

DCR02 系列 2W、1000V_{RMS} 隔离式稳压直流/直流转换器模块

1 特性

- 1kV 隔离 (运行) : 1 秒测试
- 在隔离层中施加连续电压 : 60VDC/42.5VAC
- UL1950 认证元件
- 10 引脚 PDIP 和 SOP 封装
- 输入电压 : 12V 或 24V
- 5V 输出电压
- 器件间同步
- 400kHz 开关频率
- 短路保护
- 过热保护
- 高效率
- 55°C 时 125FIT

2 应用

- 使用点功率变换
- 数字接口功率
- 消除接地环路
- 电源降噪

3 说明

DCR02 系列是高效的输入隔离式、输出稳压直流/直流转换器系列。除了电隔离式 2W 标称输出功率能力，这一系列的转换器还提供超低的输出噪声和高精度。

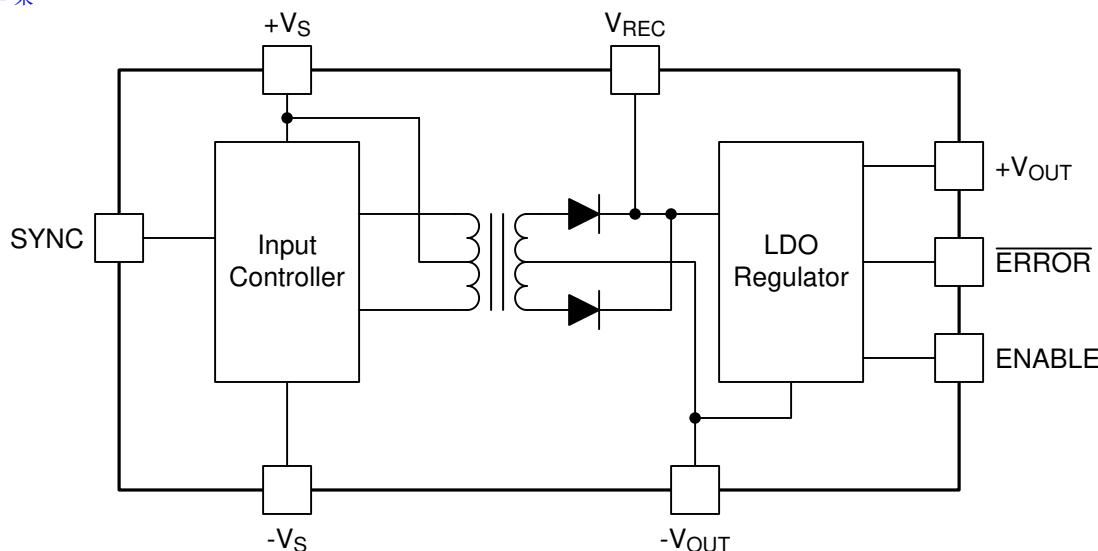
DCR02 系列采用标准的模塑封装，提供标准的 JEDEC 外形，适合大批量组装。它们使用与标准器件封装相同的技术制造，因此可实现超高的可靠性。

警告：此产品具有运行隔离功能，仅可用于信号隔离。不可用于需要增强型隔离的安全隔离电路。请参阅 [节 7.3](#) 中的定义。

器件信息

器件型号	封装 ⁽¹⁾	封装尺寸 (标称值)
DCR02xxxx	PDIP (10)	22.86mm × 6.61mm
	SOP (10)	22.86mm × 6.61mm

(1) 如需了解所有可用封装，请参阅数据表末尾的可订购产品目录。



DCR02 方框图



本文档旨在为方便起见，提供有关 TI 产品中文版本的信息，以确认产品的概要。有关适用的官方英文版本的最新信息，请访问 www.ti.com，其内容始终优先。TI 不保证翻译的准确性和有效性。在实际设计之前，请务必参考最新版本的英文版本。

English Data Sheet: [SBVS028](#)

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4 Revision History

Changes from Revision C (November 2016) to Revision D (August 2021)

	Page
• 更新了整个文档中的表格、图和交叉参考的编号格式.....	1
• 更新了 节 1	1
• 向 节 2 添加了链接.....	1
• Added Load Regulation plots to 节 6.6	6
• Added sentence to 节 7.3.1.3	8

Changes from Revision B (December 2007) to Revision C (November 2016)

	Page
• 添加了 <i>ESD</i> 等级表、特性说明部分、器件功能模式、应用和实施部分、电源相关建议部分、布局部分、器件和文档支持部分以及机械、封装和可订购信息部分.....	1
• 删除了订购信息表和补充订购信息图；请参阅数据表末尾的封装选项附录	1
• Changed <i>DCR02 PinOut</i> image in <i>Pin Configuration and Functions</i>	3
• Changed Pin 1 From: V_S To: $+V_S$	3
• Changed Pin 8 From: $0V_{OUT}$ To: $-V_{OUT}$	3
• Changed Pin 9 From: V_O To: $+V_{OUT}$	3
• Changed Pin 17 From: $0V_{IN}$ To: $-V_S$	3
• Deleted Lead temperature (PDIP package), 270°C maximum, from <i>Absolute Maximum Ratings</i> table.....	4
• Added <i>Isolation</i> subsection to the <i>Feature Description</i>	7

5 Pin Configuration and Functions

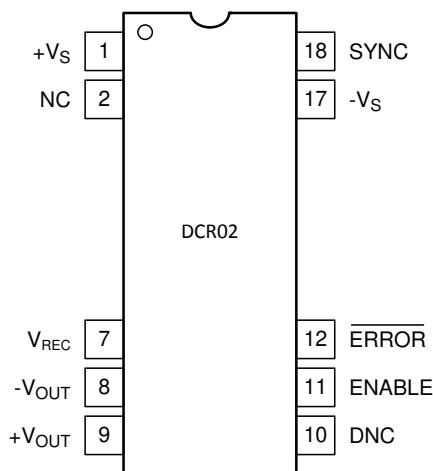


图 5-1. NVE or DVS Package 10-Pin PDIP or SOP Top View

表 5-1. Pin Functions

PIN		I/O ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
NO.	NAME		
1	+V _S	I	Voltage input
2	NC	—	No connection
7	V _{REC}	O	Rectified output
8	-V _{OUT}	O	Output ground
9	+V _{OUT}	O	Voltage output
10	DNC	—	Do not connect
11	ENABLE	I	Output voltage enable
12	ERROR	O	Error flag active low
17	-V _S	I	Input ground
18	SYNC	I	Synchronization input

(1) I = input and O = output

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Input voltage	DCR021205		15	V
	DCR022405		29	
Reflow solder temperature	SOP package (surface temperature of device body or pins)		260	°C
Storage temperature, T_{stg}		- 60	125	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
$V_{(ESD)}$	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±1000
		Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Input voltage	DCR021205	10.8	12	13.2	V
	DCR022405	21.6	24	26.4	
Operating temperature		- 40		70	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	DCR02		UNIT
	NVE (PDIP)	DVS (SOP)	
	10 PINS	10 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	60	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(\text{top})}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	26	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	24	°C/W
ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	7	°C/W
ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	24	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

