

## TLC6C598 8 位移位寄存器 LED 驱动器

### 1 特性

- 3V 至 5.5V 的宽  $V_{CC}$  范围
- 40V 的最大输出额定值
- 8 路功率双扩散金属氧化物半导体 (DMOS) 晶体管输出: 50mA 持续电流 ( $V_{CC} = 5V$ ) 或者 200mA 脉宽调制 (PWM) 电流 (单脉冲持续时间短于 1ms 且平均电流低于 50mA)
- 热关断保护
- 针对多级的增强型级联
- 所有寄存器由单一输入清零
- 低功耗
- 缓开关时间 ( $t_r$  和  $t_f$ )，这十分有助于减少电磁干扰 (EMI)
- 16 引脚薄型小外形尺寸 (TSSOP)-PW 封装

### 2 应用

- 电器显示面板
- 电梯显示面板
- PLC 功能指示器
- 七段显示器

### 3 说明

TLC6C598 器件是一款单片、中等电压、低电流功率 8 位移位寄存器，专为负载功率要求相对适中的系统（例如，LED）而设计。

此器件包含一个 8 位串入、并出移位寄存器，此寄存器为一个 8 位 D 类存储寄存器提供数据。移位寄存器和存储寄存器分别有单独的时钟。输出为低侧、漏极开路 DMOS 晶体管输出：输出额定值为 40V 及 50mA 持续灌电流或者 200mA PWM 电流 ( $V_{CC} = 5V$  时，单脉冲持续时间短于 1ms 且平均电流低于 50mA)。该器件内置热关断保护，在人体模型和 200V 机器模型测试下可提供高达 2000V 的静电放电 (ESD) 保护。

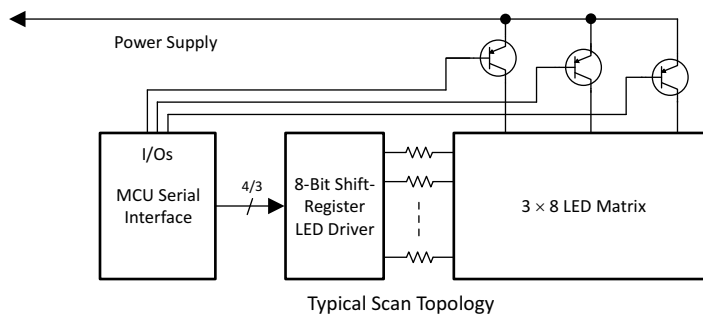
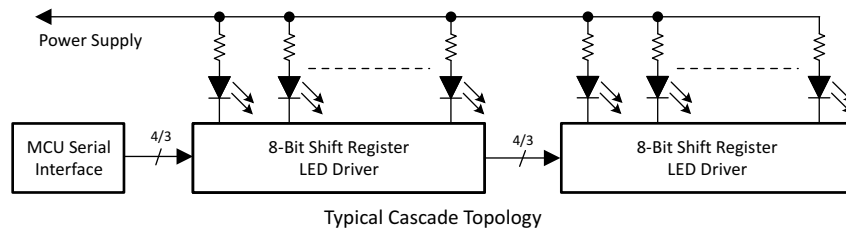
TLC6C598 的额定工作环境温度范围为  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  至  $105^{\circ}\text{C}$ 。

器件信息<sup>(1)</sup>

器件型号	封装	封装尺寸 (标称值)
TLC6C598	TSSOP (16)	5.00mm x 4.40mm

(1) 如需了解所有可用封装，请见数据表末尾的可订购产品附录。

典型应用电路原理图



Copyright © 2016, Texas Instruments Incorporated



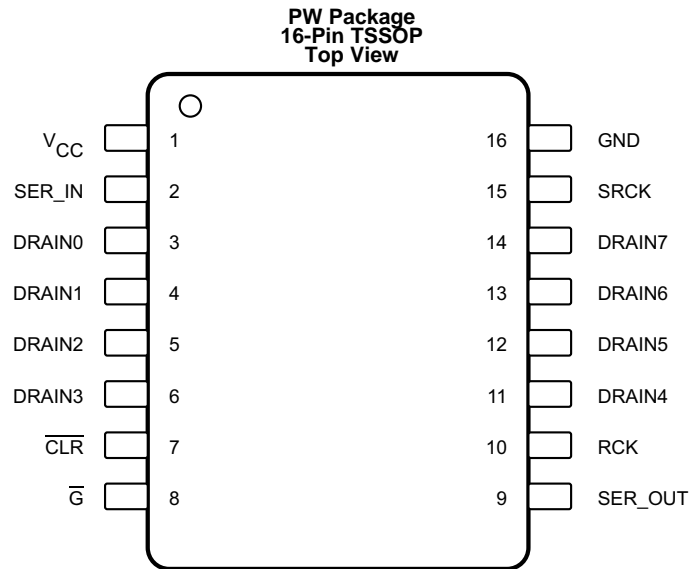
## 目录

<b>1</b>	特性 .....	<b>1</b>	8.1	Overview .....	<b>11</b>
<b>2</b>	应用 .....	<b>1</b>	8.2	Functional Block Diagram .....	<b>11</b>
<b>3</b>	说明 .....	<b>1</b>	8.3	Feature Description .....	<b>12</b>
<b>4</b>	修订历史记录 .....	<b>2</b>	8.4	Device Functional Modes .....	<b>12</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Pin Configuration and Functions</b> .....	<b>3</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>Application and Implementation</b> .....	<b>13</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>Specifications</b> .....	<b>4</b>	9.1	Application Information .....	<b>13</b>
6.1	Absolute Maximum Ratings .....	<b>4</b>	9.2	Typical Application .....	<b>13</b>
6.2	ESD Ratings .....	<b>4</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>Power Supply Recommendations</b> .....	<b>16</b>
6.3	Recommended Operating Conditions .....	<b>4</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>Layout</b> .....	<b>16</b>
6.4	Thermal Information .....	<b>4</b>	11.1	Layout Guidelines .....	<b>16</b>
6.5	Electrical Characteristics .....	<b>5</b>	11.2	Layout Example .....	<b>16</b>
6.6	Timing Requirements .....	<b>5</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>器件和文档支持</b> .....	<b>17</b>
6.7	Switching Characteristics .....	<b>6</b>	12.1	社区资源 .....	<b>17</b>
6.8	Timing Waveforms .....	<b>7</b>	12.2	商标 .....	<b>17</b>
6.9	Typical Characteristics .....	<b>8</b>	12.3	静电放电警告 .....	<b>17</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>Parameter Measurement Information</b> .....	<b>9</b>	12.4	Glossary .....	<b>17</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>Detailed Description</b> .....	<b>11</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>机械、封装和可订购信息</b> .....	<b>17</b>

