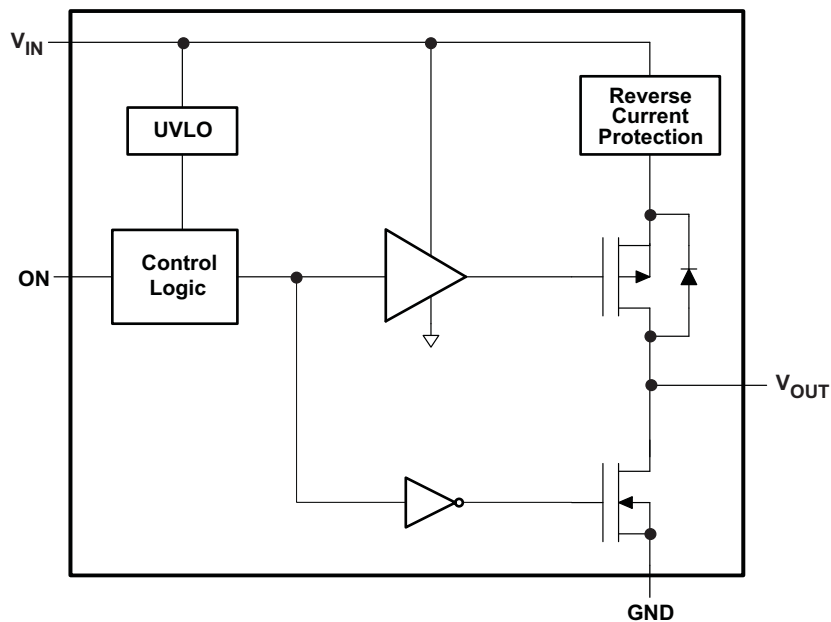
9 Detailed Description

9.1 Overview

The TPS22929D is a single channel, 1.8-A load switch in a small, space-saving 6-pin SOT23-6 package. This device implements a low resistance P-channel MOSFET with a controlled rise time for applications that need to limit the inrush current.

This device is also designed to have very low leakage current during off state. This prevents downstream circuits from pulling high standby current from the supply. Integrated control logic, driver, power supply, and output discharge FET eliminates the need for additional external components, which reduces solution size and bill of materials (BOM) count.

9.2 Functional Block Diagram



9.3 Feature Description

9.3.1 On/Off Control

The ON pin controls the state of the switch. Asserting ON high enables the switch. ON is active high and has a low threshold, making it capable of interfacing with low-voltage signals. The ON pin is compatible with standard GPIO logic threshold. It can be used with any microcontroller with 1.2-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V or 3.3-V GPIOs.

9.3.2 Output Pull-Down

The output pull-down is active when the user is turning off the main pass FET. The pull-down discharges the output rail to approximately 10% of the rail, and then the output pull-down is automatically disconnected to optimize the shutdown current.

9.3.3 Under-Voltage Lockout

The under-voltage lockout turns-off the switch if the input voltage drops below the under-voltage lockout threshold. During under-voltage lockout (UVLO), if the voltage level at V_{OUT} exceeds the voltage level at V_{IN} by the Reverse Current Voltage Threshold (V_{RVP}), the body diode will be disengaged to prevent any current flow to V_{IN} . With the ON pin active the input voltage rising above the under-voltage lockout threshold will cause a controlled turn-on of the switch which limits current over-shoots.

Feature Description (continued)

9.3.4 Reverse Current Protection

In a scenario where V_{OUT} is greater than V_{IN} , there is potential for reverse current through the pass FET or the body diode. The TPS22929D monitors V_{IN} and V_{OUT} voltage levels. When the reverse current voltage threshold (V_{RVP}) is exceeded, the switch is disabled (within 10 μ s typ). Additionally, the body diode is disengaged so as to prevent any reverse current flow to V_{IN} . The FET, and the output (V_{OUT}), will resume normal operation when the reverse voltage scenario is no longer present.

