









CDCI6214 ZHCSGV7F - JULY 2017 - REVISED JANUARY 2024

CDCI6214 超低功耗时钟发生器(具有 PCIe 支持、四路可编程输出和 **EEPROM**)

1 特性

- 一个可配置的高性能低功耗 PLL, 具有 4 路可编程
- RMS 抖动性能
 - 支持不带 SSC 的第 1/2/3/4 代 PCIe
- 典型功耗: 1.8V 时为 150mW⁽²⁾
- 通用时钟输入
 - 差分交流耦合或 LVCMOS: 1MHz 至 250MHz
 - 晶振:8MHz 至 50MHz
- 灵活输出频率
 - 44.1kHz 至 350MHz
 - 无毛刺输出分频器切换
- 四路可独立配置的输出
 - LVCMOS、LVDS 或 HCSL 输出
 - 具有可编程摆幅的差分交流耦合输出(与 LVDS、CML-、LVPECL 兼容)
- 完全集成的 PLL,可配置的环路带宽:100kHz 至 3MHz
- 通过单电源或混合电源供电进行电平转换: 1.8V、 2.5V 和 3.3V
- 可配置 GPIO
 - 状态信号
 - 最多 4 个独立输出使能端子
 - 输出分频器同步
- 灵活的配置选项
 - 兼容 I²C 的接口: 频率高达 400kHz
 - 具有两个页面和外部选择引脚的集成 EEPROM
- 仅支持 100 Ω 系统
- 工业温度范围: -40°C 至 85°C
- 小尺寸: 24 引脚 VQFN (4mm × 4mm)

2 应用

- PCIe 第 1/2/3/4 代时钟
- 1G/10G 以太网交换机、NIC、加速器
- 测试和测量、手持设备
- 多功能打印机
- 广播基础设施

3 说明

CDCI6214 器件是一款超低功耗时钟发生器。此器件在 锁相环的两个独立基准输入之间进行选择,并在可配置 的差分输出通道上产生多达四个不同的频率,还在 LVCMOS 输出通道上生成参考时钟。

四个输出通道中的每个通道都有一个可配置的整数分频 器。通过与输出多路复用器结合,这样可产生五种不同 的频率。时钟分配分频器通过确定性方式进行复位,以 便实现干净的时钟门控以及无毛刺更新功能。可通过灵 活的断电选项优化器件以便在工作和待机模式中实现最 低功耗。通常,四路 156.25MHz LVDS 输出在 1.8V 时的功耗为 150mW。100MHz HCSL 输出的典型 RMS 抖动为 386fs,可提高 PCIe 应用的系统裕度。

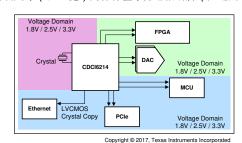
CDCI6214 由内部寄存器进行配置。可通过与 I²C 兼容 的串行接口和内部 EEPROM 访问这些寄存器。

CDCI6214 采用小型封装并具有超低功耗,可根据单个 基准实现高性能时钟树。CDCI6214 具有工厂和用户可 编程的 EEPROM,该时钟特性方便易用,可瞬时启 动,并能实现低功耗。

封装信息

器件型号	封装 ⁽¹⁾	封装尺寸 ⁽³⁾
CDCI6214	RGE (VQFN , 24)	4.00mm x 4.00mm

- (1) 有关所有可选封装,请参阅节13。
- 四路 LVDS 输出, 156.25MHz(含晶振参考)。 (2)
- 封装尺寸(长×宽)为标称值,并包括引脚(如适用)。



CDCI6214 应用示例



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4 Device Comparison

表 4-1. Device Comparison

IDENTIFIER	REFERENCE INPUTS	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	CHANNEL DIVIDER	CLOCK OUTPUTS	GENERAL- PURPOSE PINS	OUTPUT POWER SUPPLY PINS
CDCI6214	2	CDCI6214RGER	Integer	4 + 1	4	2
CDCI6214-Q1	2	CDCl6214TRGERQ1	Integer	4 + 1	4	2
CDCI6212	2	CDCI6212RGER	Integer	2 + 1	2	2

5 Pin Configuration and Functions

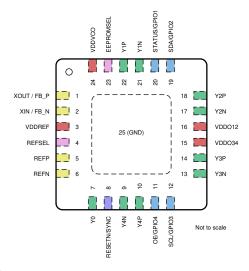


图 5-1. RGE Package 24-Pin VQFN Top View

表 5-1. Pin Functions

PIN			
NAME	NO.	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
XOUT/FB_P	1	Ю	Crystal Driver Output / LVCMOS Input / Differential Positive Reference
XIN/FB_N	2	ı	Crystal Input / Differential Negative Reference
VDDREF	3	Р	Power Supply Pin for Input Path, Digital and EEPROM
REFSEL	4	I	Manual Reference Selection MUX for PLL, R_{PU} = 50 k Ω , R_{PD} = 50 k Ω
REFP	5	I	Differential Positive Reference
REFN	6	I	Differential Negative Reference
Y0	7	0	Output 0 Pin
RESETN/SYNC	8	I	Chip Reset. Alternatively, Output Divider Sync, R _{PU} = 50 k Ω (1)
Y4N	9	0	Output 4 Negative Pin
Y4P	10	0	Output 4 Positive Pin
OE/GPIO4	11	Ю	Global output enable (default) or programmable GPIO, R_{PU} = 50 k $\Omega^{(1)}$
SCL/GPIO3	12	Ю	Serial interface clock (default) or programmable GPIO
Y3N	13	0	Output 3 Negative Pin
Y3P	14	0	Output 3 Positive Pin
VDDO34	15	Р	Power Supply for Outputs 3 and 4
VDDO12	16	Р	Power Supply for Outputs 1 and 2
Y2N	17	0	Output 2 Negative Pin
Y2P	18	0	Output 2 Positive Pin

Product Folder Links: CDCI6214



表 5-1. Pin Functions (续)

PIN		TYPE	DESCRIPTION	
NAME	NO.	1176	DESCRIFTION	
SDA/GPIO2	19	Ю	Serial interface data (default) or programmable GPIO	
STATUS/GPIO1	20	Ю	Status (default) or programmable GPIO, R_{PU} = 50 k Ω ⁽¹⁾	
Y1N	21	0	Output 1 Negative Pin	
Y1P	22	0	Output 1 Positive Pin	
EEPROMSEL	23	I	EEPROM Page Mode Select, R_{PU} = 50 k Ω , R_{PD} = 50 k $\Omega^{(1)}$	
VDDVCO	24	Р	Power Supply Pin for VCO / PLL	
GND	25	G	Ground, Thermal Pad	

(1) R_{PU} is an internal pullup resistor. R_{PD} is an internal pulldown resistor.

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6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
VDDREF, VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34	Supply voltage	- 0.3	3.65	V
XIN/FB_P, XOUT/FB_N, REFP, REFN	Input voltage	- 0.3	VDDREF + 0.3	V
STATUS/GPIO1, SDA/GPIO2, SCL/GPIO3, OE/GPIO4, REFSEL, EEPROMSEL, RESETN/SYNC	Input voltage	- 0.3	VDDREF + 0.3	V
Y0, Y1P, Y1N, Y2P, Y2N, Y3P, Y3N, Y4P, Y4N	Output voltage	- 0.3	VDDO_x + 0.3	V
STATUS/GPIO1, SDA/GPIO2, SCL/GPIO3, OE/GPIO4	Output voltage	- 0.3	VDDREF + 0.3	V
T _J	Junction temperature		125	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature		150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	2000	
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	500	V

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM MAX	UNIT
VDDREF, VDDVCO	Core supply voltage ⁽¹⁾	1.71	3.465	V
VDDO1	Output supply voltage	1.71	3.465	V
VDDO2	Output supply voltage	1.71	3.465	V
VDDO3	Output supply voltage	1.71	3.465	V
VDDO4	Output supply voltage	1.71	3.465	V
T _A	Ambient temperature	- 40°C	85	°C

⁽¹⁾ VDDREF and VDDVCO must be powered from the same supply voltage.

6.4 Thermal Information

	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		UNIT
	I HERMAL METRIC	24 PINS	UNII
R ₀ JA	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	39.5	°C/W
R _{θ JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	29.5	°C/W
R ₀ JB	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	16.9	°C/W
R ₀ JC(bot)	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	2.6	°C/W
ΨJT	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.4	°C/W

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THERMAL METRIC(1)	RGE (VQFN)	UNIT
THERWAL WETRIC	24 PINS	ONII
ψ _{JB} Junction-to-board characterization parameter	16.8	°C/W

⁽¹⁾ For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

6.5 EEPROM Characteristics

VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8 V \pm 5%, 2.5 V \pm 5%, 3.3 V \pm 5% and T_A = -40°C to 85°C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
n _{EEcyc}	EEPROM programming cycles	each word	10	10,000	cycles
t _{EEret}	EEPROM data retention		10		years

6.6 Reference Input, Single-Ended and Differential Mode Characteristics (REFP, REFN, FB_P, FB_N)

VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8 V \pm 5%, 2.5 V \pm 5%, 3.3 V \pm 5% and T_A = -40°C to 85°C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
f _{IN_Ref}	Reference frequency		1	250	MHz
V _{IH}	Input high voltage	LVCMOS input buffer	0.8 × VDDREF		V
V _{IL}	Input low voltage	LVCMOS input buffer		0.2 × VDDREF	V
V _{IN_DIFF}	Differential input voltage swing, peak-to-peak	VDDREF = 2.5 V or 3.3 V, AC-coupled differential input buffer	0.5	1.6	V
V _{IN_DIFF}	Differential input voltage swing, peak-to-peak	VDDREF = 1.8 V, AC-coupled differential input buffer	0.5	1.0	V
dV _{IN} /dT	Input slew rate	20% - 80%	3		V/ns
IDC	Input duty cycle		40%	60%	
C _{IN_XOUT/FB_P}	Input capacitance	No xtal active, on-chip load disabled, at 25°C		7	pF
C _{IN_XIN/FB_P}	Input capacitance	No xtal active, on-chip load disabled, at 25°C		5	pF
C _{IN_REF}	Input capacitance	at 25°C		5	pF

6.7 Reference Input, Crystal Mode Characteristics (XIN, XOUT)

VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8 V \pm 5%, 2.5 V \pm 5%, 3.3 V \pm 5% and T_A = -40°C to 85°C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f _{IN_Xtal}	Crystal frequency	Fundamental mode	8		50	MHz
Z _{ESR}	Crystal equivalent series resistance	A supported crystal is within	30		100	Ω
CL	Crystal load capacitance	Using on-chip load capacitance. A supported crystal is within.	5		8	pF
P _{XTAL}	Crystal tolerated drive power	A supported crystal tolerates up to	100	·		uW
C _{XIN_LOAD}	On-Chip load capacitance	Programmable in typical 200- fF steps at room temp	3		9.1	pF
DNL _{XIN_LOAD}	Differential non-linearity	at room temp		200		fF

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6.8 General-Purpose Input and Output Characteristics (GPIO[4:1], SYNC/RESETN)

VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8 V \pm 5%, 2.5 V \pm 5%, 3.3 V \pm 5% and T_A = -40°C to 85°C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{IH}	Input high voltage		0.8 × VDDREF			V
V_{IL}	Input low voltage				0.2 × VDDREF	V
I _{IH}	Input high level current	VIH = VDDREF		- 0.02		μА
I _{IH}	Input high level current	VIH = VDDREF, Pin 12, 19		0.004		μА
I _{IL}	Input low level current	VIL = GND		- 50		μА
I _{IL}	Input low level current	VIL = GND, Pin 12, 19		- 0.004		μА
dV _{IN} /dT	Input slew rate	20% - 80%	0.5			V/ns
C _{IN_GPIO}	Input Capacitance				10	pF
V _{OH}	Output high voltage	only capacitive load	0.8 × VDDREF			V
V _{OL}	Output low voltage	only capacitive load			0.2 × VDDREF	V
dV _{OUT} /dT	Output slew rate	20% - 80%, at 10pF		0.3		V/ns
R _{PU}	Pullup resistance	Pin 11, 20		77		kΩ

6.9 Triple Level Input Characteristics (EEPROMSEL, REFSEL)

VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8V \pm 5%, 2.5V \pm 5%, 3.3V \pm 5% and T_A = -40°C to 85°C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{IH}	Input high voltage		0.8 × VDDREF			V
V _{IM}	Input mid voltage		0.41 × VDDREF	0.5 × VDDREF	0.58 × VDDREF	V
V _{IL}	Input low voltage				0.2 × VDDREF	V
I _{IH}	Input high level current	VIH = VDDREF		40		μ А
I _{IM}	Input mid level current	VIH = VDDREF/2		- 1		μА
I _{IL}	Input low level current	VIL = GND		- 40		μА
t _{RIN}	input slew rate	10% - 90%	50			ns
C _{IN_TRI}					10	pF
R _{PDPU}				64		kΩ

6.10 Reference Mux Characteristics

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VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8 V \pm 5%, 2.5 V \pm 5%, 3.3 V \pm 5% and T_A = -40°C to 85°C

	PARAMETER (1)	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
L _{REF_MUX}	Reference mux isolation	XIN = Crystal 25 MHz, REF = 27 MHz		89		dBc
L _{REF_MUX}	Reference mux isolation	XIN = Crystal 25 MHz, REF = 24.576 MHz		78		dBc

⁽¹⁾ Mux isolation is defined as the attenuation relative to the carrier base harmonic as a positive dBc number.



6.11 Phase-Locked Loop Characteristics

VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8 V \pm 5%, 2.5 V \pm 5%, 3.3 V \pm 5% and T_A = -40°C to 85°C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f _{PFD}	Phase detector frequency		1		100	MHz
f _{VCO}	Voltage-controlled oscillator frequency		2400		2800	MHz
f _{BW}	Configurable closed-loop PLL bandwidth	REF = 25 MHz	100		3000	kHz
f _{CLKDIST}	Clock distribution frequency		400		700	MHz
K _{VCO}	Voltage-controlled oscillator gain	f _{VCO} = 2.4 GHz		62		MHz/V
K _{VCO}	Voltage-controlled oscillator gain	f _{VCO} = 2.5 GHz		62		MHz/V
K _{VCO}	Voltage-controlled oscillator gain	f _{VCO} = 2.8 GHz		92		MHz/V
∆T _{CL}	Allowable temperature drift for continuous lock	dT/dt ≤ 20 K / min			125	°C

6.12 Closed-Loop Output Jitter Characteristics

VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8 V \pm 5%, 2.5 V \pm 5%, 3.3 V \pm 5% and T_A = -40°C to 85°C

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
	int. Range from 10 kHz to 20 MHz , XIN = Crystal 25 MHz, Integer Output Divider, Yx = 156.25 MHz LVDS		500	750	fs
t _{RJ_CL} RMS phase jitter	int. Range from 10 kHz to 20 MHz , XIN = Crystal 25 MHz, Integer Output Divider, Yx = 100 MHz HCSL		386	800	fs
	PCIe Gen 3/4 Common Clock transfer functions applied, XIN = Crystal 25 MHz, Integer Output Divider, Yx = 100 MHz HCSL			500	fs

6.13 Output Mux Characteristics

VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8 V $\pm 5\%$, 2.5 V $\pm 5\%$, 3.3 V $\pm 5\%$ and T_A = -40° C to 85° C

	PARAMETER (1)	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
L _{OUT_MUX}	Output mux isolation	REF = 27 MHz, XIN = 25 MHz, VCO = 2500 MHz, PSFB = 4, Y_ODD = 312.5 MHz, Y_EVEN = 208.3 MHz, LVPECL		65		dBc
L _{OUT_MUX}	Output mux isolation	REF = 27 MHz, XIN = 25 MHz, VCO = 2500 MHz, PSFB = 4, Y_ODD = 312.5 MHz, Y_EVEN = 250 MHz, LVPECL		63		dBc
L _{OUT_MUX}	Output mux isolation	REF = 27 MHz, XIN = 25 MHz, VCO = 2500 MHz, PSFB = 4, Y_ODD = 312.5 MHz, Y_EVEN = 89.3 MHz, LVPECL		72		dBc
L _{OUT_MUX}	Output mux isolation	REF = 27 MHz, XIN = 25 MHz, VCO = 2500 MHz, PSFB = 4, IODs = 312.5 MHz, Yx=BYPASS (XIN), LVPECL		64		dBc
L _{OUT_MUX}	Output mux isolation	REF = 27 MHz, XIN = 25 MHz, VCO = 2500 MHz, PSFB = 4, Y_ODD = 100 MHz, Y_EVEN = 266.6 MHz, LVPECL		57		dBc

Mux isolation is defined as the attenuation relative to the carrier base harmonic as a positive dBc number.

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6.14 LVCMOS Output Characteristics

VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8 V \pm 5%, 2.5 V \pm 5%, 3.3 V \pm 5% and T_A = -40°C to 85°C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
f _{O_LVCMOS}	Output frequency	VDDO_x = 2.5 V or 3.3 V, normal drive	0.1	350	MHz
f _{O_LVCMOS}	Output frequency	VDDO_x = 1.8 V, normal drive	0.1	250	MHz
V _{OH_LVCMO}	Output high voltage	Normal mode, only capacitive load	0.8 × VDDREF		V
V _{OL_LVCMO}	Output low voltage	Normal mode, only capacitive load		0.2 × VDDREF	V
V _{OH_LVCMO}	Output high voltage	Slow mode, only capacitive load	0.7 × VDDREF		V
V _{OL_LVCMO}	Output low voltage	Slow mode, only capacitive load		0.3 × VDDREF	V
R _{ON_LVCMO} s	Output impedance	Normal mode		28	Ω
R _{ON_LVCMO}	Output impedance	Weak mode		80	Ω
L _{LVCMOS_10} om	Phase noise floor, single side band	f _{CARRIER} = 100 MHz, f _{OFFSET} = 10 MHz		- 148	dBc/Hz

6.15 HCSL Output Characteristics

VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8 V \pm 5%, 2.5 V \pm 5%, 3.3 V \pm 5% and T_A = -40°C to 85°C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
fo_HCSL	Output frequency		0.1		350	MHz
V _{CM_HCSL}	Output common mode		0.2	0.34	0.55	V
V _{OD}	Differential output voltage	f _{O_HCSL} = 100 MHz	0.4		1.0	V
V _{SS}	Differential output voltage, peak to peak	f _{O_HCSL} = 100 MHz	0.8		2.0	Vpp
V _{CROSS}	Absolute crossing point	R_p = 49.9 Ω ±5%, f_{O_HCSL} = 100 MHz	250		550	mV
∆ V _{CROSS}	Relative crossing point variation	w.r.t to average crossing point, f _{O_HCSL} = 100 MHz		100		mV
dV/dt	Slew rate for rising and falling edge	Differential, at V _{CROSS} ±150 mV, f _{O_HCSL} = 100 MHz ⁽¹⁾	1		4	V/ns
∆ dV/dt	Slew rate matching	Single-ended, at V _{CROSS} ±75 mV, f _{O_HCSL} = 100 MHz ⁽¹⁾			20%	
ODC	Output duty cycle	Not in PLL bypass mode	45%		55%	
R _P	Parallel termination	$R_p = 49.9 \Omega \pm 5\%$ required	45		55	Ω
L _{HCSL_100M}	Phase noise floor, single side band	f _{CARRIER} = 100 MHz, f _{OFFSET} = 10 MHz		-152		dBc/Hz

⁽¹⁾ PCIe test load slew rate

6.16 LVDS DC-Coupled Output Characteristics

VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8 V \pm 5%, 2.5 V \pm 5%, 3.3 V \pm 5% and T_A = -40°C to 85°C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f _{O_PRG_AC}	Output frequency		0.1		350	MHz
V _{CM}	Output common mode	VDDO_X = 2.5 V, 3.3 V, chx_lvds_cmtrim_inc = 2	1.125	1.2	1.375	V
V _{CM}	Output common mode	VDDO_X = 1.8 V, chx_lvds_cmtrim_inc = 2	0.8	0.9	1	V

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VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8 V \pm 5%, 2.5 V \pm 5%, 3.3 V \pm 5% and T_A = -40°C to 85°C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{OD}	Differential output voltage	LVDS	0.25	0.3	0.45	V
t _{RF}	Output rise/fall times	LVDS (20% to 80%)		675		ps
ODC	Output duty cycle	Not in PLL bypass mode	45%		55%	
L _{LVDS_DC_1}	Phase noise floor, single side band	f _{CARRIER} = 100MHz, f _{OFFSET} = 10MHz		- 152		dBc/Hz

6.17 Programmable Differential AC-Coupled Output Characteristics

VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8 V \pm 5%, 2.5 V \pm 5%, 3.3 V \pm 5% and T_A = -40°C to 85°C and AC-coupled outputs

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f _{O_PRG_AC}	Output frequency		0.1		350	MHz
V _{OD}	Differential output voltage	LVDS-like		0.45		V
V _{OD}	Differential output voltage	CML-like		0.8		V
V _{OD}	Differential output voltage	LVPECL-like		0.9		V
t _{RF}	Output rise/fall times	LVDS-like (20% to 80%)		675		ps
t _{RF}	Output rise/fall times	CML-like (20% to 80%)		520		ps
t _{RF}	Output rise/fall times	LVPECL-like (20% to 80%)		500		ps
ODC	Output duty cycle	Not in PLL bypass mode	45%		55%	
L _{DIFF_AC_10}	Phase noise floor, single side band	f _{CARRIER} = 100 MHz, f _{OFFSET} = 10 MHz		- 152		dBc/Hz

6.18 Output Skew and Delay Characteristics

VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8 V \pm 5%, 2.5 V \pm 5%, 3.3 V \pm 5% and $T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{SK_HCSL}	Skew between HCSL	Y[4:1] = HCSL, f _{OY[4:1]} = 100 MHz		140		ps
t _{SK_DIFFAC}	Skew between progr. differential AC	Y[4:1] = programmable output swing, $f_{OY[4:1]}$ = 100 MHz		150		ps
t _{SK_LVCMOS}	Skew between LVCMOS	Y[4:1] = LVCMOS, f _{OY[4:1]} = 100 MHz		100		ps
t _{SK_LVCMOS} _BYP	Skew between LVCMOS to Bypass	Y[4:0] = LVCMOS, f _{OY[4:0]} = 100 MHz		3		ns
t _{PD_ZDM}	Propagation delay	$\label{eq:REF} \begin{array}{l} \text{REF} = 67 \text{ MHz, VCO} = 2680 \text{ MHz,} \\ \text{PSFB} = 4, \text{PSA}_{Y_\text{ODD}} = 4, \\ \text{PSB}_{Y_\text{EVEN}} = 4, \text{IOD}_{Y_\text{ODD}} = 10, \\ \text{IOD}_{Y_\text{EVEN}} = 10, \text{Y}_{P_\text{ODD}} = \text{Y}_{N_\text{ODD}} = \\ \text{IOD, in ext. ZDM, LVCMOS} \end{array}$	- 600		600	ps

6.19 Output Synchronization Characteristics

VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8 V \pm 5%, 2.5 V \pm 5%, 3.3 V \pm 5% and $T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
t _{SU_SYNC}	Setup time SYNC pulse	With respect to PLL reference rising edge at 100 MHz with R = 1	3			ns	
t _{H_SYNC}	Hold time SYNC pulse	With respect to PLL reference rising edge at 100 MHz with R = 1			3	ns	
t _{PWH_SYNC}	High pulse width for SYNC	With R = 1, at least 2 PFD periods + 24 feedback pre-scaler periods	60			ns	
t _{PWL_SYNC}	Low pulse width for SYNC	With R = 1, at least 1 PFD period	6			ns	
t _{EN}	Individual output enable time ⁽¹⁾	Tri-state to first rising edge, f _{Y[4:1]} < 200 MHz		4		nCK	

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VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8 V \pm 5%, 2.5 V \pm 5%, 3.3 V \pm 5% and T_A = -40°C to 85°C

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{DIS}	Individual output disable time ⁽¹⁾	Last falling edge to tri-state, f _{Y[4:1]} < 200 MHz		4		nCK

(1) Output clock cycles of respective output channel. Global output enable handled by digital logic, additional propagation will be added.