## 4 修订历史记录

日期	修订版本	注
2016 年 5 月	*	最初发布版本

## 5 Pin Configuration and Functions



PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
$\overline{\text{CLR}}$	7	I	Shift register clear, active-low. The storage register transfers data to the output buffer when CLR is high. Driving CLR low clears all the registers in the device.
DRAIN0	3	O	Open-drain output, LED current-sink channel, connect to LED cathode
DRAIN1	4	O	Open-drain output, LED current-sink channel, connect to LED cathode
DRAIN2	5	O	Open-drain output, LED current-sink channel, connect to LED cathode
DRAIN3	6	O	Open-drain output, LED current-sink channel, connect to LED cathode
DRAIN4	11	O	Open-drain output, LED current-sink channel, connect to LED cathode
DRAIN5	12	O	Open-drain output, LED current-sink channel, connect to LED cathode
DRAIN6	13	O	Open-drain output, LED current-sink channel, connect to LED cathode
DRAIN7	14	O	Open-drain output, LED current-sink channel, connect to LED cathode
$\overline{\text{G}}$	8	I	Output enable, active-low. LED-channel enable and disable input pin. Having $\overline{\text{G}}$ low enables all drain channels according to the output-latch register content. When high, all channels are off.
GND	16	—	Power ground, the ground reference pin for the device. This pin must connect to the ground plane on the PCB.
RCK	10	I	Register clock. The data in each shift register stage transfers to the storage register at the rising edge of RCK.
SER IN	2	I	Serial data input. Data on SER IN loads into the internal register on each rising edge of SRCK.
SER OUT	9	O	Serial data output of the 8-bit serial shift register. The purpose of this pin is to cascade several devices on the serial bus.
SRCK	15	I	Serial clock input. On each rising SRCK edge, data transfers from SER IN to the internal serial shift registers.
V <sub>CC</sub>	1	I	Power supply pin for the device. TI recommends adding a 0.1- $\mu\text{F}$ ceramic capacitor close to the pin.

## 6 Specifications

### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating ambient temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Logic supply voltage	-0.3	8	V
V <sub>I</sub>	Logic input-voltage range	-0.3	8	V
V <sub>DS</sub>	Power DMOS drain-to-source voltage	-0.3	42	V
	Continuous total dissipation	See <a href="#">Thermal Information</a>		
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating junction temperature range	-40	125	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range	-55	165	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### 6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT	
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 <sup>(1)</sup>	±2000	V	
		Charged device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011	All pins		±750
			Corner pins (1, 8, 9, and 16)		±750

- (1) AEC Q100-002 indicates HBM stressing is done in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

### 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	3	5.5	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage	2.4		V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage		0.7	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating ambient temperature	-40	105	°C

### 6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>		TLC6C598	UNIT
		PW (TSSOP)	
		16 PINS	
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	129.4	°C/W
R <sub>θJC(top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	55.4	°C/W
R <sub>θJB</sub>	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	65.8	°C/W
ψ <sub>JT</sub>	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	9.9	°C/W
ψ <sub>JB</sub>	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	65.2	°C/W

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report ([SPRA953](#)).

## 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

 $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
DRAIN0 to DRAIN7. Drain-to-source voltage						40	V
$V_{OH}$	High-level output voltage, SER OUT	$I_{OH} = -20\ \mu\text{A}$	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$	4.9	4.99		V
		$I_{OH} = -4\ \text{mA}$		4.5	4.69		V
$V_{OL}$	Low-level output voltage, SER OUT	$I_{OH} = 20\ \mu\text{A}$	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$		0.001	0.01	V
		$I_{OH} = 4\ \text{mA}$			0.25	0.4	V
$I_{IH}$	High-level input current	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ , $V_I = V_{CC}$			0.2		$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{IL}$	Low-level input current	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ , $V_I = 0$			-0.2		$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{CC}$	Logic supply current	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ , no clock signal	All outputs off		0.1	1	$\mu\text{A}$
			All outputs on		88	160	
$I_{CC}(\text{FRQ})$	Logic supply current at frequency	$f_{\text{SRCK}} = 5\text{ MHz}$ , $C_L = 30\text{ pF}$	All outputs on		200		$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{DSx}$	Off-state drain current	$V_{DS} = 30\text{ V}$	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$			0.1	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{DS} = 30\text{ V}$ , $T_C = 105^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$		0.15	0.3	
$r_{DS(\text{on})}$	Static drain-source on-state resistance	$I_D = 20\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , Single channel ON		6	7.41	8.6	$\Omega$
		$I_D = 20\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , All channels ON		6.7	8.3	9.6	
		$I_D = 20\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , Single channel ON		7.9	9.34	11.2	
		$I_D = 20\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , All channels ON		8.7	10.25	12.3	
		$I_D = 20\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 105^\circ\text{C}$ , Single channel ON		9.1	11.13	12.9	
		$I_D = 20\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 105^\circ\text{C}$ , All channels ON		10.3	12.28	14.5	
		$I_D = 20\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 105^\circ\text{C}$ , Single channel ON		11.6	13.69	16.4	
		$I_D = 20\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 105^\circ\text{C}$ , All channels ON		12.8	14.89	18.2	
$T_{\text{SHUTDOWN}}$	Thermal shutdown trip point			150	175	200	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{\text{hys}}$	Hysteresis				15		$^\circ\text{C}$

## 6.6 Timing Requirements

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
$t_{\text{su}}$	Setup time, SER IN high before SRCK $\uparrow$	15			ns
$t_{\text{h}}$	Hold time, SER IN high after SRCK $\uparrow$	15			ns
$t_{\text{w}}$	SER IN pulse duration	40			ns

## 6.7 Switching Characteristics

 $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$t_{PLH}$	Propagation delay time from $\overline{G}$ to output, low-to-high level	$C_L = 30\text{ pF}$ , $I_D = 48\text{ mA}$		220		ns
$t_{PHL}$	Propagation delay time from $\overline{G}$ to output, high-to-low level			75		ns
$t_r$	Rise time, drain output			210		ns
$t_f$	Fall time, drain output			128		ns
$t_{pd}$	Propagation delay time, SRCK $\downarrow$ to SER OUT	$C_L = 30\text{ pF}$ , $I_D = 48\text{ mA}$		49.4		ns
$t_{or}$	SER OUT rise time (10% to 90%)	$C_L = 30\text{ pF}$		20		ns
$t_{of}$	SER OUT fall time (90% to 10%)	$C_L = 30\text{ pF}$		20		ns
$f_{(SRCK)}$	Serial clock frequency	$C_L = 30\text{ pF}$ , $I_D = 20\text{ mA}$			10	MHz
$t_{SRCK\_WH}$	SRCK pulse duration, high		30			ns
$t_{SRCK\_WL}$	SRCK pulse duration, low		30			ns

### 6.8 Timing Waveforms

图 1 shows the SER IN to SER OUT waveform. The output signal appears on the falling edge of the shift register clock (SRCK) because there is a phase inverter at SER OUT (see 图 13). As a result, it takes seven and a half periods of SRCK for data to transfer from SER IN to SER OUT.

