

TMUXHS4446 USB-C 10Gbps 交替模式交叉开关多路复用器

1 特性

- 无源双向 USB-C 交替模式多路复用器，可在 USB 和 DisplayPort 信号之间切换
- 支持 USB 3.2，速率高达 10Gbps (第 2.0 代)；支持 DisplayPort 2.1，每通道速率高达 10Gbps (UHBR10)
- 与源器件/主机和接收器件/器件应用兼容
- -3dB 差分带宽：9.5GHz
- 动态特性：
 - 插入损耗 = -1.6db (5GHz 时)
 - 回波损耗 = -18dB (5GHz 时)
- 支持 0V 至 1.8V 的共模电压 (CMV)
- 自适应 CMV 跟踪
- 可承受 VBUS 短路事件的 6V 容限 SBU 引脚
- 可通过 GPIO 引脚或 I²C 进行配置
- 同时支持 1.8V 和 3.3V I²C
- 单电源电压 V_{CC}：3.3V
- 工作功耗：340 μA
- 低待机功耗：0.5 μA (引脚模式)
- 工业级工作温度范围：-40°C 至 105°C
- 采用 3mm x 6mm QFN 封装

2 应用

- [PC 和笔记本电脑](#)
- [电视](#)
- [游戏](#)
- [扩展坞](#)
- [家庭影院和娱乐系统](#)
- [工厂自动化和控制](#)
- [电子销售终端 \(EPOS\)](#)
- [智能手机](#)
- [平板电脑](#)

3 说明

TMUXHS4446 是一款高速双向无源交叉点开关或交叉开关 (Xbar)。该器件用于通过 USB Type-C (也称为 USB-C 接口) 在 USB 3.2 第 2 代 (超高速) 和 DisplayPort 1.4/2.1 (高达 10Gbps UHBR10) 信号之间切换。该器件还可切换用于 DisplayPort 辅助通道的低速 SBU 信号。TMUXHS4446 支持共模电压 (CMV) 范围为 0V 至 1.8V 且差分振幅为 0V 至 1800mVpp 的差分信号。自适应 CMV 跟踪可确保通过器件的通道在整个共模电压范围内保持不变。

TMUXHS4446 的动态特性允许进行高速开关，使信号眼图具有最小的衰减，并且几乎不会增加抖动。该器件的芯片设计经过优化，可在较高信号频谱上实现出色的频率响应。TMUXHS4446 的芯片信号布线和开关网络相匹配，可实现出色的差分对内延迟性能。

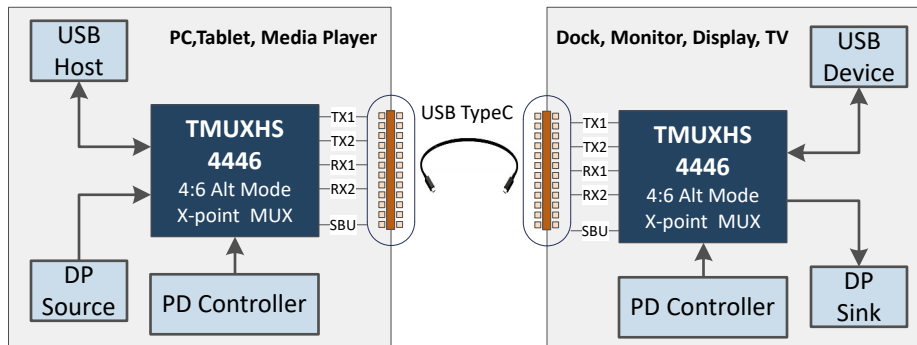
TMUXHS4446 具有工业级工作温度范围 (-40°C 至 105°C)，适合多种严苛应用，包括工业和高可靠性用例。

封装信息

器件型号	封装 ⁽¹⁾	封装尺寸 ⁽²⁾
TMUXHS4446	RET (WQFN, 40)	6mm × 3mm

(1) 有关所有可选封装，请参阅节 10。

(2) 封装尺寸 (长 × 宽) 为标称值，并包括引脚 (如适用)。



应用用例



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4 Pin Configuration and Functions

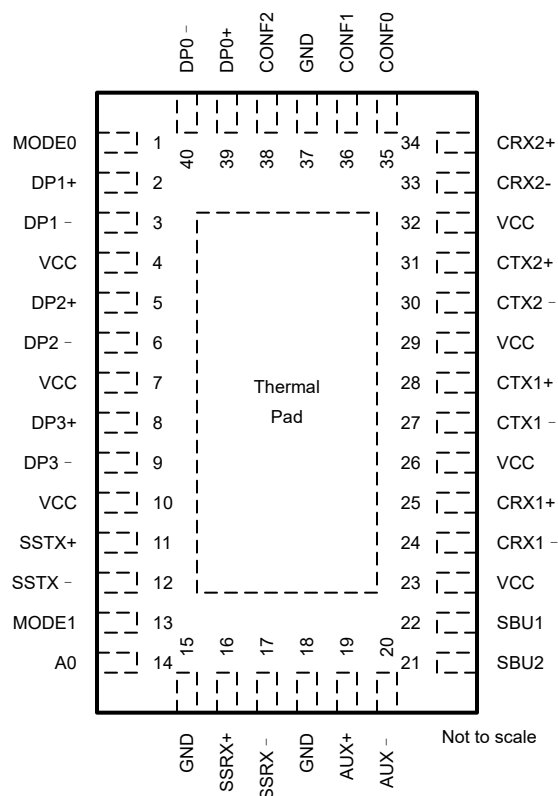


图 4-1. RET Package With Thermal Pad (40 Pin QFN - Top View)

表 4-1. Pin Functions

PIN		TYPE ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
DP0+	39	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential positive signal for DisplayPort DP0
DP0 -	40	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential negative signal for DisplayPort DP0
DP1+	2	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential positive signal for DisplayPort DP1
DP1 -	3	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential negative signal for DisplayPort DP1
DP2+	5	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential positive signal for DisplayPort DP2
DP2 -	6	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential negative signal for DisplayPort DP2
DP3+	8	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential positive signal for DisplayPort DP3
DP3 -	9	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential negative signal for DisplayPort DP3
SSTX+	11	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential positive signal for USB TX pins
SSTX -	12	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential negative signal for USB TX pins
SSRX+	16	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential positive signal for USB RX pins
SSRX -	17	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential negative signal for USB RX pins
CRX1 -	24	HS I/O	Connector-side, high-speed differential negative signal for USB-C RX pins
CRX1+	25	HS I/O	Connector-side, high-speed differential positive signal for USB-C RX pins
CTX1 -	27	HS I/O	Connector-side, high-speed differential negative signal for USB-C TX pins
CTX1+	28	HS I/O	Connector-side, high-speed differential positive signal for USB-C TX pins

表 4-1. Pin Functions (续)

PIN		TYPE ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
CTX2 -	30	HS I/O	Connector-side, high-speed differential negative signal for USB-C TX pins
CTX2+	31	HS I/O	Connector-side, high-speed differential positive signal for USB-C TX pins
CRX2-	33	HS I/O	Connector-side, high-speed differential negative signal for USB-C RX pins
CRX2+	34	HS I/O	Connector-side, high-speed differential positive signal for USB-C RX pins
AUX+	19	LS I/O	System-side, low-speed SBU signal for USB-C SBU pin
AUX -	20	LS I/O	System-side, low-speed SBU signal for USB-C SBU pin
SBU1	22	LS I/O	Connector-side, low-speed SBU signal for USB-C SBU1 pin
SBU2	21	LS I/O	Connector-side, low-speed SBU signal for USB-C SBU2 pin
MODE0	1	CTRL	Control mode selection MODE0 = 1, I ² C control MODE0 = 0, GPIO or pin control through CONF[2:0]
MODE1	13	CTRL	I ² C logic level control (MODE0 = 1) MODE1 = 0, 1.8V I ² C logic level MODE1 = 1, 3.3V I ² C logic level
CONF0	35	CTRL	GPIO control (MODE0 = 0) Switch configuration control for high-speed and low-speed pins. Refer to the Device Functional Modes section for details.
A1		CTRL	I ² C control (MODE0 = 1) Configurable I ² C target address bit
CONF1	36	CTRL	GPIO control (MODE0 = 0) Switch configuration control for high-speed and low-speed pins. Refer to the Device Functional Modes section for details.
SCL		CTRL	I ² C control (MODE0 = 1) I ² C clock input
CONF2	38	CTRL	GPIO control (MODE0 = 0) Switch configuration control for high-speed and low-speed pins. Refer to the Device Functional Modes section for details.
SDA		CTRL	I ² C control (MODE0 = 1) I ² C data input
A0	14	CTRL	I ² C control (MODE0 = 1) Configurable I ² C target address bit
VCC	4, 7, 10, 23, 26, 29, 32	P	Power
GND	15, 18, 37, Thermal Pad	G	Ground