Use the following formula to calculate the amount of reverse current required to activate the protection circuit for a particular application:

$$I_{RC} = \frac{0.077V}{R_{ON(VIN)}}$$

Where,

I_{RC} is the amount of reverse current,

$R_{ON(VIN)}$ is the on-resistance as determined by the input voltage.

9.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 1. Function Table

ON	VIN to VOUT	VOUT to GND ⁽¹⁾
L	OFF	ON
H	ON	OFF

(1) See [Output Pull-Down](#) section.

10 Application and Implementation

10.1 Application Information

10.1.1 VIN to VOUT Voltage Drop

The VIN to VOUT voltage drop in the device is determined by the R_{ON} of the device and the load current. The R_{ON} of the device depends upon the VIN condition of the device. Refer to the R_{ON} specification of the device in the Electrical Characteristics table of this datasheet. Once the R_{ON} of the device is determined based upon the VIN conditions, use [Equation 1](#) to calculate the VIN to VOUT voltage drop:

$$\Delta V = I_{LOAD} \times R_{ON} \quad (1)$$

Where,

ΔV = Voltage drop from VIN to VOUT

I_{LOAD} = Load current

R_{ON} = On-resistance of the device for a specific V_{IN}

An appropriate I_{LOAD} must be chosen such that the I_{MAX} specification of the device is not violated.

10.1.2 Input Capacitor

To limit the voltage drop on the input supply caused by transient inrush currents, when the switch turns on into a discharged load capacitor or short-circuit, a capacitor needs to be placed between VIN and GND. A 1- μ F ceramic capacitor, C_{IN} , placed close to the pins is usually sufficient. Higher values of C_{IN} can be used to further reduce the voltage drop.

10.1.3 Output Capacitor

A C_{IN} to C_L ratio of 10 to 1 is recommended for minimizing V_{IN} dip caused by inrush currents during startup.

10.2 Typical Application

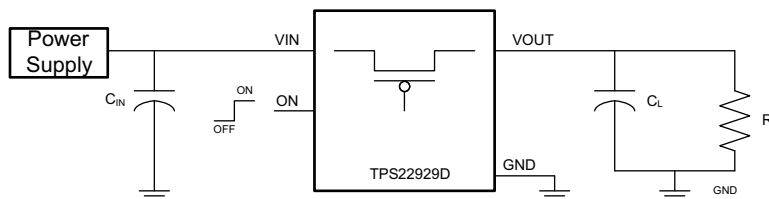


Figure 22. Typical Application Schematic

10.2.1 Design Requirements

Design Parameter	Example Value
VIN	1.5 V to 5 V
CL	0.1 μ F to 1 μ F
Maximum Acceptable Inrush Current	10 mA

10.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

10.2.2.1 Managing Inrush Current

When the switch is enabled, the output capacitors must be charged up from 0-V to VIN voltage. This charge arrives in the form of inrush current. Inrush current can be calculated using the following equation:

$$\text{Inrush Current} = C \times \frac{dv}{dt} \quad (2)$$

Where,

C = Output capacitance

$\frac{dv}{dt}$ = Output slew rate

The TPS22929D offers a very slow controlled rise time for minimizing inrush current. This device can be selected based upon the maximum acceptable slew rate which can be calculated using the design requirements and the inrush current equation. An output capacitance of 1.0 μF will be used since the amount of inrush increases with output capacitance:

$$10 \text{ mA} = 1.0 \mu\text{F} \times \frac{dv}{dt} \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = 10 \text{ V/ms} \quad (4)$$

To ensure an inrush current of less than 10 mA, a device with a slew rate less than 10 V/ms must be used.

The TPS22929D has a typical rise time of 4500 μs at 3.3 V . This results in a slew rate of 733 mV/ms which meets the above design requirements.