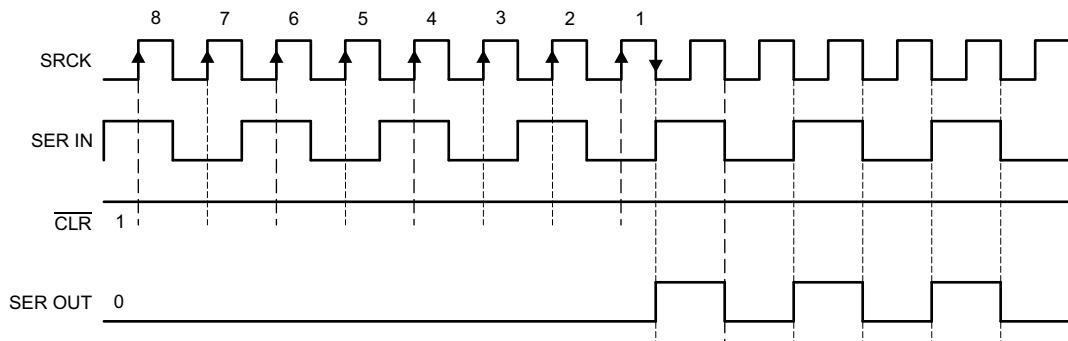


图 1. SER IN to SER OUT Waveform

图 2 shows the switching times and voltage waveforms. Tests for all these parameters took place using the test circuit shown in 图 11.

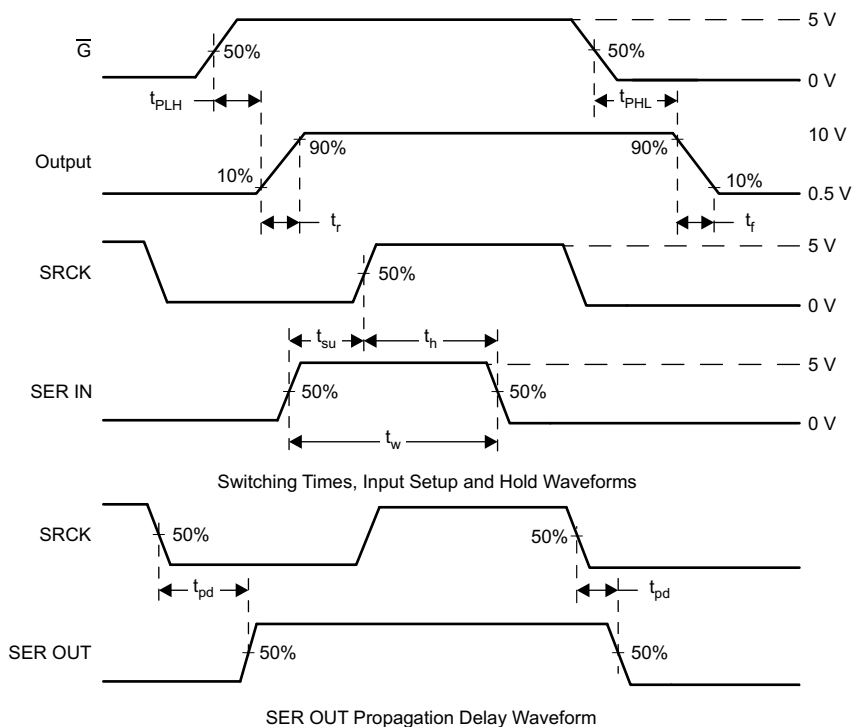
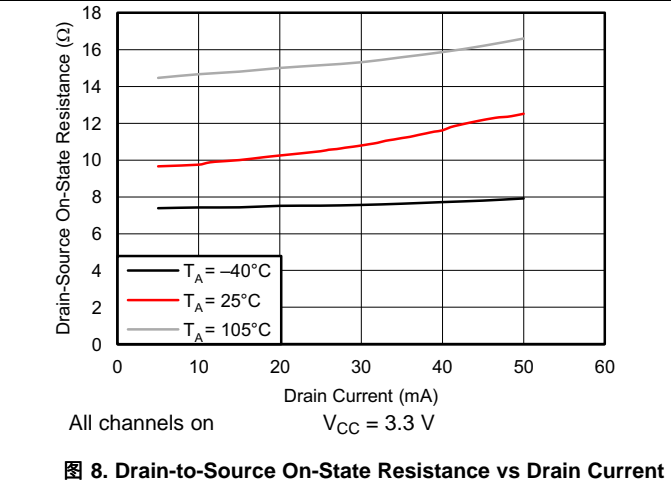
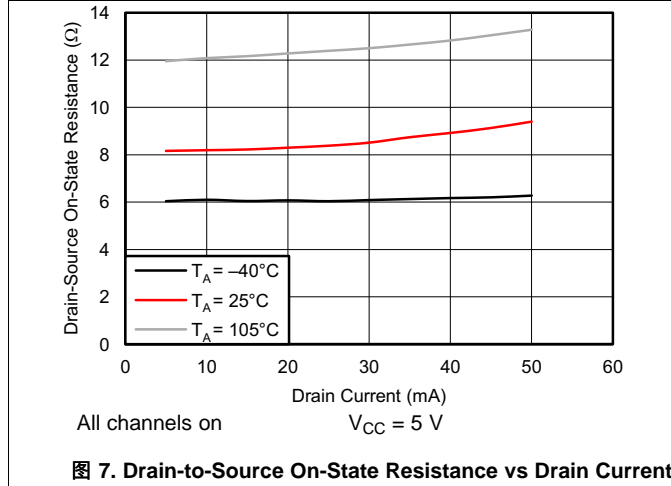
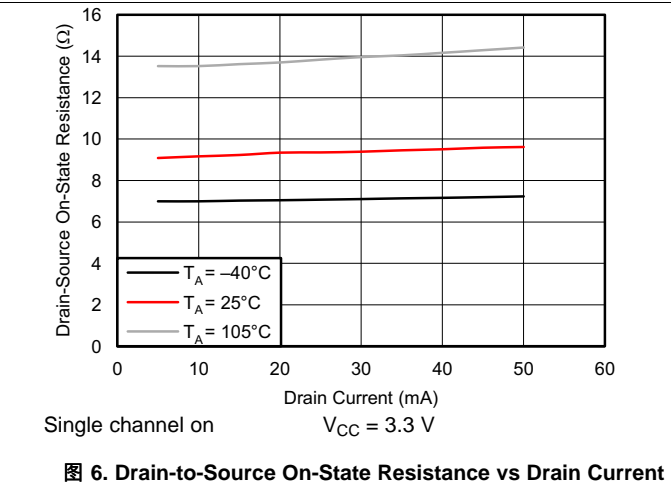
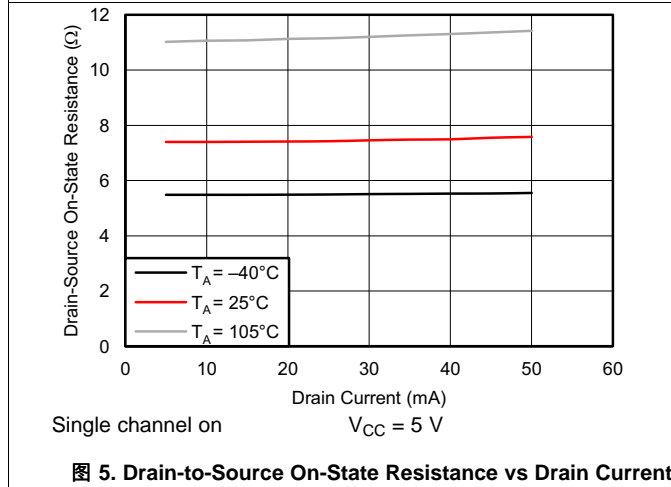
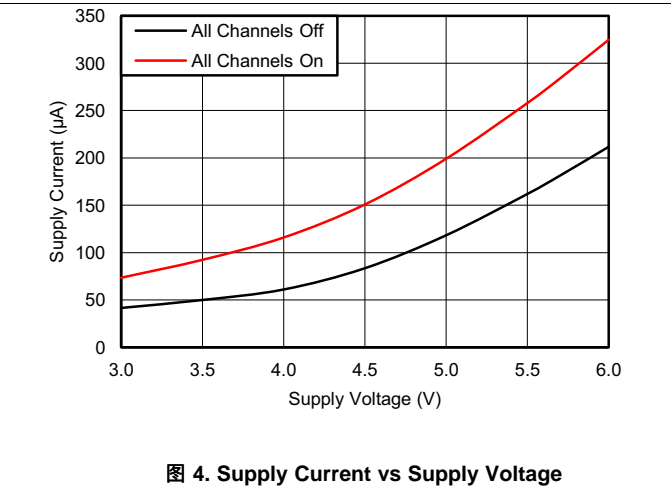
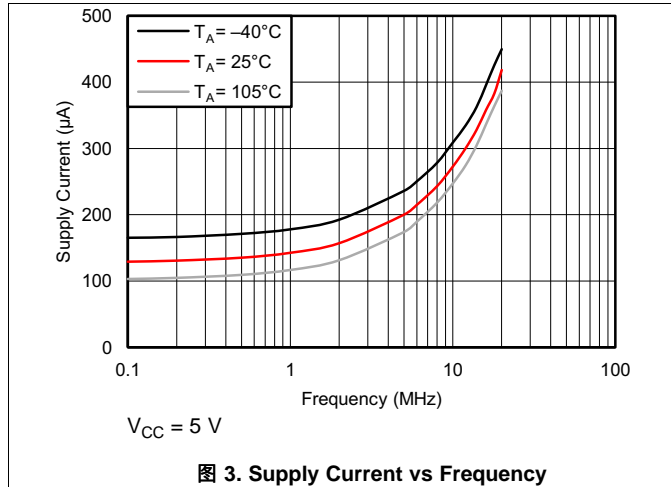