6.20 Timing Characteristics

VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8 V \pm 5%, 2.5 V \pm 5%, 3.3 V \pm 5% and T_A = -40°C to 85°C

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
t _{INIT}	Initialization time ⁽³⁾	Initialization time from POR to device releasing PLL outputs.		5	ms
t _{VDD}	Power supply ramp ⁽¹⁾ (2)	Timing requirement for any VDD pin while RESETN = LOW	50	2000	μs

- (1) RESETN pin should be LOW until VDD reaches 95% of final value. TI recommends adding a pullup resistor of 4.7 k Ω and a capacitance of 0.47 µF to Ground on RESETN pin to meet the POR timing requirement.
- After supply is settled within ±5% of target value, the initial rising edge on RESETN will start internal logic.
- (3) $t_{INIT} = t_{EELOAD} + t_{STAB}$

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6.21 I²C-Compatible Serial Interface Characteristics (SDA/GPIO2, SCL/GPIO3)

VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8 V $\pm 5\%$, 2.5 V $\pm 5\%$, 3.3 V $\pm 5\%$ and T_A = -40° C to 85° C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
V _{IH}	Input voltage, logic high		0.7 × VDDREF		V
V _{IL}	Input voltage, logic low			0.3 × VDDREF	V
V _{HYS}	Input Schmitt trigger hysteresis	VDDREF = 3.3 V, f _{SCL} = 400 kHz	156		mV
V _{HYS}	Input Schmitt trigger hysteresis	VDDREF = 2.5 V, f _{SCL} = 400 kHz	118		mV
V _{HYS}	Input Schmitt trigger hysteresis	VDDREF = 1.8 V, f _{SCL} = 400 kHz	85		mV
I _{IH}	Input leakage current	VDDREF = 0.17 V3.12 V	- 10	10	μА
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	At 3-mA sink current, VDDREF = 3.3 V - 5%		0.4	V
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	At 3-mA sink current, VDDREF = 2.5 V - 5%		0.4	V
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	At 2-mA sink current, VDDREF = 1.8 V - 5%		0.342	V
I _{OL}	Low-level output current	V _{OL} = 0.4 V	3		mA
C _{IN}	Input capacitance			10	pF

6.22 Timing Requirements, I²C-Compatible Serial Interface (SDA/GPIO2, SCL/GPIO3)

VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8 V \pm 5%, 2.5 V \pm 5%, 3.3 V \pm 5% and T_A = -40°C to 85°C

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{PW_G}	Pulse width of suppressed glitches				50	ns
f _{SCL}	SCL clock frequency	Standard		100		kHz
f _{SCL}	SCL clock frequency	Fast-mode		400		kHz
t _{SU_STA}	Setup time start condition	SCL = V _{IH} before SDA = V _{IL}		0.6		μs
t _{H_STA}	Hold time start condition	SCL = V _{IL} after SCL = V _{IL} . After this time, the first clock edge is generated.		0.6		μ \$
t _{SU_SDA}	Setup time data	SDA valid after SCL = V _{IL} , f _{SCL} = 100 kHz	250			ns



VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8 V $\pm 5\%$, 2.5 V $\pm 5\%$, 3.3 V $\pm 5\%$ and T_A = -40° C to 85° C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
t _{SU_SDA}	Setup time data	SDA valid after SCL = V _{IL} , f _{SCL} = 400 kHz	100		ns
t _{H_SDA}	Hold time data	SDA valid before SCL = V _{IH}	0		μS
t _{PWH_SCL}	Pulse width high, SCL	f _{SCL} = 100 kHz	4		μS
t _{PWH_SCL}	Pulse width high, SCL	f _{SCL} = 400 kHz	0.6		μS
t _{PWL_SCL}	Pulse width low, SCL	f _{SCL} = 100 kHz	4.7		μs
t _{PWL_SCL}	Pulse width low, SCL	f _{SCL} = 400 kHz	1.3		μS
t _{OF}	Output fall time	C _{OUT} = 10400 pF		250	ns

6.23 Power Supply Characteristics

VDDVCO, VDDO12, VDDO34, VDDREF = 1.8 V $\pm 5\%$, 2.5 V $\pm 5\%$, 3.3 V $\pm 5\%$ and T_A = -40° C to 85° C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I _{DD_REF}	Reference input current	DBL = on		4		mA
I _{DD_XIN}	Crystal input current	Crystal with P _{max} = 200 µW		2		mA
I _{DD_VCO}	VCO and PLL current	f_{VCO} = 2500 MHz, PSFB = PSA = 4 and PSB = off		13		mA
I _{DD_OUT}	Output channel current	Activated output channel, 1x LVDS 156.25 MHz		10		mA
I _{DD_IOD}	Output integer divider current			2		mA
I _{DD_PDN}	Power-down current	Using reset pin / bits		3		mA
I _{DD_TYP}	Typical current	4x 156.25-MHz LVDS case using crystal input and doubler		83		mA
L _{PSNR}	Power supply noise rejection ⁽¹⁾	Yx = 100 MHz LVDS, on one of VDDx injected sine wave 50 mV at f_{INJ} = 10 kHz,	- 56			dBc
L _{PSNR}	Power supply noise rejection ⁽¹⁾	Yx = 100MHz LVDS, on one of VDDx injected sine wave 50 mV at f _{INJ} = 100 kHz	- 46			dBc
L _{PSNR}	Power supply noise rejection ⁽¹⁾	Yx = 100MHz LVDS, on one of VDDx injected sine wave 50 mV at f _{INJ} = 1 MHz		- 49		dBc
L _{PSNR}	Power supply noise rejection ⁽¹⁾	Yx = 100MHz LVDS, on one of VDDx injected sine wave 50 mV at f _{INJ} = 10 MHz		- 69		dBc
L _{PSNR}	Power supply noise rejection ⁽¹⁾	Yx = 100MHz LVDS, on one of VDDx injected sine wave 50 mV at f _{INJ} = 20 MHz		- 74		dBc
L _{PSNR}	Power supply noise rejection ⁽¹⁾	Yx = 100MHz LVDS, on one of VDDx injected sine wave 50 mV at f _{INJ} = 40 MHz		- 73		dBc

⁽¹⁾ dBc with respect to output carrier frequency.

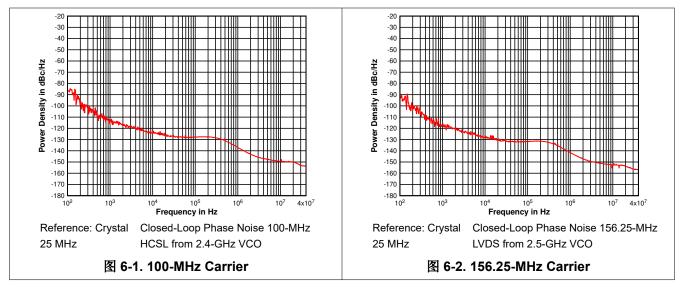
6.24 Typical Characteristics

VDDx = 1.8 V at room temperature

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7 Parameter Measurement Information

7.1 Parameters

7.1.1 Reference Inputs

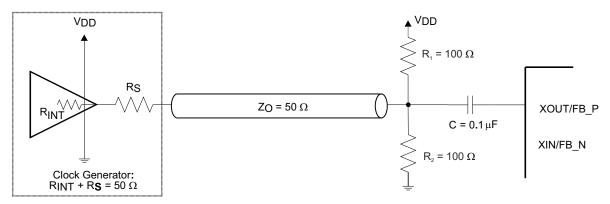
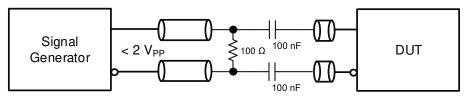


图 7-1. Single-Ended LVCMOS Crystal Input



A. Applied signal has to stay within $V_{\text{IN DIFF}}$ limits.

图 7-2. Differential AC-Coupled Input

7.1.2 Outputs

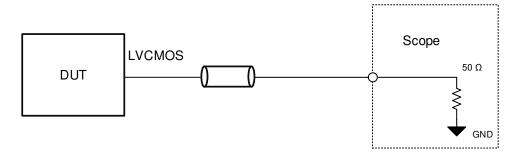


图 7-3. LVCMOS Output

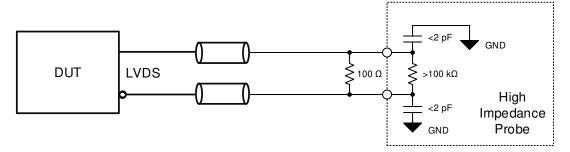


图 7-4. LVDS Output, DC-Coupled

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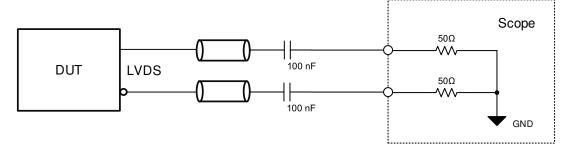


图 7-5. LVDS Output AC-Coupled

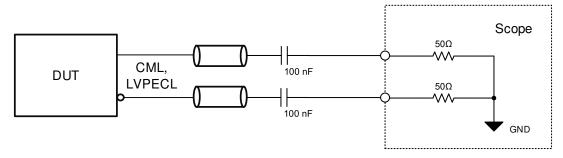


图 7-6. Differential AC-Coupled (CML, LVPECL)

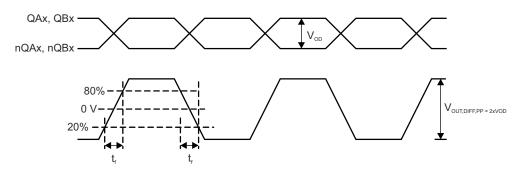
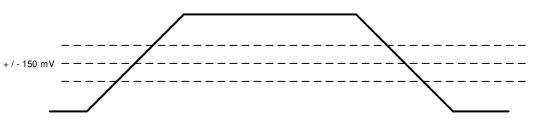


图 7-7. Differential Output Voltage and Rise/Fall Time

Differential Waveform HCSL

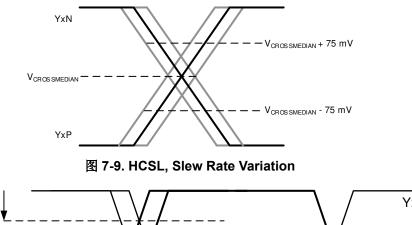


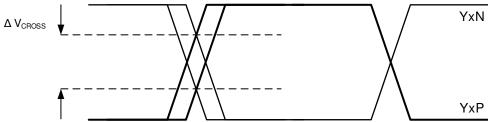
- Differential waveform created using math function in scope subtracting positive from negative output pin waveform: YxP YxN.
- Slew rate measured using absolute ± 150 mV on the differential waveform. This correlates to the cross-point of the single ended positive and negative waveform.

图 7-8. HCSL, Differential Rise and Fall Time

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A. Measurement conducted using the single ended waveforms. Total variation of the crossing point of rising YxP and falling YxN edges.

图 7-10. HCSL, Delta Crossing Voltage

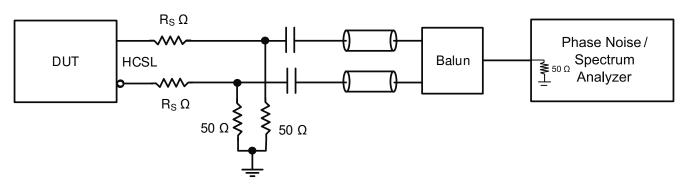
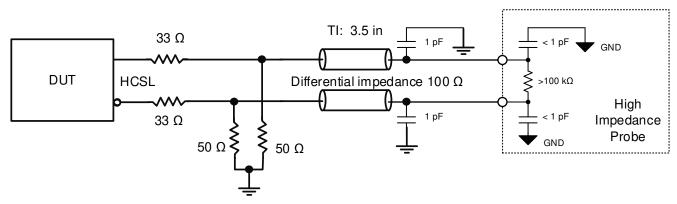


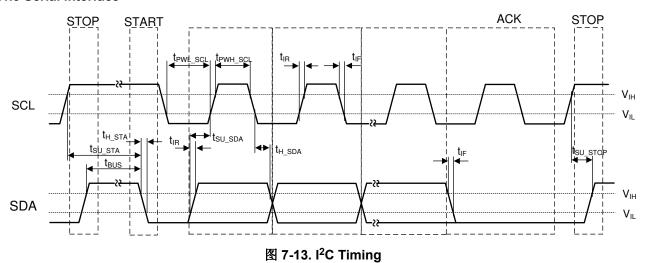
图 7-11. HCSL, Phase Noise Measurement



A. Measured using Tektronix DPO75902SX oscilloscope. Recommended to use an oscilloscope bandwidth setting of 4/8 GHz and vertical setting of 50mV/division. Data processed using Clock Jitter Tool: Ver:1.6.7.2.

图 7-12. HCSL PCIe Test Load Setup

7.1.3 Serial Interface



7.1.4 Power Supply

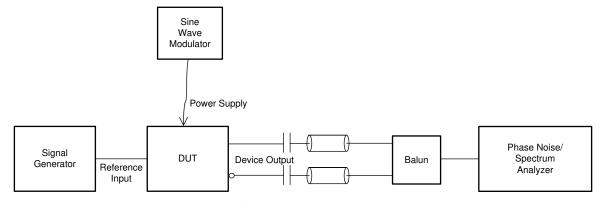


图 7-14. PSNR Setup



8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The CDCl6214 clock generator is a phase-locked loop with integrated loop filter and selectable input reference. The output of the integrated voltage-controlled oscillator (VCO) is connected to a clock distribution network, which includes multiple frequency dividers and feeds four output channels with configurable differential and single-ended output buffers.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram

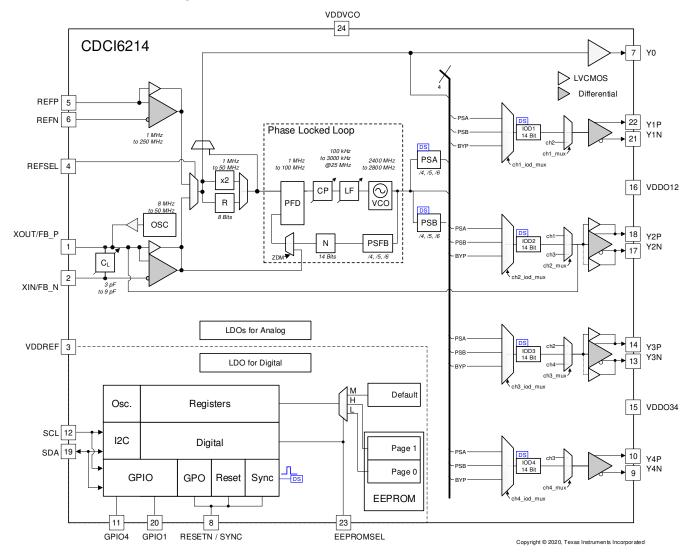


图 8-1. CDCI6214 Clock Generator With Four Outputs

8.3 Feature Description

The following sections describe the individual blocks of the CDCl6214 ultra-low power clock generator.

8.3.1 Reference Block

A reference clock to the PLL is fed to pins 1 (XOUT/FB_P) and 2 (XIN/FB_N) or to pins 5 (REFP) and 6 (REFN). There are multiple input stages available to adapt to many clock references. The bit-field that controls the reference input type selection is xin inbuf ctrl.

The reference mux selects the reference for the PLL and the PLL-bypass path. For debug purposes ip byp mux allows to connect the reference divider or doubler output to the clock distribution.

The buffers for the PLL-bypass path can be individually enabled and disabled using ip byp en ch[4:1] and ip_byp_en_y0.

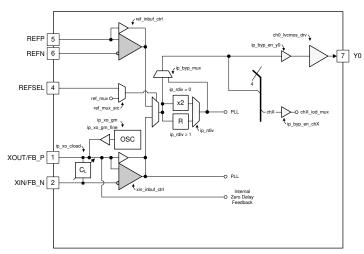


图 8-2. Reference Block

8.3.1.1 Input Stages

8.3.1.1.1 Crystal Oscillator

The XIN and XOUT pins provide a crystal oscillator stage to drive a fundamental mode crystal in the range of 8 MHz to 50 MHz. The crystal input stage integrates a tunable load capacitor array up to 9 pF using ip xo cload. The drive capability of the oscillator is adjusted using ip xo gm.

8.3.1.1.2 LVCMOS

The LVCMOS input buffer threshold voltage follows VDDREF. This helps to use the device as a level shifter as the outputs have separate supplies.

8.3.1.1.3 Differential AC-Coupled

The differential input stage has an internal bias generator and should only be used with AC-coupled reference inputs.

8.3.1.2 Reference Mux

Either XIN or REF can be selected as reference to the PLL and clock distribution path. The reference mux is controlled using the REFSEL pin with ref mux src or the ref mux bit-field with ref mux src.

8.3.1.3 Reference Divider

A reference divider can be used to divide higher input frequencies to the permitted PFD range. It supports division values of 1 to 255 using ip rdiv.

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8.3.1.3.1 Doubler

The reference path contains a doubler circuit. It is used to double the input frequency and can be used to achieve the highest PFD update frequency of 100 MHz using a 50-MHz crystal. The doubler activates using ip_rdiv = 0.

8.3.1.4 Bypass-Mux

The input reference or the input to the PFD can be routed to the bypass path using ip byp mux.

8.3.1.5 Zero Delay, Internal and External Path

In zero delay mode the REF input clock is used as reference clock at the PFD. The FB_P clock (LVCMOS) or FB_P/N clock (differential) can be used to feed an external source as feedback clock to the PFD. The external feedback path is recommended for zero delay operation. Moreover there is an additional internal feedback path which is sourced by output channel 2.

* o il zoro zora, o poradiori													
Operation ⁽¹⁾			Reference			Feedback							
	REFSEL	ref_mux	ref_mux_s rc	ip_rdiv	ref_inbuf_ ctrl	xin_inbuf_ ctrl	zdm_mod e	zdm_clock sel	zdm_auto	pll_psfb	#none# pll_psa	pll_ndiv	ch2_iod_d iv (2)
Normal PLL, XIN Reference	L	х	0	1	х	0	0	х	х	х	х	х	х
Normal PLL, REF Reference	Н	х	0	1	х	х	0	х	х	х	х	х	х
Normal PLL, REF Reference	х	1	1	1	х	х	0	х	х	х	х	х	х
Zero Delay, Internal Feedback	х	1	1	1	А	А	1	0	1	В	В	С	С
Zero Delay, External Feedback	х	1	1	1	Α	А	1	1	1	В	В	С	С

表 8-1. Zero Delay Operation

8.3.2 Phase-Locked Loop

The CDCI6214 contains a fully integrated phase-locked loop circuit. The error between a reference phase and an internal feedback phase is compared at the phase-frequency-detector. The comparison result is fed to a charge pump that is connected to an integrated loop filter. The control voltage resulting from the loop filter tunes an internal voltage-controlled oscillator (VCO). The frequency of the VCO is fed through a pre-scaler feedback divider (PSFB) and another feedback divider back to the PFD.

The PLL closed-loop bandwidth is configurable using registers PLL0, PLL1, and PLL2.

- Integer PLL
- PFD operates 1 MHz to 100 MHz
- Live Lock-Detector provides PLL lock status on status pin and bit lock_det (there is an additional sticky bit unlock_s)
- Integrated selectable loop filter components
- For 25-MHz PFD bandwidths between 100 kHz and 3000 kHz can be achieved to optimize PLL to input reference
- Voltage-Controlled Oscillator (VCO) tuning range of 2400 to 2800 MHz
- VCO is compatible to 0.5% spread spectrum (SSC) references at 100 MHz.

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^{(1) &#}x27;x' allows any possible bit-field value. An entry of 'A', 'B' or 'C' indicates the same bit-field value.

⁽²⁾ For internal feedback channel 2 is required. For external feedback the output clock connected to FB_P/N is recommended to have same settings as default PLL feedback path.

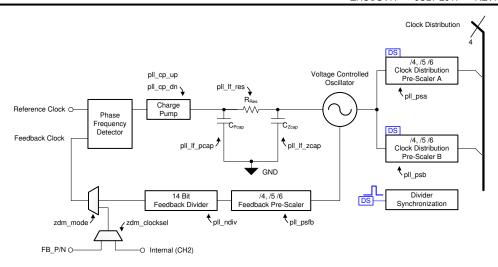


图 8-3. Phase-Locked Loop Circuit

	表 8-2.	Common	Clock	Generator	Loop	Filter	Settings
--	--------	--------	-------	-----------	------	--------	----------

f _{VCO} in	f _{PFD} in MHz	BW in MHz	Phase	Damping	I _{CP} in mA	C _{Pcap} IN pF	R _{Res} IN kΩ	C _{Zcap} IN pF		
MHz ⁽¹⁾	IPFD III WII IZ	500 III III IZ	Margin in °	Factor	pll_cp_up (2)	pll_lf_pcap	pll_lf_res	pll_lf_zcap		
2400	25	0.51	67	0.9	2.0	17.5	2.5	450		
2400	50	0.97	67	1.3	2.0	17.5	2.5	450		
2400	100	1.41	68	1.2	2.4	17.5	1.5	450		
2457.6	61.44	1.04	67	1.4	1.8	17.5	2.5	450		
2500	25	0.49	67	0.9	2.0	17.5	2.5	450		
2500	50	0.93	68	1.3	2.0	17.5	2.5	450		
2680	67	0.38	67	1.3	0.2	19.5	5.5	480		
2688	48	0.93	68	1.3	1.5	17.5	2.5	480		
2688	96	0.36	67	1.0	0.2	19.5	3.5	480		
2800	50	1.00	68	1.0	2.6	17.5	1.5	450		
2800	100	1.00	68	1.0	1.3	17.5	1.5	450		

All values typical design targets.

8.3.3 Clock Distribution

The VCO connects to two individually configurable pre-scaler dividers sourcing the on-chip clock distribution.

The clock distribution consists of four output channels. Each output channel contains a divider with integer division and synchronization capabilities.

A mux after each divider allows to feed the generated frequency to the adjacent output buffers. Thus for single frequency clock generation only a single output divider needs to be active.

The output buffers are compatible to various signaling standards: LVDS, CML-like, LVPECL-like, LVCMOS and HCSL using ch1 outbuf ctrl.

- HCSL must be directly connected to a load termination to ground. A series resistance can be used to adapt to the trace impedance.
- LVDS requires a differential termination connected between the positive and negative output buffer pins. The termination can be connected directly or using AC-coupling. When using the LVDS output type, set ch1_1p8vdet, ch2_1p8vdet, ch3_1p8vdet, and ch4_1p8vdet to match the VDDO12 and VDDO34.
- CML and LVPECL are only supported in an AC-coupled configuration. The receiver and the termination may only be connected through AC-coupling capacitors to the device pins.

Program same value to pll cp dn.



• LVCMOS outputs are designed for capacitive loads only. A series resistance should be used to adapt the driver impedance to the trace impedance. For a typical 50- Ω trace, a resistor between 22 Ω to 33 Ω should be used. The polarity of the positive and negative pins can be adjusted separately.

The output buffers support a wide frequency range of up to 350 MHz. Higher output frequencies up to 700 MHz are functional, but are not covered by electrical specifications.

8.3.3.1 Output Channel

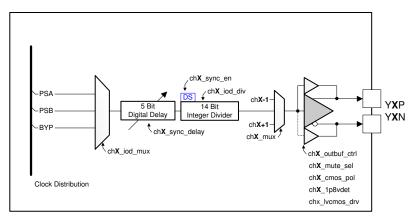


图 8-4. Clock Distribution Pre-Scaler Dividers

图 8-5. Clock Distribution, Output Channel

INSTANCES (1)	DIVISION VALUES
PSA	4, 5, 6
PSB	4, 5, 6

(1) A known phase relationship for divider synchronization with mixed division values is ensured by architecture.

表 8-3. Output Buffer Signal Standards

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
LVCMOS	HCSL ⁽²⁾	LVDS	AC-CML ⁽¹⁾	AC-LVPECL(1)				
X								
	X	X	X	X				
X	X	X	X	X				
X	X	X	X	X				
	x	X	х	X				
	X X X	LVCMOS HCSL ⁽²⁾ X X X X X X X						

⁽¹⁾ The common mode shall be provided externally through an external bias source, like a voltage divider or pullup resistor. The output buffer will provide sufficient swing.

(2) For highest performance it is recommended to use HCSL on output Y1 or Y4.