(1) HS I/O = High-Speed Input/Output, LS I/O = Low-Speed Input/Output, CTRL = Control Inputs, P = Power, G = Ground

5 Specifications

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC-ABSMAX}	Supply voltage	- 0.5	4	V
V _{HS-ABSMAX}	High Speed Differential I/O pin voltage ([SS/C]Tx[+/-], [SS/C]Rx[+/-], DPx[+/-])	- 0.5	2.4	V
V _{L S-ABSMAX}	Low Speed I/O pin voltage (AUX[+/-], SBUx)	- 0.5	6.0	V
V _{CTR-ABSMAX}	Control pin voltage (MODE[1:0], CONF[2:0], A[1:0], SDA, SCL)	- 0.5	V _{CC} +0.4	V
T _{J-ABSMAX}	Junction temperature	- 65	125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	- 65	150	°C

- (1) Operation outside the Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device damage. Absolute Maximum Ratings do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Recommended Operating Conditions. If used outside the Recommended Operating Conditions but within the Absolute Maximum Ratings, the device may not be fully functional, and this may affect device reliability, functionality, performance, and shorten the device lifetime.

5.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
V _{ESD}	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2000
		Charged-device model (CDM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 ⁽²⁾	±1000

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		3.0	3.3	3.6	V
V _{CC-RAMP}	Supply voltage ramp time		0.1		100	ms
⁽¹⁾ DR _{HS}	Data rate, high speed datapaths (Cx to DPx/SSx)	Differential AC coupled interfaces			10	Gbps
⁽¹⁾ DR _{SBU}	Data rate, SBU/AUX paths	Differential or single ended signals			1	Gbps
V _{IH-GPIO}	Input high voltage on GPIO pins	A[1:0], MODE[1:0], CONF[2:0] pins	0.75 * V _{CC}			V
V _{IL-GPIO}	Input low voltage on GPIO pins	A[1:0], MODE[1:0], CONF[2:0] pins			0.4	V
V _{IH-I2C}	Input high voltage on I2C pins	SDA, SCL pins; 3.3V I2C mode	0.75 * V _{CC}			V
		SDA, SCL pins; 1.8V I2C mode	1.3			V
V _{IL-I2C}	Input low voltage on I2C pins	SDA, SCL pins; 3.3V I2C mode			0.25 * V _{CC}	V
		SDA, SCL pins; 1.8V I2C mode			0.5	V
V _{IO -LS}	I/O voltage on low speed pins	SBUx and AUX[+/-] pins	- 0.45		V _{CC}	V
I _{HS-SW}	Current through high speed switch	Cx[p or n] to DPx/SSx[p or n]			12	mA
V _{DIFF-HS}	High-speed signal pins differential voltage		0		1.8	V _{pp}
V _{CM}	High speed signal pins common mode voltage		0		1.8	V
T _A	Operating free-air/ambient temperature		- 40		105	°C

- (1) Actual data rates can be more or less depending on link budget, margin and performance of other link elements

5.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TMUXHS4446	UNIT
		RET (WQFN)	
		40 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance - High K	33.6	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	26.4	°C/W
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	13.2	°C/W

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TMUXHS4446	UNIT
		RET (WQFN)	
		40 PINS	
ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.6	°C/W
ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	13.2	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	3.4	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

5.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature and supply voltage range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Supply Pin (VCC)						
I _{CC}	Device active current	0V ≤ V _{CM} ≤ 1.8V		380	530	μA
I _{STDN}	Device shutdown current	All switches open; CONF[2:0] = 000, I ² C mode		5	10	μA
		All switches open; CONF[2:0] = 000, GPIO Mode		0.5	2.5	μA
High Speed Pins ([SS/C]TXx[+/-], [SS/C]RXx[+/-], DPx[+/-])						
C _{ON}	Output ON capacitance to GND	f = 5GHz		0.3		pF
C _{OFF}	Output OFF capacitance to GND	CONF[2:1] = 00		0.3		pF
I _{IH,HS,SEL}	Input high current, selected high-speed pins	V _{IN} = 1.8V for selected port p and n pins			6	μA
I _{IH,HS,NSEL}	Input high current, non-selected high-speed pins	V _{IN} = 1.8V for non-selected port			110	μA
I _{IL,HS}	Input low current, high-speed pins	V _{IN} = 0V			1	μA
I _{FS,HS}	Failsafe leakage current for HS data pins	Data pins = 1.8V V _{CC} = 0V			10	μA
R _{A,p2n}	DC Impedance between C[Tx/Rx]x+ and C[Tx/Rx]x- pins			20		K Ω
SBU Pins (SBUx, AUX[+/-])						
I _{IH,SBU}	Input high current, SBU, AUX pins	V _{IN} = V _{CC} for selected port			0.16	μA
I _{IL,SBU}	Input low current, SBU, AUX pins	V _{IN} = 0V			0.1	μA
I _{FS,SBU}	Failsafe leakage current for SBU pins	SBU pins = 3.6V, V _{CC} = 0V			10	μA
C _{ON,SBU}	Output ON capacitance to GND	f = 1MHz		6	8	pF
C _{OFF,SBU}	Output OFF capacitance to GND	f = 1MHz		6	8	pF
R _{ON,SBU}	Output ON resistance	0 ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 3.3V; I _O = -8mA		7		Ω
Control Pins (MODE[1:0], CONF[2:0], A[1:0], SDA, SCL)						
I _{IH,CTRL}	Input high current, control pins	V _{IN} = V _{CC}			1	μA
I _{IL,CTRL}	Input low current, control pins	V _{IN} = 0V			1	μA
C _{IN}	Input capacitance			20		pF

5.6 High-Speed Performance Parameters

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
BW_{HS}	-3dB bandwidth for high-speed paths - DP and USB	-3dB loss compared to DC frequency point at 10Mhz		9.5		GHz
I_L	Differential insertion loss, $V_{CM-HS} = 0.6V$	$f = 10MHz$		-0.9		dB
		$f = 2.7GHz$		-1.2		
		$f = 4GHz$		-1.4		
		$f = 5GHz$		-1.6		
R_L	Differential return loss $V_{CM-HS} = 0.6V$	$f = 10MHz$		-22		dB
		$f = 2.7GHz$		-20		
		$f = 4GHz$		-16		
		$f = 5GHz$		-18		

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
O _{IRR}	Differential OFF isolation	f = 10MHz		- 60		dB
		f = 2.7GHz		- 26		
		f = 4GHz		- 22		
		f = 5GHz		- 21		
X _{TALK}	Differential crosstalk	f = 10MHz		- 50		dB
		f = 2.7GHz for DP2-DP1 or CTX1-CTX2		- 28		dB
		f = 2.7GHz for all other channel combinations		- 40		dB
		f = 5.0GHz for DP2-DP1 or CTX1-CTX2		- 22		dB
		f = 5.0GHz for all other channel combinations		- 38		dB
BW _{SBU}	- 3dB bandwidth for SBU pins	-3dB loss compared to DC frequency point at 10Mhz		1000		MHz

5.7 Switching Characteristics

PARAMETER			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Device Switching Time						
t _{SW_POWER_ON}	Device power ON time			80		μs
t _{SW_POWER_OFF}	Device power OFF time			160		ns
High Speed Pins						
t _{PD}	Switch propagation delay	f = 1GHz		70		ps
t _{SW_CM_SHIFT}	Switching time to change from one switching mode to another	Biased from CTXx/ CRXx side with CMV difference <1.8V		1.2		us
t _{SW}	Switching time to change from one switching mode to another	Biased from CTXx/ CRXx side with CMV difference <100mV		120		ns
t _{SK_INTRA}	Intra-pair output skew between + and - pins for same channel	f = 1GHz		2.5		ps
t _{SK_INTER}	Inter-pair output skew between channels	f = 1GHz		16		ps
SBU Pins						
t _{PD-SBU}	Switch propagation delay			220		ps
t _{SW-SBU}	Switching time to change from one switching mode to another	Biased from SBUx side with VIN = 3.3V		450		ns
t _{SK-SBU}	Output skew between SBU1 and SBU2 pins	f = 1MHz		2.5		ps