At $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, V_S = nominal, $I_{\text{OUT}} = 10 \text{ mA}$, $C_{\text{OUT}} = 0.1\text{-}\mu\text{F}$ ceramic, and $C_{\text{IN}} = 2.2\text{-}\mu\text{F}$ ceramic, unless otherwise noted.⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
OUTPUT					
Nominal output voltage ($+V_{\text{OUT}}$)		5			V
Setpoint accuracy		0.5%	2%		
Maximum output current			400		mA
Output short-circuit protected	Duration		Infinite		
Line regulation		1			mV/V
Over line and load	10-mA to 400-mA load, over $+V_S$ range	1%	2.5%		
Temperature variation	-40°C to 70°C		1%		
Ripple and noise	DCR0212 ripple, 20-MHz bandwidth, 50% load ⁽¹⁾	18			mV _{PP}
	DCR0212 noise, 100-MHz bandwidth, 50% load ⁽¹⁾	20			
	DCR0224 ripple, 20-MHz bandwidth, 50% load ⁽¹⁾	18			
	DCR0224 noise, 100-MHz bandwidth, 50% load ⁽¹⁾	25			
INPUT					
Nominal voltage ($+V_S$)	DCR022405	12			V
	DCR021205	24			
Voltage range		-10%	10%		
Supply current	DCR021205	$I_O = 0 \text{ mA}$	15		mA
		$I_O = 10 \text{ mA}$	23		
		$I_O = 400 \text{ mA}$	250		
	DCR022405	$I_O = 0 \text{ mA}$	15		
		$I_O = 10 \text{ mA}$	17		
		$I_O = 400 \text{ mA}$	129		
Reflected ripple current	20-MHz bandwidth, 100% load ⁽¹⁾	8			mA _{PP}
ISOLATION					
Voltage	1-s flash test	Voltage	1		kVrms
		dV/dt	500		V/s
		Leakage current	30		nA
	Continuous working voltage across isolation barrier	DC	60		VDC
		AC	42.5		VAC
Barrier capacitance			25		pF
OUTPUT ENABLE CONTROL					
Logic high input voltage		2		V_{REC}	V
Logic high input current	$2 < V_{\text{ENABLE}} < V_{\text{REG}}$	100			nA
Logic low input voltage		-0.2	0.5		V
Logic low input current	$0 < V_{\text{ENABLE}} < 0.5$	100			nA
ERROR FLAG					
Logic high open collector leakage	$V_{\text{ERROR}} = 5 \text{ V}$			10	μA
Logic low output voltage	Sinking 2 mA			0.4	V
THERMAL SHUTDOWN					
Junction temperature	Temp activated		150		°C
	Temp deactivated		130		
SYNCHRONIZATION PIN					
Internal oscillator frequency		720	800	880	kHz

At $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, V_S = nominal, $I_{\text{OUT}} = 10 \text{ mA}$, $C_{\text{OUT}} = 0.1\text{-}\mu\text{F}$ ceramic, and $C_{\text{IN}} = 2.2\text{-}\mu\text{F}$ ceramic, unless otherwise noted.⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
External synchronization frequency		720	880		kHz
External synchronization signal high		2.5	3		V
External synchronization signal low		0	0.4		V
External capacitance on SYNC pin			3		pF

(1) Ceramic capacitors, $C_{\text{IN}} = 2.2 \mu\text{F}$, $C_{\text{FILTER}} = 1 \mu\text{F}$, and $C_{\text{OUT}} = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$.