表 8-4. Output Channel Signal Selection

NO.	INPUT SOURCE	Y1 (N=1)	Y2 (N=2)	Y3 (N=3)	Y4 (N=4)			
0	Channel N-1		х	х	х			
1	IOD N	x	х	х	х			
2	Channel N+1	х	х	х				

表 8-5. Integer Divider Input Selection

NO.	SOURCE
0	Pre-scaler A
1	Pre-scaler B

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表 8-5. Integer Divider Input Selection (续)

NO.	SOURCE
3	Bypass

8.3.3.2 Divider Glitch-Less Update

The bit fields ch1_glitchless_en can be used to enable glitch-less output divider update. This feature ensures that the high pulse of a clock period is not cut off by the output divider update process. It ensures that setup and hold time of a receiver is not violated. The low pulse in the *transition* from earlier period to the new period is extended accordingly.

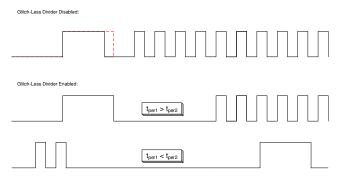


图 8-6. Glitch-Less Divider Update

8.3.4 Control Pins

The ultra-low power clock generator is controlled by multiple LVCMOS input pins.

EEPROMSEL acts as EEPROM page select. The CDCl6214 clock generator contains two pages of configuration settings. The level of this pin is sampled after device power-up. A low level selects page zero. A high level selects page one. The EEPROMSEL pin is a tri-level input pin. This third voltage level is automatically applied by an internal voltage divider. The mid-level is used to select an internal default where the serial interface is enabled.

RESETN/SYNC (pin 8), SCL (pin 12), and SDA (pin 19) have a secondary functionality and can act as general-purpose inputs and outputs (GPIO). This means that either the serial interface or the GPIO functionality can be active.

RESETN/SYNC resets the internal circuitry and is used in the initial power-up sequence. The pin can be reconfigured to act as synchronization input. The differential outputs are kept in mute while SYNC is low. When SYNC is high, outputs are active. Moreover status signals can be driven by this pin.

SCL can act as general-purpose input.

SDA can act as general-purpose input and output.

REFSEL is used to select between the input references to the PLL. A low level selects the crystal reference on XIN. A high level selects the differential input reference on REFP, REFN.

表 8-6. Control and GPIO List

	PIN		RECONFIGU	INF	TUT	OUTPUT	TERMIN	NATION
NO.	NAME	GPIO	RABLE?	2-LOGIC- LEVELS	3-LOGIC- LEVELS	2-LEVEL	PULLDOWN	PULLUP
23	EEPROMSEL	-	-	-	yes	-	50 k Ω	50 k Ω
20	STATUS	GPIO1	yes	yes	-	yes	-	50 k Ω
19	SDA	GPIO2	yes	yes	-	yes	_	_
12	SCL	GPIO3	yes	yes	-	-	-	-
11	OE	GPIO4	yes	yes	-	yes	-	50 k Ω

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表 8-6. Control and GPIO List (续)

PIN			RECONFIGU	INF	TU	OUTPUT	TERMIN	NATION
NO.	NAME	GPIO	RABLE?	0.1.0010		2-LEVEL	PULLDOWN	PULLUP
8	RESETN	GPIO0	yes	yes	-	yes	-	50 k Ω
4	REFSEL	-	-	-	yes	-	50 k Ω	50 k Ω

表 8-7. GPIO - Input Signal List

SIGNAL NO. (1)	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION			
0	FREQ_INC	Frequency increment; increments the IOD ⁽²⁾			
1	FREQ_DEC	Frequency decrement; decrements the IOD.(2)			
2	OE (global)	Enables or disables all differential outputs Y[4:1] (bypass not affected). ⁽³⁾			
4	OE_Y1	Enables or disables Y1. (3)			
5	OE_Y2	Enables or disables Y2. (3)			
6	OE_Y3	Enables or disables Y3. (3)			
7	OE_Y4	Enables or disables Y4. (3)			

- (1) Signals from this list are available on pin 11 (OE / GPIO4) and pin 20 (STATUS / GPIO1), see GENERIC1.
- (2) Selected using bit mask in GENERIC3.
- (3) Disable / Mute behaviour configured individually using ch_mute_sel bit in GENERIC0 table.

表 8-8. GPIO - Output Signal List

SIGNAL NO.(1)	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
0	PLL_LOCK	0 = PLL out of lock; 1 = indicates PLL in lock
1	XTAL_OSC	0 = crystal failure; 1 = crystal oscillates
2	CAL_DONE	0 = PLL (VCO) calibration ongoing; 1 = calibration done
3	CONF_DONE	0 = device logic busy; 1 = device operational
4	SYNC_DONE	0 = output sync ongoing, muted; 1 = outputs released operational
5	EEPROM_BUSY	0 = EEPROM idle; 1 = EEPROM access ongoing
6	EEPROM_Y12	0 = EEPROM pin sees low level; 1 = EEPROM pin sees high level
7	EEPROM_M12	0 = EEPROM pin sees low or high level; 1 = EEPROM pin sees mid level
8	I2C_LSB	Indicates I ² C target address LSB config from loaded EEPROM
9	CLK_FSM	Clock, State machine
10	CLK_PFD_REF	Clock, PFD, reference
11	CLK_PFD_FB	Clock, PFD, feedback
12	BUF_SYNC	buffered SYNC pin
13	BUF_SCL	buffered SCL pin
14	BUF_SDA	buffered received SDA pin

(1) Signals from this list are available on pin 8 (RESETN/SYNC or GPIO0), pin 11 (OE / GPIO4) and pin 20 (STATUS / GPIO1).

8.3.4.1 Global and Individual Output Enable: OE and OE_Y[4:1]

The output enable functionality allows to enable or disable all or a specific output buffer. The bypass copy on Y0 is excluded from the global output enable signal. When an output is disabled, it drives a configurable mute-state, ch[4:1]_mute-sel. When the serial interface is deactivated one can use all individual output enable signals at the same time, see mode. The individual output enable signal controls the respective output channel integer divider to gate the clock. Therefore each integer divider needs to be active. When multiple outputs are sourced from the same integer divider, the respective OE signal will enable/disable the output(s). ¹

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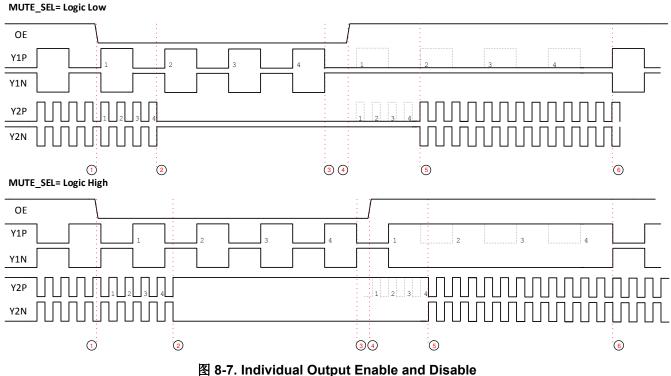
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备注

When multiple output enable signals are configured on multiple-GPIO pins, then the global output enable OE has higher priority than the individual output enable OE[4:1]. An individual output enable OE[4:1] may only be configured on a single pin.

The individual output enable signal enables and disables the respective output in a deterministic way. Therefore the high and low level of the signal is qualified by counting four cycles of the respective output clock. The following steps can be seen in \textstyle 8-7:

- 1. The OE falling edge which disables the outputs.
- Transition from logic high to logic low / logic low to logic high for Y2 after four rising edges.
- Transition from logic high to logic low / logic low to logic high for Y1 after four rising edges.
- 4. The OE rising edge which enables the outputs.
- 5. Output Y2 starts toggling after four rising edges.
- 6. Output Y1 starts toggling after four rising edges.



备注

The deterministic behaviour of the individual output enable is designed for an output frequency up to 200 MHz.

8.3.5 Operation Modes

The device can operate in different modes.

Following operating modes can be set and the GPIOs configured. An operating mode change only becomes effective when it is loaded from the EEPROM after a power cycle.

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¹ The GPIO direction of pins 12 and 19 is automatically set through the mode bit. Pin 11 and 20 must be set as inputs using gpio1_dir_sel and gpio4_dir_sel bit in the 表 10-3 table.



表 8-9.	Modes	of O	peration
--------	-------	------	----------

DESCRIPTION	MODE	REFSEL	EEPROMSEL	GPIO4	GPIO3	GPIO2	GPIO1
I ² C + GPIOs	Fallback	M	M	I/O	SCL	SDA	I/O
I ² C + GPIOs	0	LH	LH	I/O	SCL	SDA	I/O
OEs	1	LH	LH	OE4	OE3	OE2	OE1

8.3.6 Divider Synchronization - SYNC

The output dividers can be reset in a deterministic way. This can be achieved using the sync bit or the pin 8 configured for SYNC function using gpio0_input_sel and gpio0_dir_sel. The level of the pin is qualified internally using the reference frequency at the PFD. A low level will mute the outputs. A high level will synchronously release all output dividers to operation, so that all outputs share a common rising edge, see 8-8. The first rising edge can be individually delayed in steps of the respective pre-scaler period, up to 32 cycles using ch1_sync_delay. This allows to compensate external delays like routing mismatch, cables or inherent delays introduced by logic gates in an FPGA design. Each channel can be included or excluded from the SYNC process using ch1_sync_en. 2 3

For a deterministic behaviour over power-cycles seen from input to output the reference divider must be set to 1. It should not divide the reference clock nor should the reference doubler be used.

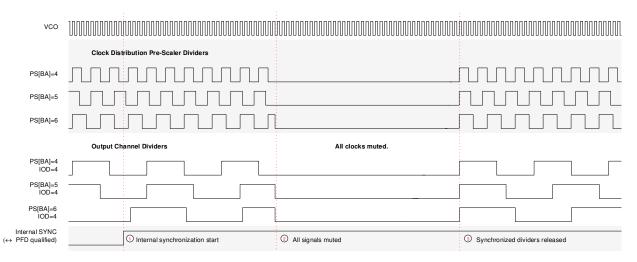


图 8-8. Divider Synchronization

表 8-10. Digital Delay Step Size

	,	•			
VCO FREQUENCY IN MHz	PRE-SCALER STEP IN ns				
	/4	/5	/6		
2400	1.67	2.08	2.50		
2457.6	1.63	2.03	2.44		
2500	1.60	2.00	2.40		
2800	1.43	1.79	2.14		

8.3.7 EEPROM - Cyclic Redundancy Check

The device contains a cyclic redundancy check (CRC) function for reads from the EEPROM to the device registers. At start-up the EEPROM will be read internally and a CRC value calculated. One of the EEPROM words contains an earlier stored CRC value. The stored and the actual CRC value are compared and the result transferred to STATUS1 register. The CRC calculation can be triggered again by writing a '1' to the update crc

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² ch[4:1]_sync_en may only be activated with an active clock source selected in ch1_iod_mux bit in the 表 10-31 table.

³ The LVCMOS bypass output Y0 is not part of the SYNC process, neither are the dividers of the PLL.

bit. A mismatch between stored and calculated CRC value is informational only and non-blocking to the device operation. Just reading back the CRC status bit and the live CRC value can speed up in-system EEPROM programming and avoid reading back each word of the EEPROM for known configurations.

The polynomial used is CCITT-CRC16: $x^{16} + x^{12} + x^5 + 1$.

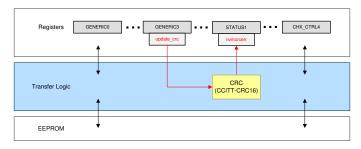


图 8-9. EEPROM CRC

8.3.8 Power Supplies

The CDCl6214 provides multiple power supply pins. Each of the power supplies supports 1.8 V, 2.5 V, or 3.3 V. Internal low-dropout regulators (LDO) source the internal blocks and allow each pin to be supplied with its individual supply voltage. The VDDREF pin supplies the control pins and the serial interface. Therefore, any pullup resistors shall be connected to the same domain as VDDREF. By default the LDOs are configured for 1.8-V ±5% operation.

8.3.8.1 Power Management

The device is very flexible with respect to internal power management. Each block offers a power-down bit and can be disabled to save power when the block is not required. The available bits are illustrated in 8 - 10. The bypass output Y0 is connected to the pdn_ch4 bit. Each output channel has a bit which should be adapted to the applied supply voltage, ch[4:1]_1p8vdet.

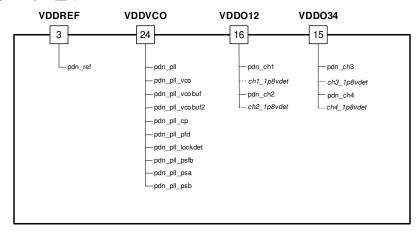


图 8-10. Power Management

8.4 Device Functional Modes

8.4.1 Pin Mode

In pin mode, pins 12 and 19 are input pins that act as *individual output enable* pins. Together with pins 11 and 20, this mode allows for one output enable pin per output channel.

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8.4.2 Serial Interface Mode

In serial interface mode, pins 12 and 19 are configured as an I²C interface.

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8.4.2.1 Fall-Back Mode

As the programming interface can be intentionally deactivated using the EEPROM, an accidental disabling of the I²C blocks further access to the device. The serial interface can be forced using the fall-back mode. To enter this mode, the user leaves pin 4 and pin 23 floating while the supply voltage is applied to VDDREF. In this mode, pin 11 is preconfigured as an input and pin 20 is configured as an output.

8.5 Programming

The CDCl6214 ultra-low power clock generator provides an I^2C -compatible serial interface for register and EEPROM access. The device is compatible to standard-mode I^2C at 100 kHz and the fast-mode I^2C at 400-kHz clock frequency.

表 8-11. I²C-Compatible Serial Interface, Target Address Byte

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Target Address A[6:0] ⁽¹⁾					R/W# Bit ⁽²⁾		

- 1) The target address consists of two sections. The hardwired MSBs A[6:2] and the software-selectable LSBs A[1:0].
- (2) The R/W# bit indicates a read (1) or a write (0) transfer.

表 8-12 shows the target address decoding with respect to EEPROMSEL pin. This enables the user to avoid insystem conflicts with different configurations, as the selected EEPROM page can be reflected in the target address least significant bit A0. Moreover a device being powered up in the silicon default, can always be expected under the default address of 0xE9 for reads (or 0xE8 for writes).

表 8-12. I²C-Compatible Serial Interface, Programmable Target Address

A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	EEPROMSEL	DESCRIPTION
					0	0	MID	Device Default
1	1	1	0	1	1	I2C_A0 ⁽¹⁾	LOW	EEPROM, Page 0
			1	I2C_A0 ⁽²⁾	HIGH	EEPROM, Page 1		

- (1) Configuration Bit in EEPROM Page 0, default value of 0.
- (2) Configuration Bit in EEPROM Page 1, default value of 1.

The serial interface uses the following protocol as shown in 8 8-11. The target address is followed by a word-wide register offset and a word-wide register value.

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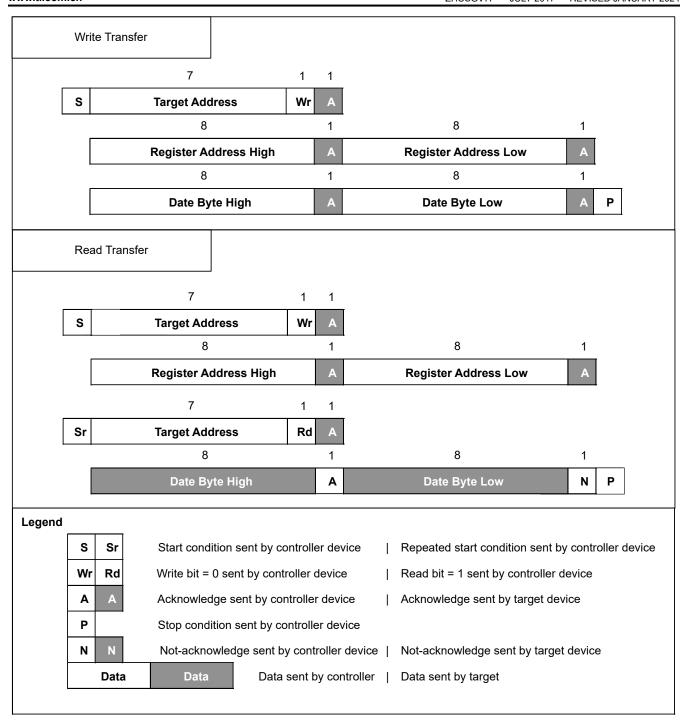


图 8-11. I²C-Compatible Serial Interface, Supported Protocol

8.5.1 Recommended Programming Procedure

TI recommends programming the registers of the device in the following way:

- 1. Ensure that ee lock is set when overwriting the EEPROM.
- Configure the voltage domain bits appropriately ch[4:1] 1p8vdetch[4:1] 1p8vdet.
- 3. Program register addresses in descending order from 0x44 to 0x00 including all register addresses with reserved values.

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8.5.2 EEPROM Access

备注

The EEPROM word write access time is typically 8 ms. The EEPROM_BUSY signal indicates when the EEPROM is busy and can be observed as a status signal on a GPIO pin to optimally time the writes (for example, in gpio4_output_sel).

There are two methods to write into the internal EEPROM:

- 1. Register Commit
- 2. EEPROM Direct Access

Use the following steps to bring the device into a known state and be able to conduct the programming:

- 1. Power down all device supplies
- Apply RESETN=LOW.
- 3. Apply REFSEL=MID (leave tri-stated).
- 4. Apply EEPROMSEL=MID (leave tri-stated).
- 5. Apply 1.8 V/2.5 V/3.3 V to all device supplies. When device operation is not required, only apply 1.8 V/ 2.5V/3.3 V to VDDREF.
- 6. Apply RESETN=HIGH.
- 7. Use the I²C interface to configure the device using target address 0x74. See 表 8-12 for more details.

In the Register Commit flow all bits from the device registers are copied into the EEPROM. The recommended flow is:

- 1. Pre-configure the device as desired, except the serial interface using mode.
- 2. Write 1 to recal to calibrate the VCO in this operation mode.
- 3. Select the EEPROM page, to copy the register settings into, using regcommit page.
- 4. Unlock the EEPROM for write access with ee lock = 0x5
- 5. Start the commit operation by writing a 1 to regcommit
- 6. Force a CRC update by writing a 1 to update crc.
- 7. Read back the calculated CRC in nvmlcrc.
- 8. Store the read CRC value in the EEPROM by writing 0x3F to nvm wr addr and then the CRC value to nvm wr data.

In the EEPROM Direct Access flow the EEPROM words are directly accessed using the address and the data bit-fields. The recommended flow is:

- 1. Prepare an EEPROM image consisting of 64 words.
- 2. Unlock the EEPROM for write access with ee lock = 0x5
- 3. Write the initial address offset to the address bit-field. Write a 0x00 to nvm wr addr.
- 4. Loop through the EEPROM image from address 0 to 63 by writing each word from the image to nvm wr data. The EEPROM word address is automatically incremented by every write access to nvm wr data.
- 5. The EEPROM read is similar to EEPROM write. First write 0x00 to nvm rd addr, then loop through all bytes by reading from nvm rd data. The EEPROM word address is automatically incremented by every write access to nvm rd data.

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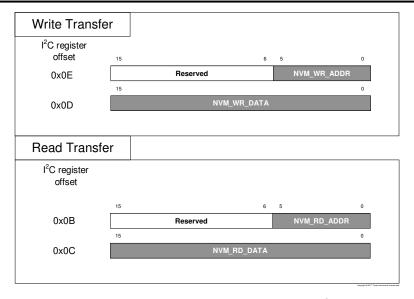


图 8-12. EEPROM Direct Access Using I²C

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8.5.3 Device Defaults

The CDCl6214 contains the following defaults:

表 8-13. CDCI6214 Register Defaults

ADDRESS	DEFAULT	EEPROM PAGE 0	EEPROM PAGE 1
0x46	0x00460000	0x00460000	0x00460000
0x45	0x00450000	0x00450000	0x00450000
0x44	0x00440000	0x00440000	0x00440000
0x43	0x00430020	0x00430020	0x00430020
0x42	0x00420000	0x00420200	0x00420200
0x41	0x00410F34	0x00410F34	0x00410F34
0x40	0x0040000D	0x0040000D	0x0040000D
0x3F	0x003F0210	0x003F4210	0x003F4210
0x3E	0x003E4210	0x003E4218	0x003E4218
0x3D	0x003D1000	0x003D1500	0x003D1500
0x3C	0x003C0010	0x003C0018	0x003C0018
0x3B	0x003B0009	0x003B0061	0x003B0061
0x3A	0x003A0008	0x003A0008	0x003A0008
0x39	0x00390A65	0x00398851	0x00398851
0x38	0x00380405	0x00380409	0x00380008
0x37	0x00370004	0x00370006	0x00370000
0x36	0x00360000	0x00360000	0x00360000
0x35	0x00358000	0x00358000	0x00358000
0x34	0x00340008	0x00340008	0x00340008
0x33	0x00330A65	0x00338861	0x00338861
0x32	0x00320405	0x00320429	0x00320431
0x31	0x00310004	0x00310006	0x00310006
0x30	0x00300000	0x00300000	0x00300000
0x2F	0x002F8000	0x002F8000	0x002F8000
0x2E	0x002E0008	0x002E0008	0x002E0008
0x2D	0x002D0A65	0x002D0851	0x002D0851
0x2C	0x002C0405	0x002C0409	0x002C0010
0x2B	0x002B0004	0x002B0006	0x002B0000
0x2A	0x002A0000	0x002A0000	0x002A0000
0x29	0x00298000	0x00298000	0x00298000
0x28	0x00280008	0x00280008	0x00280008
0x27	0x00270A65	0x00270851	0x00270851
0x26	0x00260405	0x00260409	0x00260409
0x25	0x00250004	0x00250006	0x00250006
0x24	0x00240000	0x00240000	0x00240000
0x23	0x00238000	0x00238000	0x00238000
0x22	0x00220050	0x00220050	0x00220050
0x21	0x00210007	0x00210007	0x00210007
0x20	0x00200000	0x00200000	0x00200000
0x1F	0x001F1E72	0x001F1E72	0x001F1E72
0x1E	0x001E5140	0x001E5140	0x001E5140
0x1D	0x001D400A	0x001D000C	0x001D000C
0x1C	0x001C0000	0x001C0000	0x001C0000
0x1B	0x001B0000	0x001B0000	0x001B0000
0x1A	0x001A0718	0x001A0A1C	0x001A0A1C
0x19	0x00190000	0x00190406	0x00192406

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表 8-13. CDCI6214 Register Defaults (续)

ADDRESS	DEFAULT	EEPROM PAGE 0	EEPROM PAGE 1	
0x18	0x00180601	0x00180601	0x00180601	
0x17	0x00170000	0x00170595	0x00170595	
0x16	0x00160000	0x00160000	0x00160000	
0x15	0x00150000	0x00150000	0x00150000	
0x14	0x00140000	0x00140001	0x00140001	
0x13	0x00130000	0x00130000	0x00130000	
0x12	0x00120000	0x0012FFFF	0x0012FFFF	
0x11	0x001126C4	0x001126C4	0x001126C4	
0x10	0x0010921F	0x0010921F	0x0010921F	
0xF	0x000FA037	0x000FA037	0x000FA037	
0xE	0x000E0000	0x000E0000	0x000E0000	
0xD	0x000D0000	0x000D0000	0x000D0000	
0xC	0x000C0000	0x000C0000	0x000C0000	
0xB	0x000B0000	0x000B0000	0x000B0000	
0xA	0x000A0000	0x000AC964	0x000AC964	
0x9	0x00090000	0x0009C964	0x0009C964	
0x8	0x00080000	0x00080001	0x00080001	
0x7	0x00070000	0x00070C0D	0x00070C0D	
0x6	0x00060000	0x0006159F	0x000619CA	
0x5	0x00050028	0x00050028	0x00050028	
0x4	0x00040055	0x00040055	0x000400DD	
0x3	0x00030000	0x00030000	0x00030800	
0x2	0x00020053	0x00020053	0x00020053	
0x1	0x00016882	0x00016865	0x00016864	
0x0	0x00000000	0x00000001	0x00000000	

表 8-14. Default EEPROM Image

70 141 Dollar Ell Hom mage				
ADDRESS	Section	Word Value		
0x0		0xEE00		
0x1		0x490F		
0x2		0x0362		
0x3		0x0E00		
0x4	Base	0x1400		
0x5		0xC104		
0x6		0x0C00		
0x7		0x5000		
0x8		0x0861		
0x9		0x8421		
0xA		0x0006		
0xB		0x0000		