5.8 I²C Timing Characteristics

For pins SDA, SCL and A[1:0] when the device is in I²C control mode (MODE0 = H)

PARAMETER			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f _{SCL}	Clock frequency on SCL pin				400	kHz
t _{CH}	Clock HIGH time on SCL pin		0.6			μs
t _{CL}	Clock LOW time on SCL pin		1.3			μs
t _{SETSTA}	Start or repeated start condition setup time		0.6			μs
t _{HSTA}	Start or repeated start condition hold time		0.6			μs
t _{SETDAT}	Data setup time		100			ns
t _{HDAT}	Data hold time		0		0.9	μs
t _r	Input rise time	20 + 0.1 C _b ⁽¹⁾			300	ns
t _f	Input fall time	20 + 0.1 C _b ⁽¹⁾			300	ns
t _{SETSTO}	Stop condition setup time		0.6			us
t _{SP}	Pulse width of spikes which must be suppressed by the input filter				50	ns

For pins SDA, SCL and A[1:0] when the device is in I²C control mode (MODE0 = H)

PARAMETER			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{VD-DAT}	Data valid time				0.9	μs
t _{VD-ACK}	Data valid acknowledge time				0.9	μs

(1) C_b = total bus capacitance of one bus line in pF

5.9 Typical Characteristics

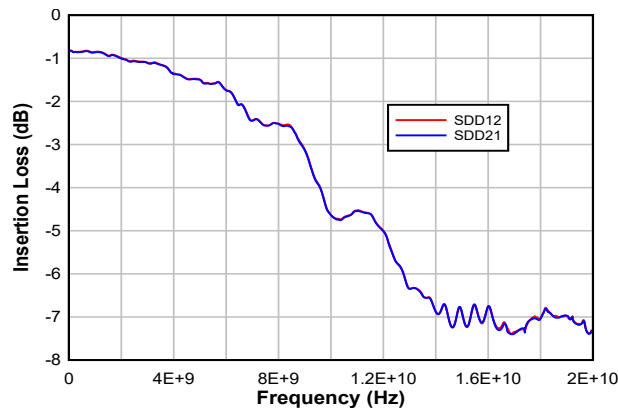


图 5-1. Insertion Loss for a Typical Channel at Nominal PVT

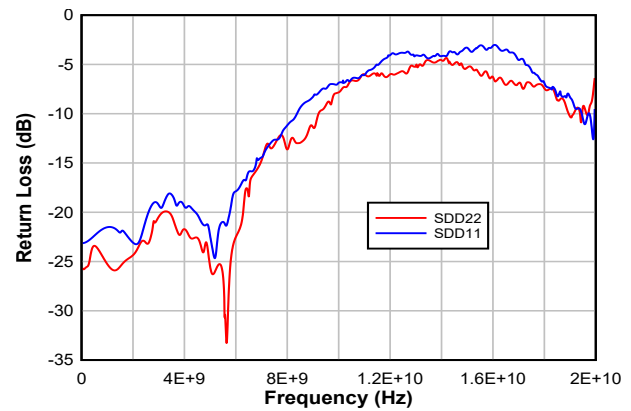


图 5-2. Return Loss for a Typical Channel at Nominal PVT

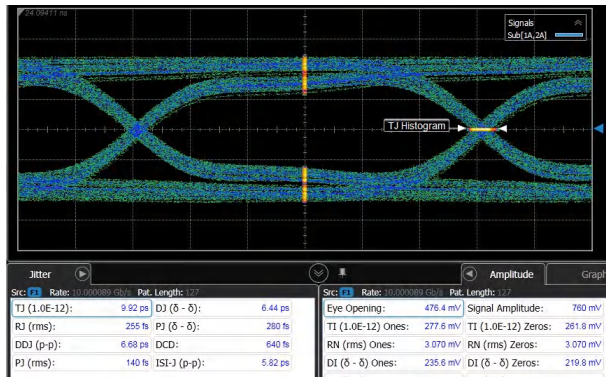


图 5-3. Eye Diagram at 10Gbps Through Baseline Setup (Cal-Trace, no DUT)

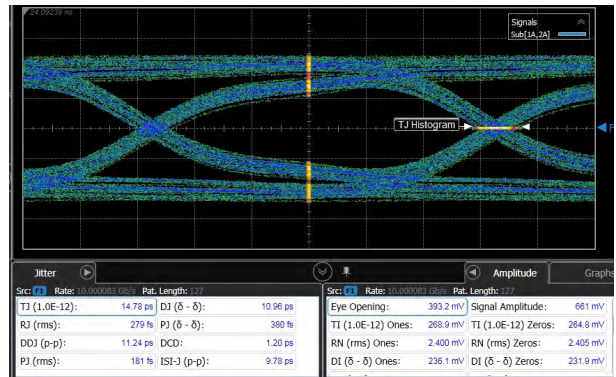


图 5-4. Eye Diagram at 10Gbps Through TMUXHS4446 (Cal-Trace + DUT)

6 Detailed Description

6.1 Overview

The TMUXHS4446 is a high-speed bidirectional passive crosspoint (Xbar) switch in mux or demux configurations. This device is used to switch between USB 3.2 Gen2 SuperSpeed and DisplayPort 1.4/2.1 (up to 10Gbps UHBR10) signals over a USB Type-C interface. The device also provides switching for the low-speed SBU signals typically used for DisplayPort auxiliary channels. The SBU pins are 6V tolerant to survive a short-to-VBUS event. The TMUXHS4446 supports differential signaling with common mode voltage range (CMV) from 0V to 1.8V and with differential amplitude from 0V to 1800mVpp. Adaptive CMV tracking enables the channel through the device to remain unchanged for the entire common-mode voltage range.

The dynamic characteristics of the TMUXHS4446 allows high-speed switching, minimum attenuation to the signal eye diagram, and with very little added jitter. The silicon design is optimized for excellent frequency response at higher frequency spectrum of the signals, and the silicon signal traces and switch network are matched for best intra-pair skew performance.

The TMUXHS4446 provides two forms of control modes: GPIO and I²C. In the GPIO mode the control pins are set high or low. In the I²C mode, an external I²C controller (such as USB PD controller) sets the mux configurations and device control. The control configuration flexibility allows compatibility with a wide variety of USB PD controllers.

6.2 Functional Block Diagram

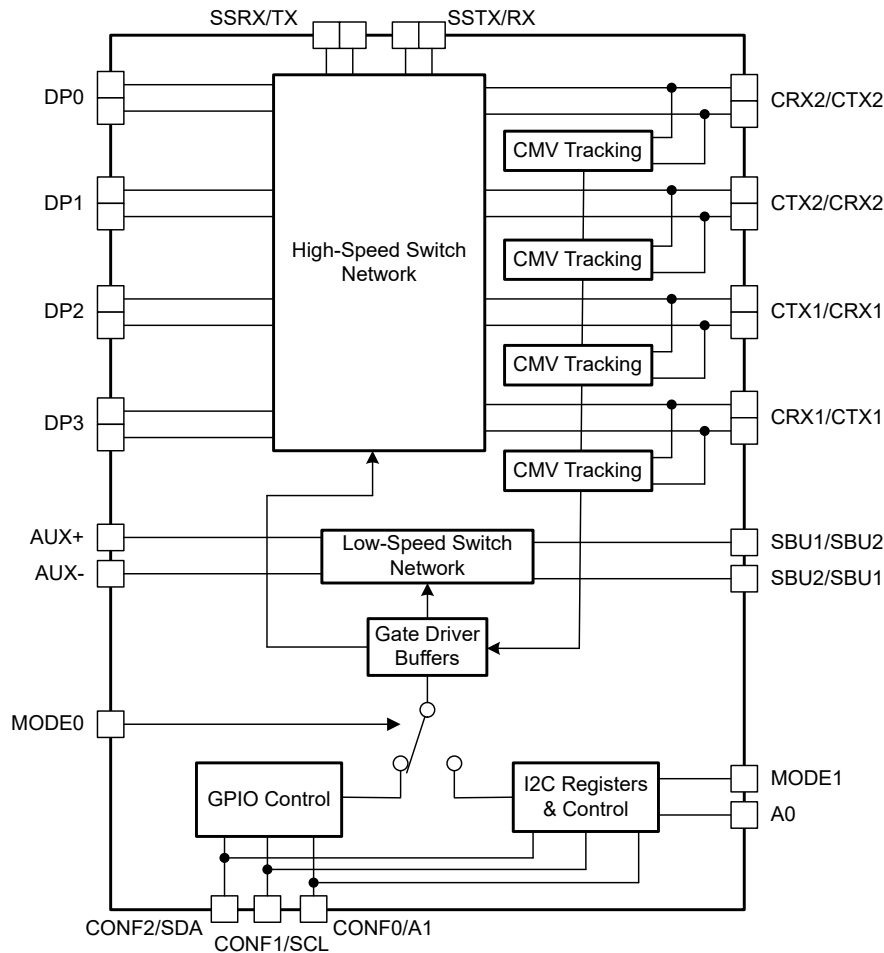


图 6-1. TMUXHS4446 Functional Block Diagram

6.3 Feature Description

6.3.1 High-Speed Differential Signal Switching

Based on the data sent to the control pins, TMUXHS4446 provides the following muxing options:

- USB SS only: connects only one group of TX & RX signals on the USB-C connector to a USB source/sink.
- USB SS only (flipped): enables the *USB SS only* mode when the USB-C connector is flipped around.
- 4 Ln DP: connects both groups of TX/RX signals on the USB-C connector to a DisplayPort source/sink.
- 4 Ln DP (flipped): enables the *4 Ln DP* mode when the USB-C connector is flipped around.
- 2 Ln DP + USB SS: connects one group of TX/RX signals to a DisplayPort source/sink and connects the other group to a USB source/sink.
- 2 Ln DP + USB SS (flipped): enables the *2 Ln DP + USB SS* mode when the USB-C connector is flipped around.
- Open (powered down): opens all switch and cuts of power to the device.
- Open (powered on): opens all switches but keeps power to the device.

6.3.2 Low-Speed SBU Signal Switching

The TMUXHS4446 provides switching for the low-speed sideband signals for DisplayPort that are transmitted over the SBU lines on the USB-C connector. These signals are connected to the AUX+ and AUX – pins. The switch is required to route the signals to the right locations if the USB-C connector is flipped. The SBU pins are 6V tolerant.

6.3.3 GPIO and I²C Control Modes

The TMUXHS4446 can toggle between GPIO and I²C control modes through the MODE0 pin being driven high or low. When set to GPIO mode (MODE0 = low), the CONF[2:0] pins are driven either high or low to set the switch configurations. When set to I²C mode (MODE0 = high), an external I²C controller (for example, a PD controller) writes into the TMUXHS4446 register bits through the SDA and SCL pins to set mux configurations and device control.

The MODE1 pin is used to control the logic level of the I²C data. If MODE1 is high, then the logic level is 3.3V and 1.8V if MODE1 is low.

6.4 Device Functional Modes

This section describes how to configure the TMUXHS4446 control pins to configure device modes and mux configurations.

表 6-1 shows how MODE0 and MODE1 pins are used to set device control configuration modes.

表 6-1. Control Mode Configuration

Control Mode	MODE0	MODE1
GPIO/Pin Control Mode	0	X
I ² C (1.8V logic)	1	0
I ² C (3.3V logic)	1	1

表 6-2 shows I²C Register sets. A1 and A0 (Byte 1, bits 2 and 1) are set by pins 35 and 14. CONF[2:0] (Byte 3, bits 2-0) sets the device configurations in I²C mode.

表 6-2. I²C Control

Byte # & Description	Register Bits							
	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
Byte 1, I ² C Secondary Target address	1	0	1	0	1	A1	A0	0/1 (W/R)
Byte 2, Device ID (read only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Byte 3, Selection control (read/write)	0	0	0	0	0	CONF[2]	CONF[1]	CONF[0]

表 6-3 shows how CONF[2:0] pins in GPIO mode and registers Byte 3, bits 2-0 (CONF[2:0]) as shown in 表 6-2 sets mux configurations in source applications.

表 6-3. High-Speed and Low-Speed Channel Mapping for Source Applications

System-Side Channel	Connector-Side Channel Connected To System-Side Channel							
	Open (powered down)	Open (powered on)	USB-C USB 3.x		DP Alt Mode Receptacle DFP Pin Assignment (Source)			
			USB SS only	USB SS only Flip	C, E 4 Ln DP	C, E Flip 4 Ln DP	D 2 Ln DP + USB SS	D Flip 2 Ln DP + USB SS
	CONF[2:0] = 000	CONF[2:0] = 001	CONF[2:0] = 100	CONF[2:0] = 101	CONF[2:0] = 010	CONF[2:0] = 011	CONF[2:0] = 110	CONF[2:0] = 111
SSTX	X	X	CTX1	CTX2	X	X	CTX1	CTX2
SSRX	X	X	CRX1	CRX2	X	X	CRX1	CRX2
DP0	X	X	X	X	CRX2	CRX1	CRX2	CRX1
DP1	X	X	X	X	CTX2	CTX1	CTX2	CTX1
DP2	X	X	X	X	CTX1	CTX2	X	X
DP3	X	X	X	X	CRX1	CRX2	X	X
AUX+	X	X	X	X	SBU1	SBU2	SBU1	SBU2
AUX-	X	X	X	X	SBU2	SBU1	SBU2	SBU1

图 6-2 illustrates pictorial view of the TMUXHS4446 mux configurations for a source application based on 表 6-3. In this illustration all signals are differential with both positive and negative pins, but shown as single for brevity.

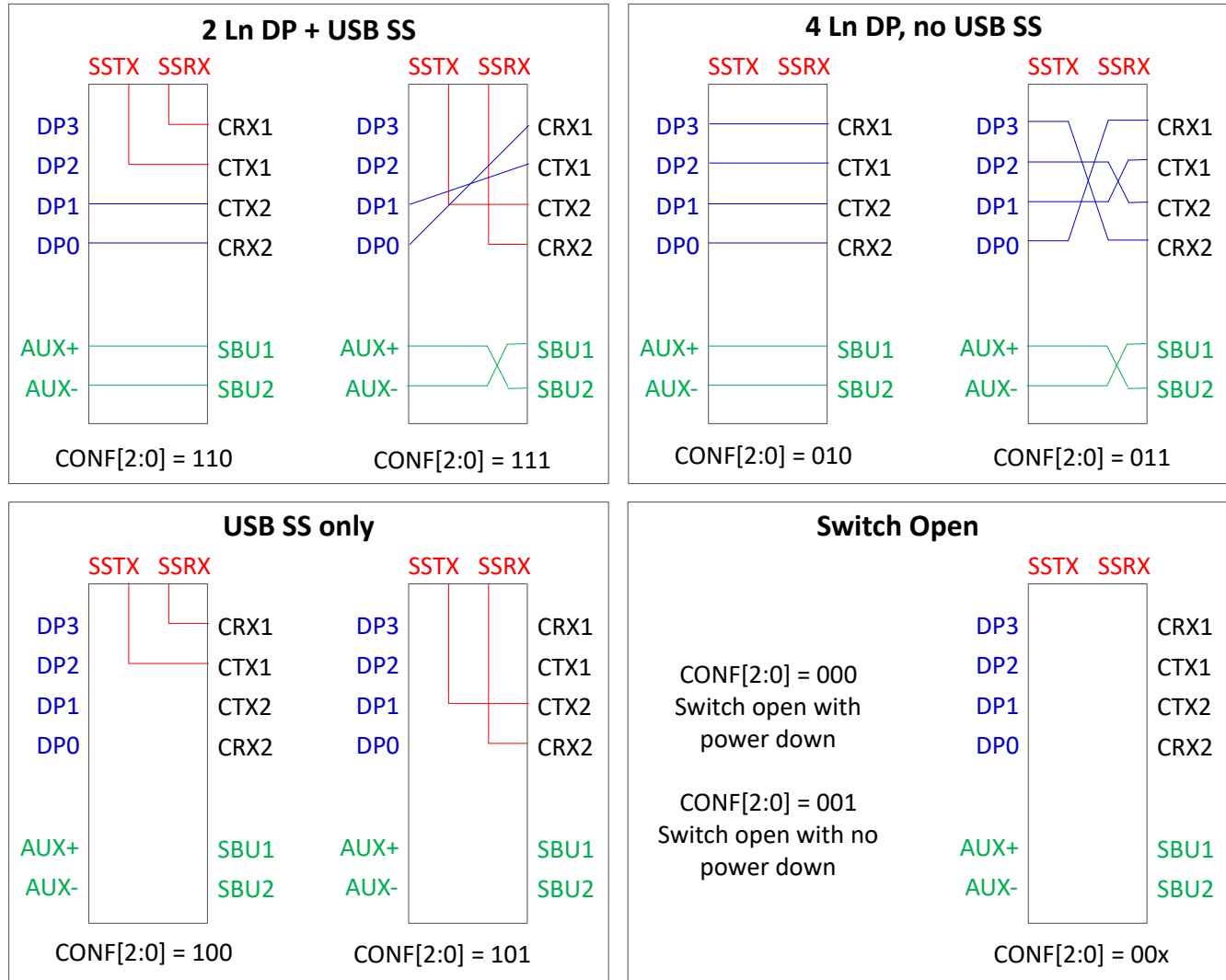


图 6-2. TMUXHS4446 Signal Flow Diagrams in Different Configurations for Source Applications

The sink side signal flow can also be constructed based on 表 6-4.