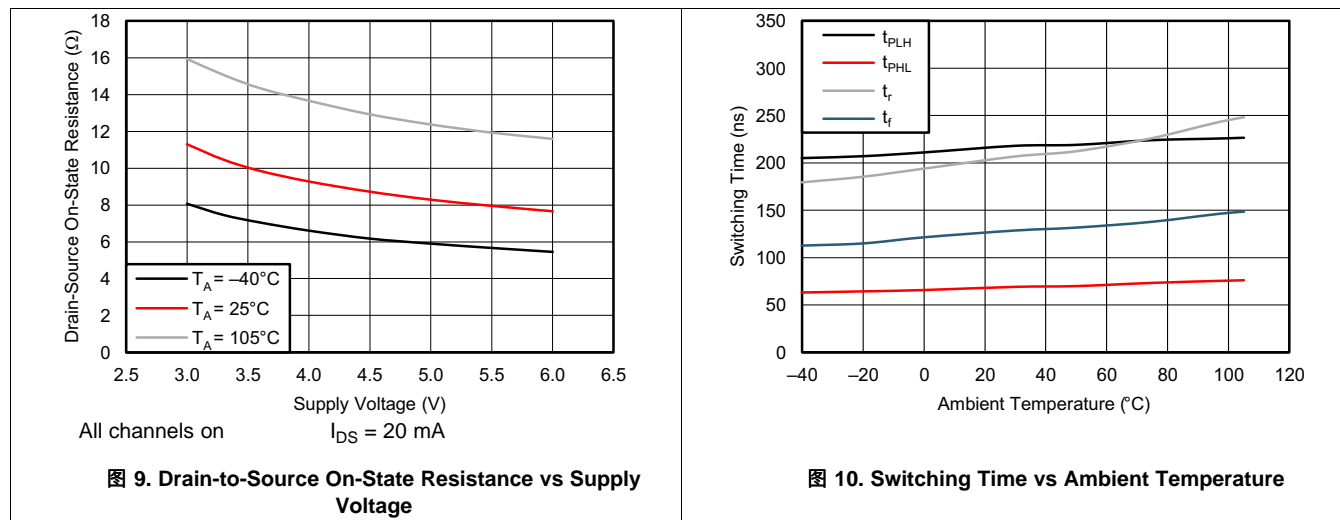
图 2. Switching Times and Voltage Waveforms