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表 8-14. Default EEPROM Image (续)

ADDRESS	Continu	
	Section	Word Value
0xC		0x6501
0xD		0x5368
0xE		08AAx0
0xF		0x4382
0x10		0x0001
0x11		0x0030
0x12		0x4500
0x13		0x79C9
0x14		0x8000
0x15		0x0C00
0x16		0x1200
0x17		0x2904
0x18	D 0	0x0002
0x19	Page 0	0x3002
0x1A		0x4800
0x1B		0xA410
0x1C		0x0008
0x1D		0xC008
0x1E		0x2000
0x1F		0x1045
0x20		0x0033
0x21		0x0020
0x22		0x8003
0x23		0x4104
0x24		0x39CA
0x25		0x0000
	1	

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表 8-14. Default EEPROM Image (续)

ADDRESS		-KOWI IIIIage (疾)
ADDRESS	Section	Word Value
0x26		0x6400
0x27		0x5368
0x28		0xEE80
0x29		0x4382
0x2A		0x0001
0x2B		0x0030
0x2C		0x4500
0x2D		0x79C9
0x2E		0x8000
0x2F		0x0C00
0x30		0x1200
0x31		0x2904
0x32	Page 1	0x0002
0x33	Page 1	0x0002
0x34		0x8000
0x35		0xA400
0x36		0x0008
0x37		0xC008
0x38		0x2000
0x39		0x1046
0x3A		0x0033
0x3B		0x0020
0x3C		0x0000
0x3D		0x4004
0x3E		0x39CA
0x3F		0xC964



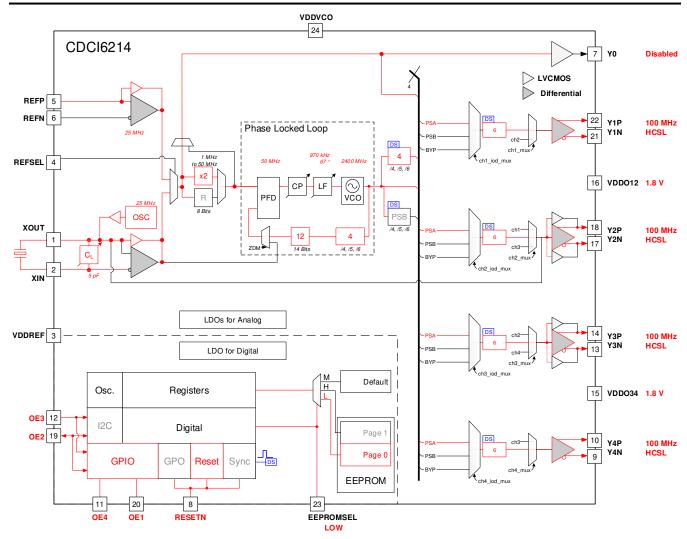


图 8-13. CDCI6214 - Pre-Configured EEPROM Page 0

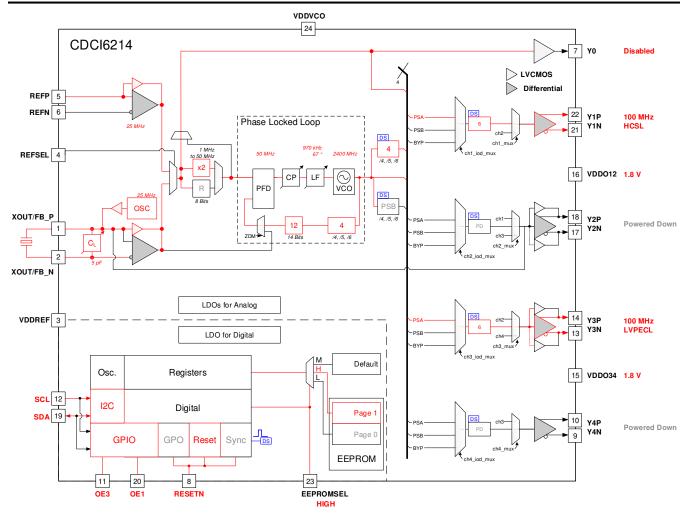


图 8-14. CDCI6214 - Pre-Configured EEPROM Page 1

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9 Application and Implementation

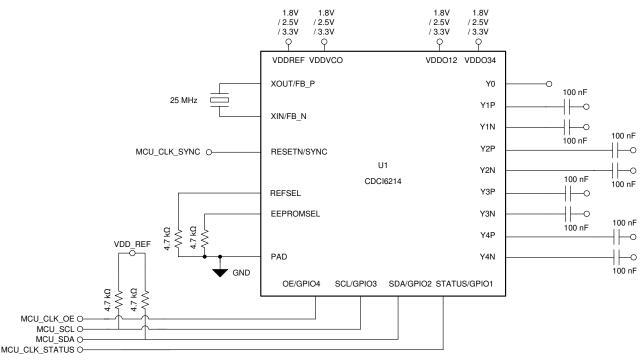
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9.1 Application Information

An ultra-low power clock generator is designed to drive clocks in industrial, portable and data center applications. The device is flexible in its configuration and be pre-preprogramed with two separate configuration. For example a production test and an application configuration, or two different configurations for two flavors of a product. The internal EEPROM is protected by a CRC hash which is available as a status bit. The two EEPROM pages are selected using a control pin. As each major block of the device is powered by its own supply pin, the device can easily be used for signal translation and to accommodate various supply voltages which may be available in a system. Up to five different frequencies can be generated from a single device and feed different parts of an application. Each of the four differential outputs supports various signal standards. The general purpose pin functionality can provide status information to other parts of the system and can add modularity and flexibility to an application. Clock outputs can be muted individually or globally, the division ratio updated, the output dividers synchronized and a spread spectrum function enabled or disabled. The clock generator PLL can also be used in a zero delay mode which will compensate most of the seen phase delay between an external reference clock and the output clocks. Together with an external feedback option this allows to compensate traces on top of the digital delay steps provided inside the device. All these features make the ultra-low power clock generator for design library integration and re-use in modular projects.

9.2 Typical Applications



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图 9-1. Typical Serial Interface Application Schematic

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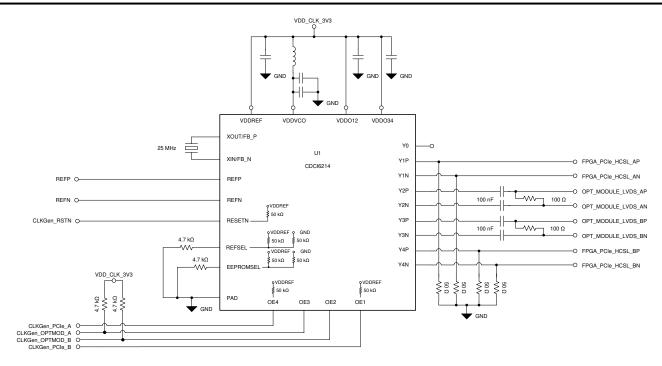


图 9-2. Typical Individual Output Enable Application Schematic

9.2.1 Design Requirements

For this example, the design parameters are listed in 表 9-1

EXAMPLE VALUE PARAMETER Larger than 50 µs and smaller than 3 ms t_{VDD} Larger than (1 / f_{XIN}) t_{PWL_SYNC} Crystal 8 MHz to 50 MHz f_{XIN} Input slew rate for external clock reference better dV_{IN}/dT than 3 V / ns

表 9-1. Design Parameters

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

For this application, TI recommends the following steps:

- 1. Decide how the device shall receive the register settings to plan for in-system programming of the EEPROM.
- 2. Choose which operation mode to use on the device (I²C or GPIOs) and which pins are inputs and which are outputs (see registers

GENERICO

GENERIC1

, and

GENERIC2

Consider that the serial interface and the GPIOs are supplied by VDDREF as well as the input pins (for example, a 3.3-V crystal oscillator (XO) driving XIN forces uses 3.3-V I²C).

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Keep track of which voltage levels the output supplies will have. There are configuration bits in the output channels (see CH1_CTRL5,

CH2 CTRL5

- , CH3_CTRL5, and CH4_CTRL5).
- 5. Consider which output frequency has the most stringent phase noise specifications. Select this frequency to decide on the reference and VCO frequency.
- 6. Cross-check if your specific bandwidth requirement for an external reference can be achieved using the internal loop filter components (see registers PLL1 and PLL2).
- Optimize the clock distribution using output muxes to run the least amount of blocks to conserve power,

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8. For HCSL output buffer format, optimize the signal integrity and slew rate at the receiver input using a series resistor between device pin and the 50 Ω termination to GND.Y1,Y4 provide higher slew rates compared to Y2, Y3.

Use 方程式 1 through 方程式 4 to calculate the a basic frequency plan or use the provided software TICS Pro to generate settings.

备注

The user has to ensure PLL stability is given by applying the adequate loop filter and charge pump settings. A phase margin of ≥ 68° is recommended. The target bandwidth is recommended between 600 kHz .. 1100 kHz.

$$f_{Y0} = f_{XIN} = f_{REF} \tag{1}$$

$$f_{PFD} = f_{REF} / ip_ref_div$$
 (2)

where

- ip ref div ≥ 1
- $1 \text{ MHz} \leq f_{PFD} \leq 100 \text{ MHz}$

$$f_{VCO} = f_{PFD} \cdot pll_nc \cdot (pll_ps + 4) \tag{3}$$

with

- 2400 <= f_{VCO} <= 2800
- 0 <= pll ps <= 2

$$f_{Y[4:1]} = f_{VCO} / ((pll_ps[ab] + 4) \cdot ch[4:1]_iod_div)$$
 (4)

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with

- 0 <= pll ps[ab] <= 2
- 1 <= ch[4:1] iod div <= 16383
- 44.1 kHz <= f_{Y[4:1]} <= 350 MHz

with

- 1 <= IP REF DIV <= 255
- IP EN DBLR = 0
- 1 MHz <= f_{PFD} <= 100 MHz

with

- IP REF DIV = 0
- IP EN DBLR = 1
- 1 MHz <= f_{PFD} <= 100 MHz

with

- 2400 <= f_{VCO} <= 2800
- 0 <= PLL_PS_MODE <= 2

with

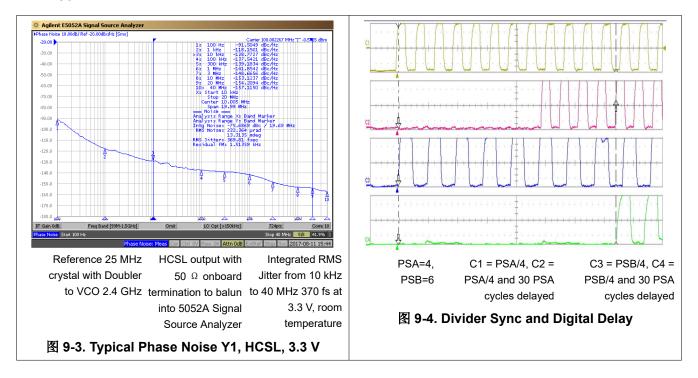
- 0 <= PLL_PS[AB]_MODE <= 2
- 1 <= CH[4:1]_IOD_DIV <= 16383
- $44.1 \text{ kHz} \le f_{Y[4:1]} \le 350 \text{ MHz}$

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9.2.3 Application Curves



9.3 Do's and Don'ts

The maximum swing and level must match to the applied VDDREF (for example, for a 3.3-V XO as reference, VDDREF must be 3.3 V).

VDDREF and VDDVCO must be powered from the same supply voltage.

9.4 Initialization Setup

The device digital logic starts after the internal power-on-release circuit triggered (POR). The digital core is connected to the VDDREF domain. The EEPROM settings are loaded into the device registers and the new settings applied to the device. The EEPROM page is selected according to the EEPROMSEL pin logic level. A low level loads *page 0*, and a logic high level loads *page 1*. By default, the differential outputs are muted for the initial VCO calibration and PLL lock process. After the PLL circuit achieved a phase lock to the input reference, the output dividers are synchronized and then released to operation. By default, pin 8 is configured as RESETN pin (see gpio0_dir_sel and gpio0_input_sel). The start of the initialization sequence, as well the as serial interface, can be kept in reset using RESETN= LOW. When pin 8 is not configured as RESETN, the device initialization relies on the POR triggered by application of VDDREF.



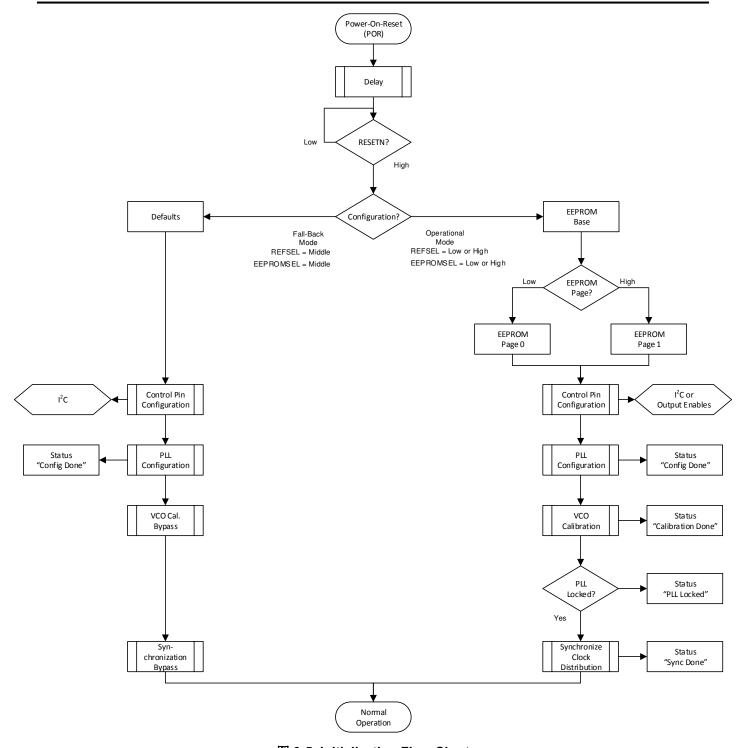


图 9-5. Initialization Flow Chart

The pins 8, 11, 12, 19, and 20 are general-purpose inputs and outputs (GPIO). The functions are determined through the register settings saved in the selected EEPROM page. See Generic0, Generic1, and Ceneric2for the relevant bit-fields.

The EEPROM allows to choose between two modes of operation: pin Mode and serial interface mode. This is done using mode.

9.5 Power Supply Recommendations

9.5.1 Power-Up Sequence

There are no restrictions from the device for applying power to the supply pins. From an application perspective, TI recommends to either apply all VDDs at the same time or apply VDDREF first. The digital core is connected to VDDREF, and thus the settings of the EEPROM are applied automatically. All VDDs should reach 95% of final value within 2 ms. RESETN should be held low before VDDREF reaches 95% of the final value.

TI recommends adding a 4.7-k Ω pullup resistor on RESETN and a 470-nF capacitor to ground to provide additional delay in release of RESETN at power-up. When powering up the CDCI6214 from reset, the rise of the RESETN pin must be delayed to allow the voltage on the VDD pins to stabilize.

An unstable voltage on the VDD pin may cause an improper device startup with the rise of the RESETN pin, resulting in a PLL unlock. VDD instability may occur in cases where VDD is toggled repeatedly and does not ramp with appropriate settling time. The power supply must ramp and be stable within the time specified in the *Timing Characteristics* table. In the event of a PLL unlock at startup, recalibrate the PLL. Either setting the recal bit, R0[4], to a '1' or pulling the RESETN pin low then high will recalibrate the PLL.

9.5.2 De-Coupling

TI recommends isolating all power supplies using a ferrite bead and provide decoupling for each of the supplies. TI also recommends optimizing the decoupling for the respective layout and consider the power supply impedance and optimize for the individual frequency plan.

An example for a decoupling per supply pin: 1x 4.7 µF, 1x 470 nF, and 1x 100 nF.

9.6 Layout

9.6.1 Layout Guidelines

For this example, follow these guidelines:

- Isolate outputs to adjacent outputs when generating multiple frequencies.
- Isolate the crystal area, connect the GND pads of the crystal package and flood the adjacent area.

 9-7 shows a foot print which supports multiple crystal sizes.
- Try to avoid impedance jumps in the fan-in and fan-out areas when possible.
- Use five VIAs to connect the thermal pad to a solid GND plane. Full-through VIAs are preferred.
- Place decoupling capacitors with small capacitance values very close to the supply pins. Try to place them
 very close on the same layer or directly on the backside layer. Larger values can be placed more far away.

 9-7 shows three de-coupling capacitors close to the device. Ferrite beads are recommended to isolate the
 different frequency domains and the VDDVCO domain.
- Preferably use multiple VIAs to connect wide supply traces to the respective power planes.

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9.6.2 Layout Examples

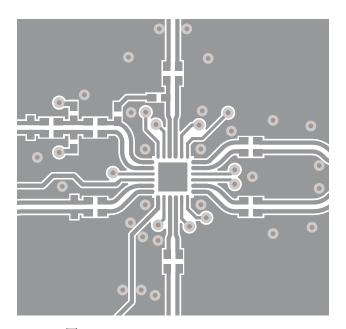


图 9-6. Layout Example, Top Layer

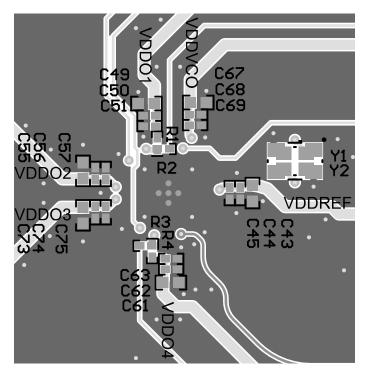


图 9-7. Layout Example, Bottom Layer

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Land Pattern Example

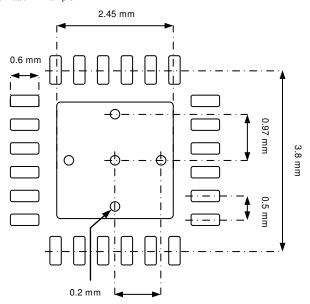


图 9-8. Layout Example, Land Pattern



10 Register Maps 10.1 CDCI6214 Registers

表 10-1 lists the memory-mapped registers for the CDCI6214.

备注

All register offset addresses not listed in $\frac{10-1}{2}$ should be considered as reserved locations and the register contents should not be modified.

备注

All bit-field combinations not listed in the description column should be considered as reserved combinations and should only be programmed using the given values.

表 10-1. CDCI6214 Registers

ADDRESS	ACRONYM	REGISTER NAME	SECTION
0h	GENERIC0	Generic setting, device operation mode, synchronization, control pins, reset, and power down.	Go
1h	GENERIC1	Generic settings, GPIO input signal selection.	Go
2h	GENERIC2	Generic settings, GPIO output signal selection.	Go
3h	GENERIC3	Generic settings, EEPROM and frequency increment / decrement.	Go
4h	POWER0	Power-down bits, output channels.	Go
5h	POWER1	Power-down bits, phase-locked-loop.	Go
6h	STATUS0	Status information, calibration bus.	Go
7h	STATUS1	Status information, PLL lock and EEPROM.	Go
8h	STATUS2	Status information, miscellaneous	Go
9h	STATUS3	Status information, live CRC of EEPROM	Go
Ah	EEPROM0	EEPROM, stored CRC of EEPROM	Go
Bh	EEPROM1	EEPROM, direct access read address	Go
Ch	EEPROM2	EEPROM, direct access read data	Go
Dh	EEPROM3	EEPROM, direct access write address	Go
Eh	EEPROM4	EEPROM, direct access write data	Go
Fh	STARTUP0	Start-up configuration, EEPROM lock, auto-calibration, and I2C glitch filter	Go
10h	STARTUP1	Start-up configuration, digital state machine counters	Go
11h	STARTUP2	Start-up configuration, digital state machine counters	Go
18h	REV0	Revision ID	Go
1Ah	INPUT0	Input reference, buffer configuration, and crystal oscillator controls.	Go
1Bh	INPUT1	Input reference, reference divider, and bypass buffers.	Go
1Ch	INPUT_DBG0	Input reference debug, status pin buffers.	Go
1Dh	PLL0	PLL, feedback dividers.	Go
1Eh	PLL1	PLL, charge pump current and clock distribution pre-scaler dividers.	Go
1Fh	PLL2	PLL, loop filter configuration	Go
21h	PLL4	PLL, lock detector and PFD delay	Go
23h	CH1_CTRL0	Output channel 1, RESERVED	Go
24h	CH1_CTRL1	Output channel 1, RESERVED	Go
25h	CH1_CTRL2	Output channel 1, integer divider and mux control.	Go
26h	CH1_CTRL3	Output channel 1, synchronization, digital delay, output buffer, mux and mute controls.	Go

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表 10-1. CDCI6214 Registers (续)

ADDRESS	ACRONYM	REGISTER NAME	SECTION
27h	CH1_CTRL4	Output channel 1, divider glitchless enable and spread spectrum controls.	Go
28h	CH1_CTRL5	Output channel 1, RESERVED	Go
29h	CH2_CTRL0	Output channel 2, RESERVED	Go
2Ah	CH2_CTRL1	Output channel 2, RESERVED	Go
2Bh	CH2_CTRL2	Output channel 2, integer divider and mux control.	Go
2Ch	CH2_CTRL3	Output channel 2, synchronization, digital delay, output buffer, mux and mute controls.	Go
2Dh	CH2_CTRL4	Output channel 2, divider glitchless enable and spread spectrum controls.	Go
2Eh	CH2_CTRL5	Output channel 2 , RESERVED	Go
2Fh	CH3_CTRL0	Output channel 3, RESERVED	Go
30h	CH3_CTRL1	Output channel 3, RESERVED	Go
31h	CH3_CTRL2	Output channel 3, integer divider and mux control.	Go
32h	CH3_CTRL3	Output channel 3, synchronization, digital delay, output buffer, mux and mute controls.	Go
33h	CH3_CTRL4	Output channel 3, divider glitchless enable and spread spectrum controls.	Go
34h	CH3_CTRL5	Output channel 3, RESERVED	Go
35h	CH4_CTRL0	Output channel 4, RESERVED	Go
36h	CH4_CTRL1	Output channel 4, RESERVED	Go
37h	CH4_CTRL2	Output channel 4, integer divider and mux control.	Go
38h	CH4_CTRL3	Output channel 4, synchronization, digital delay, output buffer, mux and mute controls.	Go
39h	CH4_CTRL4	Output channel 4, divider glitchless enable and spread spectrum controls.	Go
3Ah	CH4_CTRL5	Output channel 4, RESERVED	Go
3Bh	CHX_CTRL0	Output channels, generic clock distribution and bypass output controls.	Go
3Ch	CHX_CTRL1	Output channels, RESERVED	Go
3Dh	CHX_CTRL2	Output channels, RESERVED	Go
3Eh	CHX_CTRL3	Output channels, RESERVED	Go
3Fh	CHX CTRL4	Output channels, RESERVED	Go

Complex bit access types are encoded to fit into small table cells. $\frac{10-2}{2}$ shows the codes that are used for access types in this section.

表 10-2. CDCI6214 Access Type Codes

ACCESS TYPE	CODE	DESCRIPTION					
READ TYPE							
R	R	Read					
RC	C R	to Clear Read					
WRITE TYPE							
W	W	Write					
WEX	W	Write					
WMC	W	Write					
WPD	W	Write					
WSC	W	Write					
WST	W	Write					
RESET OR DEF	AULT VALUE						

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表 10-2. CDCl6214 Access Type Codes (续)

ACCESS TYPE	CODE	DESCRIPTION
-n		Value after reset or the default value

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10.1.1 GENERICO Register (Address = 0h) [reset = 0h]

GENERIC0 is shown in 图 10-1 and described in 表 10-3.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-1. GENERICO Register

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
i2c_a0	gpio0_input_sel	gpio4_dir_sel	gpio1_dir_sel	gpio0_dir_sel	zdm_clocksel	RESERVED	zdm_mode
R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED	pll_rst_lockdet	sync	recal	resetn_soft	swrst	powerdown	mode
R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/WSC-0h	R/WSC-0h	R/W-0h	R/WSC-0h	R/WPD-0h	R/W-0h

表 10-3. GENERICO Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15	i2c_a0	R/W	Oh	When regcommit is used to program an EEPROM page, using regcommit_page, this defines the LSB of the I ² C target address. When a configuration is loaded into the registers from an EEPROM page, this represents the saved LSB bit.
14	gpio0_input_sel	R/W	Oh	Input signal select for GPIO0, Pin 8. 0h = RESETN 1h = SYNC
13	gpio4_dir_sel	R/W	Oh	GPIO4 direction select. 0h = Input 1h = Output
12	gpio1_dir_sel	R/W	Oh	GPIO1 direction select. Oh = Input 1h = Output
11	gpio0_dir_sel	R/W	Oh	Direction select for Pin 8. 0h = Input 1h = Output
10	zdm_clocksel	R/W	0h	Selects the internal or external clock for calibration, in the ZDM mode. In non-ZDM mode, always internal clock will be selected and this register doesn't have any meaning. Oh = Internal Feedback Th = External Feedback
9	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED
8	zdm_mode	R/W	Oh	Zero Delay Mode 0h = ZDM Off 1h = ZDM On
7	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED.
6	pll_rst_lockdet	R/W	0h	Reset (active high) to PLL lock detect circuit.