表 6-4. High-Speed and Low-Speed Channel Mapping for Sink Applications

System-Side Channel	Connector-Side Channel Connected To System-Side Channel							
	Open (powered down)	Open (powered on)	USB-C USB 3.x		DP Alt Mode Receptacle UFP Pin Assignment (Sink)			
			USB SS only	USB SS only Flip	C 4 Ln DP	C Flip 4 Ln DP	D 2 Ln DP + USB SS	D Flip 2 Ln DP + USB SS
			CONF[2:0] = 100	CONF[2:0] = 101	CONF[2:0] = 010	CONF[2:0] = 011	CONF[2:0] = 110	CONF[2:0] = 111
SSTX	X	X	CTX1	CTX2	X	X	CTX1	CTX2
SSRX	X	X	CRX1	CRX2	X	X	CRX1	CRX2
DP0	X	X	X	X	CTX2	CTX1	CTX2	CTX1
DP1	X	X	X	X	CRX2	CRX1	CRX2	CRX1
DP2	X	X	X	X	CRX1	CRX2	X	X
DP3	X	X	X	X	CTX1	CTX2	X	X
AUX+	X	X	X	X	SBU2	SBU1	SBU2	SBU1

表 6-4. High-Speed and Low-Speed Channel Mapping for Sink Applications (续)

System-Side Channel	Connector-Side Channel Connected To System-Side Channel							
	Open (powered down)	Open (powered on)	USB-C USB 3.x		DP Alt Mode Receptacle UFP Pin Assignment (Sink)			
			USB SS only	USB SS only Flip	C 4 Ln DP	C Flip 4 Ln DP	D 2 Ln DP + USB SS	D Flip 2 Ln DP + USB SS
	CONF[2:0] = 000	CONF[2:0] = 001	CONF[2:0] = 100	CONF[2:0] = 101	CONF[2:0] = 010	CONF[2:0] = 011	CONF[2:0] = 110	CONF[2:0] = 111
AUX-	X	X	X	X	SBU1	SBU2	SBU1	SBU2

7 Application and Implementation

备注

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

7.1 Application Information

The TMUXHS4446 is an analog crosspoint or crossbar mux/demux or switch specially designed for USB Type-C or USB-C alternate mode applications. The device supports USB SS signaling up to 10Gbps and alternate mode signaling such as DisplayPort up to 10Gbps.

The crosspoint selection of the device is typically configured by a USB power delivery (PD) controller by an I²C interface. The TMUXHS4446 is an analog mux which can be used in USB Type-C ecosystem with DP as alternate mode in two distinct application configurations: one is for DP Source/USB Host, the other one for the DP Sink/USB Device/Dock. 图 7-1 shows a typical application block diagrams for these two cases: left source and right sink.

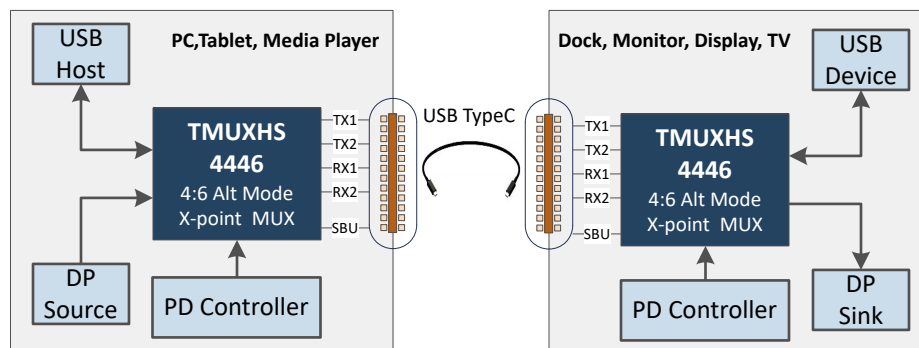


图 7-1. TMUXHS4446 in USB Type-C Source and Sink Applications

7.2 Typical Application: USB-C with DP Alternate Mode - Source

图 7-2 shows a simplified schematic diagram for a typical USB Type-C source application. Implementation for a sink use case is similar.

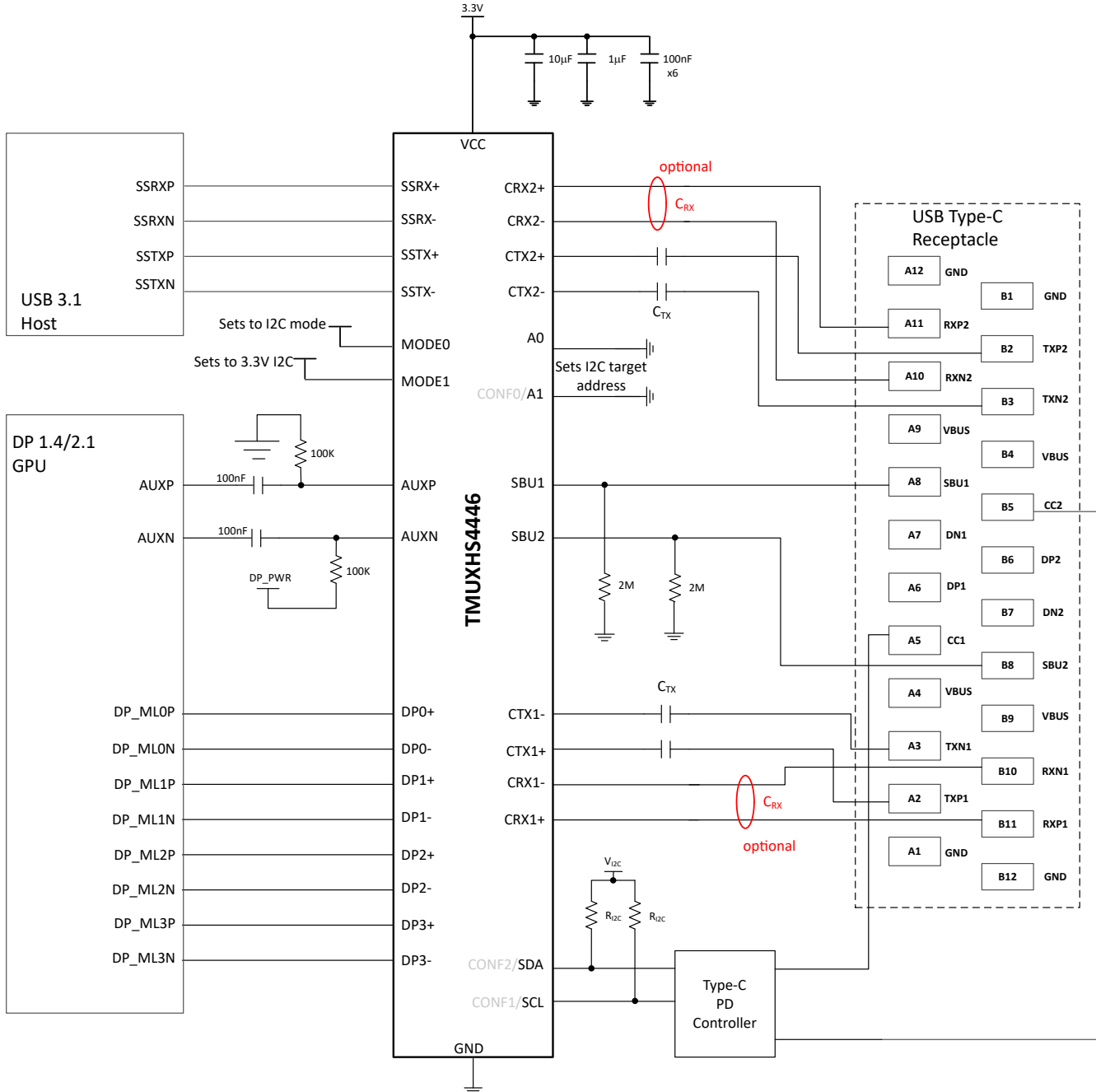


图 7-2. Application Schematic for TMUXHS446 in a Typical USB Type-C Source Use Case

7.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters shown in 表 7-1.