### 6.9 Typical Characteristics



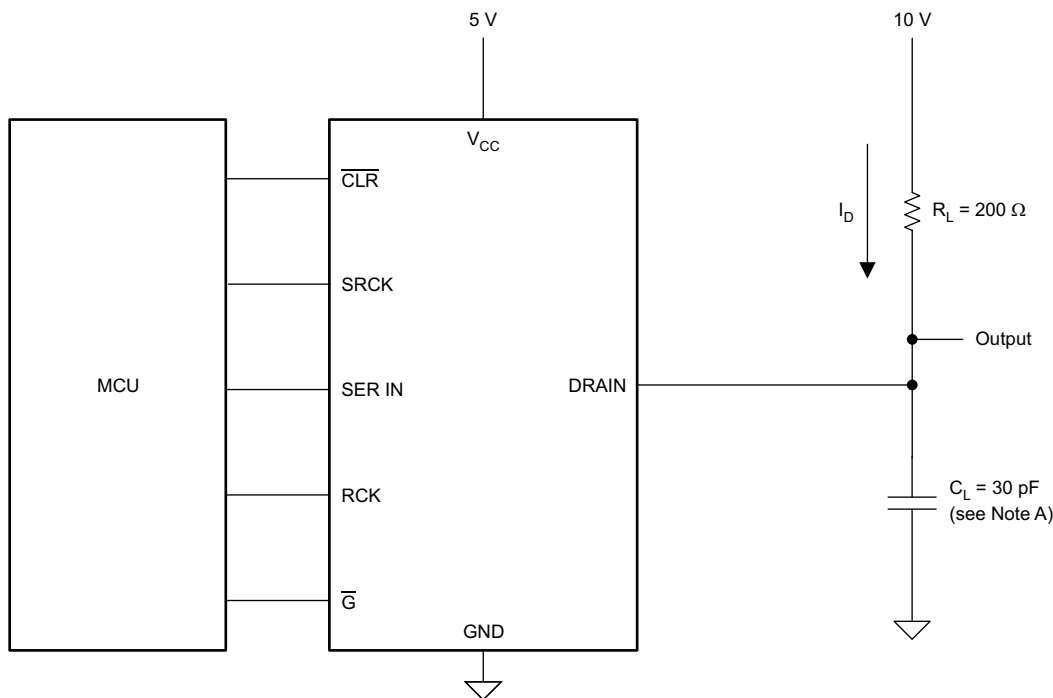


Typical Characteristics (接下页)



7 Parameter Measurement Information

图 11 和 图 12 show the resistive-load test circuit and voltage waveforms. One can see from 图 12 that with  $\overline{G}$  held low and  $\overline{CLR}$  held high, the status of each drain changes on the rising edge of the register clock, indicating the transfer of data to the output buffers at that time.



Copyright © 2016, Texas Instruments Incorporated

A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

图 11. Resistive-Load Test Circuit

Parameter Measurement Information (接下页)