6.6 Typical Characteristics

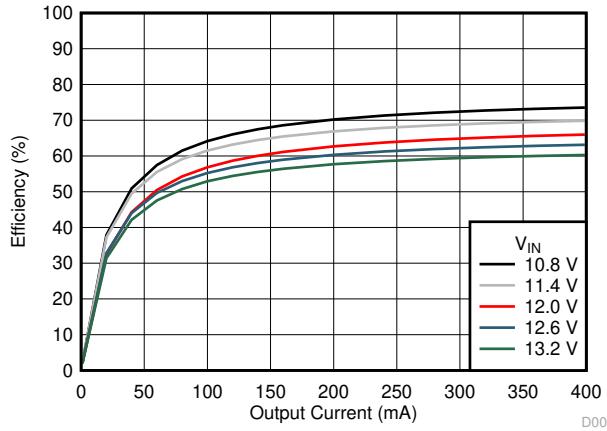


图 6-1. DCR021205 Efficiency versus Output Current

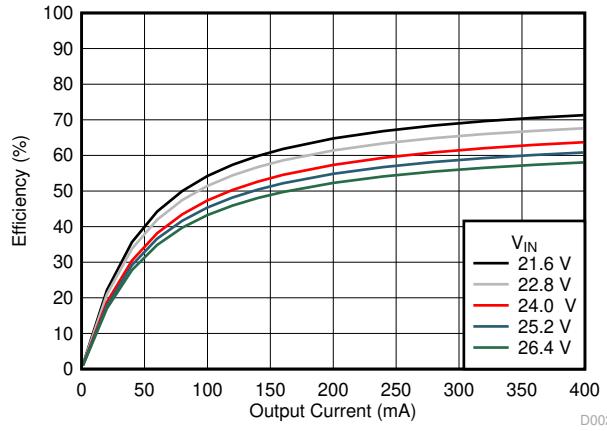


图 6-2. DCR022405 Efficiency vs Output Current

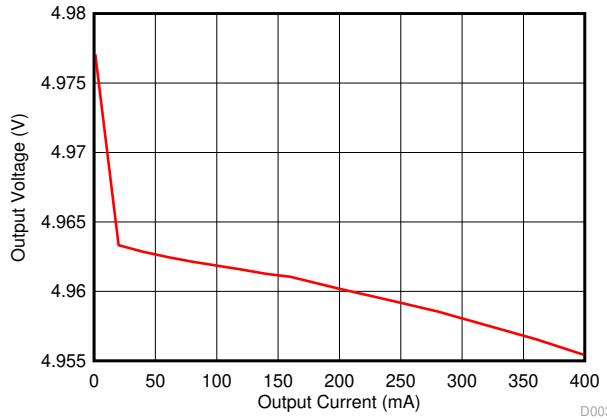


图 6-3. DCR021205 Load Regulation

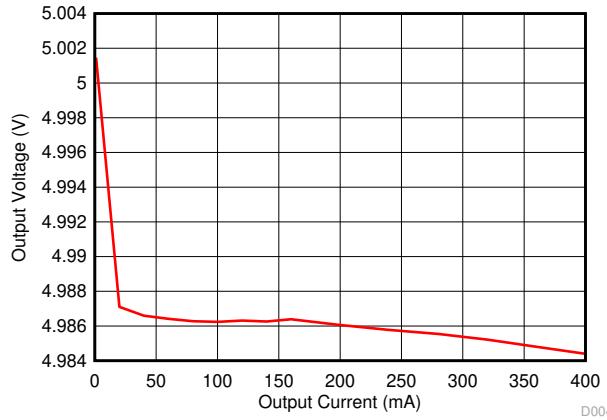


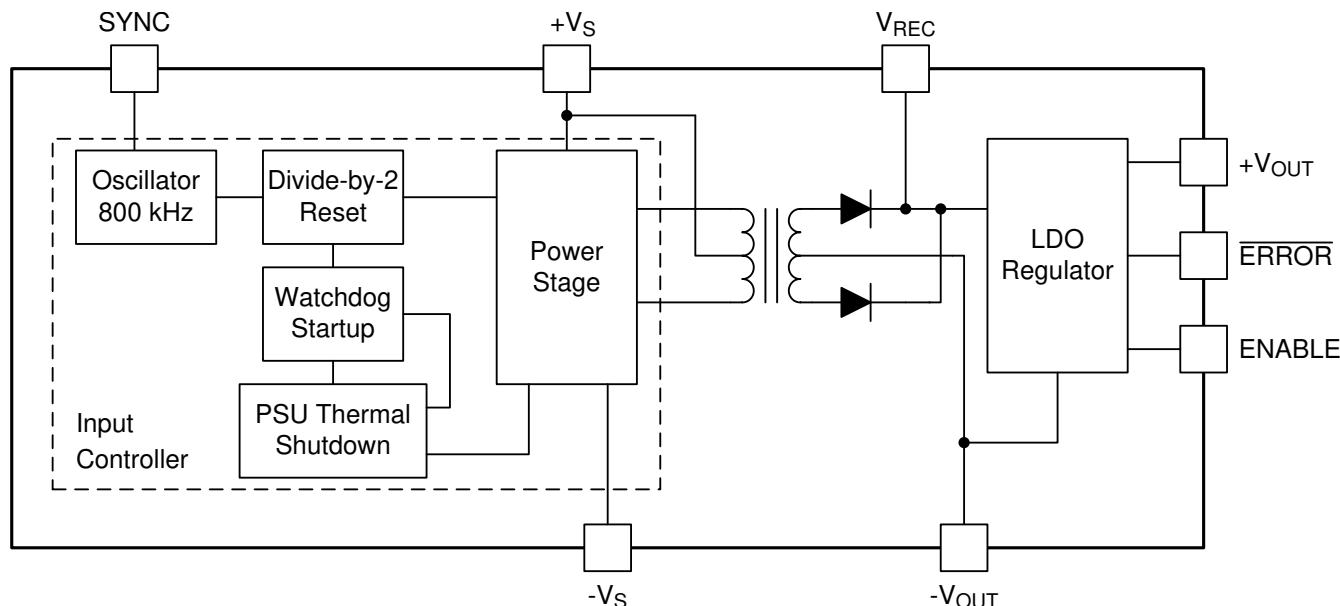
图 6-4. DCR022405 Load Regulation

7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The DCR02 series of power modules offer isolation from a regulated power supply operating from 12-V or 24-V inputs. The DCR02s provide a regulated 5-V output voltage at a nominal output power of 2 W. The DCR02 devices include a low dropout linear regulator internal to the device to achieve a well-regulated output voltage. The DCR02 devices are specified for operational isolation only. The circuit design uses an advanced BiCMOS and DMOS process.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Isolation

Underwriters Laboratories (UL)TM defines several classes of isolation that are used in modern power supplies.

Safety extra low voltage (SELV) is defined by UL (UL1950 E199929) as a secondary circuit which is so designated and protected that under normal and single fault conditions the voltage between any two accessible parts, or between an accessible part and the equipment earthing terminal for operational isolation does not exceed steady state 42.5 V_{RMS} or 60 V_{DC} peak.

7.3.1.1 Operation or Functional Isolation

The type of isolation used in the DCR02 products is referred to as operational or functional isolation. Insulated wire used in the construction of the transformer acts as the primary isolation barrier. A high-potential (hipot), one-second duration test (dielectric voltage, withstand test) is a production test used to verify that the isolation barrier is functioning. Products with operational isolation must never be used as an element in a safety-isolation system.

7.3.1.2 Basic or Enhanced Isolation

Basic or enhanced isolation is defined by specified creepage and clearance limits between the primary and secondary circuits of the power supply. Basic isolation is the use of an isolation barrier in addition to the insulated wire in the construction of the transformer. Input and output circuits must also be physically separated by specified distances.

Note

The DCR02 products do not provide basic or enhanced isolation.

7.3.1.3 Working Voltage

For a device with operational isolation, the continuous working voltage that can be applied across the device in normal operation must be less than $42.5\text{ V}_{\text{RMS}}$ or 60 V_{DC} . Ensure that both input and output voltages maintain normal SELV limits.

WARNING

Do not use the device as an element of a safety isolation system that exceeds the SELV limit.

If the device is expected to function correctly with more than $42.5\text{ V}_{\text{RMS}}$ or 60 V_{DC} applied continuously across the isolation barrier, then the circuitry on both sides of the barrier must be regarded as operating at an unsafe voltage, and further isolation or insulation systems must form a barrier between these circuits and any user-accessible circuitry according to safety standard requirements.

7.3.1.4 Isolation Voltage Rating

The terms *Hipot test*, *flash-tested*, *withstand voltage*, *proof voltage*, *dielectric withstand voltage*, and *isolation test voltage* all relate to the same thing; a test voltage applied for a specified time across a component designed to provide electrical isolation to verify the integrity of that isolation. TI's DCR02 series of DC/DC converters are all 100% production tested at $1.0\text{ kV}_{\text{AC}}$ for one second.

7.3.1.5 Repeated High-Voltage Isolation Testing

Repeated high-voltage isolation testing of a barrier component can degrade the isolation capability, depending on materials, construction, and environment. The DCR02 series of DC/DC converters have toroidal, enameled, wire isolation transformers with no additional insulation between the primary and secondary windings. While a device can be expected to withstand several times the stated test voltage, the isolation capability depends on the wire insulation. Any material, including this enamel (typically polyurethane), is susceptible to eventual chemical degradation when subject to very-high applied voltages. Therefore, strictly limit the number of high-voltage tests and repeated high-voltage isolation testing. However, if it is absolutely required, reduce the voltage by 20% from specified test voltage with a duration limit of one second per test.

7.3.2 Power Stage

The DCR02 series of devices use a push-pull, center-tapped topology. The DCR02 devices switch at 400 kHz (divide-by-2 from an 800-kHz oscillator). The internal transformer's output is full wave rectified and filtered by the external $1\text{-}\mu\text{F}$ ceramic capacitor connected to the V_{REC} pin. An internal low-dropout regulator provides a well-regulated output voltage over the operating range of the device.

7.3.3 Oscillator and Watchdog

The onboard, 800-kHz oscillator generates the switching frequency through a divide-by-2 circuit. The oscillator can be synchronized to other DCR02 device circuits or an external source, and is used to minimize system noise.

A watchdog circuit monitors the operation of the oscillator circuit. The oscillator can be disabled by pulling the SYNC pin low. When the SYNC pin goes low, the output pins transition into tri-state mode, which occurs within 2 μs .

7.3.4 ERROR Flag

The DCR02 has an ERROR pin which provides a *power good* flag, as long as the internal regulator is in regulation. If the ERROR output is required, place a $10\text{-k}\Omega$ resistor between the ERROR pin and the output voltage.

7.3.5 Synchronization

When more than one DC/DC converter is switching in an application, beat frequencies and other electrical interference can be generated. This interference occurs because of the small variations in switching frequencies between the DC/DC converters.