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表 10-3. GENERICO Register Field Descriptions (续)

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
5	sync	R/WSC	0h	Generates sync pulse (for output decoder). This is a self clearing register bit and writing '1' will create the SYNC pulse.
4	recal	R/WSC	0h	Self clearing bit. Writing '1' will do the re-calibration. For example - after the configuration followed by calibration if '1' is written to this register the calibration engine will start with the current capcode and cross code.
3	resetn_soft	R/W	0h	Configure the pin RESETN/SYNC as a soft reset. 0h = Hard Reset (reset state machines and registers) 1h = Soft Reset (state machines only, register content stays as is)
2	swrst	R/WSC	Oh	Soft reset bit. This is a self clearing bit. Writing a '0' has no effect and writing a '1' creates a reset pulse which resets the digital logic except the programmable registers. Also, this soft reset has similar effect on digital logic as hard reset (RESENTN/SYNC). Soft reset will restart the configuration and calibration.
1	powerdown	R/WPD	0h	Analog Power Down. 0h = Active 1h = Power down
0	mode	R/W	0h	Mode of Operation. 0h = Serial Interface, I2C 1h = Pin Mode, Output Enable

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10.1.2 GENERIC1 Register (Address = 1h) [reset = 6A32h]

GENERIC1 is shown in 图 10-2 and described in 表 10-4.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-2. GENERIC1 Register

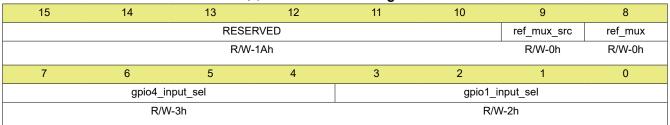


表 10-4. GENERIC1 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-10	RESERVED	R/W	1Ah	RESERVED
9	ref_mux_src	R/W	0h	Reference mux control signal source.
				0h = Pin
				1h = ref_mux bit-field
8	ref_mux	R/W	0h	Reference mux bit override.
				0h = XIN
				1h = REF
7-4	gpio4_input_sel	R/W	3h	GPIO4 input signal select. Do not choose the same signal on
				gpio1_input_sel.
				2h = OE
				4h = OE1
				5h = OE2
				6h = OE3
				7h = OE4
3-0	gpio1_input_sel	R/W	2h	GPIO1 input signal select. Do not choose the same signal on
				gpio4_input_sel.
				2h = OE
				4h = OE1
				5h = OE2
				6h = OE3
				7h = OE4

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10.1.3 GENERIC2 Register (Address = 2h) [reset = 53h]

GENERIC2 is shown in 图 10-3 and described in 表 10-5.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-3. GENERIC2 Register

				_			
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED		gpio0_output_sel			
R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/\	V-0h		R/W	-0h	
7	6	5	5 4		2	1	0
	gpio4_o	utput_sel		gpio1_output_sel			
	R/W	V-5h		R/W-3h			
1							

表 10-5. GENERIC2 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-12	RESERVED	R/W	0h	Reserved.
11-8	gpio0_output_sel	R/W	0h	GPIO0, Pin 8, output select ,
				0h = PLL_LOCK
				1h = XTAL_OSC
				2h = CAL_DONE
				3h = CONF_DONE
				4h = SYNC_DONE
				5h = EEPROM_BUSY
				6h = EEPROM_Y12
				7h = EEPROM_M12
				8h = I2C_LSB
				9h = CLK_FSM
				Ah = CLK_PFD_REF
				Bh = CLK_PFD_FB
				Ch = BUF_SYNC
				Dh = BUF_SCL
				Eh = BUF_SDA

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表 10-5. GENERIC2 Register Field Descriptions (续)

7-4 gpio4_output_sel R/W 5h GPIO4 , output select , 0h = PLL_LOCK 1h = XTAL_OSC 2h = CAL_DONE 3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_M12 8h = I2C_LSB 9h = CLK_FSM Ah = CLK_PFD_REF Bh = CLK_PFD_FB Ch = BUF_SCL Eh = BUF_SDA 3-0 gpio1_output_sel R/W 3h GPIO1 , output select , 0h = PLL_LOCK 1h = XTAL_OSC 2h = CAL_DONE 3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12	BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	Pr Field Descriptions (麥) DESCRIPTION
1h = XTAL_OSC 2h = CAL_DONE 3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_M12 7h = EEPROM_M12 8h = I2C_LSB 9h = CLK_FSM Ah = CLK_PFD_REF Bh = CLK_PFD_FB Ch = BUF_SYNC Dh = BUF_SCL Eh = BUF_SDA 3-0 gpio1_output_sel R/W 3h GPIO1 , output select , 0h = PLL_LOCK 1h = XTAL_OSC 2h = CAL_DONE 3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12	7-4	gpio4_output_sel	R/W	5h	GPIO4 , output select ,
2h = CAL_DONE 3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12 7h = EEPROM_M12 8h = I2C_LSB 9h = CLK_FSM Ah = CLK_PFD_REF Bh = CLK_PFD_FB Ch = BUF_SYNC Dh = BUF_SCL Eh = BUF_SDA 3-0 gpio1_output_sel R/W 3h GPIO1, output select, 0h = PLL_LOCK 1h = XTAL_OSC 2h = CAL_DONE 3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_Y12	I				0h = PLL_LOCK
3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12 7h = EEPROM_M12 8h = I2C_LSB 9h = CLK_FSM Ah = CLK_PFD_REF Bh = CLK_PFD_FB Ch = BUF_SYNC Dh = BUF_SCL Eh = BUF_SDA 3-0 gpio1_output_sel R/W 3h GPIO1, output select, 0h = PLL_LOCK 1h = XTAL_OSC 2h = CAL_DONE 3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12	l				1h = XTAL_OSC
4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12 7h = EEPROM_M12 8h = I2C_LSB 9h = CLK_FSM Ah = CLK_PFD_REF Bh = CLK_PFD_FB Ch = BUF_SYNC Dh = BUF_SCL Eh = BUF_SDA 3-0 gpio1_output_sel R/W 3h GPIO1, output select, 0h = PLL_LOCK 1h = XTAL_OSC 2h = CAL_DONE 3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12	l				2h = CAL_DONE
5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12 7h = EEPROM_M12 8h = I2C_LSB 9h = CLK_FSM Ah = CLK_PFD_REF Bh = CLK_PFD_FB Ch = BUF_SYNC Dh = BUF_SCL Eh = BUF_SDA 3-0 gpio1_output_sel R/W 3h GPIO1, output select, 0h = PLL_LOCK 1h = XTAL_OSC 2h = CAL_DONE 3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12	l				3h = CONF_DONE
6h = EEPROM_Y12 7h = EEPROM_M12 8h = I2C_LSB 9h = CLK_FSM Ah = CLK_PFD_REF Bh = CLK_PFD_FB Ch = BUF_SYNC Dh = BUF_SCL Eh = BUF_SDA 3-0 gpio1_output_sel R/W 3h GPIO1, output select, 0h = PLL_LOCK 1h = XTAL_OSC 2h = CAL_DONE 3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12	l				4h = SYNC_DONE
6h = EEPROM_Y12 7h = EEPROM_M12 8h = I2C_LSB 9h = CLK_FSM Ah = CLK_PFD_REF Bh = CLK_PFD_FB Ch = BUF_SYNC Dh = BUF_SCL Eh = BUF_SDA 3-0 gpio1_output_sel R/W 3h GPIO1, output select, 0h = PLL_LOCK 1h = XTAL_OSC 2h = CAL_DONE 3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12	l				5h = EEPROM_BUSY
8h = I2C_LSB 9h = CLK_FSM Ah = CLK_PFD_REF Bh = CLK_PFD_FB Ch = BUF_SVNC Dh = BUF_SCL Eh = BUF_SDA 3-0 gpio1_output_sel R/W 3h GPIO1, output select, 0h = PLL_LOCK 1h = XTAL_OSC 2h = CAL_DONE 3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12	I				
8h = I2C_LSB 9h = CLK_FSM Ah = CLK_PFD_REF Bh = CLK_PFD_FB Ch = BUF_SVNC Dh = BUF_SCL Eh = BUF_SDA 3-0 gpio1_output_sel R/W 3h GPIO1, output select, 0h = PLL_LOCK 1h = XTAL_OSC 2h = CAL_DONE 3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12	I				
9h = CLK_FSM Ah = CLK_PFD_REF Bh = CLK_PFD_FB Ch = BUF_SYNC Dh = BUF_SCL Eh = BUF_SDA 3-0 gpio1_output_sel R/W 3h GPIO1, output select, 0h = PLL_LOCK 1h = XTAL_OSC 2h = CAL_DONE 3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12	l				
Ah = CLK_PFD_REF Bh = CLK_PFD_FB Ch = BUF_SYNC Dh = BUF_SCL Eh = BUF_SDA 3-0 gpio1_output_sel R/W 3h GPIO1, output select, 0h = PLL_LOCK 1h = XTAL_OSC 2h = CAL_DONE 3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12	I				
Bh = CLK_PFD_FB Ch = BUF_SYNC Dh = BUF_SCL Eh = BUF_SDA 3-0 gpio1_output_sel R/W 3h GPIO1, output select, 0h = PLL_LOCK 1h = XTAL_OSC 2h = CAL_DONE 3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12	I				
Ch = BUF_SYNC Dh = BUF_SCL Eh = BUF_SDA 3-0 gpio1_output_sel R/W 3h GPIO1 , output select , 0h = PLL_LOCK 1h = XTAL_OSC 2h = CAL_DONE 3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12	l				
Dh = BUF_SCL Eh = BUF_SDA 3-0 gpio1_output_sel R/W 3h GPIO1 , output select ,	I				
3-0 gpio1_output_sel R/W 3h GPIO1 , output select , 0h = PLL_LOCK 1h = XTAL_OSC 2h = CAL_DONE 3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12	l				Dh = BUF_SCL
0h = PLL_LOCK 1h = XTAL_OSC 2h = CAL_DONE 3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12	l				Eh = BUF_SDA
1h = XTAL_OSC 2h = CAL_DONE 3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12	3-0	gpio1_output_sel	R/W	3h	GPIO1 , output select ,
2h = CAL_DONE 3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12	l				0h = PLL_LOCK
3h = CONF_DONE 4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12	l				1h = XTAL_OSC
4h = SYNC_DONE 5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12	l				2h = CAL_DONE
5h = EEPROM_BUSY 6h = EEPROM_Y12	I				3h = CONF_DONE
6h = EEPROM_Y12	I				4h = SYNC_DONE
	I				5h = EEPROM_BUSY
	l				6h = EEPROM_Y12
	l				7h = EEPROM_M12
8h = I2C_LSB	l				8h = I2C_LSB
9h = CLK_FSM	I				9h = CLK_FSM
Ah = CLK_PFD_REF	l				Ah = CLK_PFD_REF
Bh = CLK_PFD_FB	l				Bh = CLK_PFD_FB
Ch = BUF_SYNC	l				Ch = BUF_SYNC
Dh = BUF_SCL	l				Dh = BUF_SCL
Eh = BUF_SDA	l				Eh = BUF_SDA

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10.1.4 GENERIC3 Register (Address = 3h) [reset = 0h]

GENERIC3 is shown in 图 10-4 and described in 表 10-6.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-4. GENERIC3 Register

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
disable_crc	update_crc	nvmcommit	regcommit	regcommit_pag e	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED
R/W-0h	R/WMC-0h	R/WSC-0h	R/WSC-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED
R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/WSC-0h	R/WSC-0h	R/W-0h

表 10-6. GENERIC3 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15	disable_crc	R/W	0h	Disable the CRC computation. However if Page is selected CRC will happen after PoR (power on reset from analog). For example- after the calibration if this bit is set to '1' and apply a soft reset (or reset through pin) the configuration will bypass the CRC computation.
14	update_crc	R/WMC	0h	This is a self clearing register bit. Writing a '1' will cause the recomputation of CRC. The computed CRC can be read from the live CRC (nvmlcrc) register after the status bit nvmbusyh = 0.
13	nvmcommit	R/WSC	0h	Commits contents of the EEPROM page selected by REGCOMMIT_PAGE to internal register. This register will self-clear
12	regcommit	R/WSC	0h	Commits contents of the registers to EEPROM selected by REGCOMMIT_PAGE register. This register will self-clear.
11	regcommit_page	R/W	Oh	Decide which page of EEPROM to use for the Register/NVM commit operations. Note= this register is used only after the initial power-up configuration from EEPROM if any. Once power-up configuration is done with the page chosen by EEPROMSEL the value of this register will be used for subsequent configurations using Register/NVM commit operations. Oh = Page 0 1h = Page 1
10-3	RESERVED	R/W	0h	Reserved
2-1	RESERVED	R/WSC	0h	Reserved
0	RESERVED	R/W	0h	Reserved

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10.1.5 POWER0 Register (Address = 4h) [reset = 54h]

POWER0 is shown in 图 10-5 and described in 表 10-7.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-5. POWER0 Register



表 10-7. POWER0 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-8	RESERVED	R/W	0h	Reserved.
7	pdn_ch4	R/W	0h	Powers Down CH4 LDO.
				0h = Active
				1h = Power down
6	RESERVED	R/W	1h	Reserved.
5	pdn_ch3	R/W	0h	Powers Down CH3 LDO.
				0h = Active
				1h = Power down
4	RESERVED	R/W	1h	Reserved.
3	pdn_ch2	R/W	0h	Powers Down CH2 LDO.
				0h = Active
				1h = Power down
2	RESERVED	R/W	1h	Reserved.
1	pdn_ch1	R/W	0h	Powers Down CH1 LDO.
				0h = Active
				1h = Power down
0	RESERVED	R/W	0h	Reserved.

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10.1.6 POWER1 Register (Address = 5h) [reset = 30h]

POWER1 is shown in 图 10-6 and described in 表 10-8.

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图 10-6. POWER1 Register

15	14	13	13 12		10	9	8
		RESERVED			pdn_pll_vcobuf 2	pdn_pll_vco	pdn_pll_vcobuf
		R/W-0h			R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
pdn_pll_cp	pdn_pll_lockdet	pdn_pll_psfbb	pdn_pll_psfba	RESERVED	pdn_pll_pfd	pdn_pll_psfb	pdn_ref
R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-1h	R/W-1h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h

表 10-8. POWER1 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-11	RESERVED	R/W	Oh	
				Reserved.
10	pdn_pll_vcobuf2	R/W	0h	Power down of VCO buffer LDO.
				0h = Active
				1h = Power down
9	pdn_pll_vco	R/W	0h	Power down of VCO LDO.
				0h = Active
				1h = Power down
8	pdn_pll_vcobuf	R/W	0h	Power down of VCO buffer.
				0h = Active
				1h = Power down
7	pdn_pll_cp	R/W	0h	Power down of charge pump LDO.
				0h = Active
				1h = Power down
6	pdn_pll_lockdet	R/W	0h	Power down of PLL lock detector.
				0h = Active
				1h = Power down
5	pdn_pll_psfbb	R/W	1h	Power down of PLL feedback pre-scaler.
				0h = Active
				1h = Power down
4	pdn_pll_psfba	R/W	1h	Active low enable of prescaler-a. Active (low) during PoR and '1'
				later. 1h = Power Down PFD. 0h = Otherwise.
3	RESERVED	R/W	0h	Reserved.
2	pdn_pll_pfd	R/W	0h	Active low enable of PFD. Inactive (high) till calibration and '0' afterwards. 1h = Power Down PFD. 0h = Otherwise.
1	pdn_pll_psfb	R/W	0h	Active low enable of prescaler. Active (low) during PoR and '1' later.
				1h = Powers Down PS, 0h = Otherwise.

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表 10-8. POWER1 Register Field Descriptions (续)

				(12,1)
BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
0	pdn_ref	R/W	0h	Powers Down Input Path LDO. Kill Switch. Do not use. 1h = PD, 0h = Otherwise.

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10.1.7 STATUS0 Register (Address = 6h) [reset = 0h]

STATUS0 is shown in 图 10-7 and described in 表 10-9.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-7. STATUS0 Register

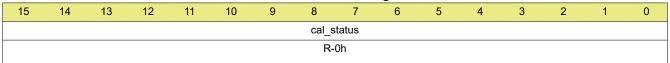


表 10-9. STATUSO Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-0	cal_status	R	0h	Calibration word.

10.1.8 STATUS1 Register (Address = 7h) [reset = 0h]

STATUS1 is shown in 图 10-8 and described in 表 10-10.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-8. STATUS1 Register

			—	-			
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
	RESE	RVED		lock_det_a	pll_vco_cal_rea dy	nvm_rd_error	nvm_wr_error
	R-	0h		R-0h	R-0h	RC-0h	RC-0h
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
rd_error	wr_error	nvmcrcerr	nvmbusy	cal_done	config_done	unlock_s	lock_det
R-0h	R-0h	R-0h	R-0h	R-0h	R-0h	R/WEX-0h	R-0h

表 10-10. STATUS1 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-12	RESERVED	R	0h	Reserved.
11	lock_det_a	R	0h	Reads the PLL Lock status. 0h: PLL is Unlocked. 1h: PLL is locked.
10	pll_vco_cal_ready	R	0h	VCO Buffer LDO POR can be read through this register.
9	nvm_rd_error	RC	0h	Occurs when any NVM operation is issued during Read Phase of the NVM. The Read Phase of the NVM includes CRC calculation or a simple read through RD NVM Addr/Data registers from any NVM location or a NVM commit operation.
8	nvm_wr_error	RC	0h	Occurs when any NVM operation is issued during Write Phase of the NVM. Write Phase of the NVM includes a simple write into any NVM location through WR NVM Addr/Data registers or a Register Commit operation.
7	rd_error	R	0h	Reading using the I2C interface with an address above the address of the last register gives this error.
6	wr_error	R	0h	Writing using the I2C interface with an address above the address of the last register gives this error.
5	nvmcrcerr	R	Oh	NVM CRC Error Indication. The NVMCRCERR bit is set to 1 if a CRC Error has been detected when reading back from on-chip EEPROM during device configuration. This bit will be cleared when NVMCOMMIT is submitted or Update CRC is issued.

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表 10-10. STATUS1 Register Field Descriptions (续)

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
4	nvmbusy	R	Oh	NVM Program Busy Indication. The NVMBUSY bit is 1 during an on-chip EEPROM Erase/Program cycle. While NVMBUSY is 1 the on-chip EEPROM cannot be accessed. When the NVM operation is completed this bit will be cleared. NVM related operations are REGcommit NVMcommit CRC calculation or simple Read/Write through RD/WR NVM.
3	cal_done	R	0h	1h = Calibration (Two rounds of Amplitude followed by calibration) is done.
2	config_done	R	0h	1 h = Configuration (CRC Check followed by transfer of EEPROM to registers) is done.
1	unlock_s	R/WEX	Oh	Lock Detect Sticky Bit. This indicates the loss of lock of the PLL and this is cleared only by recalibration or a hard reset through RESETN/SYNC pin Oh = locked 1h = unlocked
0	lock_det	R	Oh	When the calibration is done frequency may or may not be locked. 1h = Frequency is locked. 0h = Otherwise 0h = unlocked 1h = locked

10.1.9 STATUS2 Register (Address = 8h) [reset = 0h]

STATUS2 is shown in 图 10-9 and described in 表 10-11.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-9. STATUS2 Register

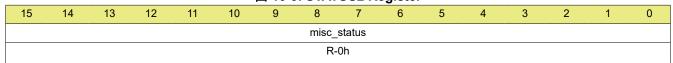


表 10-11. STATUS2 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-0	misc_status	R	0h	Miscellaneous status word.

10.1.10 STATUS3 Register (Address = 9h) [reset = 0h]

STATUS3 is shown in 图 10-10 and described in 表 10-12.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-10. STATUS3 Register

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	nvmlcrc														
	R-0h														

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表 10-12. STATUS3 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-0	nvmlcrc	R	0h	The NVMLCRC register holds the Live CRC byte that has been
				calculated while reading on-chip EEPROM.

10.1.11 EEPROM0 Register (Address = Ah) [reset = 0h]

EEPROM0 is shown in 图 10-11 and described in 表 10-13.

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图 10-11. EEPROM0 Register

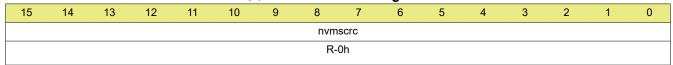


表 10-13. EEPROM0 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-0	nvmscrc	R	0h	Stored CRC value. This value is used to compare with the computed
				CRC and to update the CRC Status bit

10.1.12 EEPROM1 Register (Address = Bh) [reset = 0h]

EEPROM1 is shown in 图 10-12 and described in 表 10-14.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-12. EEPROM1 Register



表 10-14. EEPROM1 Register Field Descriptions

				•
BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-6	RESERVED	R/W	0h	Reserved.
5-0	nvm_rd_addr	R/W	Oh	Writing an address into the NVM WR Address starts the read loop. This register will contain the data read from the EEPROM at the address provided by the NVM WR Address. The address is auto-incremented and subsequent read from the NVM RD Data register will give the data from the next EEPROM location.



10.1.13 EEPROM2 Register (Address = Ch) [reset = 0h]

EEPROM2 is shown in 图 10-13 and described in 表 10-15.

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图 10-13. EEPROM2 Register

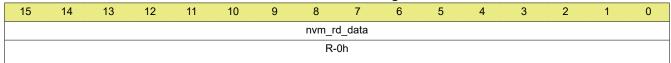


表 10-15. EEPROM2 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-0	nvm_rd_data	R		Reading from this register will return the data present at the EEPROM from the immediate next address location than what was programmed in the NVM RD Address register since writing into NVM RD Address register already returned the data from EEPROM from the written address. Subsequent read from this register will cause the address to be auto-incremented and cause a read from the next EEPROM location.

10.1.14 EEPROM3 Register (Address = Dh) [reset = 0h]

EEPROM3 is shown in 图 10-14 and described in 表 10-16.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-14. EEPROM3 Register



表 10-16. EEPROM3 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-6	RESERVED	R/W	0h	Reserved.
5-0	nvm_wr_addr	R/W		Writing an address into the NVM WR Address starts the write loop. But Writing a data into the NVM WR Data register will program the EEPROM with that data at the address provided by writing into NVM WR Address initially.

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10.1.15 EEPROM4 Register (Address = Eh) [reset = 0h]

EEPROM4 is shown in 图 10-15 and described in 表 10-17.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-15. EEPROM4 Register

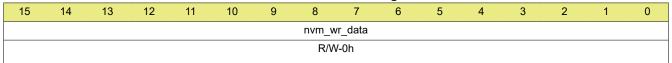


表 10-17. EEPROM4 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-0	nvm_wr_data	R/W	0h	Writing a data into this register will program the EEPROM with the
				written data at the address given by NVM WR Address. Subsequent
				write into this register will cause the address to be auto-incremented
				and cause a program at the next EEPROM location.