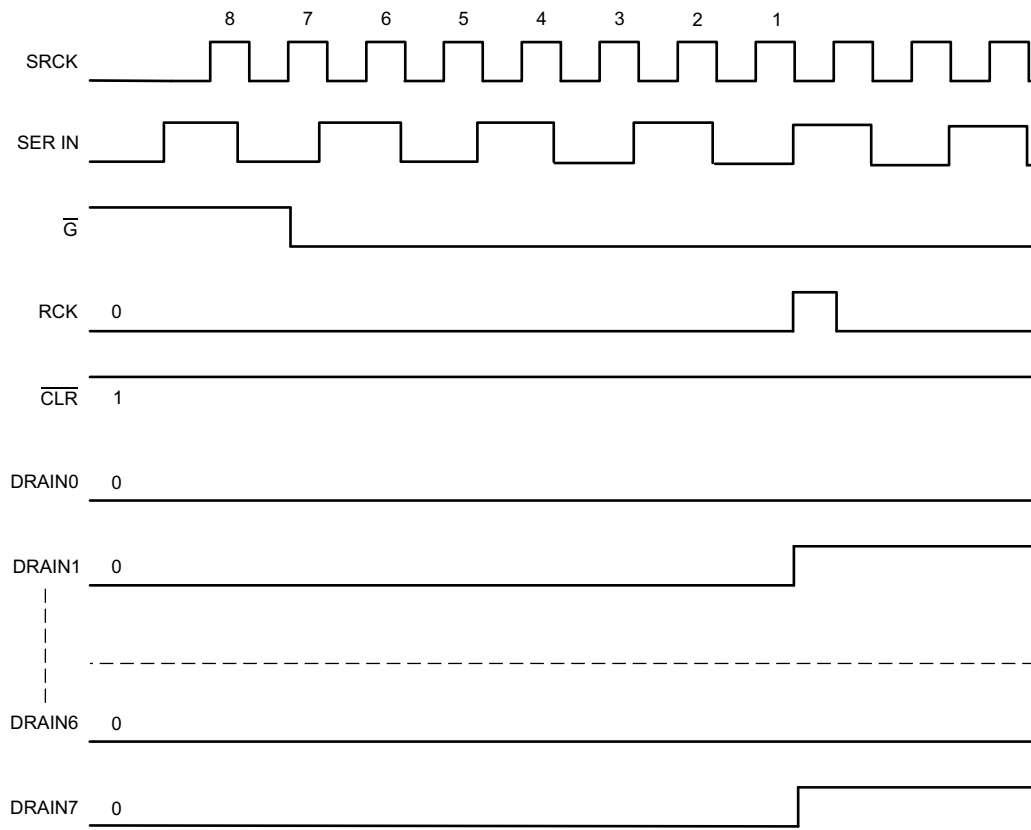


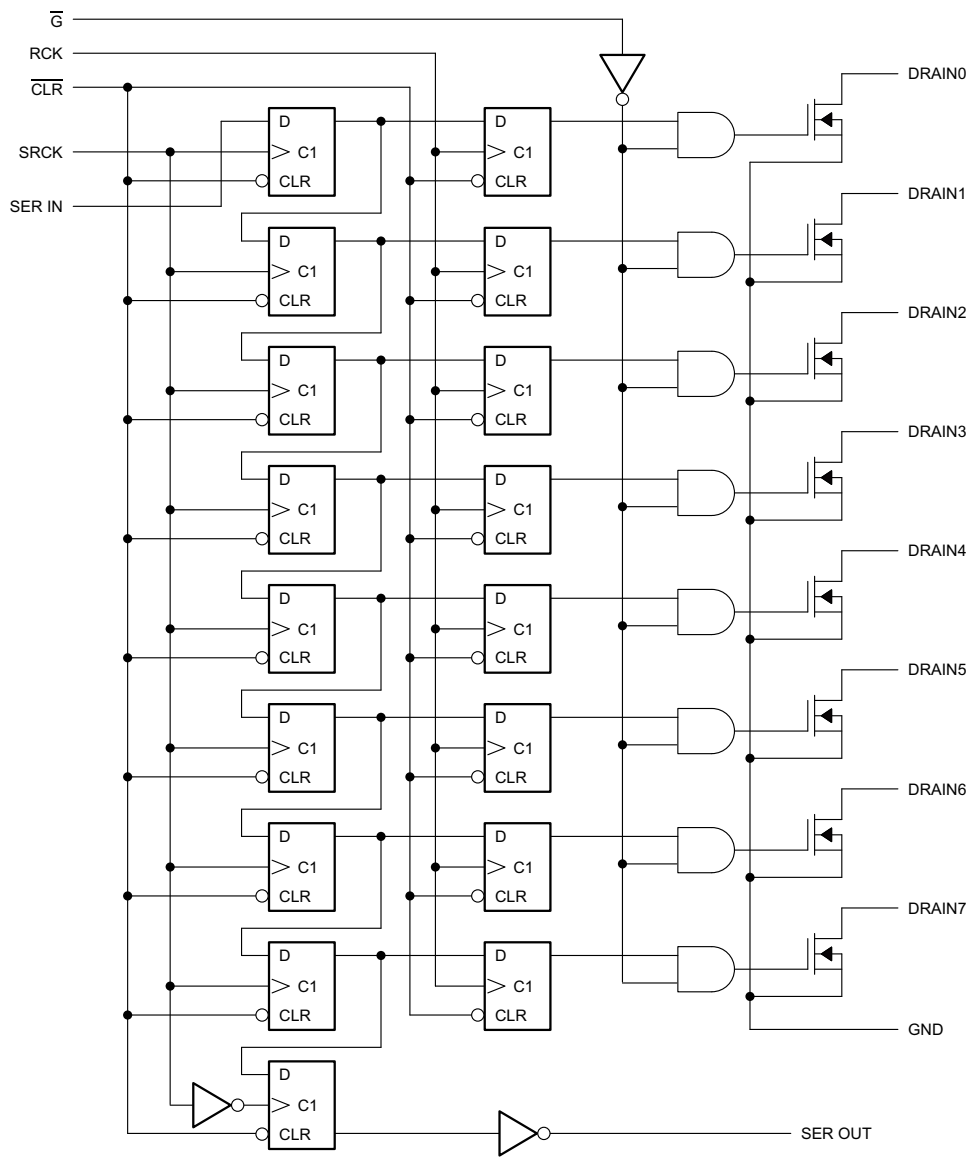
图 12. Voltage Waveforms

## 8 Detailed Description

### 8.1 Overview

The TLC6C598 device is a monolithic, medium-voltage, low-current 8-bit shift register designed to drive relatively moderate load power such LEDs. The device contains an 8-bit serial-in, parallel-out shift register that feeds an 8-bit D-type storage register. Thermal shutdown protection is also built-into the device.

### 8.2 Functional Block Diagram



Copyright © 2016, Texas Instruments Incorporated

图 13. Logic Diagram (Positive) of TLC6C598

## 8.3 Feature Description

### 8.3.1 Thermal Shutdown

The device implements an internal thermal shutdown to protect itself if the junction temperature exceeds 175°C (typical). The thermal shutdown forces the device to have an open state when the junction temperature exceeds the thermal trip threshold. Once the junction temperature decreases below 160°C (typical), the device begins to operate again.

### 8.3.2 Serial-In Interface

The TLC6C598 device contains an 8-bit serial-in, parallel-out shift register that feeds an 8-bit D-type storage register. Data transfer through the shift and storage registers is on the rising edge of the shift register clock (SRCK) and the register clock (RCK), respectively. The storage register transfers data to the output buffer when shift-register clear ( $\overline{\text{CLR}}$ ) is high.

### 8.3.3 Clear Registers

A logic low on the  $\overline{\text{CLR}}$  pin clears all registers in the device. TI suggests clearing the device during power up or initialization.

### 8.3.4 Output Channels

DRAIN0–DRAIN7. These pins can survive up to 40-V LED supply voltage.

### 8.3.5 Register Clock

RCK is the storage-register clock. Data in the storage register appears at the output whenever the output enable ( $\overline{\text{G}}$ ) input signal is high.

### 8.3.6 Cascade Through SER OUT

By connecting the SER OUT pin to the SER IN input of the next device on the serial bus in cascade, the data transfers to the next device on the falling edge of SRCK. This connection can improve the cascade application reliability, as it can avoid the issue that the second device receives SRCK and data input on the same rising edge of SRCK.

### 8.3.7 Output Control

Holding the output enable (pin  $\overline{\text{G}}$ ) high holds all data in the output buffers low, and all drain outputs are off. Holding  $\overline{\text{G}}$  low makes data from the storage register transparent to the output buffers. When data in the output buffers is low, the DMOS transistor outputs are off. When data is high, the DMOS transistor outputs are capable of sinking current. This pin also can be used for global PWM dimming.

## 8.4 Device Functional Modes

### 8.4.1 Operation With $V_{\text{CC}} < 3 \text{ V}$

This device works normally within the range  $3 \text{ V} \leq V_{\text{CC}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ . When the operating voltage is lower than 3 V, correct behavior of the device, including communication interface and current capability, is not assured.

### 8.4.2 Operation With $5.5 \text{ V} \leq V_{\text{CC}} \leq 8 \text{ V}$

The device works normally in this voltage range, but reliability issues may occur if the device works for a long time in this voltage range.

## 9 Application and Implementation

---

### 注

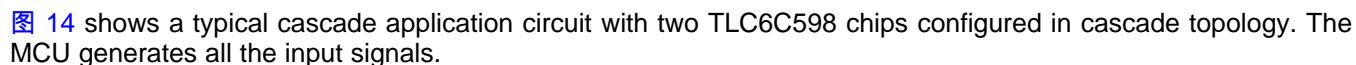
Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