The DCR02 series of devices overcome this interference by allowing devices to be synchronized to one another. Synchronize up to eight devices by connecting the SYNC pins of each device, taking care to minimize the capacitance of tracking. Stray capacitance (greater than 3 pF) reduces the switching frequency, or can sometimes stop the oscillator circuit. The maximum recommended voltage applied to the SYNC pin is 3 V.

For an application that uses more than eight synchronized devices use an external device to drive the SYNC pins. The *External Synchronization of the DCP01/02 Series of DC/DC Converters Application Report* (SBAA035) describes this configuration.

Note

During the start-up period, all synchronized devices draw maximum current from the input simultaneously. A ceramic capacitor must be connected close to each device's input pin. A 2.2- μ F ceramic capacitor is required.

7.3.6 Construction

The basic construction of the DCR02 series of devices is the same as standard integrated circuits. The molded package contains no substrate. The DCR02 series of devices are constructed using an IC, low dropout linear regulator, rectifier diodes, and a wound magnetic toroid on a leadframe. Because the package contains no solder, the devices do not require any special printed-circuit board (PCB) assembly processing. This architecture results in an isolated DC/DC converter with inherently high reliability.

7.3.7 Decoupling - Ripple Reduction

Due to the very low forward resistance of the DMOS switching transistors, high current demands are placed upon the input supply for a short time. By using a high-quality, low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR) ceramic input capacitor of 2.2- μ F, placed close to the IC supply input pins, the effects on the power supply can be minimized.

The high switching frequency of 400 kHz allows relatively small values of capacitors to be used for filtering the rectified output voltage. A good-quality, low-ESR, 1- μ F ceramic capacitor placed close to the V_{REC} pin and output ground is required and reduces the ripple. The output at V_{REC} is full wave rectified and produces a ripple of 800 kHz.

TI recommends that a 0.1- μ F, low-ESR ceramic capacitor is connected close to the output pin and ground to reduce noise on the output. The capacitor values listed are minimum values. If lower ripple is required, the filter capacitor must be increased in value to 2.2 μ F.

As with all switching power supplies, the best performance is obtained with low ESR ceramic capacitors connected close to the device pins. If low-ESR ceramic capacitors are not used, the ESR generates a voltage drop when the capacitor is supplying the load power. Often a larger capacitor is chosen for this purpose, when a low ESR, smaller capacitor would perform as well.

Note

TI does not recommend that the DCR02 be fitted using an IC socket, as this degrades performance.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

7.4.1 Device Disable and Enable

Each of the DCR02 series devices can be disabled or enabled by driving the SYNC pin using an open-drain CMOS gate. If the SYNC pin is pulled low, the DCR02 becomes disabled. The disable time depends upon the external loading. The internal disable function is implemented in 2 μ s. Removal of the pulldown causes the DCR02 to be enabled.

Capacitive loading on the SYNC pin must be minimized (≤ 3 pF) to prevent a reduction in the oscillator frequency. The *External Synchronization of the DCP01/02 Series of DC/DC Converters Application Report* (SBAA035) describes disable and enable control circuitry. This document contains information on how to null the

effects of additional capacitance on the SYNC pin. The oscillator's frequency can be measured at V_{REC} , as this is the fundamental frequency of the ripple component.

7.4.2 Regulated Output Disable and Enable

The regulated output of the DCR02 can be disabled by pulling the ENABLE pin LOW. Disabling the output voltage this way still produces a voltage on the V_{REC} pin. When using the ENABLE control, TI recommends placing a $10-k\Omega$ resistor between the V_{REC} and ENABLE pins. The ENABLE pin only controls the internal linear regulator.

If disabling the regulated output is not required, pull the ENABLE pin HIGH by shorting it directly to the V_{REC} pin. This enables the regulated output voltage, thus allowing the output to be controlled from the isolated side.

8 Application and Implementation

Note

以下应用部分中的信息不属TI 器件规格的范围, TI 不担保其准确性和完整性。TI 的客户应负责确定器件是否适用于其应用。客户应验证并测试其设计, 以确保系统功能。

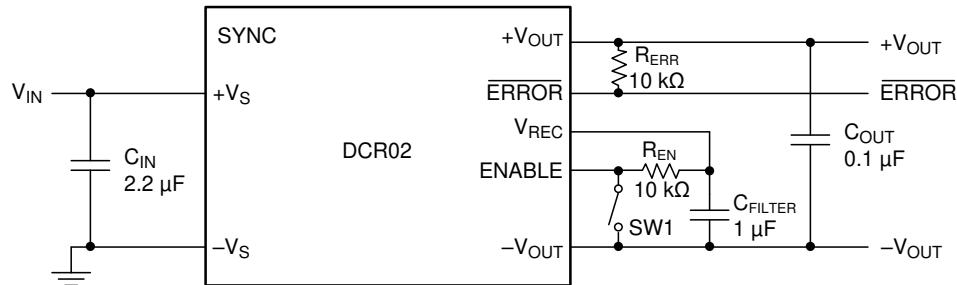
8.1 Application Information

The DCR02 devices offer up to 2 W of isolated, 5-V regulated output power from a 12-V or 24-V input supply. Applications requiring up to 1-kVrms of operational isolation benefits from the small size and ease-of-use of the DCR02 family of devices.

8.1.1 DCR02 Single Voltage Output

The DCR02 can be used to provide a single voltage output by connecting the circuit as shown in [图 8-1](#). The **ERROR** output signal is pulled up to the value of V_{OUT} for the particular DCR02 being used. The value of R_{ERR} depends on the loading on the **ERROR** line; however, the total load on the **ERROR** line must not exceed the value given in the [节 6.5](#).

The output can be permanently enabled by connecting the **ENABLE** pin to the V_{REC} pin. The DCR02 can be enabled remotely by connecting the **ENABLE** pin to V_{REC} through a pull-up resistor (R_{EN}); the value of this resistor is not critical for the DCR02, because only a small current flows. Switch **SW1** can be used to pull the **ENABLE** pin low, thus disabling the output. The switching devices can be a bipolar transistor, FET, or a mechanical device; the main load that it senses is R_{EN} .

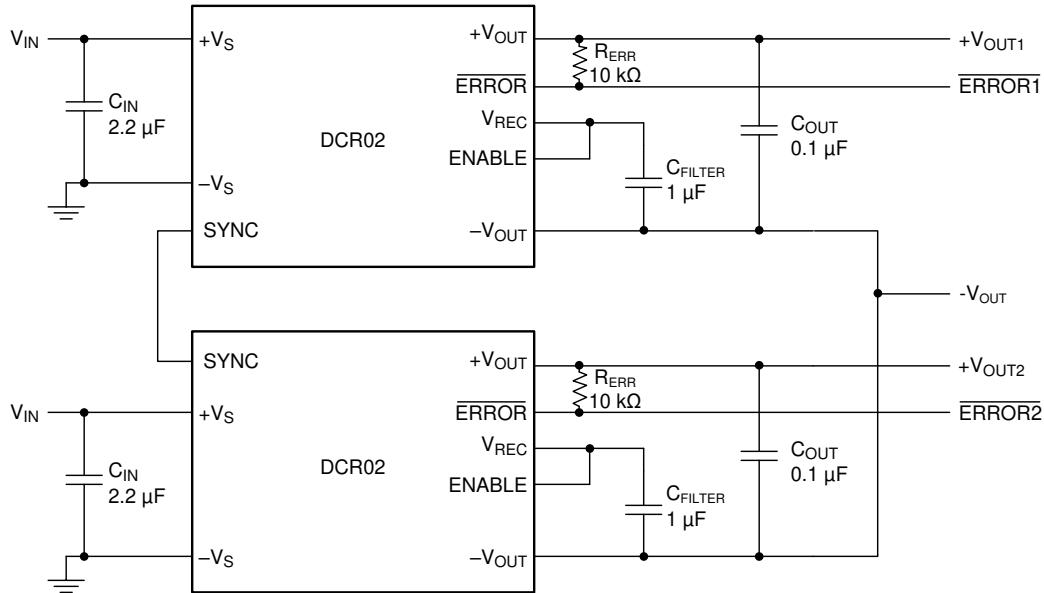


Low-ESR, ceramic capacitors are required for C_{IN} , C_{OUT} , and C_{FILTER} .