10.1.16 STARTUP0 Register (Address = Fh) [reset = 37h]

STARTUP0 is shown in 图 10-16 and described in 表 10-18.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-16. STARTUP0 Register

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	
	ee_lock				RESERVED			
	R/W-0h				R/W-0h			
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
bypass_cal	bypass_config	cal_mute	shift_left		gpio3_gf_en	gpio2_gf_en	acal_en	
R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-1h	R/V	/-2h	R/W-1h	R/W-1h	R/W-1h	

表 10-18. STARTUPO Register Field Descriptions

	7 To Tol Olivitation of Register Flora Becomparente							
BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION				
15-12	ee_lock	R/W	0h	Locks EEPROM for regcommit and EEPROM write operations. To unlock, write 5h, any other value to lock.				
11-9	RESERVED	R/W	0h	Reserved.				
8	zdm_auto	R/W	0h	Setting this bit 1 will allow state machine to control the value of pll_ndiv and pll_psfb internally in Normal/ZDM mode of calibration. If set 0 the user has to manually program the pll_ndiv and pll_psfb				
7	bypass_cal	R/W	0h	Bypass the calibration. By default two rounds of calibrations (AC followed by FC) will be done. Setting this bit to 1 will bypass the calibration.				
6	bypass_config	R/W	0h	Bypass the configuration. Note that on PoR this bit is zero and hence configuration will happen. However after the first configuration this bit can be set and apply the soft/pin reset so that configuration will be bypassed.				
5	cal_mute	R/W	1h	Mute the output during the calibration. 0h = Outputs stay active 1h = Outputs muted				

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表 10-18. STARTUPO Register Field Descriptions (续)

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BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION		
4-3	shift_left	R/W	2h	Divide the ref clock (PFD clock) during calibration by 2 to the power		
				of value		
				0h = 1		
				1h = 2		
				2h = 4		
				3h = 8		
2	gpio3_gf_en	R/W	1h	Enable the glitch filter for SCL, GPIO3.		
				0h = Disabled		
				1h = Enabled		
1	gpio2_gf_en	R/W	1h	Enable the glitch filter for SDA, GPIO2.		
				0h = Disabled		
				1h = Enabled		
0	acal_en	R/W	1h	Enable automatic frequency calibration at power-up or EEPROM re-		
				load.		
				0h = Disabled		
				1h = Enabled		

10.1.17 STARTUP1 Register (Address = 10h) [reset = 921Fh]

STARTUP1 is shown in 图 10-17 and described in 表 10-19.

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图 10-17. STARTUP1 Register

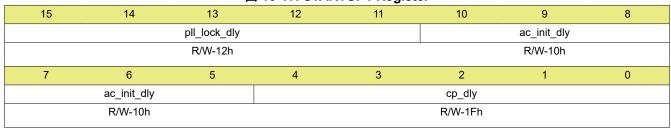


表 10-19. STARTUP1 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-11	pll_lock_dly	R/W	12h	Wait time before lock detect goes high after the calibration. Expected value is approximately 1 ms. The actual delay will be $4 \times T \times \{\text{programmed value}\}\$ where $T = 200 \text{ns}$ typically.
10-5	ac_init_dly	R/W	10h	Peak detector settlig time, that is, pll_en_peakdet_vco going high to first cross code change. Expected value is 1.6 µs. The actual delay will be 4 × T × {programmed value} where T = 200ns typically.

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表 10-19. STARTUP1 Register Field Descriptions (续)

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
4-0	cp_dly	R/W		Delay from vtune driver enable (pll_en_vtune_drv) going high to peak detector enable (pll_en_peakdet_vco) going high. Expected delay is 200 µs. The actual delay will be 64 × T × {programmed value} where T = 200ns typically.

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10.1.18 STARTUP2 Register (Address = 11h) [reset = 6C4h]

STARTUP2 is shown in 图 10-18 and described in 表 10-20.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-18. STARTUP2 Register

				_				
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	
RESERVED		switc	h_dly		err_cnt			
R/W-0h		R/W-0h				R/W-6h		
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
fc_se	etl_dly		ac_cmp_dly					
R/V	V-3h		R/W-4h					
I .								

表 10-20. STARTUP2 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15	RESERVED	R/W	0h	Reserved.
14-11	switch_dly	R/W	Oh	Indicates number of digital clocks to wait before SSM clock is turned off after all the active signals are low. Internally scaled up by 2 ⁶ . Digital clock period is 200ns typically.
10-8	err_cnt	R/W	6h	Indicates how long to wait for before declaring lock detect. In PFD clocks period. 0h = 32 1h = 64 2h = 128 3h = 256
7-6	fc_setl_dly	R/W	3h	Delay between two cap codes in terms of REFCLK period. Expected value is 1 µs. The actual delay will be 32 × T × {programmed value} where T is the refclk period.
5-0	ac_cmp_dly	R/W	4h	Delay between successive cross code change. Expected value is 1 µs. The actual delay will be 4 × T × {programmed value} where T = 200ns typically.

10.1.19 REV0 Register (Address = 18h) [reset = 601h]

REV0 is shown in 图 10-19 and described in 表 10-21.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-19. REV0 Register

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	
	RESERVED								
	R/W-6h								
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
	rev_reg								
	R-1h								
- 1									

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表 10-21. REV0 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-8	8 Reserved R 06h R		06h	Reserved
7-0	rev_reg	R	1h	Revision ID register.
				1h = CDCl6214

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10.1.20 INPUT0 Register (Address = 1Ah) [reset = B14h]

INPUT0 is shown in 图 10-20 and described in 表 10-22.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-20. INPUT0 Register

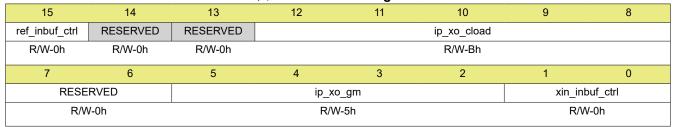


表 10-22. INPUT0 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15	ref_inbuf_ctrl	R/W	0h	Reference input buffer select.
				0h = LVCMOS
				1h = AC-Differential
14	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED
13	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED

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表 10-22. INPUT0 Register Field Descriptions (续)

RIT	表 10-22. INPU I 0 Register BIT FIELD TYPE RESET			DESCRIPTION (疾)	
12-8	ip_xo_cload	R/W	Bh		
12-0	Ip_xo_cload			Selects load cap for XO (up to 9 pF) in 5 bit binary selection). Step size is about 200 fF.	
				0h = 3.0 pF	
				1h = 3.2 pF	
				2h = 3.4 pF	
				3h = 3.6 pF	
				4h = 3.8 pF	
				5h = 4.0 pF	
				6h = 4.2 pF	
				7h = 4.4 pF	
				8h = 4.6 pF	
				9h = 4.8 pF	
				Ah = 5.0 pF	
				Bh = 5.2 pF	
				Ch = 5.4 pF	
				Dh = 5.6 pF	
				Eh = 5.8 pF	
				Fh = 6.0 pF	
				10h = 6.2 pF	
				11h = 6.4 pF	
				12h = 6.5 pF	
				13h = 6.7 pF	
				14h = 6.9 pF	
				15h = 7.1 pF	
				16h = 7.3 pF	
				17h = 7.5 pF	
				18h = 7.7 pF	
				19h = 7.9 pF	
				1Ah = 8.1 pF	
				1Bh = 8.3 pF	
				1Ch = 8.5 pF	
				1Dh = 8.7 pF	
				1Eh = 8.9 pF	
				1Fh = 9.0 pF	
7-6	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED	



表 10-22. INPUTO Register Field Descriptions (续)

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
5-2	ip_xo_gm	R/W	5h	Tune bias current for XO. Gm programmability. Typical values:
				0h = Disabled
				1h = 14 μA
				2h = 29 μA
				3h = 44 μA
				4h = 59 μA
				5h = 148 μA
				6h = 295 μA
				7h = 443 μA
				8h = 591 μA
				9h = 884 μA
				Ah = 1177 μA
				Bh = 1468 μA
				Ch = 1758 μA
1-0	xin_inbuf_ctrl	R/W	0h	Input buffer select.
				0h = XO
				1h = CMOS
				2h = DIFF

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10.1.21 INPUT1 Register (Address = 1Bh) [reset = 0h]

INPUT1 is shown in 图 10-21 and described in 表 10-23.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-21. INPUT1 Register

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
RESERVED	ip_byp_en_ch4	ip_byp_en_ch3	ip_byp_en_ch2	ip_byp_en_ch1	ip_byp_en_y0	ip_byp_mux	ip_rst_rdiv
R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ip_rdiv							
R/W-0h							

表 10-23. INPUT1 Register Field Descriptions

	ster Field Descriptions			
BIT	T FIELD TYPE RESET		RESET	DESCRIPTION
15	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED
14	ip_byp_en_ch4	n4 R/W Oh		Bypass path buffer enable for CH4. This is required to drive a bypass signal using ch4_iod_mux. 0h = disabled
				1h = enabled
13	ip_byp_en_ch3	R/W	0h	Bypass path buffer enable for CH3. This is required to drive a bypass signal using ch3_iod_mux.
				0h = disabled
				1h = enabled
12	ip_byp_en_ch2	R/W	0h	Bypass path buffer enable for CH2. This is required to drive a bypass signal using ch2_iod_mux.
				0h = disabled
				1h = enabled
11	ip_byp_en_ch1	R/W	0h	Bypass path buffer enable for CH1. This is required to drive a bypass signal using ch1_iod_mux.
				0h = disabled
				1h = enabled
10	ip_byp_en_y0	R/W	0h	Enable input clock to come out on Y0 buffer.
9	ip_byp_mux	R/W	0h	Selects Y0 clock between "REF_CLK" and "PFD_CLK".
				0h = REF
				1h = PFD
8	ip_rst_rdiv	R/W	0h	Resets flops in ref divider. Active (high) during power on reset or
				SWRST or pin reset and inactive afterwards.

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表 10-23. INPUT1 Register Field Descriptions (续)

	BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
	7-0	ip_rdiv	R/W	0h	Reference clock divider. 0 = Doubler ON, 1 = /1, 2 = /2. and so forth.
					0h = x2
					1h = /1
					2h = /2
					3h = /3
					4h = /4
					5h = /5
					FFh = /255
- 1					

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10.1.22 INPUT_DBG0 Register (Address = 1Ch) [reset = 0h]

INPUT_DBG0 is shown in 图 10-22 and described in 表 10-24.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-22. INPUT_DBG0 Register

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
RESE	RVED	RESE	RVED			RESERVED	
RΛ	R/W-0h		V-0h		R/W-0h		R/W-0h
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESE	RVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED
R/V	V-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h

表 10-24. INPUT_DBG0 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
15-6	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED.
5	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED
4	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED
3	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED
2	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED
1	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED
0	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED

10.1.23 PLL0 Register (Address = 1Dh) [reset = Ch]

PLL0 is shown in 图 10-23 and described in 表 10-25.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-23. PLL0 Register

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
pll_l	psfb			pll_r	ndiv		
R/M	/-0h			R/W	'-Ch		
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		pll_ndiv					
R/W-Ch							

表 10-25. PLL0 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-14	pll_psfb	R/W	0h Programming bits for PLL feedback pre-scaler.	
				0h = /4
				1h = /5
				2h = /6
13-0	pll_ndiv	R/W	Ch	Feedback divider, must be at least 6h.



10.1.24 PLL1 Register (Address = 1Eh) [reset = 5140h]

PLL1 is shown in 图 10-24 and described in 表 10-26.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-24. PLL1 Register

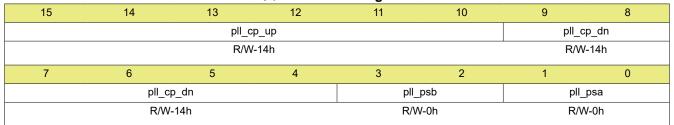


表 10-26. PLL1 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-10	pll_cp_up	R/W	14h	Programming bits for up current of CP.
				0h = 0.0 mA
				1h = 0.1 mA
				2h = 0.2 mA
				3h = 0.3 mA
				[]
				1Fh = 3.1 mA
				37h = 3.2 mA
				38h = 3.3 mA
				[]
				3Dh = 3.8 mA
				3Eh = 3.9 mA
				3Fh = 4.0 mA
9-4	pll_cp_dn	R/W	14h	Programming bits for down current of CP.
				0h = 0.0 mA
				1h = 0.1 mA
				2h = 0.2 mA
				3h = 0.3 mA
				[]
				1Fh = 3.1 mA
				37h = 3.2 mA
				38h = 3.3 mA
				[]
				3Dh = 3.8 mA
				3Eh = 3.9 mA
				3Fh = 4.0 mA
	I		l	I.

 $\label{eq:copyright @ 2024 Texas Instruments Incorporated}$ Product Folder Links: $\mbox{\it CDCI6214}$ 表 10-26. PLL1 Register Field Descriptions (续)

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
3-2	pll_psb	R/W	0h	Programming bits for pre-scaler B.
				0h = /4
				1h = /5
				2h = /6
1-0	pll_psa	R/W	0h	Programming bits for pre-scaler A.
				0h = /4
				1h = /5
				2h = /6

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10.1.25 PLL2 Register (Address = 1Fh) [reset = 1E72h]

PLL2 is shown in 图 10-25 and described in 表 10-27.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-25. PLL2 Register

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
RESE	RVED		pll_lf_zcap						
R/V	V-0h			R/W-Fh			R/W-3h		
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
	pll_lf_res		pll_lf_pcap						
	R/W-3h				R/W-12h				

表 10-27. PLL2 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-14	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED.
13-9	pll_lf_zcap	R/W	Fh	Programming bits of cap value of zero of loop-filter.
				0h = 000 pF
				1h = 030 pF
				2h = 060 pF
				3h = 090 pF
				4h = 120 pF
				5h = 150 pF
				6h = 180 pF
				7h = 210 pF
				8h = 240 pF
				9h = 270 pF
				Ah = 300 pF
				Bh = 330 pF
				Ch = 360 pF
				Dh = 390 pF
				Eh = 420 pF
				Fh = 450 pF
				10h = 480 pF
				11h = 510 pF
				12h = 540 pF
				13h = 570 pF
				14h = 600 pF

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表 10-27. PLL2 Register Field Descriptions (续)

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	Field Descriptions (续) DESCRIPTION
8-5	pll_lf_res	R/W	3h	Programming bits of res value of zero of loop-filter.
	F100			Oh = open k Ω
				1h = 00.5 kΩ
				2h = 01.5 kΩ
				3h = 02.5 kΩ
				4h = 03.5 kΩ
				5h = 04.5 kΩ
				6h = 05.5 kΩ
				7h = 06.5 kΩ
				8h = 07.5 kΩ
				9h = 08.5 kΩ
				Ah = 09.5 k Ω
				Bh = 10.5 k Ω
				$Ch = 11.5 k\Omega$
4-0	all If noon	R/W	12h	
4-0	pll_lf_pcap	IK/VV	1211	Programming bits of cap value of pole of loop-filter.
				0h = 00.0 pF 1h = 00.5 pF
				2h = 01.5 pF
				3h = 02.5 pF
				4h = 03.5 pF
				5h = 04.5 pF
				6h = 05.5 pF
				7h = 06.5 pF
				8h = 07.5 pF
				9h = 08.5 pF
				Ah = 09.5 pF
				Bh = 10.5 pF
				Ch = 11.5 pF
				Dh = 12.5 pF
				Eh = 13.5 pF
				Fh = 14.5 pF
				10h = 15.5 pF
				11h = 16.5 pF
				12h = 17.5 pF
				13h = 18.5 pF
				14h = 19.5 pF



10.1.26 PLL4 Register (Address = 21h) [reset = 7h]

PLL4 is shown in 图 10-26 and described in 表 10-28.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-26. PLL4 Register

				_				
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	
RESERVED		RESERVED				RESERVED		
R/W-0h		R/W-0h		R/W-0h			R/W-0h	
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
RESERVED	pll_pfd	pll_pfd_dly_ctrl		pll_lockdet_window			pll_lockdet_wait	
R/W-0h	R/W-0h			R/W-1h			V-3h	

表 10-28. PLL4 Register Field Descriptions

В	IT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15	5-7	RESERVED	R/W	0h	Reserved.
6	-5	pll_pfd_dly_ctrl	R/W	0h	Programming of PFD reset delay. In PFD period.
					0h = 2
					1h = 6
					2h = 10
					3h = 14
4	-2	pll_lockdet_window	R/W	1h	Programmability of PFD input and output time window for lock detect.
					0h = disabled
					1h = typical 1.4 ns
					2h = typical 2.6 ns
					3h = typical 3.9 ns
					4h = typical 5.2 ns
					5h = typical 6.4 ns
					6h = typical 7.6 ns
					7h = typical 8.9 ns
1	-0	pll_lockdet_wait	R/W	3h	Programmability of analog lock detect timer. In PFD cycles
					0h = 1
					1h = 16
					2h = 64
					3h = 128

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10.1.27 CH1_CTRL0 Register (Address = 23h) [reset = 8000h]

CH1_CTRL0 is shown in 图 10-27 and described in 表 10-29.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-27. CH1_CTRL0 Register

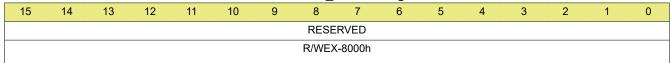


表 10-29. CH1_CTRL0 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-0	RESERVED	R/WEX	8000h	RESERVED

10.1.28 CH1_CTRL1 Register (Address = 24h) [reset = 0h]

CH1_CTRL1 is shown in 图 10-28 and described in 表 10-30.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-28. CH1_CTRL1 Register

			_	- 3	-							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8					
RESERVED												
R/W-0h												
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
	RESERVED											
	R/WEX-0h											

表 10-30. CH1_CTRL1 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
15-9	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED.
8-0	RESERVED	R/WEX	0h	RESERVED.



10.1.29 CH1_CTRL2 Register (Address = 25h) [reset = 8003h]

CH1_CTRL2 is shown in 图 10-29 and described in 表 10-31.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-29. CH1_CTRL2 Register

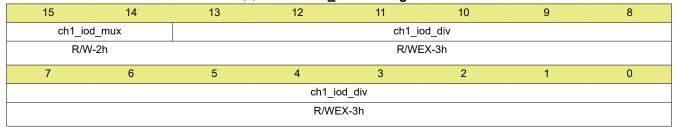


表 10-31. CH1_CTRL2 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-14	ch1_iod_mux	R/W	2h	Input Clock selection for IOD.
				0h = PSA
				1h = PSB
				3h = REF
13-0	ch1_iod_div	R/WEX	3h	IOD Division Value. 0h = Powers Down, Output=Input/IOD_DIV

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10.1.30 CH1_CTRL3 Register (Address = 26h) [reset = 9h]

CH1_CTRL3 is shown in 图 10-30 and described in 表 10-32.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-30. CH1_CTRL3 Register

	15	14	13	12	12 11		9	8
			ch1_sync_delay	ch1_sync_en	RESERVED	ch1_mute_sel		
R/W-0h						R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h
	7	6	5	4	4 3 2		1	0
	ch1_mute	ch1_cr	nos_pol		ch1_outbuf_ctrl	ch1_mux		
	R/W-0h R/W-0h				R/W-2h	R/W-1h		

表 10-32. CH1 CTRL3 Register Field Descriptions

				Register Field Descriptions				
BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION				
15-11	ch1_sync_delay	R/W	0h	Sync Delay cycles of IOD Input Clock. One cycle is a period of the selected pre-scaler clock.				
10	ch1_sync_en R/W 0h		Oh	Enables SYNC for the channel. 0h = Disabled 1h = Enabled				
9	RESERVED	R/W	0h	Reserved.				
8	ch1_mute_sel	h1_mute_sel R/W 0h		Mute selection for Output Channel. 0h = P=L N=H 1h = P=H N=L				
7	ch1_mute	R/W	0h	To mute the output on this channel. Oh = Un-mutes the output. 1h = mutes the output.				
4-2	ch1_outbuf_ctrl			1h = LVDS (1) 2h = HCSL 3h = CML				
1-0	ch1_mux	R/W	1h	Output Clock Selection. 1h = CH1 2h = CH2				

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⁽¹⁾ For DC-connection program chx_lvds_cmtrim_inc = 0 and ch[4:1]_1p8vdet in 表 10-53 and 表 10-52 accordingly.

10.1.31 CH1_CTRL4 Register (Address = 27h) [reset = 679h]

CH1_CTRL4 is shown in 图 10-31 and described in 表 10-33.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-31. CH1_CTRL4 Register

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
RESERVED	RESERVED RESERVED RESERVED		RESERVED		RESERVED		
R/W-0h R/W-0h R/W-0h		R/W-0h	R/W-0h		R/W-0h		
7	7 6 5		4	3	2	1	0
RESE	RVED	RESERVED		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	ch1_glitchless_ en
R/W	V-1h	R/W	/-3h	R/W-1h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-1h

表 10-33. CH1_CTRL4 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
15-12	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED
11-9	RESERVED	R/W	3h	RESERVED
8	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED
7-6	RESERVED	R/W	1h	RESERVED
5-4	RESERVED	R/W	3h	RESERVED
3	RESERVED	R/W	1h	RESERVED
2	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED
1	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED
0	ch1_glitchless_en	R/W	1h	Enables Glitchless switching for Output Channel.
				0h = Immediate
				1h = Glitchless

10.1.32 CH1_CTRL5 Register (Address = 28h) [reset = 8h]

CH1_CTRL5 is shown in 图 10-32 and described in 表 10-34.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-32. CH1_CTRL5 Register

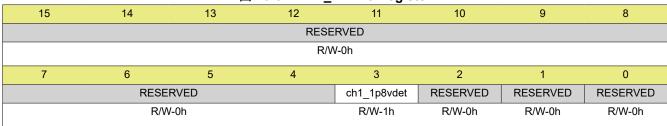


表 10-34. CH1 CTRL5 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	BIT FIELD		RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-4	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED.

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表 10-34. CH1_CTRL5 Register Field Descriptions (续)

_	problem in the proble											
	BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION							
	3	ch1_1p8vdet	R/W	1h	Specify supply on the channel.							
					0h = 2.5 V or 3.3 V							
					1h = 1.8 V							
	2-0	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED							

10.1.33 CH2_CTRL0 Register (Address = 29h) [reset = 8000h]

CH2_CTRL0 is shown in 图 10-33 and described in 表 10-35.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-33. CH2_CTRL0 Register

1	5	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	RESERVED															
	R/WEX-8000h															

表 10-35. CH2_CTRL0 Register Field Descriptions

	-	_	-	•
Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
15-0	RESERVED	R/WEX	8000h	RESERVED

10.1.34 CH2_CTRL1 Register (Address = 2Ah) [reset = 0h]

CH2_CTRL1 is shown in 图 10-34 and described in 表 10-36.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-34. CH2_CTRL1 Register

			-	•								
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8					
RESERVED												
R/W-0h												
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0					
	RESERVED											
	R/WEX-0h											

表 10-36. CH2_CTRL1 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
15-9	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED.
8-0	RESERVED	R/WEX	0h	RESERVED.

10.1.35 CH2_CTRL2 Register (Address = 2Bh) [reset = 0h]

CH2_CTRL2 is shown in 图 10-35 and described in 表 10-37.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-35. CH2_CTRL2 Register

		_					
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
ch2_io	d_mux			ch2_i	od_div		
R/W	/-0h			R/WE	X-0h		
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ch2_iod_div							
			R/WE	X-0h			

表 10-37. CH2_CTRL2 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-14	ch2_iod_mux	R/W	Oh Input Clock selection for IOD.	
				0h = PSA
				1h = PSB
				3h = REF
13-0	ch2_iod_div	R/WEX	0h	IOD Division Value. 0h = Powers Down, Output = Input/IOD_DIV

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10.1.36 CH2_CTRL3 Register (Address = 2Ch) [reset = 8h]

CH2_CTRL3 is shown in 图 10-36 and described in 表 10-38.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-36. CH2_CTRL3 Register

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	
ch2_sync_delay					ch2_sync_en	RESERVED	ch2_mute_sel	
R/W-0h					R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ch2_mute	ch2_mute ch2_cmos_pol			ch2_outbuf_ctrl		ch2_	_mux	
R/W-0h	R/W-0h R/W-0h			R/W-2h			R/W-0h	
1								

表 10-38. CH2_CTRL3 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	Register Field Descriptions DESCRIPTION
15-11	ch2_sync_delay	R/W	0h	Sync Delay cycles of IOD Input Clock. One cycle is a period of the
				selected pre-scaler clock.
10	ch2_sync_en	R/W	0h	Enables SYNC for the channel.
				0h = Disabled
				1h = Enabled
9	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED.
8	ch2_mute_sel	R/W	0h	Mute selection for Output Channel.
				0h = P=L N=H
				1h = P=H N=L
7	ch2_mute	R/W	0h	To mute the output on this channel.
				0h = Un-mutes the output. 1h = mutes the output.
6-5	ch2_cmos_pol	R/W	0h	programmability of output CMOS buffer polarity.
				0h = P+ N+
				1h = P+ N -
				2h = P - N+
				3h = P - N -
4-2	ch2_outbuf_ctrl	R/W	2h	Select the output buffer format.
				0h = disabled
				1h = LVDS ⁽¹⁾
				2h = HCSL
				3h = CML
				4h = LVPECL
				5h = CMOSPN
				6h = CMOSP
				7h = CMOSN



表 10-38. CH2_CTRL3 Register Field Descriptions (续)

_					(),)
	BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
	1-0	ch2_mux	R/W	0h	Output Clock Selection.
					0h = CH1
					1h = CH2
					2h = CH3
L			I	I	

(1) For DC-connection program chx_lvds_cmtrim_inc = 0 and ch[4:1]_1p8vdet in 表 10-53 and 表 10-52 accordingly.