---

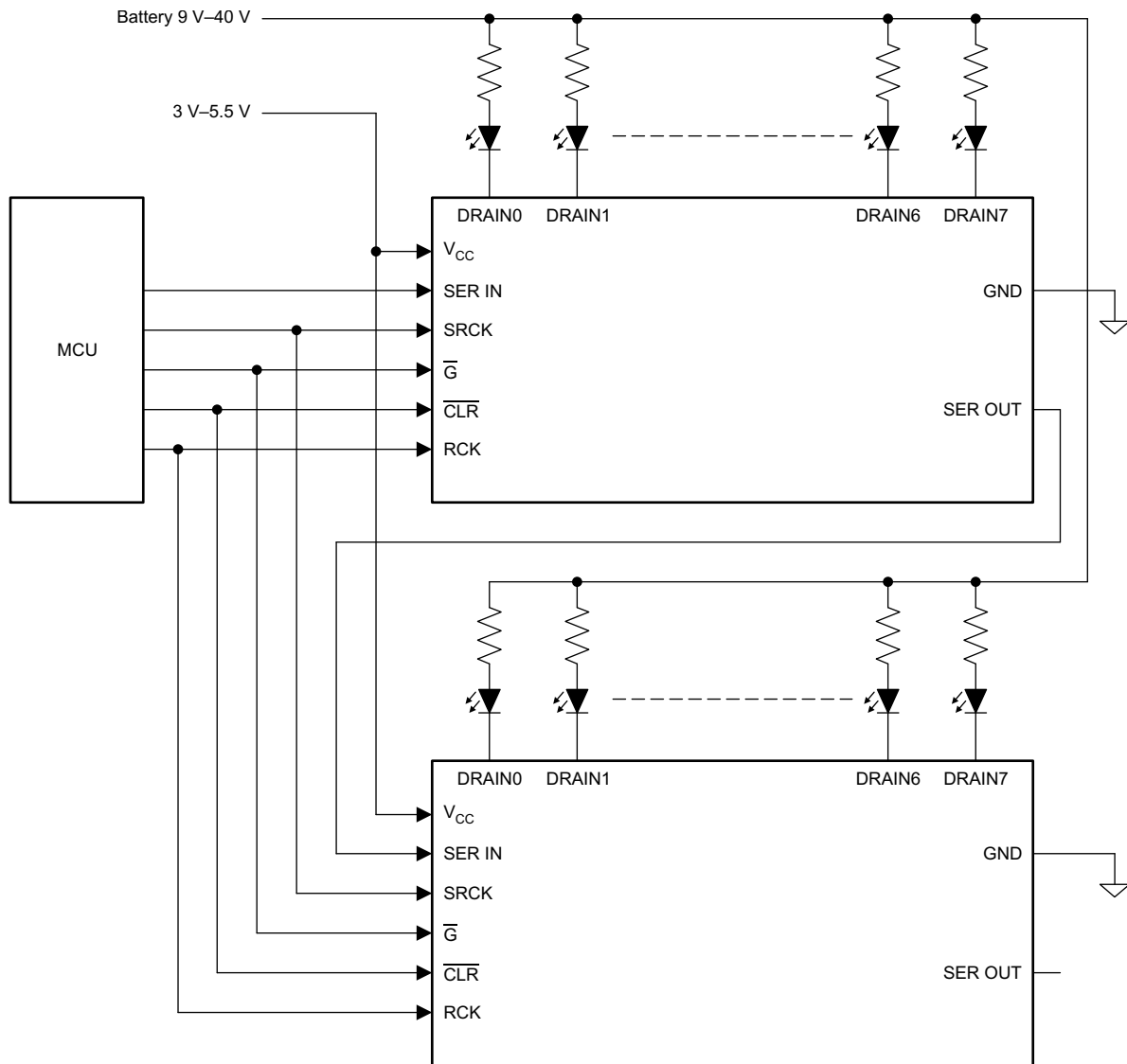
### 9.1 Application Information

The TLC6C598 device is a serial-in, parallel-out, power and logic, 8-bit shift register with low-side open-drain DMOS output ratings of 40-V and 50-mA continuous sink-current capabilities when  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ . The device is designed to drive resistive loads and is particularly well-suited as an interface between a microcontroller and LEDs or lamps. The device also provides up to 2000 V of ESD protection when tested using the human body model and 200 V when using the machine model.

### 9.2 Typical Application

 14 shows a typical cascade application circuit with two TLC6C598 chips configured in cascade topology. The MCU generates all the input signals.

Typical Application (接下页)



Copyright © 2016, Texas Instruments Incorporated

图 14. Typical Application Circuit

9.2.1 Design Requirements

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
$V_{Battery}$	9 V to 40 V
$V_{CC\_1}$	3.3 V
$I(D0), I(D1), I(D2), I(D3), I(D4), I(D5), I(D6), I(D7)$	30 mA
$V_{CC\_2}$	5 V
$I(D8), I(D9), I(D10), I(D11), I(D12), I(D13), I(D14), I(D15)$	50 mA

### 9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, the designer must decide on a few parameters, as follows:

- $V_{\text{supply}}$ : LED supply voltage
- $V_{\text{Dx}}$ : LED forward voltage
- $I$ : LED current

With these parameters determined, the resistor in series with the LED can be calculated by using the following equation:

$$R_X = (V_{\text{Supply}} - V_{\text{Dx}}) / I \quad (1)$$

### 9.2.3 Application Curve



图 15. TLC6C598 Application Waveform

## 10 Power Supply Recommendations

The TLC6C598 device is designed to operate with an input voltage supply range from 3 V to 5.5 V. This input supply should be well regulated. TI recommends placing the ceramic bypass capacitors near the  $V_{CC}$  pin.

## 11 Layout

### 11.1 Layout Guidelines

There are no special layout requirements for the digital signal pins. The only requirement is placing the ceramic bypass capacitors near the corresponding pins.

Maximize the copper coverage on the PCB to increase the thermal conductivity of the board. The major heat-flow path from the package to the ambient is through the copper on the PCB. Maximizing the copper coverage is extremely important when the design does not include heat sinks attached to the PCB on the other side of the package.

Add as many thermal vias as possible directly under the package ground pad to optimize the thermal conductivity of the board.

All thermal vias should be either plated shut or plugged and capped on both sides of the board to prevent solder voids. To ensure reliability and performance, the solder coverage should be at least 85%.

### 11.2 Layout Example



图 16. TLC6C598 Example Layout



## 12 器件和文档支持

### 12.1 社区资源

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

**TI E2E™ Online Community** *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community*. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At [e2e.ti.com](http://e2e.ti.com), you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

**Design Support** *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

### 12.2 商标

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.  
All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

### 12.3 静电放电警告



这些装置包含有限的内置 ESD 保护。存储或装卸时，应将导线一起截短或将装置放置于导电泡棉中，以防止 MOS 门极遭受静电损伤。

### 12.4 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 13 机械、封装和可订购信息

以下页中包括机械、封装和可订购信息。这些信息是针对指定器件提供的最新数据。本数据随时可能发生变更并且不对本文档进行修订，恕不另行通知。要获得这份数据表的浏览器版本，请查阅左侧的导航窗格。

## 重要声明

德州仪器(TI)及其下属子公司有权根据 JESD46 最新标准,对所提供的产品和服务进行更正、修改、增强、改进或其它更改,并有权根据 JESD48 最新标准中止提供任何产品和服务。客户在下订单前应获取最新的相关信息,并验证这些信息是否完整且是最新的。所有产品的销售都遵循在订单确认时所提供的TI 销售条款与条件。

TI 保证其所销售的组件的性能符合产品销售时 TI 半导体产品销售条件与条款的适用规范。仅在 TI 保证的范围内,且 TI 认为有必要时才会使用测试或其它质量控制技术。除非适用法律做出了硬性规定,否则没有必要对每种组件的所有参数进行测试。

TI 对应用帮助或客户产品设计不承担任何义务。客户应对其使用 TI 组件的产品和应用自行负责。为尽量减小与客户产品和应用相关的风险,客户应提供充分的设计与操作安全措施。

TI 不对任何 TI 专利权、版权、屏蔽作品权或其它与使用了 TI 组件或服务的组合设备、机器或流程相关的 TI 知识产权中授予的直接或隐含权限作出任何保证或解释。TI 所发布的与第三方产品或服务有关的信息,不能构成从 TI 获得使用这些产品或服务的许可、授权、或认可。使用此类信息可能需要获得第三方的专利权或其它知识产权方面的许可,或是 TI 的专利权或其它知识产权方面的许可。