图 8-1. DCR02 Single Output Voltage

8.1.2 Generating Two Positive Output Voltages

Two DCR02s can be used to create two +5-V output voltages, as shown in [图 8-2](#). The two DCR02s are connected in self-synchronization, thus locking the oscillators of both devices to a single frequency. The **ERROR** and **ENABLE** facilities can be used in a similar configuration for a single DCR02. The filter capacitors connected to the V_{REC} pins (C_{FILTER}) must be kept separate from each other and connected in close proximity to the respective DCR02. If similar output voltages are being used, TI does not recommend that a single filter capacitor (with an increased capacitance) be used with both V_{REC} pins connected together, because this could result in the overloading of one of the devices.



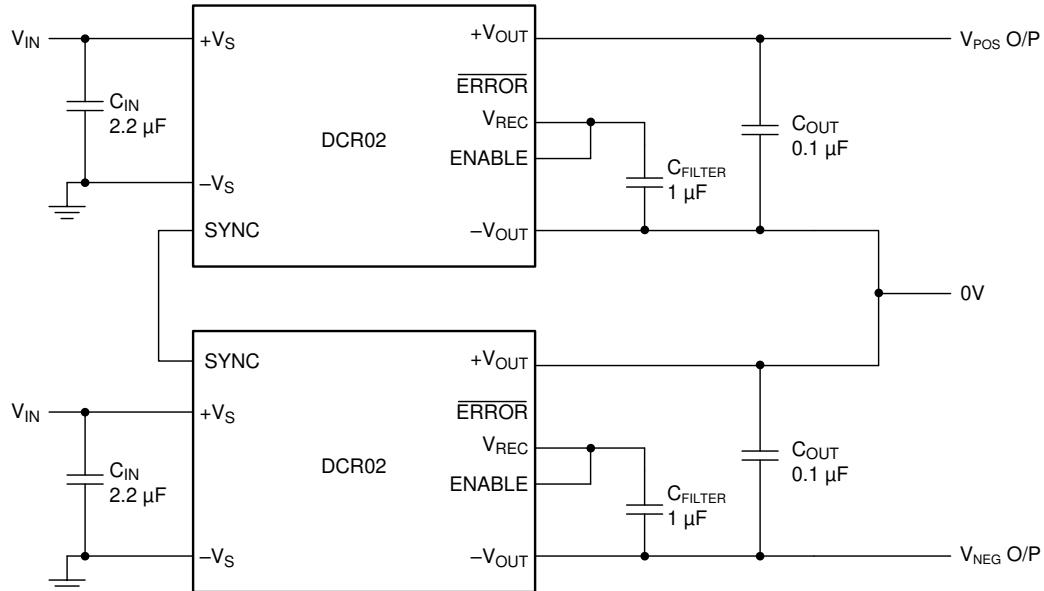
Low-ESR, ceramic capacitors are required for C_{IN} , C_{OUT} , and C_{FILTER} .

图 8-2. Generating Two Positive Voltages from Self-Synchronized DCR02s

8.1.3 Generation of Dual Polarity Voltages from Two Self-Synchronized DCR02s

Two DCR02s can be configured to produce a dual polarity supply (that is, ± 5 V); the circuit must be connected as shown in [图 8-3](#).

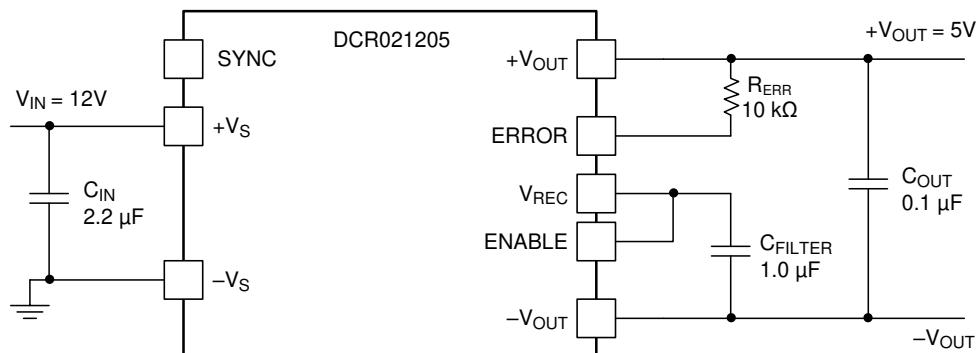
It must be observed that both DCR02s are positive voltage regulators; therefore the \overline{ERROR} , $ENABLE$, and V_{REC} pins are relative to their respective devices, 0 V, and must not be connected together.



Low-ESR, ceramic capacitors are required for C_{IN} , C_{OUT} , and C_{FILTER} .

图 8-3. Dual Polarity Voltage Generation from Two Self-Synchronized DCR02s

8.2 Typical Application



Low-ESR, ceramic capacitors are required for C_{IN} , C_{OUT} , and C_{FILTER} .

图 8-4. DCR02 Typical Schematic

8.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in 表 8-1 and follow the design procedure.

表 8-1. Design Example Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETER	VALUE
Input voltage, V_{IN}	12 V typical
Output voltage, V_{OUT}	5 V regulated
Output current rating	400 mA
Isolation	1000-V operational

8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

8.2.2.1 Input Capacitor

For this design, a 2.2- μ F, ceramic capacitor is required for the input decoupling capacitor.

8.2.2.2 Output Capacitor

For this design, a 0.1- μ F, ceramic capacitor is required for between $+V_{OUT}$ and $-V_{OUT}$.

8.2.2.3 Filter Capacitor

A high-quality, low-ESR, 1- μ F, ceramic capacitor placed close to the V_{REC} pin and output ground is required to reduce output voltage ripple.

8.2.2.4 ERROR Flag

Place a 10-k Ω resistor between the \overline{ERROR} pin and the output voltage to provide a *power good* signal when the internal regulator is in regulation.