表 7-1. Design Parameters

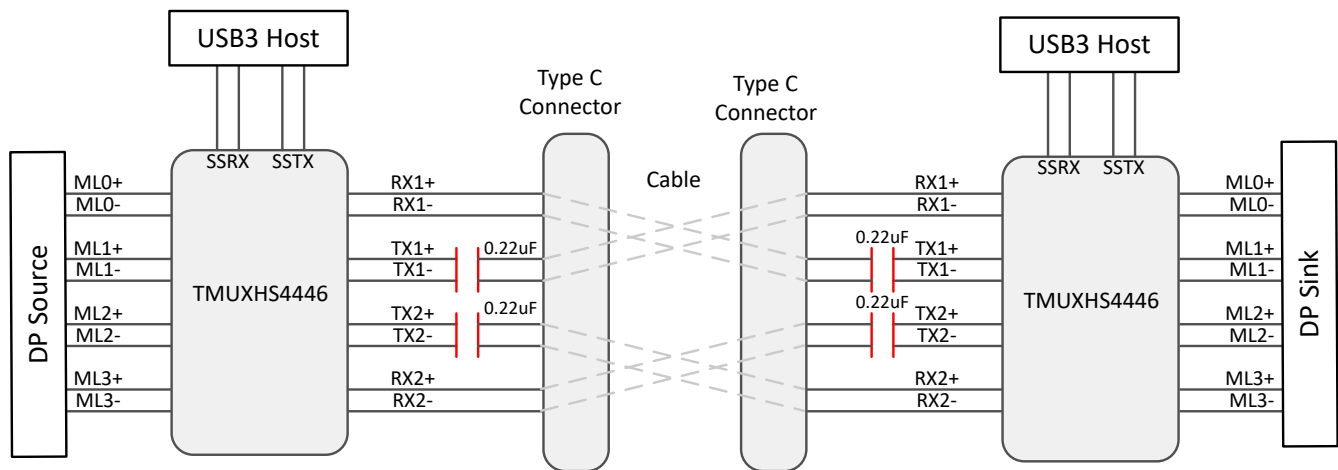
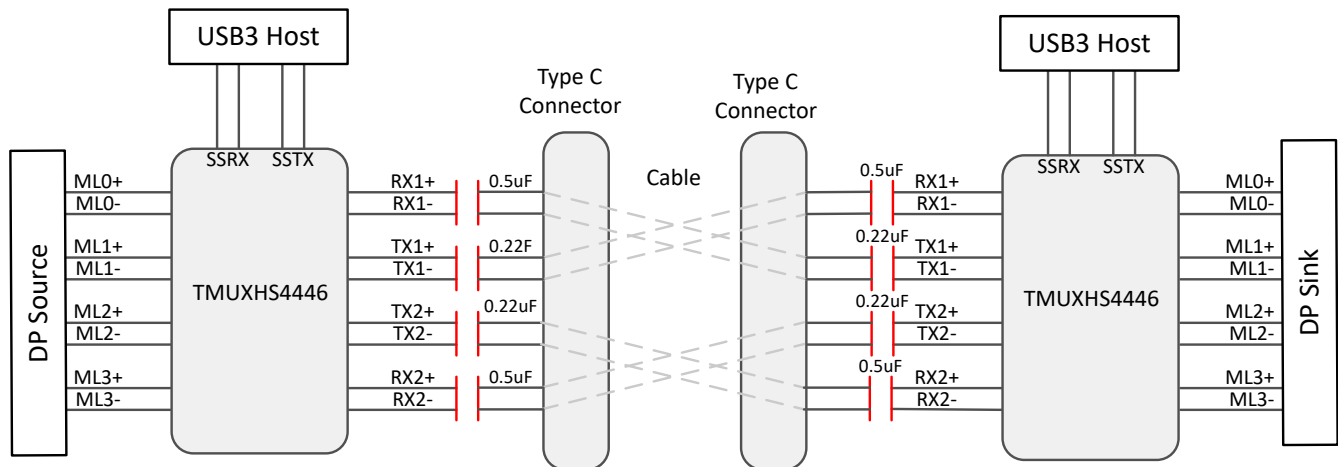
PARAMETER	VALUE
Supply voltage, V_{CC}	3.3V
AC coupling capacitors for TX pins on USB-C connector side, C_{TX}	220nF
I ² C pullup resistor, R_{I2C}	2k Ω
I ² C pullup voltage, V_{I2C}	3.3V

表 7-1. Design Parameters (续)

PARAMETER	VALUE
DP Auxiliary channel pullup voltage, DP_PWR	3.3V
DP Auxiliary channel coupling capacitor, C _{AUX}	100nF

7.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

During implementation of a USB Type-C with DP alternate mode, the AC coupling capacitors must be placed carefully. 图 7-3 depicts the AC coupling capacitor placement for typical applications. Note TMUXHS4446 supports a V_{cm} range, not exceeding the typical range of 0 - 1.8V. Note the AC caps are used only on TX pins on both source and sink ends. However, if there is an application where such V_{cm} range is not assured, TI recommends to make changes on AC coupling capacitor placements. 图 7-4 illustrates such implementation. Additional optional AC coupling capacitors are used for RX pins. In detailed source schematic shown in 图 7-2 such capacitors are marked as C_{RX} and TI recommends them to be 0.5 μ F.

图 7-3. Typical Placement of AC Coupling Capacitors with V_{cm} ≤ 1.8V图 7-4. Placement of AC coupling Capacitors with V_{cm} > 1.8V

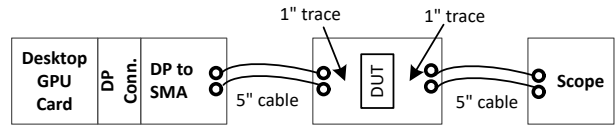
7.2.3 Application Curves

图 7-5 through 图 7-8 illustrate DisplayPort 1.4 Tx compliance results at HBR3 8.1Gbps. Eye diagrams (in scope, no cable model) are compared from the baseline setup and from the same setup plus TMUXHS4446 board. The

diagrams are for lane 0. Other lanes also result in to similar eye diagrams. Jitter degradation through TMUXHS4446 is minimal.



图 7-5. 8.1Gbps DP Compliance Setup - Baseline (no DUT)



TMUXHS4446 EVB

图 7-6. 8.1Gbps DP Compliance Setup - with TMUXHS4446

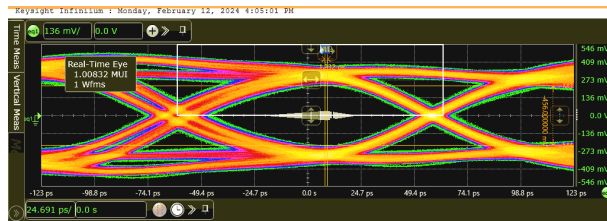


图 7-7. 8.1Gbps DP Compliance Eye Diagram - Baseline Setup (no DUT)

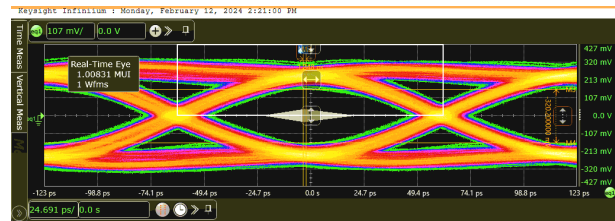


图 7-8. 8.1Gbps DP Compliance Eye Diagram - with TMUXHS4446

图 7-9 through 图 7-12 illustrate USB 3.x Gen2 Tx compliance results at 10Gbps. Eye diagrams (in scope, near end) are compared from the baseline setup and from the same setup plus TMUXHS4446 board. The diagrams are for lane 0. Other lanes also result in to similar eye diagrams. Jitter degradation through TMUXHS4446 is minimal.