10.2.3 Application Curves

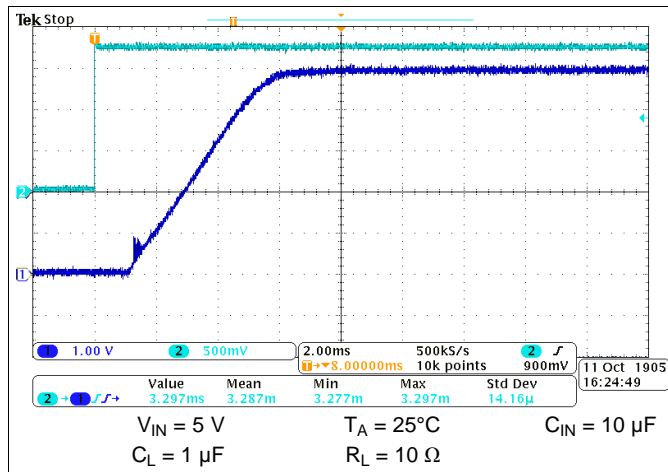


Figure 23. Turn-On Response

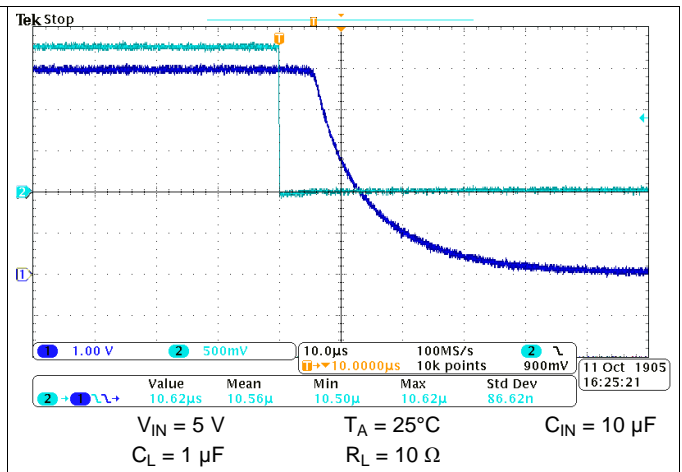


Figure 24. Turn-Off Response

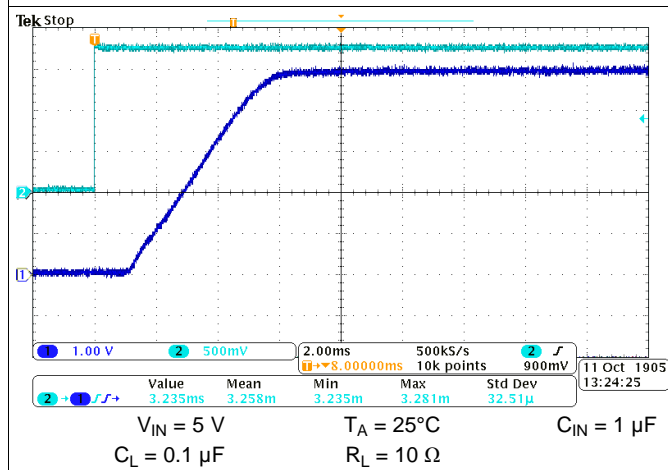


Figure 25. Turn-On Response Time