8.2.3 Application Curves

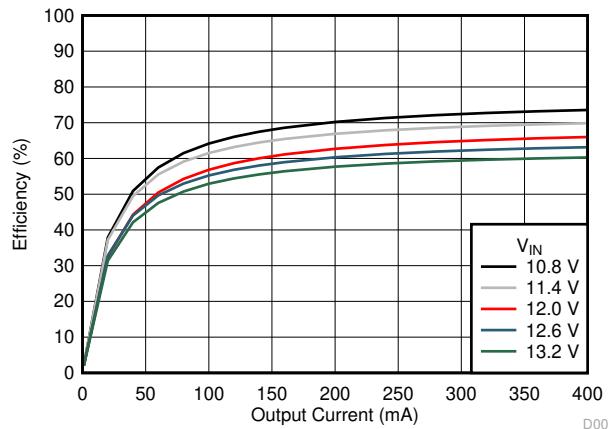


图 8-5. DCR021205 Efficiency versus Output Current

9 Power Supply Recommendations

The DCR02 is a switching power supply, and as such can place high peak current demands on the input supply. To avoid the supply falling momentarily during the fast switching pulses, ground and power planes must be used to connect the power to the input of DCR02. If this connection is not possible, then the supplies must be connected in a star formation with the traces made as wide as possible.

10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

Carefully consider the layout of the PCB in order for the best results to be obtained.

Input and output power and ground planes provide a low-impedance path for the input and output power. For the output, the positive and negative voltage outputs conduct through wide traces to minimize losses.

A good-quality, low-ESR, ceramic capacitor placed as close as practical across the input reduces reflected ripple and ensure a smooth start-up.

A good-quality, low-ESR, ceramic capacitor placed as close as practical across the rectifier output terminal and output ground gives the best ripple and noise performance.

The location of the decoupling capacitors in close proximity to their respective pins ensures low losses due to the effects of stray inductance, thus improving the ripple performance. This location is of particular importance to the input decoupling capacitor, because this capacitor supplies the transient current associated with the fast switching waveforms of the power drive circuits.

If the SYNC pin is being used, the tracking between device SYNC pins must be short to avoid stray capacitance. Never connect a capacitor to the SYNC pin. If the SYNC pin is not being used it is advisable to place a guard ring (connected to input ground) around this pin to avoid any noise pickup. Ensure that no other trace is in close proximity to this trace SYNC trace to decrease the stray capacitance on this pin. The stray capacitance affects the performance of the oscillator.

图 10-1 和 图 10-2 show a typical layout for the SOP package DCR02 device. The layout shows proper placement of capacitors and power planes. 图 10-3 shows a schematic for a single DCR02, SOP package device.

10.2 Layout Examples

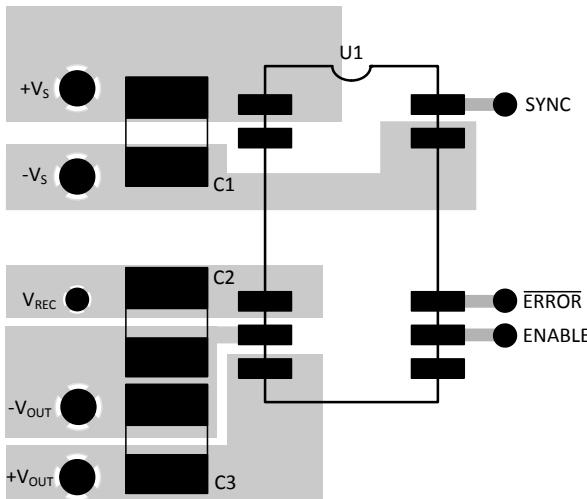


图 10-1. PCB Layout Example, Component-Side View

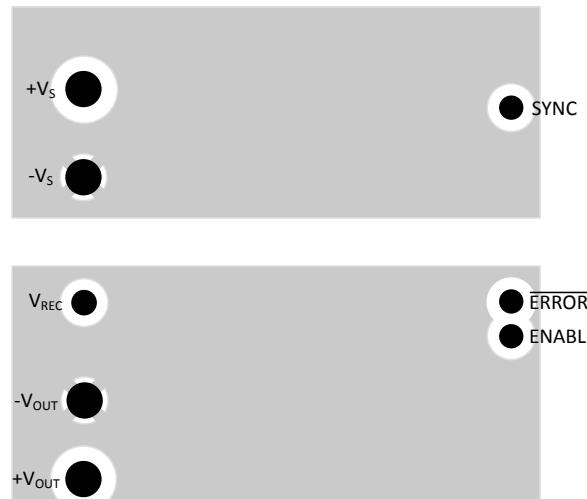


图 10-2. PCB Layout Example, Non-Component-Side View

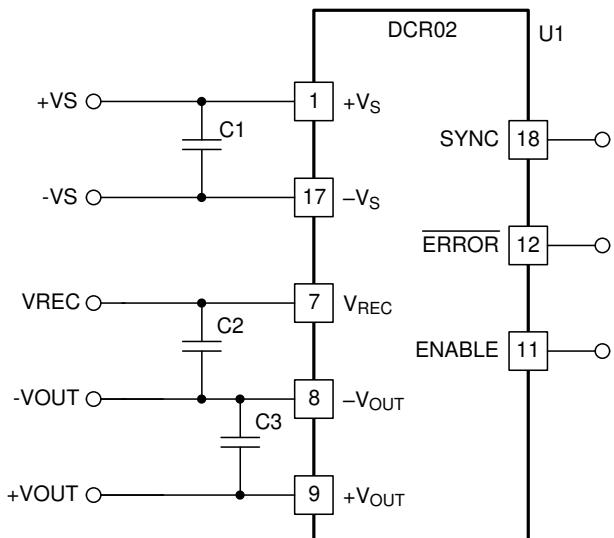


图 10-3. DCR02 PCB Schematic, U Package

10.3 Thermal Consideration

Due to the high power density of this device, it is advisable to provide a ground plane on the output. The output regulator is mounted on a copper leadframe, and a ground plane serves as an efficient heatsink.

11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Documentation Support

11.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

Texas Instruments, [External Synchronization of the DCP01/02 Series of DC/DC Converters](#) (SBAA035)

11.2 接收文档更新通知

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 This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

11.6 术语表

[TI 术语表](#) 本术语表列出并解释了术语、首字母缩略词和定义。

12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
DCR021205P	Active	Production	PDIP (NVE) 10	20 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	N/A for Pkg Type	-40 to 70	DCR021205P
DCR021205P-U	Active	Production	SOP (DVS) 10	20 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 70	DCR021205P-U
DCR021205P-U.B	Active	Production	SOP (DVS) 10	20 TUBE	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 70	
DCR021205P.B	Active	Production	PDIP (NVE) 10	20 TUBE	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 70	
DCR022405P	Active	Production	PDIP (NVE) 10	20 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	N/A for Pkg Type	-40 to 70	DCR022405P
DCR022405P-U	Active	Production	SOP (DVS) 10	20 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 70	DCR022405P-U
DCR022405P-U.B	Active	Production	SOP (DVS) 10	20 TUBE	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 70	
DCR022405P-U/700	Active	Production	SOP (DVS) 10	700 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	0 to 0	DCR022405P-U
DCR022405P-U/700.B	Active	Production	SOP (DVS) 10	700 LARGE T&R	-	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 0	
DCR022405P.B	Active	Production	PDIP (NVE) 10	20 TUBE	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 70	