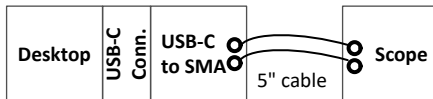
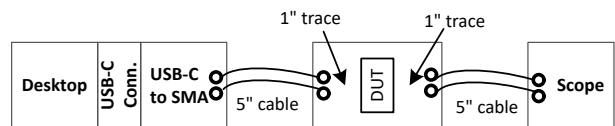


图 7-9. 10Gbps USB Compliance Setup - Baseline (no DUT)



TMUXHS4446 EVB

图 7-10. 10Gbps USB Compliance Setup - with TMUXHS4446

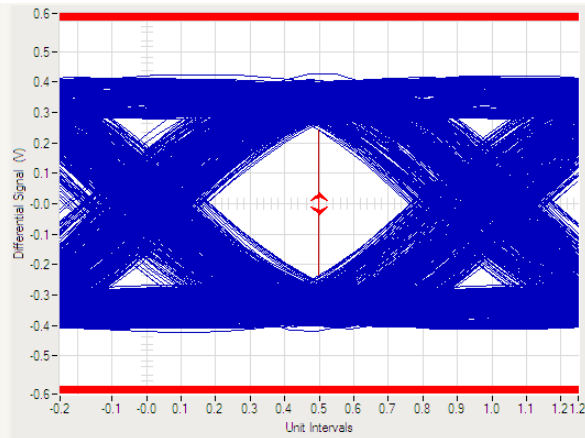


图 7-11. 10Gbps USB Compliance Eye Diagram - Baseline Setup (no DUT)

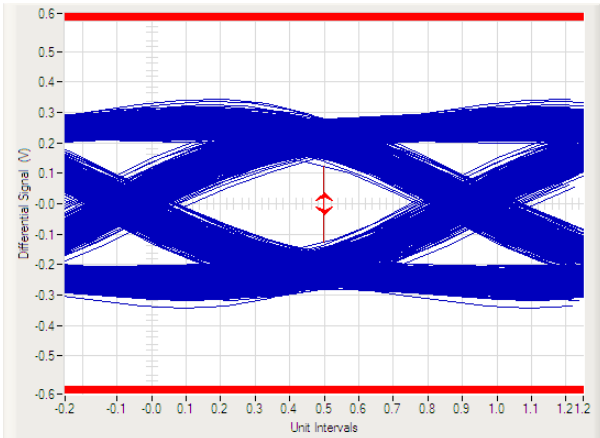


图 7-12. 10Gbps USB Compliance Eye Diagram - with TMUXHS4446

7.3 Power Supply Recommendations

The TMUXHS4446 does not require a power supply sequence. However, TI recommends that the device is powered on after device supply V_{CC} is stable and in specification. TI also recommends to place ample decoupling capacitors at the device VCC near the pins.

7.4 Layout

7.4.1 Layout Guidelines

On a high-K board, TI always recommends to solder the PowerPAD™ integrated circuit package onto the thermal land. A thermal land is the area of solder-tinned-copper underneath the Power-pad package. On a high-K board, the TMUXHS4446 can operate over the full temperature range by soldering the Power-pad onto the thermal land without vias.

For high speed layout guidelines refer to the [High-Speed Layout Guidelines for Signal Conditioners and USB Hubs application note](#).

On a low-K board, use a 1-oz Cu trace to connect the GND pins to the thermal land for the device to operate across the temperature range. A general PCB design guide for Power-pad packages is provided in the [Power-pad Thermally-Enhanced Package application note](#).

7.4.2 Layout Example

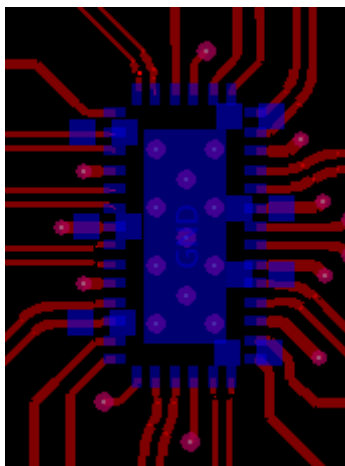


图 7-13. TMUXHS4446 Layout Example

8 Device and Documentation Support

TI offers an extensive line of development tools. Tools and software to evaluate the performance of the device, generate code, and develop solutions are listed below.

8.1 Device Support

8.2 Documentation Support

8.2.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation, see the following:

- Texas Instruments, [High-Speed Layout Guidelines for Signal Conditioners and USB Hubs application note](#)
- Texas Instruments, [PowerPAD™ Thermally Enhanced Package application note](#)

8.3 接收文档更新通知

要接收文档更新通知，请导航至 [ti.com](https://www.ti.com) 上的器件产品文件夹。点击 [通知](#) 进行注册，即可每周接收产品信息更改摘要。有关更改的详细信息，请查看任何已修订文档中包含的修订历史记录。

8.4 支持资源

[TI E2E™ 中文支持论坛](#) 是工程师的重要参考资料，可直接从专家处获得快速、经过验证的解答和设计帮助。搜索现有解答或提出自己的问题，获得所需的快速设计帮助。

链接的内容由各个贡献者“按原样”提供。这些内容并不构成 TI 技术规范，并且不一定反映 TI 的观点；请参阅 TI 的 [使用条款](#)。

8.5 Trademarks

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8.6 静电放电警告



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ESD 的损坏小至导致微小的性能降级，大至整个器件故障。精密的集成电路可能更容易受到损坏，这是因为非常细微的参数更改都可能会导致器件与其发布的规格不相符。

8.7 术语表

[TI 术语表](#) 本术语表列出并解释了术语、首字母缩略词和定义。

9 Revision History

注：以前版本的页码可能与当前版本的页码不同

DATE	REVISION	NOTES
February 2024	*	Initial Release

10 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TMUXHS4446IRETR	Active	Production	WQFN (RET) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	TMX4446
TMUXHS4446IRETR.A	Active	Production	WQFN (RET) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	TMX4446
TMUXHS4446IRETT	Active	Production	WQFN (RET) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	TMX4446
TMUXHS4446IRETT.A	Active	Production	WQFN (RET) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	TMX4446
TMUXHS4446RETR	Active	Production	WQFN (RET) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	TMX4446
TMUXHS4446RETR.A	Active	Production	WQFN (RET) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	TMX4446
TMUXHS4446RETT	Active	Production	WQFN (RET) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	TMX4446
TMUXHS4446RETT.A	Active	Production	WQFN (RET) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	TMX4446

⁽¹⁾ **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

⁽²⁾ **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

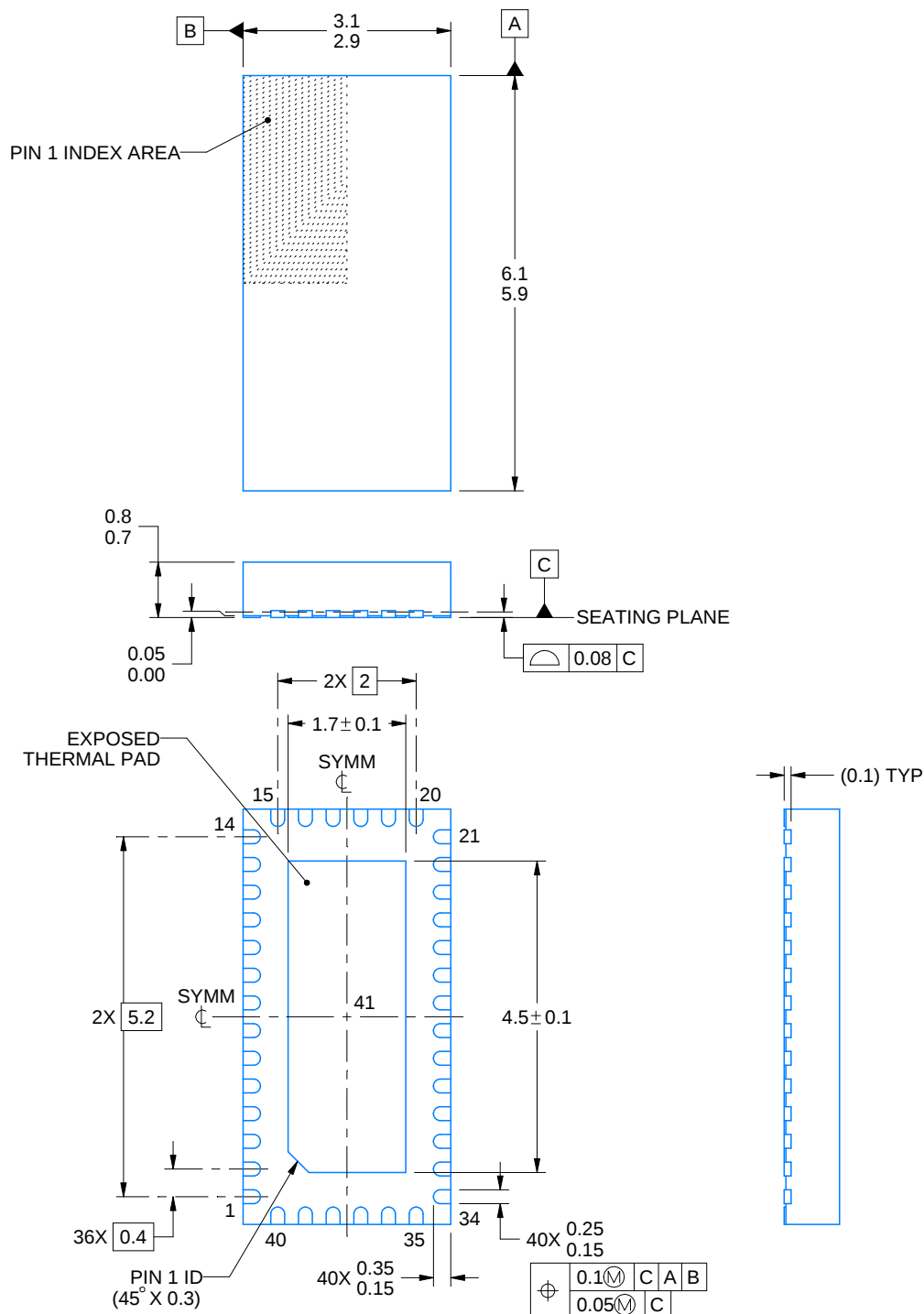
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WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