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10.1.37 CH2_CTRL4 Register (Address = 2Dh) [reset = 71h]

CH2_CTRL4 is shown in 图 10-37 and described in 表 10-39.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-37. CH2_CTRL4 Register

			_	•			
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED		RESERVED		RESERVED
R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h		R/W-0h		R/W-0h
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED RESERVED		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	ch2_glitchless_ en		
R/W-1h R/W-3h		V-3h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-1h	

表 10-39. CH2_CTRL4 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
15-12	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED
11-8	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED
7-6	RESERVED	R/W	1h	RESERVED
5-4	RESERVED	R/W	3h	RESERVED
3-1	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED
0	ch2_glitchless_en	R/W	1h	Enables Glitchless switching for Output Channel.
				0h = Immediate
				1h = Glitchless

10.1.38 CH2_CTRL5 Register (Address = 2Eh) [reset = 8h]

CH2_CTRL5 is shown in 图 10-38 and described in 表 10-40.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-38. CH2_CTRL5 Register

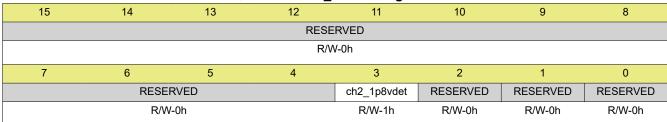


表 10-40. CH2_CTRL5 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION		
15-4	RESERVED	R/W	0h RESERVED.			
3	ch2_1p8vdet	R/W	1h Specify supply on the channel.			
				0h = 2.5 V or 3.3 V		
				1h = 1.8 V		
2-0	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED		



10.1.39 CH3_CTRL0 Register (Address = 2Fh) [reset = 8000h]

CH3_CTRL0 is shown in 图 10-39 and described in 表 10-41.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-39. CH3_CTRL0 Register

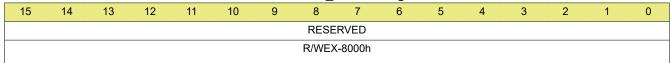


表 10-41. CH3_CTRL0 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-0	RESERVED	R/WEX	8000h	RESERVED

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10.1.40 CH3_CTRL1 Register (Address = 30h) [reset = 0h]

CH3_CTRL1 is shown in 图 10-40 and described in 表 10-42.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-40. CH3 CTRL1 Register

			_	-			
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
	RESERVED						
	R/W-0h R/W						
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
			RESEF	RVED			
			R/WE	X-0h			

表 10-42. CH3_CTRL1 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
15-9	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED.
8-0	RESERVED	R/WEX	0h	RESERVED

10.1.41 CH3_CTRL2 Register (Address = 31h) [reset = 0h]

CH3_CTRL2 is shown in 图 10-41 and described in 表 10-43.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-41. CH3_CTRL2 Register

		_					
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
ch3_io	d_mux			ch3_i	od_div		
R/W	/-0h			R/WE	EX-0h		
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
			ch3_io	d_div			
R/WEX-0h							

表 10-43. CH3_CTRL2 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-14	ch3_iod_mux	R/W	0h	Input Clock selection for IOD.
				0h = PSA
				1h = PSB
				3h = REF
13-0	ch3_iod_div	R/WEX	0h	IOD Division Value. 0h = Powers Down, Output=Input/IOD_DIV

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10.1.42 CH3_CTRL3 Register (Address = 32h) [reset = 4h]

CH3_CTRL3 is shown in 图 10-42 and described in 表 10-44.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-42. CH3_CTRL3 Register

			_	_				
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	
		ch3_sync_delay			ch3_sync_en	RESERVED	ch3_mute_sel	
R/W-0h					R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ch3_mute	ch3_mute ch3_cmos_pol			ch3_outbuf_ctrl			ch3_mux	
R/W-0h	R/V	V-0h		R/W-1h		R/V	V-0h	
i								

表 10-44. CH3_CTRL3 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-11	ch3_sync_delay	R/W	0h	Sync Delay cycles of IOD Input Clock. One cycle is a period of the selected pre-scaler clock.
10	ch3_sync_en	R/W	0h	Enables SYNC for the channel.
				0h = Disabled
				1h = Enabled
9	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED.
8	ch3_mute_sel	R/W	0h	Mute selection for Output Channel.
				0h = P=L N=H
				1h = P=H N=L
7	ch3_mute	R/W	0h	To mute the output on this channel.
-				0h = Un-mutes the output. 1h = mutes the output.
6-5	ch3_cmos_pol	R/W	0h	programmability of output CMOS buffer polarity.
				0h = P+ N+
				1h = P+ N -
				2h = P - N+
				3h = P - N -
4-2	ch3_outbuf_ctrl	R/W	1h	Select the output buffer format.
				0h = disabled
				1h = LVDS ⁽¹⁾
				2h = HCSL
				3h = CML
				4h = LVPECL
				5h = CMOSPN
				6h = CMOSP
				7h = CMOSN

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表 10-44. CH3_CTRL3 Register Field Descriptions (续)

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
1-0	ch3_mux	R/W	0h	Output Clock Selection.
				0h = CH2
				1h = CH3
				2h = CH4

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(1) For DC-connection program *chx_lvds_cmtrim_inc* = 0 and *ch[4:1]_1p8vdet* in 表 10-53 and 表 10-52 accordingly.

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10.1.43 CH3_CTRL4 Register (Address = 33h) [reset = 671h]

CH3_CTRL4 is shown in 图 10-43 and described in 表 10-45.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-43. CH3_CTRL4 Register

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED		RESERVED		RESERVED
R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h		R/W-3h		R/W-0h
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESE	RESERVED RESERVED		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	ch3_glitchless_ en	
R/W-3h		/-3h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-1h	

表 10-45. CH3_CTRL4 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
15-12	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED
11-9	RESERVED	R/W	3h	RESERVED
8	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED
7-6	RESERVED	R/W	1h	RESERVED
5-4	RESERVED	R/W	3h	RESERVED
3-1	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED
0	ch3_glitchless_en	R/W	1h	Enables Glitchless switching for Output Channel.
				0h = Immediate
				1h = Glitchless

10.1.44 CH3_CTRL5 Register (Address = 34h) [reset = 8h]

CH3_CTRL5 is shown in 图 10-44 and described in 表 10-46.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-44. CH3_CTRL5 Register



表 10-46. CH3_CTRL5 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-4	RESERVED	R/W	0h RESERVED.	
3	ch3_1p8vdet	R/W	1h	Specify supply on the channel.
				0h = 2.5 V or 3.3 V
				1h = 1.8 V

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表 10-46. CH3_CTRL5 Register Field Descriptions (续)

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
2-0	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED

10.1.45 CH4_CTRL0 Register (Address = 35h) [reset = 8000h]

CH4_CTRL0 is shown in 图 10-45 and described in 表 10-47.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-45. CH4_CTRL0 Register

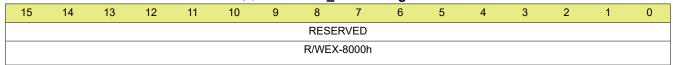


表 10-47. CH4_CTRL0 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
15-0	RESERVED	R/WEX	8000h	RESERVED

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10.1.46 CH4_CTRL1 Register (Address = 36h) [reset = 0h]

CH4_CTRL1 is shown in 图 10-46 and described in 表 10-48.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-46. CH4_CTRL1 Register

			_	-				
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	
	RESERVED							
	R/W-0h R/							
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
			RESEF	RVED				
			R/WE	X-0h				

表 10-48. CH4_CTRL1 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
15-9	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED.
8-0	RESERVED	R/WEX	0h	RESERVED

10.1.47 CH4_CTRL2 Register (Address = 37h) [reset = 0h]

CH4_CTRL2 is shown in 图 10-47 and described in 表 10-49.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-47. CH4_CTRL2 Register

			•	_							
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15				
		d_div	ch4_id			ch4_iod_mux					
		X-0h	R/WE			R/W-0h					
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7				
ch4_iod_div											
R/WEX-0h											
	1		R/WE 3 od_div		5	V-0h					

表 10-49. CH4_CTRL2 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description	
15-14	ch4_iod_mux	R/W	0h	Input Clock selection for IOD.	
				0h = PSA	
				1h = PSB	
				3h = REF	
13-0	ch4_iod_div	R/WEX	0h	IOD Division Value. 0h = Powers Down, Output=Input/IOD_DIV.	

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10.1.48 CH4_CTRL3 Register (Address = 38h) [reset = 4h]

CH4_CTRL3 is shown in 图 10-48 and described in 表 10-50.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-48. CH4_CTRL3 Register

			_	_			
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
		ch4_sync_delay	ch4_sync_en	RESERVED	ch4_mute_sel		
		R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h		
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ch4_mute	ch4_cr	nos_pol		ch4_outbuf_ctrl		ch4_	_mux
R/W-0h	R/V	V-0h		R/W-1h		R/V	V-0h

表 10-50. CH4 CTRL3 Register Field Descriptions

15-11	
9 RESERVED R/W 0h RESERVED. 8 ch4_mute_sel R/W 0h Mute selection for Output Channel. 0h = P=L N=H 1h = P=H N=L 7 ch4_mute R/W 0h To mute the output on this channel. 0h = Un-mutes the output. 1h = mute 4-2 ch4_outbuf_ctrl R/W 1h Select the output buffer format. 0h = disabled 1h = LVDS(1) 2h = HCSL	c. One cycle is a period of the
9 RESERVED R/W 0h RESERVED. 8 ch4_mute_sel R/W 0h Mute selection for Output Channel. 0h = P=L N=H 1h = P=H N=L 7 ch4_mute R/W 0h To mute the output on this channel. 0h = Un-mutes the output. 1h = mute 4-2 ch4_outbuf_ctrl R/W 1h Select the output buffer format. 0h = disabled 1h = LVDS(1) 2h = HCSL	
9 RESERVED R/W 0h RESERVED. 8 ch4_mute_sel R/W 0h Mute selection for Output Channel. 0h = P=L N=H 1h = P=H N=L 7 ch4_mute R/W 0h To mute the output on this channel. 0h = Un-mutes the output. 1h = mute 4-2 ch4_outbuf_ctrl R/W 1h Select the output buffer format. 0h = disabled 1h = LVDS(1) 2h = HCSL	
8 ch4_mute_sel R/W Oh Mute selection for Output Channel. Oh = P=L N=H Th = P=H N=L 7 ch4_mute R/W Oh To mute the output on this channel. Oh = Un-mutes the output. The mute 4-2 ch4_outbuf_ctrl R/W The Select the output buffer format. Oh = disabled The LVDS(1) 2h = HCSL	
7 ch4_mute R/W 0h To mute the output on this channel. 0h = Un-mutes the output. 1h = mute 4-2 ch4_outbuf_ctrl R/W 1h Select the output buffer format. 0h = disabled 1h = LVDS(1) 2h = HCSL	
7 ch4_mute R/W 0h To mute the output on this channel. 0h = Un-mutes the output. 1h = mute 4-2 ch4_outbuf_ctrl R/W 1h Select the output buffer format. 0h = disabled 1h = LVDS(1) 2h = HCSL	
7 ch4_mute R/W 0h To mute the output on this channel. 0h = Un-mutes the output. 1h = mute 4-2 ch4_outbuf_ctrl R/W 1h Select the output buffer format. 0h = disabled 1h = LVDS ⁽¹⁾ 2h = HCSL	
4-2 ch4_outbuf_ctrl R/W 1h Select the output buffer format. 0h = Un-mutes the output buffer format. 0h = disabled 1h = LVDS ⁽¹⁾ 2h = HCSL	
4-2 ch4_outbuf_ctrl R/W 1h Select the output buffer format. 0h = disabled 1h = LVDS(1) 2h = HCSL	
0h = disabled 1h = LVDS(1) 2h = HCSL	s the output.
1h = LVDS ⁽¹⁾ 2h = HCSL	
2h = HCSL	
3h = CML	
4h = LVPECL	
1-0 ch4_mux R/W 0h Output Clock Selection. 0h = Previo	s Channel, 1h = Current
Channel, 2h = Next Channel, 3h = A	GND
0h = CH3	
1h = CH4	

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⁽¹⁾ For DC-connection program chx_lvds_cmtrim_inc = 0 and ch[4:1]_1p8vdet in 表 10-53 and 表 10-52 accordingly.

10.1.49 CH4_CTRL4 Register (Address = 39h) [reset = 71h]

CH4_CTRL4 is shown in 图 10-49 and described in 表 10-51.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-49. CH4_CTRL4 Register

			_	•			
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED		RESERVED		RESERVED
R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h		R/W-0h		R/W-0h
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED		RESERVED		RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	ch4_glitchless_ en
R/W-1h		R/W	V-3h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-1h

表 10-51. CH4_CTRL4 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
15-12	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED
11-8	RESERVED	R/W 0h		RESERVED
7-6	RESERVED	R/W	1h	RESERVED
5-4	RESERVED	R/W	3h	RESERVED
3-1	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED
0	ch4_glitchless_en	R/W	1h	Enables Glitchless switching for Output Channel.
				0h = Immediate
				1h = Glitchless

10.1.50 CH4_CTRL5 Register (Address = 3Ah) [reset = 8h]

CH4_CTRL5 is shown in 图 10-50 and described in 表 10-52.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-50. CH4_CTRL5 Register

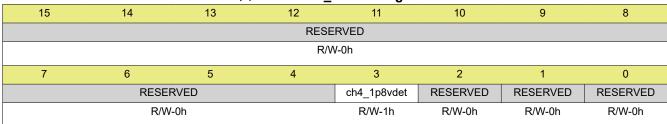


表 10-52. CH4_CTRL5 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION	
15-4	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED.	
3	ch4_1p8vdet	R/W	1h	Specify supply on the channel.	
				0h = 2.5 V or 3.3 V	
				1h = 1.8 V	
2-0	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED	

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10.1.51 CHX_CTRL0 Register (Address = 3Bh) [reset = 61h]

CHX_CTRL0 is shown in 图 10-51 and described in 表 10-53.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-51. CHX_CTRL0 Register

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
RESERVED	RESERVED	chx_rst	chx_lvds_c	mtrim_inc	chx_lvds_ci	mtrim_dec	chx_diffbuf_ibia s_trim
R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h		R/W	-0h	R/W-3h
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
chx_diffbuf_ibias_trim		chx_lvcmos_drv	RESERVED	ch0_lvcm	nos_drv	RESERVED	
R/W-3h			R/W-1h	R/W-0h	R/W	-0h	R/W-1h

表 10-53. CHX_CTRL0 Register Field Descriptions

	表 10-53. CHX_CTRLU REGISTER FIELD DESCRIPTION										
BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION							
15-14	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED							
13	chx_rst	R/W	0h	All Channel RST during power up and later. 1h = RST, 0h = Normal.							
12-11	chx_lvds_cmtrim_inc	R/W	Oh	Increments differential output buffer output common-mode programmability. Use either CHX_LVDS_CMTRIM_INC or CHX_LVDS_CMTRIM_DEC.							
10-9	chx_lvds_cmtrim_dec	R/W	Oh	Decrements differential output buffer output common-mode programmability. Increment Use either CHX_LVDS_CMTRIM_INC or CHX_LVDS_CMTRIM_DEC.							
8-5	chx_diffbuf_ibias_trim	R/W	3h	Differential output buffer tail current programmability.							
				Ch = 350 μA							
				8h = 400 μA							
				4h = 450 μA							
				0h = 500 μA							
				0h = 500 μA							
				1h = 550 μA							
				2h = 600 μA							
				3h = 650 μA							
4	chx_lvcmos_drv	R/W	1h	Adjust CH1 to CH4 LVCMOS driver strength.							
				0h = Normal							
				1h = Fast							
3	RESERVED	R/W	1h	RESERVED							
2-1	ch0_lvcmos_drv	R/W	0h	Enable Y0 channel and adjust LVCMOS driver strength.							
				0h = Off							
				1h = Normal							
				3h = Fast							



表 10-53. CHX_CTRL0 Register Field Descriptions (续)

	<u>*</u> :			
BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
0	RESERVED	R/W	1h	RESERVED

10.1.52 CHX_CTRL1 Register (Address = 3Ch) [reset = 18h]

CHX_CTRL1 is shown in 图 10-52 and described in 表 10-54.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-52. CHX_CTRL1 Register

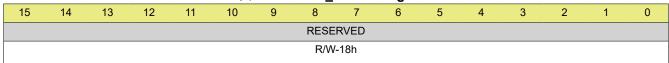


表 10-54. CHX_CTRL1 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-0	RESERVED	R/W	18h	RESERVED

10.1.53 CHX_CTRL2 Register (Address = 3Dh) [reset = 1500h]

CHX_CTRL2 is shown in 图 10-53 and described in 表 10-55.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-53. CHX_CTRL2 Register

			_	- 3 -				
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	
RESERVED		RESERVED	RESERVED					
R/W-0h		R/W-0h			R/W-15h			
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED	RESERVED				
R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h	R/W-0h		R/W	-0h		

表 10-55. CHX CTRL2 Register Field Descriptions

	**	-	_	9
Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
15-13	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED
12-8	RESERVED	R/W	15h	RESERVED
7-0	RESERVED	R/W	0h	RESERVED

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10.1.54 CHX_CTRL3 Register (Address = 3Eh) [reset = 4210h]

CHX_CTRL3 is shown in 图 10-54 and described in 表 10-56.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-54. CHX_CTRL3 Register

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
							RESE	RVED							
							R/W-	4210h							

表 10-56. CHX_CTRL3 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-0	RESERVED	R/W	4210h	RESERVED

10.1.55 CHX_CTRL4 Register (Address = 3Fh) [reset = 210h]

CHX CTRL4 is shown in 图 10-55 and described in 表 10-57.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-55. CHX_CTRL4 Register

							_		•						
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
							RESE	RVED							
							R/W-	·210h							

表 10-57. CHX_CTRL4 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-0	RESERVED	R/W	210h	RESERVED

10.1.56 DBG0 Register (Address = 42h) [reset = 200h]

DBG0 is shown in 图 10-56 and described in 表 10-58.

Return to Summary Table.

图 10-56. DBG0 Register

									_						
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
							RESE	RVED							
							R/W-	200h							

表 10-58. DBG0 Register Field Descriptions

BIT	FIELD	TYPE	RESET	DESCRIPTION
15-0	RESERVED	R/W	200h	RESERVED

Product Folder Links: CDCl6214

English Data Sheet: SNAS734



10.2 EEPROM Map

The EEPROM is split into a common base page which holds common settings. Then there are two pages for customized settings. Page 0 is selected using EEPROMSEL = Low. Page 1 is selected using EEPROMSEL = High.

The CRC value is stored at the end of page 1 in word 0x3F.

表 10-59. EEPROM, Base

WORD NO.	SECTION	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0h	Base	cp_dly[0]	cal_mute	shift_left[1	shift_left[0	gpio3_gf_ en	gpio2_gf_ en	acal_en	pdn_pll_v cobuf2	pdn_pll_v co	pdn_pll_v cobuf	pdn_pll_c p	pdn_pll_lo ckdet	pdn_pll_pf d	pdn_pll_p sfb	regcommit _page	resetn_sof t
1h	Base	ac_cmp_d ly[0]	pll_lock_dl y[4]	pll_lock_dl y[3]	pll_lock_dl y[2]	pll_lock_dl y[1]	pll_lock_dl y[0]	ac_init_dl y[5]	ac_init_dl y[4]	ac_init_dl y[3]	ac_init_dl y[2]	ac_init_dl y[1]	ac_init_dl y[0]	cp_dly[4]	cp_dly[3]	cp_dly[2]	cp_dly[1]
2h	Base	0	0	0	0	0	0	err_cnt[2]	err_cnt[1]	err_cnt[0]	fc_setl_dl y[1]	fc_setl_dl y[0]	ac_cmp_d ly[5]	ac_cmp_d ly[4]	ac_cmp_d ly[3]	ac_cmp_d ly[2]	ac_cmp_d ly[1]
3h	Base	pll_pfd_dl y_ctrl[1]	pll_pfd_dl y_ctrl[0]	pll_lockdet _window[2]	pll_lockdet _window[1]	pll_lockdet _window[0]	pll_lockdet _wait[1]	pll_lockdet _wait[0]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4h	Base	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5h	Base	chx_diffbu f_ibias_tri m[1]	chx_diffbu f_ibias_tri m[0]	chx_lvcmo s_drv	chx_en_c mosslow	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
6h	Base	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	chx_lvds_ cmtrim_in c[1]	chx_lvds_ cmtrim_in c[0]	chx_lvds_ cmtrim_de c[1]	chx_lvds_ cmtrim_de c[0]	chx_diffbu f_ibias_tri m[3]	chx_diffbu f_ibias_tri m[2]
7h	Base	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8h	Base	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1
9h	Base	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Ah	Base	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Bh	Base	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

表 10-60. EEPROM, Page 0

WORD NO.	SECTION	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Ch	Page 0	gpio4_inp ut_sel[3]	gpio4_inp ut_sel[2]	gpio4_inp ut_sel[1]	gpio4_inp ut_sel[0]	gpio1_inp ut_sel[3]	gpio1_inp ut_sel[2]	gpio1_inp ut_sel[1]	gpio1_inp ut_sel[0]	i2c_a0	gpio0_inp ut_sel	gpio4_dir_ sel	gpio1_dir_ sel	gpio0_dir_ sel	zdm_clock sel	zdm_mod e	mode
Dh			gpio4_out put_sel[2]							0	1	1	0	1	0	ref_mux_s rc	ref_mux
Eh	Page 0	1	pdn_ch4	1	pdn_ch3	1	pdn_ch2	1	pdn_ch1	1	0	rsrvd_1[1]	rsrvd_1[0]	gpio0_out put_sel[3]	gpio0_out put_sel[2]	gpio0_out put_sel[1]	gpio0_out put_sel[0]
Fh	Page 0	ip_xo_clo ad[2]	ip_xo_clo ad[1]	ip_xo_clo ad[0]	0	0	ip_xo_gm[3]	ip_xo_gm[2]	ip_xo_gm[1]	ip_xo_gm[0]	xin_inbuf_ ctrl[1]	xin_inbuf_ ctrl[0]	zdm_auto	bypass_c al	bypass_c onfig	pdn_pll_p sb	pdn_pll_p sa

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表 10-60. EEPROM, Page 0 (续)