⁽¹⁾ **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

⁽²⁾ **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

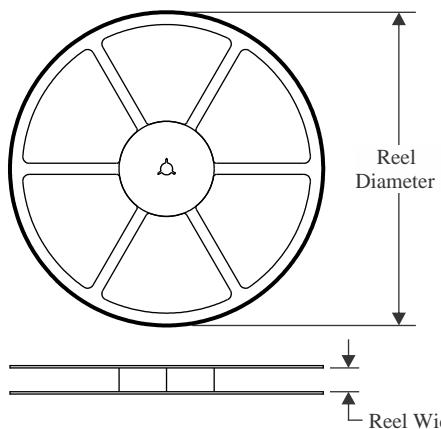
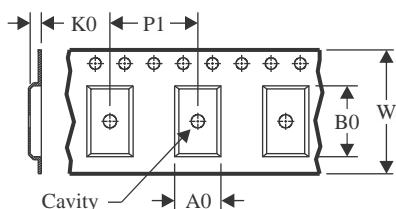
⁽⁶⁾ **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

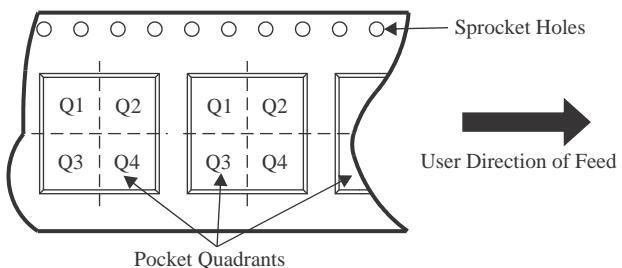
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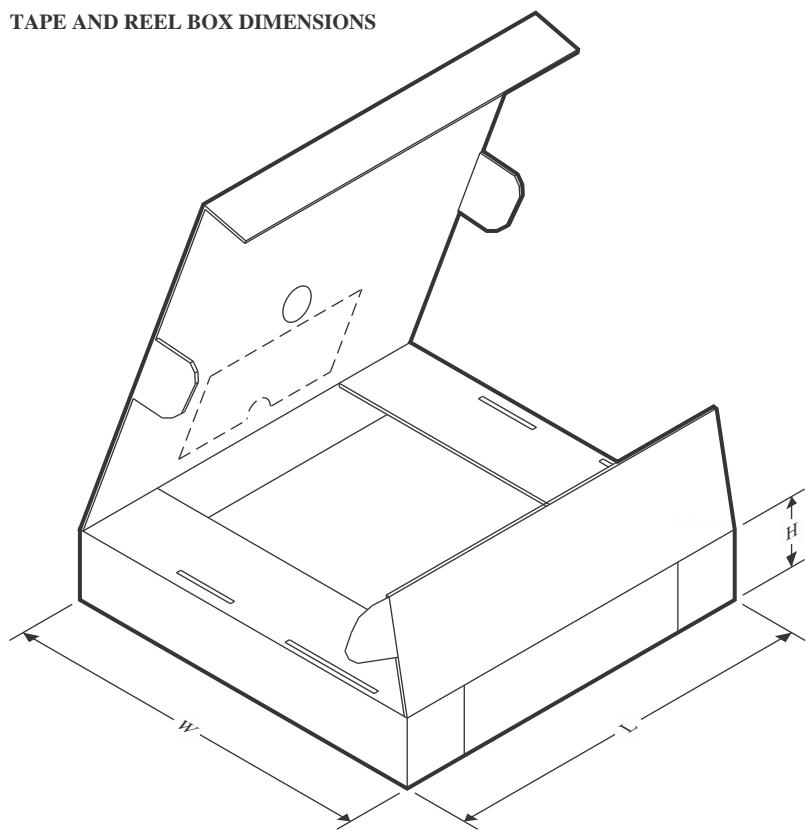
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION
REEL DIMENSIONS

TAPE DIMENSIONS


A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE


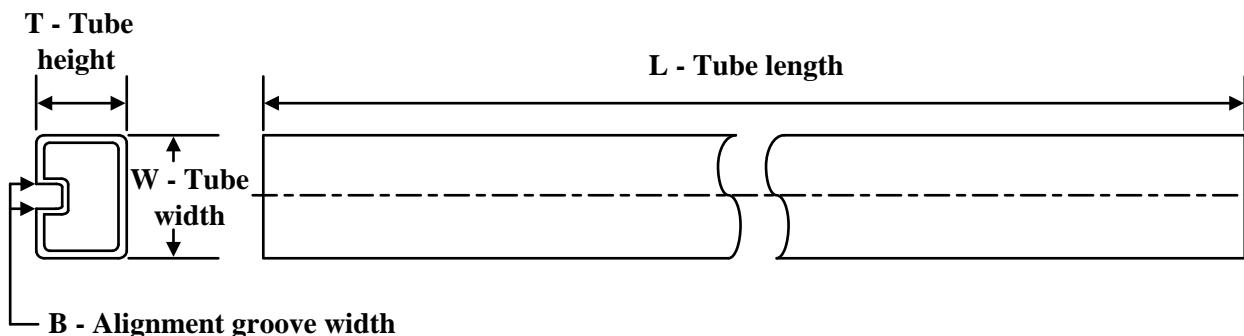
*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
DCR022405P-U/700	SOP	DVS	10	700	330.0	44.4	10.85	23.5	5.25	16.0	44.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
DCR022405P-U/700	SOP	DVS	10	700	346.0	346.0	61.0