4229203/A 11/2022

NOTES:

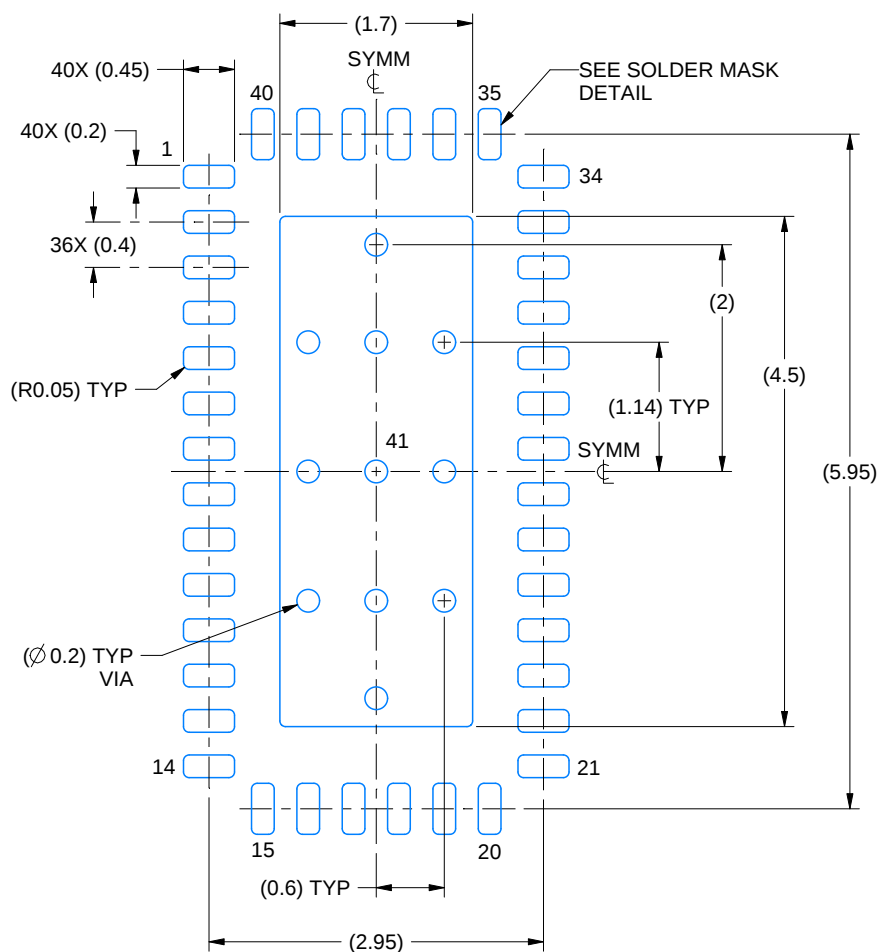
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

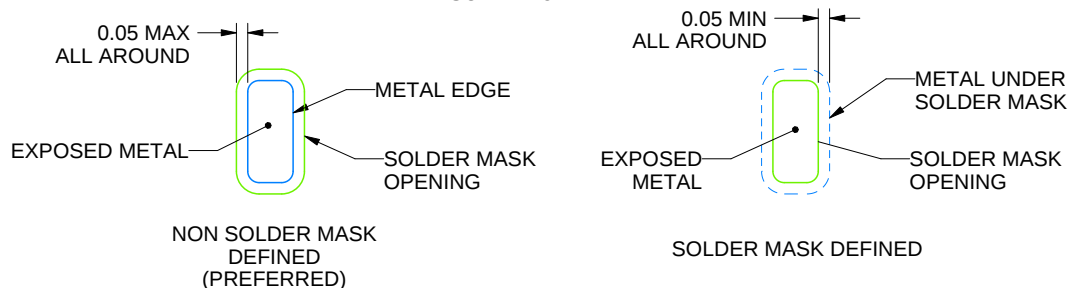
RET0040A

WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE: 15X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4229203/A 11/2022

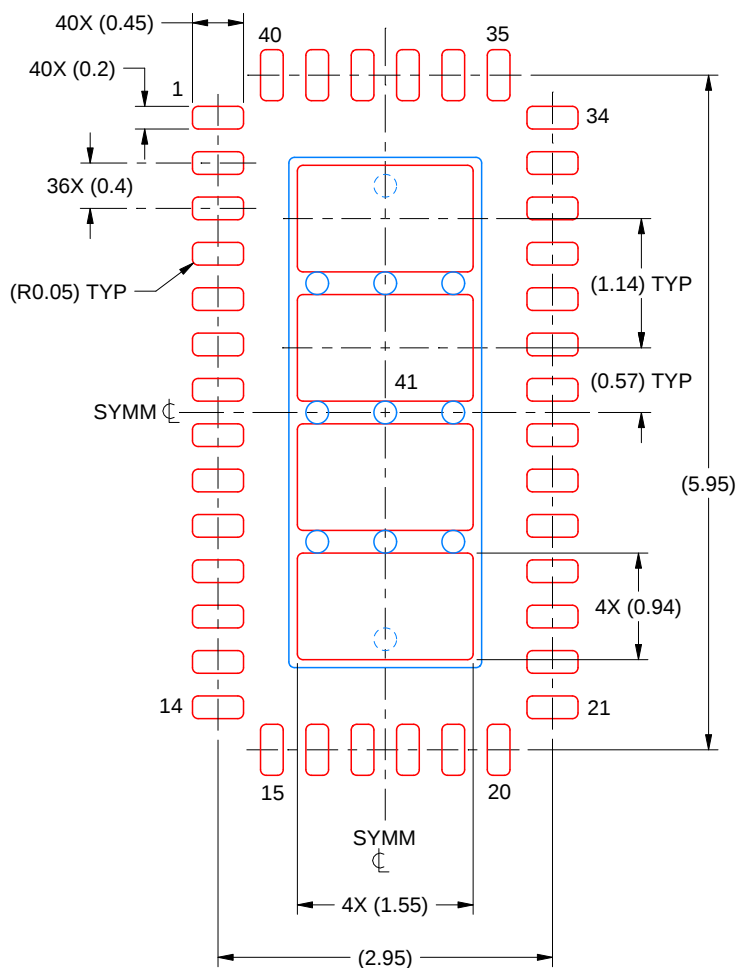
NOTES: (continued)

4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/sluea271).
5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.

RET0040A

WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 MM THICK STENCIL
SCALE: 15X

EXPOSED PAD 41
76% PRINTED SOLDER COVERAGE BY AREA UNDER PACKAGE

4229203/A 11/2022

NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

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最后更新日期：2025 年 10 月