							× 10-60.	EEPRO	IVI, Page	ひ(续)							
WORD NO.	SECTION	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
10h	Page 0	ip_byp_en _ch3	ip_byp_en _ch2	ip_byp_en _ch1	ip_byp_en _y0	ip_byp_m ux	ip_rdiv[7]	ip_rdiv[6]	ip_rdiv[5]	ip_rdiv[4]	ip_rdiv[3]	ip_rdiv[2]	ip_rdiv[1]	ip_rdiv[0]	ref_inbuf_ ctrl	ip_xo_clo ad[4]	ip_xo_clo ad[3]
11h	Page 0	pll_ndiv[1 3]	pll_ndiv[1 2]	pll_ndiv[11]	pll_ndiv[1 0]	pll_ndiv[9]	pll_ndiv[8]	pll_ndiv[7]	pll_ndiv[6]	pll_ndiv[5]	pll_ndiv[4]	pll_ndiv[3]	pll_ndiv[2]	pll_ndiv[1]	pll_ndiv[0]	0	ip_byp_en _ch4
12h	Page 0	pll_cp_up[3]	pll_cp_up[2]	pll_cp_up[1]	pll_cp_up[0]	pll_cp_dn[5]	pll_cp_dn[4]	pll_cp_dn[3]	pll_cp_dn[2]	pll_cp_dn[1]	pll_cp_dn[0]	pll_psb[1]	pll_psb[0]	pll_psa[1]	pll_psa[0]	pll_psfb[1]	pll_psfb[0]
13h	Page 0	pll_lf_zca p[4]	pll_lf_zca p[3]	pll_lf_zca p[2]	pll_lf_zca p[1]	pll_lf_zca p[0]	pll_lf_res[3]	pll_lf_res[2]	pll_lf_res[1]	pll_lf_res[0]	pll_lf_pca p[4]	pll_lf_pca p[3]	pll_lf_pca p[2]	pll_lf_pca p[1]	pll_lf_pca p[0]	pll_cp_up[5]	pll_cp_up[4]
14h	Page 0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15h	Page 0	ch1_iod_d iv[6]	ch1_iod_d iv[5]	ch1_iod_d iv[4]	ch1_iod_d iv[3]	ch1_iod_d iv[2]	ch1_iod_d iv[1]	ch1_iod_d iv[0]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16h	Page 0	0	0	ch1_outbu f_ctrl[2]	ch1_outbu f_ctrl[1]	ch1_outbu f_ctrl[0]	ch1_mux[1]	ch1_mux[0]	ch1_iod_ mux[1]	ch1_iod_ mux[0]	ch1_iod_d iv[13]	ch1_iod_d iv[12]	ch1_iod_d iv[11]	ch1_iod_d iv[10]	ch1_iod_d iv[9]	ch1_iod_d iv[8]	ch1_iod_d iv[7]
17h	Page 0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	ch1_glitchl ess_en	ch1_sync _delay[4]	ch1_sync _delay[3]	ch1_sync _delay[2]	ch1_sync _delay[1]	ch1_sync _delay[0]	ch1_sync _en	ch1_mute _sel	ch1_mute
18h	Page 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ch1_1p8v det	0
19h	Page 0	ch2_iod_d iv[4]	ch2_iod_d iv[3]	ch2_iod_d iv[2]	ch2_iod_d iv[1]	ch2_iod_d iv[0]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
1Ah	Page 0	ch2_outbu f_ctrl[2]	ch2_outbu f_ctrl[1]	ch2_outbu f_ctrl[0]	ch2_mux[1]	ch2_mux[0]	ch2_iod_ mux[1]	ch2_iod_ mux[0]	ch2_iod_d iv[13]	ch2_iod_d iv[12]	ch2_iod_d iv[11]	ch2_iod_d iv[10]	ch2_iod_d iv[9]	ch2_iod_d iv[8]	ch2_iod_d iv[7]	ch2_iod_d iv[6]	ch2_iod_d iv[5]
1Bh	Page 0	1	0	1	0	0	ch2_glitchl ess_en	ch2_sync _delay[4]	ch2_sync _delay[3]	ch2_sync _delay[2]	ch2_sync _delay[1]	ch2_sync _delay[0]	ch2_sync _en	ch2_mute _sel	ch2_mute	ch2_cmos _pol[1]	ch2_cmos _pol[0]
1Ch	Page 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ch2_1p8v det	0	0	0
1Dh	Page 0	ch3_iod_d iv[2]	ch3_iod_d iv[1]	ch3_iod_d iv[0]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
1Eh	Page 0	ch3_outbu f_ctrl[0]	ch3_mux[1]	ch3_mux[0]	ch3_iod_ mux[1]	ch3_iod_ mux[0]	ch3_iod_d iv[13]	ch3_iod_d iv[12]	ch3_iod_d iv[11]	ch3_iod_d iv[10]	ch3_iod_d iv[9]	ch3_iod_d iv[8]	ch3_iod_d iv[7]	ch3_iod_d iv[6]	ch3_iod_d iv[5]	ch3_iod_d iv[4]	ch3_iod_d iv[3]
1Fh	Page 0	0	0	0	ch3_glitchl ess_en	ch3_sync _delay[4]	ch3_sync _delay[3]	ch3_sync _delay[2]	ch3_sync _delay[1]	ch3_sync _delay[0]	ch3_sync _en	ch3_mute _sel	ch3_mute	ch3_cmos _pol[1]	ch3_cmos _pol[0]	ch3_outbu f_ctrl[2]	ch3_outbu f_ctrl[1]
20h	Page 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ch3_1p8v det	1	0	0	1	0
21h	Page 0	ch4_iod_d iv[0]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
22h	Page 0	ch4_mux[0]	ch4_iod_ mux[1]	ch4_iod_ mux[0]	ch4_iod_d iv[13]	ch4_iod_d iv[12]	ch4_iod_d iv[11]	ch4_iod_d iv[10]	ch4_iod_d iv[9]	ch4_iod_d iv[8]	ch4_iod_d iv[7]	ch4_iod_d iv[6]	ch4_iod_d iv[5]	ch4_iod_d iv[4]	ch4_iod_d iv[3]	ch4_iod_d iv[2]	ch4_iod_d iv[1]
23h	Page 0	0	ch4_glitchl ess_en	ch4_sync _delay[4]	ch4_sync _delay[3]	ch4_sync _delay[2]	ch4_sync _delay[1]	ch4_sync _delay[0]	ch4_sync _en	ch4_mute _sel	ch4_mute	0	0	ch4_outbu f_ctrl[2]	ch4_outbu f_ctrl[1]	ch4_outbu f_ctrl[0]	ch4_mux[1]
24h	Page 0	0	0	1	1	pll_en_cp	ch0_lvcm os_drv[1]	ch0_lvcm os_drv[0]	1	ch4_1p8v det	1	0	0	1	0	1	0

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表 10-60. EEPROM, Page 0 (续)

WO	ORD O.	SECTION	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
2	5h	Page 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

表 10-61. EEPROM, Page 1

WORD NO.	SECTION	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
26h	Page 1	gpio4_inp ut_sel[3]	gpio4_inp ut_sel[2]	gpio4_inp ut_sel[1]	gpio4_inp ut_sel[0]	gpio1_inp ut_sel[3]	gpio1_inp ut_sel[2]	gpio1_inp ut_sel[1]	gpio1_inp ut_sel[0]	i2c_a0	gpio0_inp ut_sel	gpio4_dir_ sel	gpio1_dir_ sel	gpio0_dir_ sel	zdm_clock sel	zdm_mod e	mode
27h	Page 1	gpio4_out put_sel[3]	gpio4_out put_sel[2]	gpio4_out put_sel[1]	gpio4_out put_sel[0]	gpio1_out put_sel[3]	gpio1_out put_sel[2]	gpio1_out put_sel[1]	gpio1_out put_sel[0]	0	1	1	0	1	0	ref_mux_s rc	ref_mux
28h	Page 1	1	pdn_ch4	1	pdn_ch3	1	pdn_ch2	1	pdn_ch1	1	0	rsrvd_1[1]	rsrvd_1[0]	gpio0_out put_sel[3]	gpio0_out put_sel[2]	gpio0_out put_sel[1]	gpio0_out put_sel[0]
29h	Page 1	ip_xo_clo ad[2]	ip_xo_clo ad[1]	ip_xo_clo ad[0]	0	0	ip_xo_gm[3]	ip_xo_gm[2]	ip_xo_gm[1]	ip_xo_gm[0]	xin_inbuf_ ctrl[1]	xin_inbuf_ ctrl[0]	zdm_auto	bypass_c al	bypass_c onfig	pdn_pll_p sb	pdn_pll_p sa
2Ah	Page 1	ip_byp_en _ch3	ip_byp_en _ch2	ip_byp_en _ch1	ip_byp_en _y0	ip_byp_m ux	ip_rdiv[7]	ip_rdiv[6]	ip_rdiv[5]	ip_rdiv[4]	ip_rdiv[3]	ip_rdiv[2]	ip_rdiv[1]	ip_rdiv[0]	ref_inbuf_ ctrl	ip_xo_clo ad[4]	ip_xo_clo ad[3]
2Bh	Page 1	pll_ndiv[1 3]	pll_ndiv[1 2]	pll_ndiv[11]	pll_ndiv[1 0]	pll_ndiv[9]	pll_ndiv[8]	pll_ndiv[7]	pll_ndiv[6]	pll_ndiv[5]	pll_ndiv[4]	pll_ndiv[3]	pll_ndiv[2]	pll_ndiv[1]	pll_ndiv[0]	0	ip_byp_en _ch4
2Ch	Page 1	pll_cp_up[3]	pll_cp_up[2]	pll_cp_up[1]	pll_cp_up[0]	pll_cp_dn[5]	pll_cp_dn[4]	pll_cp_dn[3]	pll_cp_dn[2]	pll_cp_dn[1]	pll_cp_dn[0]	pll_psb[1]	pll_psb[0]	pll_psa[1]	pll_psa[0]	pll_psfb[1]	pll_psfb[0]
2Dh	Page 1	pll_lf_zca p[4]	pll_lf_zca p[3]	pll_lf_zca p[2]	pll_lf_zca p[1]	pll_lf_zca p[0]	pll_lf_res[3]	pll_lf_res[2]	pll_lf_res[1]	pll_lf_res[0]	pll_lf_pca p[4]	pll_lf_pca p[3]	pll_lf_pca p[2]	pll_lf_pca p[1]	pll_lf_pca p[0]	pll_cp_up[5]	pll_cp_up[4]
2Eh	Page 1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2Fh	Page 1	ch1_iod_d iv[6]	ch1_iod_d iv[5]	ch1_iod_d iv[4]	ch1_iod_d iv[3]	ch1_iod_d iv[2]	ch1_iod_d iv[1]	ch1_iod_d iv[0]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30h	Page 1	0	0	ch1_outbu f_ctrl[2]	ch1_outbu f_ctrl[1]	ch1_outbu f_ctrl[0]	ch1_mux[1]	ch1_mux[0]	ch1_iod_ mux[1]	ch1_iod_ mux[0]	ch1_iod_d iv[13]	ch1_iod_d iv[12]	ch1_iod_d iv[11]	ch1_iod_d iv[10]	ch1_iod_d iv[9]	ch1_iod_d iv[8]	ch1_iod_d iv[7]
31h	Page 1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	ch1_glitchl ess_en	ch1_sync _delay[4]	ch1_sync _delay[3]	ch1_sync _delay[2]	ch1_sync _delay[1]	ch1_sync _delay[0]	ch1_sync _en	ch1_mute _sel	ch1_mute
32h	Page 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ch1_1p8v det	0
33h	Page 1	ch2_iod_d iv[4]	ch2_iod_d iv[3]	ch2_iod_d iv[2]	ch2_iod_d iv[1]	ch2_iod_d iv[0]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
34h	Page 1	ch2_outbu f_ctrl[2]	ch2_outbu f_ctrl[1]	ch2_outbu f_ctrl[0]	ch2_mux[1]	ch2_mux[0]	ch2_iod_ mux[1]	ch2_iod_ mux[0]	ch2_iod_d iv[13]	ch2_iod_d iv[12]	ch2_iod_d iv[11]	ch2_iod_d iv[10]	ch2_iod_d iv[9]	ch2_iod_d iv[8]	ch2_iod_d iv[7]	ch2_iod_d iv[6]	ch2_iod_d iv[5]
35h	Page 1	1	0	1	0	0	ch2_glitchl ess_en	ch2_sync _delay[4]	ch2_sync _delay[3]	ch2_sync _delay[2]	ch2_sync _delay[1]	ch2_sync _delay[0]	ch2_sync _en	ch2_mute _sel	ch2_mute	ch2_cmos _pol[1]	ch2_cmos _pol[0]
36h	Page 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ch2_1p8v det	0	0	0
37h	Page 1	ch3_iod_d iv[2]	ch3_iod_d iv[1]	ch3_iod_d iv[0]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0



表 10-61. EEPROM, Page 1 (续)

WORD NO.	SECTION	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
38h	Page 1	ch3_outbu f_ctrl[0]	ch3_mux[1]	ch3_mux[0]	ch3_iod_ mux[1]	ch3_iod_ mux[0]	ch3_iod_d iv[13]	ch3_iod_d iv[12]	ch3_iod_d iv[11]	ch3_iod_d iv[10]	ch3_iod_d iv[9]	ch3_iod_d iv[8]	ch3_iod_d iv[7]	ch3_iod_d iv[6]	ch3_iod_d iv[5]	ch3_iod_d iv[4]	ch3_iod_d iv[3]
39h	Page 1	0	0	0	ch3_glitchl ess_en	ch3_sync _delay[4]	ch3_sync _delay[3]	ch3_sync _delay[2]	ch3_sync _delay[1]	ch3_sync _delay[0]	ch3_sync _en	ch3_mute _sel	ch3_mute	ch3_cmos _pol[1]	ch3_cmos _pol[0]	ch3_outbu f_ctrl[2]	ch3_outbu f_ctrl[1]
3Ah	Page 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ch3_1p8v det	1	0	0	1	1
3Bh	Page 1	ch4_iod_d iv[0]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
3Ch	Page 1	ch4_mux[0]	ch4_iod_ mux[1]	ch4_iod_ mux[0]	ch4_iod_d iv[13]	ch4_iod_d iv[12]	ch4_iod_d iv[11]	ch4_iod_d iv[10]	ch4_iod_d iv[9]	ch4_iod_d iv[8]	ch4_iod_d iv[7]	ch4_iod_d iv[6]	ch4_iod_d iv[5]	ch4_iod_d iv[4]	ch4_iod_d iv[3]	ch4_iod_d iv[2]	ch4_iod_d iv[1]
3Dh	Page 1	0	ch4_glitchl ess_en	ch4_sync _delay[4]	ch4_sync _delay[3]	ch4_sync _delay[2]	ch4_sync _delay[1]	ch4_sync _delay[0]	ch4_sync _en	ch4_mute _sel	ch4_mute	0	0	ch4_outbu f_ctrl[2]	ch4_outbu f_ctrl[1]	ch4_outbu f_ctrl[0]	ch4_mux[1]
3Eh	Page 1	0	0	1	1	pll_en_cp	ch0_lvcm os_drv[1]	ch0_lvcm os_drv[0]	1	ch4_1p8v det	1	0	0	1	0	1	0
3Fh	Page 1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0

11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Device Support

11.1.1 Development Support

Contact your TI representative for more information.

11.1.2 Device Nomenclature

CDCI6214 - 62= clock generator 1= 1x PLL 4=4x outputs I = individual output enables

11.2 接收文档更新通知

要接收文档更新通知,请导航至 ti.com 上的器件产品文件夹。点击*通知* 进行注册,即可每周接收产品信息更改摘要。有关更改的详细信息,请查看任何已修订文档中包含的修订历史记录。

11.3 支持资源

TI E2E™中文支持论坛是工程师的重要参考资料,可直接从专家处获得快速、经过验证的解答和设计帮助。搜索现有解答或提出自己的问题,获得所需的快速设计帮助。

链接的内容由各个贡献者"按原样"提供。这些内容并不构成 TI 技术规范,并且不一定反映 TI 的观点;请参阅 TI 的使用条款。

11.4 Trademarks

TI E2E[™] is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

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11.5 静电放电警告



静电放电 (ESD) 会损坏这个集成电路。德州仪器 (TI) 建议通过适当的预防措施处理所有集成电路。如果不遵守正确的处理和安装程序,可能会损坏集成电路。

ESD 的损坏小至导致微小的性能降级,大至整个器件故障。精密的集成电路可能更容易受到损坏,这是因为非常细微的参数更改都可能会导致器件与其发布的规格不相符。

11.6 术语表

TI术语表本术语表列出并解释了术语、首字母缩略词和定义。

12 Revision History

注:以前版本的页码可能与当前版本的页码不同

C	Changes from Revision E (October 2019) to Revision F (January 2024)	Page
•	更新了整个文档中的表格、图和交叉参考的编号格式	1
•	将提到 I ² C 的旧术语实例通篇更改为控制器和目标	1
•	Changed Power supply ramp footnote in the Timing Characteristics table	11
•	Added additional details on VDD instability and instruction to set recal bit to a '1' to recalibrate	the PLL 44
•	Updated references of chx_lvds_cmtrim_inc = 2 to chx_lvds_cmtrim_inc = 0	47
_	Changes from Revision D (June 2019) to Revision E (October 2019)	Page
C		Page
C	Changes from Revision D (June 2019) to Revision E (October 2019) 删除了数据表中的分数输出分频器 (FOD) 和展频时钟 (SSC) 信息	Page 1
C	Changes from Revision D (June 2019) to Revision E (October 2019) 删除了数据表中的分数输出分频器 (FOD) 和展频时钟 (SSC) 信息	Page 1

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•	Removed Output Channel Divider Types and Delay table	22
•	Removed the FOD control bits in the <i>Power Management</i> graphic	2 <mark>7</mark>
•	Added Page-mode EEPROM read instructions	30
•	Changed Pre-Configured EEPROM Page 0 graphic	32
•	Changed Pre-Configured EEPROM Page 1 graphic	32
•	Added additional details on pullup resistor and load capacitor added to power-up sequence	44
•	Removed fractional output divider information from the registers	
•	Removed FOD information from the CDCI6214 Registers table	
CI	hanges from Revision C (November 2018) to Revision D (June 2019)	Page
•	Added VDDREF and tablenote to the output supply voltage parameter in the Recommended Operation	
	Conditions	-
•	Added statement on chX_1p8vdet setting	
•	Changed CDCI6214 - Pre-Configured EEPROM Page 0 graphic	
CI	hanges from Revision B (April 2018) to Revision C (November 2018)	Page
•	Changed pin names for pins 1 and 2 from: XIN and XOUT to: XOUT/FB_P and XIN/FB_N	3
•	Changed descriptions for pins 1 and 2	3
•	Changed pin names for pins 1 and 2 in Absolute Maximum Ratings	
•	Changed pin names for pins 1 and 2 in Reference Input, Single-Ended and Differential Mode Charac (REFP, REFN, FB_P, FB_N)	
•		
	Characteristics (REFP, REFN, FB_P, FB_N) from: C _{IN XOUT} and C _{IN XIN} to: C _{IN XOUT/FB P} and C _{IN XIN}	
•	Changed pins 1 and 2 from: XIN and XOUT to: XOUT/FB_P and XIN/FB_N in the Functional Block D	Diagram .
•	Changed pins 1 and 2 from: XIN and XOUT to: XOUT/FB_P and XIN/FB_N in the Reference Block g	raphic 19
•	Changed External (XIN) pin to: FB_P/N in the Phase-Locked Loop Circuit graphic	20
•	Changed pins 1 and 2 from: XIN and XOUT to: XOUT/FB_P and XIN/FB_N in the CDCI6214 - Pre-	
	Configured EEPROM Page 0 and CDCI6214 - Pre-Configured EEPROM Page 1 graphics	32
•	Changed pins XIN and XOUT to: XOUT/FB_P and XIN/FB_N in the Typical Applications schematics.	38
•	Changed design parameter superscript to a subscript	39
_	hanges from Revision A (October 2017) to Revision B (April 2018)	Page
	Changed pinout pins 5 and 6 from NC to REFP, REFN inputs	
	Changed supply voltage maximum from: 3.6 V to: 3.65 V	
•	Removed Skew between HCSL maximum from the <i>Output Skew and Delay Characteristics</i> table	10
C	hanges from Povision * / July 2017) to Povision A (October 2017)	Dow-
<u>ပ</u> ါ	hanges from Revision * (July 2017) to Revision A (October 2017)	Page
•	将器件状态从"预告信息"更改为"量产数据"	
•	Changed REFSEL pin description to reflext REFMUX control	23

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13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

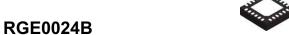
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English Data Sheet: SNAS734

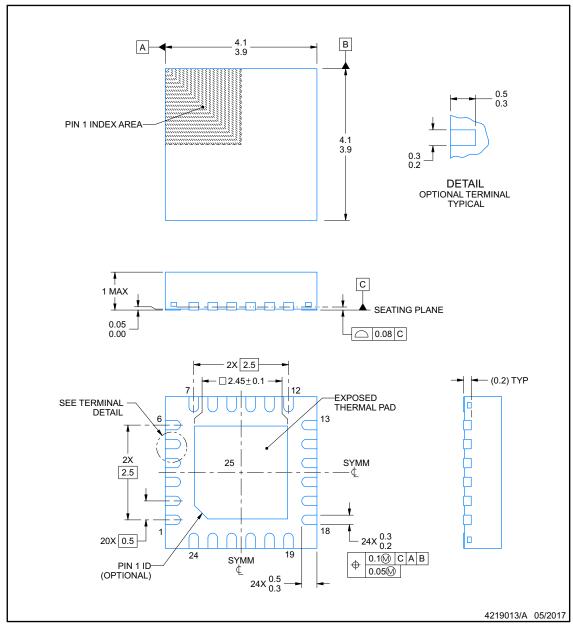




PACKAGE OUTLINE

VQFN - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
 This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.



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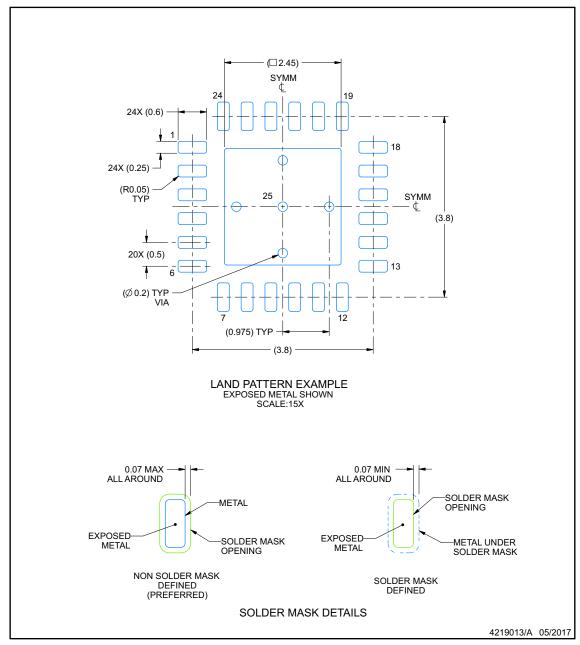


EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

RGE0024B

VQFN - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

- 4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature
- number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).

 5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.



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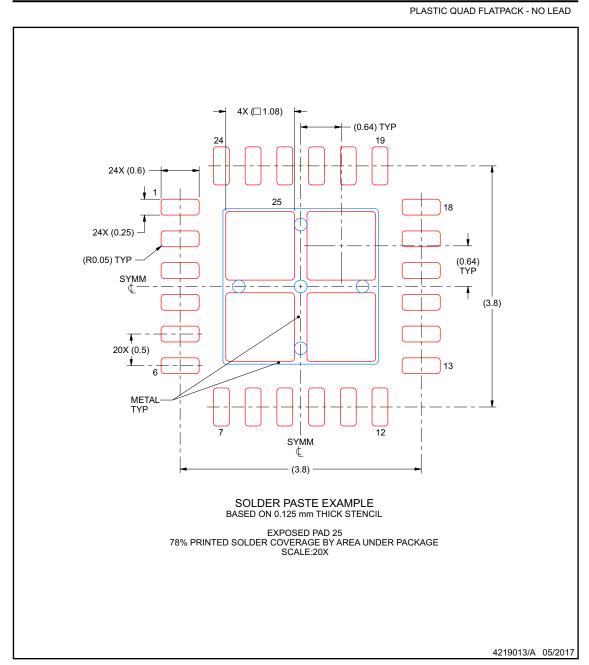
English Data Sheet: SNAS734



EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

RGE0024B

VQFN - 1 mm max height



NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
CDCl6214RGER	NRND	VQFN	RGE	24	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	CDCI 6214A1	
CDCI6214RGET	NRND	VQFN	RGE	24	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	CDCI 6214A1	

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

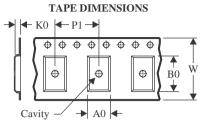
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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
CDCI6214RGER	VQFN	RGE	24	3000	330.0	12.4	4.25	4.25	1.15	8.0	12.0	Q2
CDCI6214RGET	VQFN	RGE	24	250	180.0	12.4	4.25	4.25	1.15	8.0	12.0	Q2

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*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
CDCI6214RGER	VQFN	RGE	24	3000	346.0	346.0	33.0
CDCI6214RGET	VQFN	RGE	24	250	182.0	182.0	20.0

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