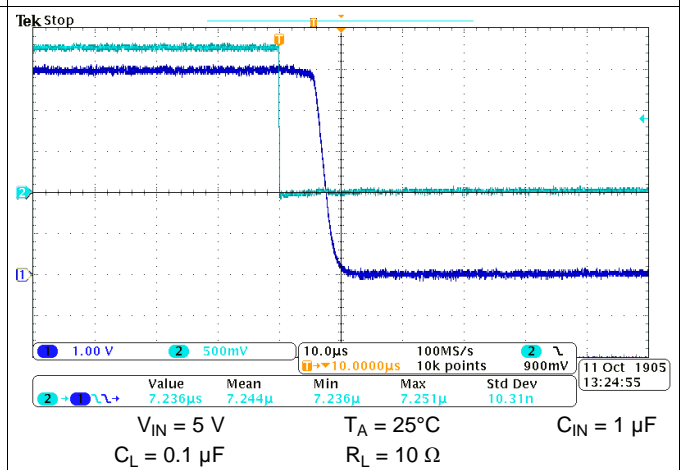


Figure 26. Turn-Off Response Time

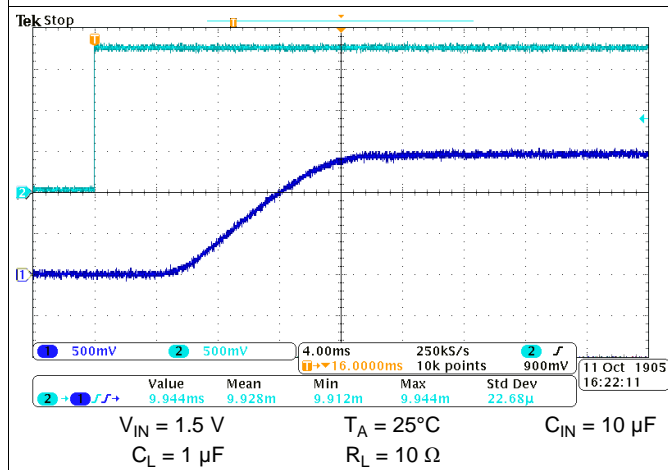


Figure 27. Turn-On Response Time

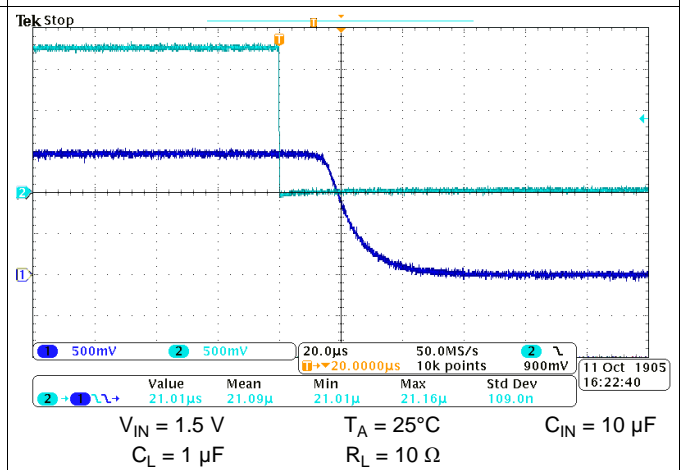
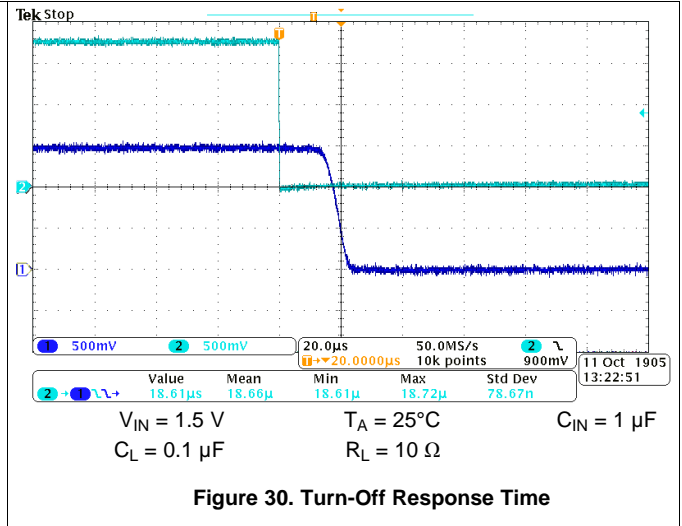
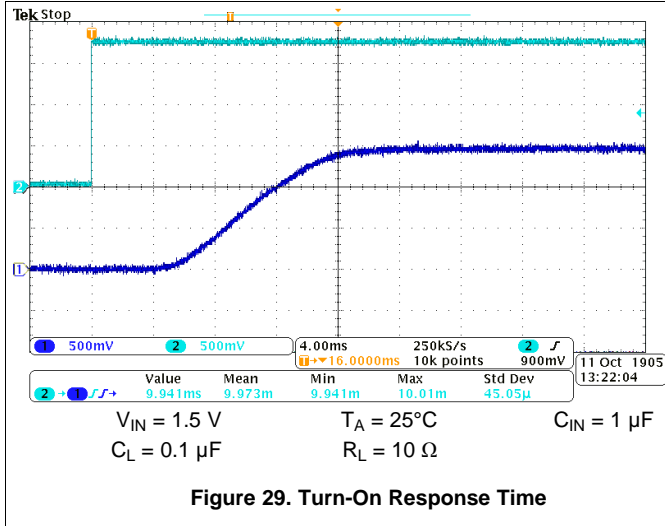