对于 TI 的产品手册或数据表中 TI 信息的重要部分,仅在没有对内容进行任何篡改且带有相关授权、条件、限制和声明的情况下才允许进行复制。TI 对此类篡改过的文件不承担任何责任或义务。复制第三方的信息可能需要服从额外的限制条件。

在转售 TI 组件或服务时,如果对该组件或服务参数的陈述与 TI 标明的参数相比存在差异或虚假成分,则会失去相关 TI 组件或服务的所有明示或暗示授权,且这是不正当的、欺诈性商业行为。TI 对任何此类虚假陈述均不承担任何责任或义务。

客户认可并同意,尽管任何应用相关信息或支持仍可能由 TI 提供,但他们将独立负责满足与其产品及其在应用中使用的 TI 产品相关的所有法律、法规和安全相关要求。客户声明并同意,他们具备制定与实施安全措施所需的全部专业技术和知识,可预见故障的危险后果、监测故障及其后果、降低有可能造成人身伤害的故障的发生机率并采取适当的补救措施。客户将全额赔偿因在此类安全关键应用中使用任何 TI 组件而对 TI 及其代理造成的任何损失。

在某些场合中,为了推进安全相关应用有可能对 TI 组件进行特别的促销。TI 的目标是利用此类组件帮助客户设计和创立其特有的可满足适用的功能安全性标准和要求的终端产品解决方案。尽管如此,此类组件仍然服从这些条款。

TI 组件未获得用于 FDA Class III (或类似的生命攸关医疗设备)的授权许可,除非各方授权官员已经达成了专门管控此类使用的特别协议。

只有那些 TI 特别注明属于军用等级或“增强型塑料”的 TI 组件才是设计或专门用于军事/航空应用或环境的。购买者认可并同意,对并非指定面向军事或航空航天用途的 TI 组件进行军事或航空航天方面的应用,其风险由客户单独承担,并且由客户独立负责满足与此类使用相关的所有法律和法规要求。

TI 已明确指定符合 ISO/TS16949 要求的产品,这些产品主要用于汽车。在任何情况下,因使用非指定产品而无法达到 ISO/TS16949 要求, TI 不承担任何责任。

	产品		应用
数字音频	<a href="http://www.ti.com.cn/audio">www.ti.com.cn/audio</a>	通信与电信	<a href="http://www.ti.com.cn/telecom">www.ti.com.cn/telecom</a>
放大器和线性器件	<a href="http://www.ti.com.cn/amplifiers">www.ti.com.cn/amplifiers</a>	计算机及周边	<a href="http://www.ti.com.cn/computer">www.ti.com.cn/computer</a>
数据转换器	<a href="http://www.ti.com.cn/dataconverters">www.ti.com.cn/dataconverters</a>	消费电子	<a href="http://www.ti.com.cn/consumer-apps">www.ti.com.cn/consumer-apps</a>
DLP® 产品	<a href="http://www.dlp.com">www.dlp.com</a>	能源	<a href="http://www.ti.com.cn/energy">www.ti.com.cn/energy</a>
DSP - 数字信号处理器	<a href="http://www.ti.com.cn/dsp">www.ti.com.cn/dsp</a>	工业应用	<a href="http://www.ti.com.cn/industrial">www.ti.com.cn/industrial</a>
时钟和计时器	<a href="http://www.ti.com.cn/clockandtimers">www.ti.com.cn/clockandtimers</a>	医疗电子	<a href="http://www.ti.com.cn/medical">www.ti.com.cn/medical</a>
接口	<a href="http://www.ti.com.cn/interface">www.ti.com.cn/interface</a>	安防应用	<a href="http://www.ti.com.cn/security">www.ti.com.cn/security</a>
逻辑	<a href="http://www.ti.com.cn/logic">www.ti.com.cn/logic</a>	汽车电子	<a href="http://www.ti.com.cn/automotive">www.ti.com.cn/automotive</a>
电源管理	<a href="http://www.ti.com.cn/power">www.ti.com.cn/power</a>	视频和影像	<a href="http://www.ti.com.cn/video">www.ti.com.cn/video</a>
微控制器 (MCU)	<a href="http://www.ti.com.cn/microcontrollers">www.ti.com.cn/microcontrollers</a>		
RFID 系统	<a href="http://www.ti.com.cn/rfidsys">www.ti.com.cn/rfidsys</a>		
OMAP应用处理器	<a href="http://www.ti.com/omap">www.ti.com/omap</a>		
无线连通性	<a href="http://www.ti.com.cn/wirelessconnectivity">www.ti.com.cn/wirelessconnectivity</a>	德州仪器在线技术支持社区	<a href="http://www.deyisupport.com">www.deyisupport.com</a>

邮寄地址: 上海市浦东新区世纪大道1568号, 中建大厦32楼邮政编码: 200122  
Copyright © 2016, 德州仪器半导体技术(上海)有限公司

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TLC6C598PWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 105	6C598I	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

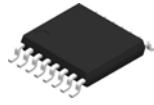
(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

**Important Information and Disclaimer:** The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

# PW0016A



# PACKAGE OUTLINE

## TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



4220204/A 02/2017

### NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

PW0016A

TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN  
SCALE: 10X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4220204/A 02/2017

NOTES: (continued)

- 6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

# EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

PW0016A

TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL  
SCALE: 10X

4220204/A 02/2017

NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

## 重要声明和免责声明

TI 均以“原样”提供技术性及其可靠性数据（包括数据表）、设计资源（包括参考设计）、应用或其他设计建议、网络工具、安全信息和其他资源，不保证其中不含任何瑕疵，且不做任何明示或暗示的担保，包括但不限于对适销性、适合某特定用途或不侵犯任何第三方知识产权的暗示担保。

所述资源可供专业开发人员应用TI 产品进行设计使用。您将对以下行为独自承担全部责任：(1) 针对您的应用选择合适的TI 产品；(2) 设计、验证并测试您的应用；(3) 确保您的应用满足相应标准以及任何其他安全、安保或其他要求。所述资源如有变更，恕不另行通知。TI 对您使用所述资源的授权仅限于开发资源所涉及TI 产品的相关应用。除此之外不得复制或展示所述资源，也不提供其它TI 或任何第三方的知识产权授权许可。如因使用所述资源而产生任何索赔、赔偿、成本、损失及债务等，TI 对此概不负责，并且您须赔偿由此对TI 及其代表造成的损害。

TI 所提供产品均受TI 的销售条款 (<http://www.ti.com.cn/zh-cn/legal/termsofsale.html>) 以及 [ti.com.cn](http://www.ti.com.cn) 上或随附TI 产品提供的其他可适用条款的约束。TI 提供所述资源并不扩展或以其他方式更改TI 针对TI 产品所发布的可适用的担保范围或担保免责声明。

邮寄地址：上海市浦东新区世纪大道 1568 号中建大厦 32 楼，邮政编码：200122

Copyright © 2020 德州仪器半导体技术（上海）有限公司