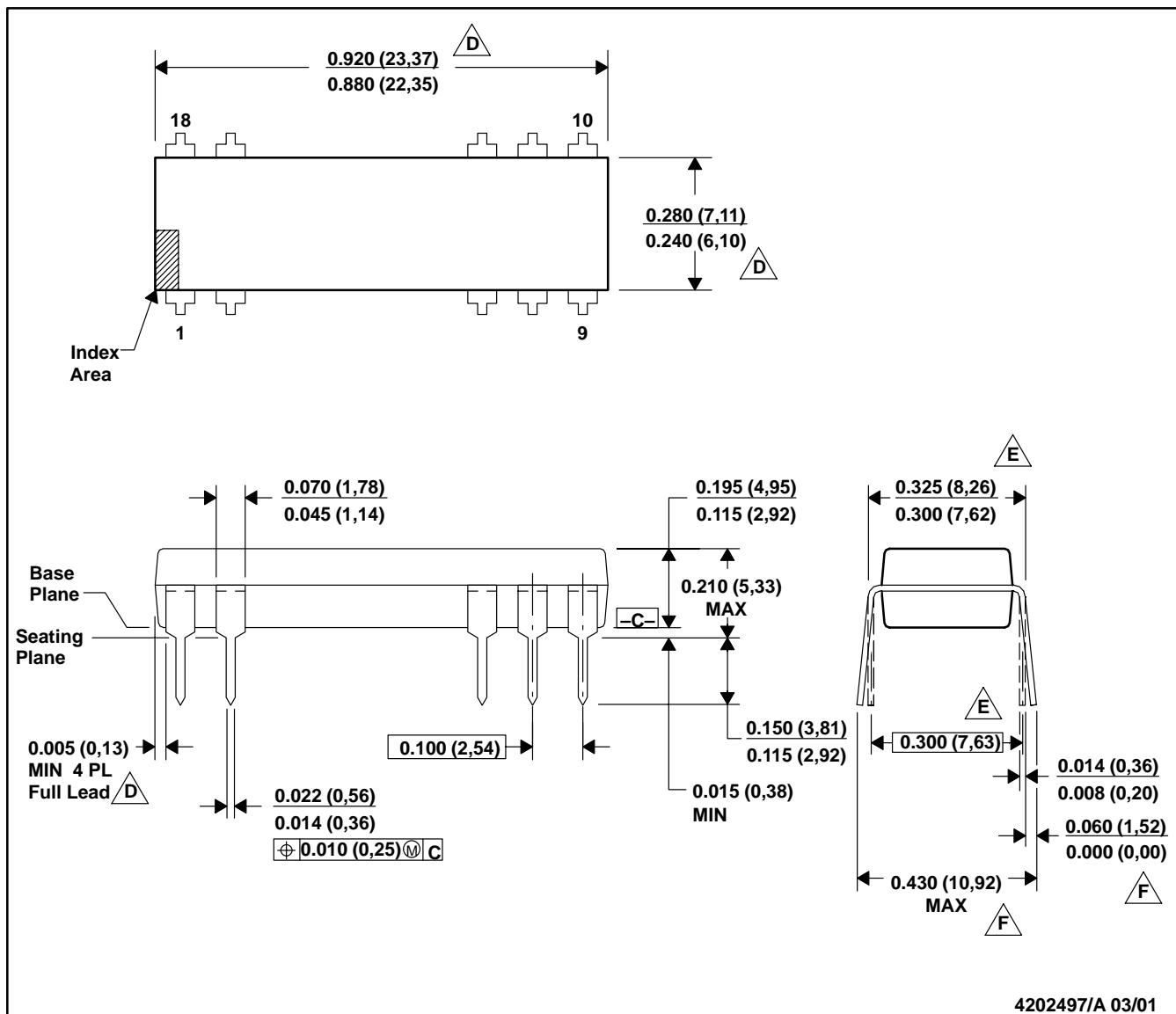
TUBE


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (μ m)	B (mm)
DCR021205P	NVE	PDIP	10	20	533.4	14.33	13.03	8.07
DCR021205P-U	DVS	SOP	10	20	532.13	13.51	7.36	6.91
DCR022405P	NVE	PDIP	10	20	533.4	14.33	13.03	8.07
DCR022405P-U	DVS	SOP	10	20	532.13	13.51	7.36	6.91

NVE (R-PDIP-T10/18)

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

- C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001-AC with the exception of lead count.

D. Dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 (0.254 mm).

E. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 (0.25). Dimensions measured with the leads constrained to be perpendicular to Datum C.

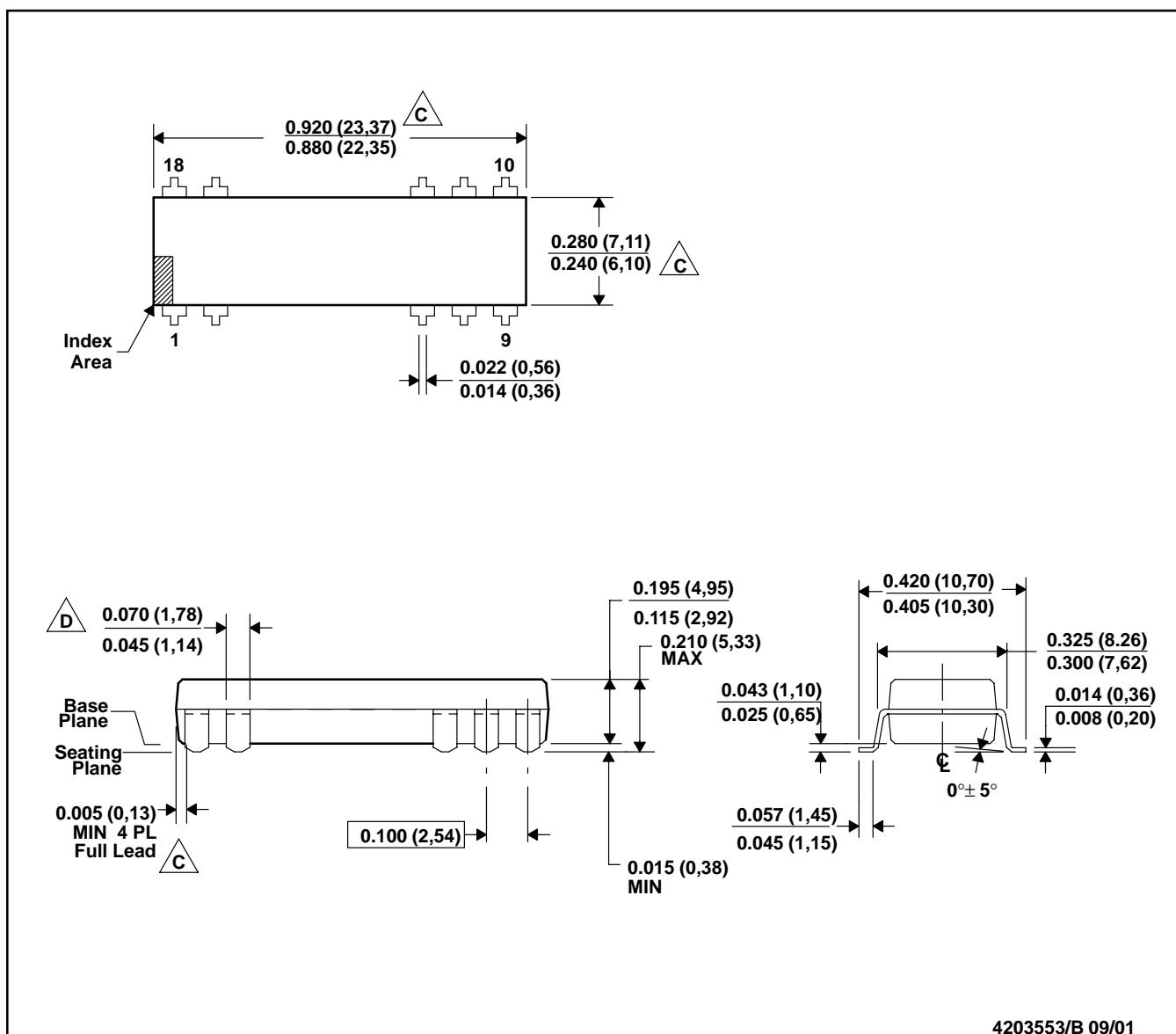
 F. Dimensions are measured at the lead tips with the leads unconstrained.

G. A visual index feature must be located within the **cross-hatched area**.

cross-hatched area.

DVS (R-PDSO-G10/18)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



4203553/B 09/01

NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C Dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions.

D Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 (0.25).

D Maximum dimension does not include dambar protrusions. Dambar protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 (0.25).

E. Distance between leads including dambar protrusions to be 0.005 (0.13) minimum.

F. A visual index feature must be located within the cross-hatched area.

G. For automatic insertion, any raised irregularity on the top surface (step, mesa, etc.) shall be symmetrical about the lateral and longitudinal package centerlines.

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