Figure 28. Turn-Off Response Time



11 Power Supply Recommendations

The device is designed to operate with a VIN range of 1.4 V to 5.5 V.

12 Layout

12.1 Layout Guidelines

For best performance, all traces should be as short as possible. To be most effective, the input and output capacitors should be placed close to the device to minimize the effects that parasitic trace inductances may have on normal operation. Using wide traces for VIN, VOUT, and GND helps minimize the parasitic electrical effects along with minimizing the case to ambient thermal impedance.

12.1.1 Thermal Considerations

For best device performance, be sure to follow the thermal guidelines in the [Thermal Information](#) table. To calculate max allowable continuous current for your application for a specific VIN and ambient temperature, use the following formula:

$$I_{MAX} = \sqrt{\frac{T_J - T_A}{\theta_{JA} R_{ON}}}$$

Where:

I_{MAX}= Max allowable continuous current

T_J= Max thermal junction temperature (125°C)

T_A= Ambient temperature of the application

θ_{JA}= Junction-to-air thermal impedance (216°C/W)

R_{ON}= R_{ON} at a specified input voltage VIN (see [Electrical Characteristics](#))

12.2 Layout Example

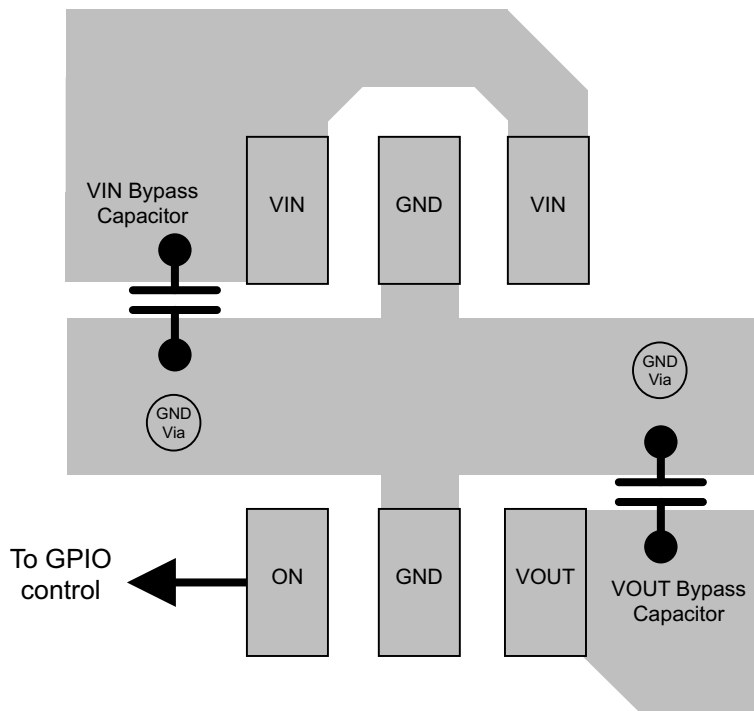


Figure 31. Layout Drawing

13 器件和文档支持

13.1 商标

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

13.2 静电放电警告



这些装置包含有限的内置 ESD 保护。存储或装卸时，应将导线一起截短或将装置放置于导电泡棉中，以防止 MOS 门极遭受静电损伤。

13.3 术语表

[SLYZ022](#) — TI 术语表。

这份术语表列出并解释术语、首字母缩略词和定义。

14 机械、封装和可订购信息

以下页中包括机械、封装和可订购信息。这些信息是针对指定器件可提供的最新数据。这些数据会在无通知且不对本文档进行修订的情况下发生改变。要获得这份数据表的浏览器版本，请查阅左侧的导航栏。

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TPS22929DDBVR	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(NF4F, NF4W)
TPS22929DDBVR.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(NF4F, NF4W)
TPS22929DDBVR.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(NF4F, NF4W)
TPS22929DDBVRG4	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	NF4W NF4F
TPS22929DDBVRG4.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	NF4W NF4F
TPS22929DDBVRG4.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	NF4W NF4F
TPS22929DDBVT	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(NF4F, NF4W)
TPS22929DDBVT.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(NF4F, NF4W)
TPS22929DDBVT.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(NF4F, NF4W)

(1) **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

(2) **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

(3) **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

(4) **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

(5) **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

(6) **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS22929DDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS22929DDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS22929DDBVRG4	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS22929DDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS


*All dimensions are nominal

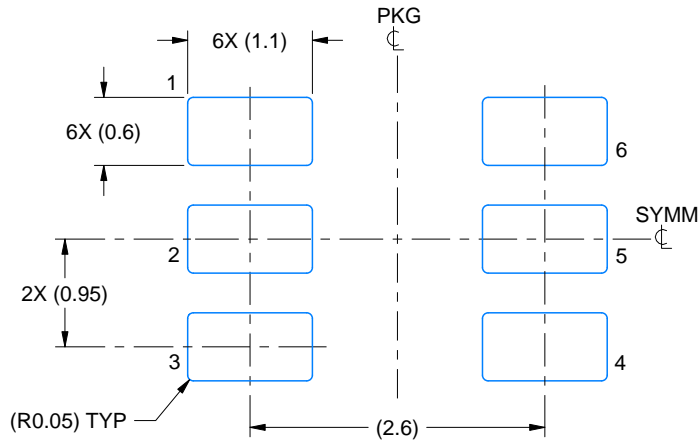
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS22929DDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	208.0	191.0	35.0
TPS22929DDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
TPS22929DDBVRG4	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
TPS22929DDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	180.0	180.0	18.0

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

DBV0006A

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:15X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4214840/G 08/2024

NOTES: (continued)

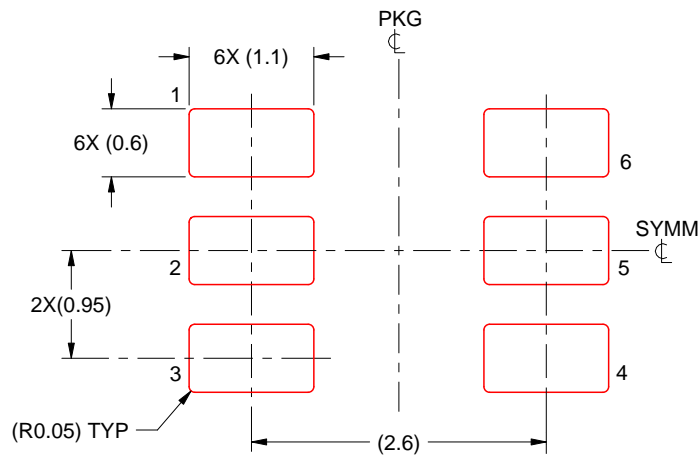
- 6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DBV0006A

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE:15X

4214840/G 08/2024

NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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最后更新日期：2025 年 10 月