

AN-1435 LM5035 Evaluation Board

1 Introduction

The LM5035 evaluation board is designed to provide the design engineer with a fully functional power converter based on the Half Bridge topology to evaluate the LM5035 controller. The evaluation board is provided in an industry standard quarter-brick footprint.

The performance of the evaluation board is as follows:

Input operating range: 36V to 75V

Output voltage: 3.3VOutput current: 0 to 30A

Measured efficiency: 89% at 30A, 92% at 15A

Frequency of operation: 400kHz
Board size: 2.28 x 1.45 x 0.5 inches

Load Regulation: 0.2%Line Regulation: 0.1%

Line UVLO (33.9V/31.9V on/off)Line OVP (79.4V/78.3V off/on)

· Hiccup current limit

The printed circuit board consists of 6 layers; 2 ounce copper outer layers and 3 ounce copper inner layers on FR4 material with a total thickness of 0.062 inches. The unit is designed for continuous operation at rated load at <40°C and a minimum airflow of 200 CFM.

2 Theory of Operation

Power converters based on the Half Bridge topology offer high efficiency and good power handling capability in applications up to 500 Watts. The operation of the transformer causes the flux to swing in both directions, thereby better utilizing the magnetic core.

The Half Bridge converter is derived from the Buck topology family, employing separate high voltage (HO) and low voltage (LO) modulating power switches with independent pulse width timing. The main difference between the topologies are, the Half Bridge topology employs a transformer to provide input / output ground isolation and a step down or step up function.

Each cycle, the main primary switch turns on and applies one-half the input voltage across the primary winding, which has 8 turns. The transformer secondary has 2 turns, leading to a 4:1 step-down of the input voltage. For an output voltage of 3.3V the composite duty cycle (D) of the primary switches varies from approximately 75% (low line) to 35% (high line).

The secondary employs synchronous rectification controlled by the LM5035. During soft-start, the sync FET body diodes act as the secondary rectifiers until the main transformer energizes the gate drivers. The DLY resistor programs the non-overlap timing for the sync FETs to maximize efficiency while eliminating shoot through current.

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Feedback from the output is processed by an amplifier and reference, generating an error voltage, which is coupled back to the primary side control through an optocoupler. The COMP input to the LM5035 greatly increases the achievable loop bandwidth. The capacitance effect (and associated pole) of the optocoupler is reduced by holding the voltage across the optocoupler constant. The LM5035 voltage mode controller pulse width modulates the error signal with a ramp signal derived from the line voltage (feedforwarding) to reduce the response time to input voltage changes. A standard "type III" network is used for the compensator.

The evaluation board can be synchronized to an external clock with a recommended frequency range of 420KHz to 500KHz.

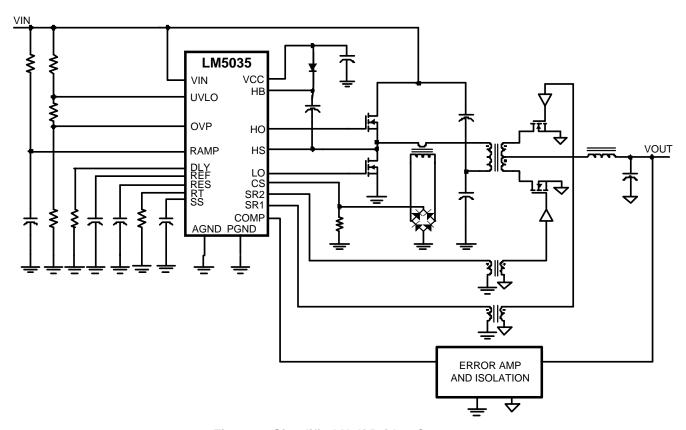


Figure 1. Simplified Half Bridge Converter

3 Powering and Loading Considerations

When applying power to the LM5035 evaluation board certain precautions need to be followed. A misconnection can damage the assembly.

4 Proper Connections

When operated at low input voltages the evaluation board can draw up to 3.5A of current at full load. The maximum rated output current is 30A. Be sure to choose the correct connector and wire size when attaching the source supply and the load. Monitor the current into and out of the evaluation board. Monitor the voltage directly at the output terminals of the evaluation board. The voltage drop across the load connecting wires will cause inaccurate measurements. This is especially true for accurate efficiency measurements.



www.ti.com Source Power

5 Source Power

The evaluation board can be viewed as a constant power load. At low input line voltage (36V) the input current can reach 3.5A, while at high input line voltage (75V) the input current will be approximately 1.5A. Therefore, to fully test the LM5035 evaluation board a DC power supply capable of at least 85V and 5A is required.

The power supply must have adjustments for both voltage and current. The power supply and cabling must present low impedance to the evaluation board. Insufficient cabling or a high impedance power supply will cause voltage droop during turn-on due to the evaluation board inrush current. If large enough, this droop will cause a chattering condition upon power up. This chattering condition is an interaction with the evaluation board undervoltage lockout, the cabling impedance and the inrush current.

6 Loading

An appropriate electronic load, with specified operation down to 1.0V minimum, is desirable. The resistance of a maximum load is 0.11Ω . The high output current requires thick cables! If resistor banks are used there are certain precautions to be taken. The wattage and current ratings must be adequate for a 30A, 100W supply. Monitor both current and voltage at all times. Ensure there is sufficient cooling provided for the load.

7 Air Flow

Full power loading should never be attempted without providing the specified 200 CFM of air flow over the evaluation board. A stand-alone fan should be provided.

8 Powering Up

Using the provided ON/OFF pin (J2) allows powering up the source supply with the current level set low. It is suggested that the load be kept low during the first power up. Set the current limit of the source supply to provide about 1.5 times the wattage of the load. As you remove the connection from the ON/OFF pin to ground (J1), immediately check for 3.3 volts at the output.

A most common occurrence, that will prove unnerving, is when the current limit set on the source supply is insufficient for the load. The result is similar to having the high source impedance referred to earlier. The interaction of the source supply folding back and the evaluation board going into undervoltage shutdown will start an oscillation, or chatter, that may have undesirable consequences.

A quick efficiency check is the best way to confirm that everything is operating properly. If something is amiss you can be reasonably sure that it will affect the efficiency adversely. Few parameters can be incorrect in a switching power supply without creating losses and potentially damaging heat.

9 Over Current Protection

The evaluation board is configured with hiccup over-current protection. In the event of an output overload (approximately 35A) the unit will discharge the softstart capacitor, which disables the power stage. After a delay the softstart is released. The shutdown, delay and slow recharge time of the softstart capacitor protects the unit, especially during short circuit event where the stress is highest.

Performance Characteristics www.ti.com

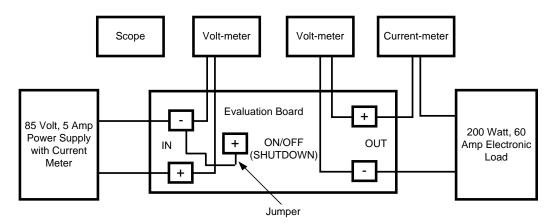


Figure 2. Typical Evaluation Setup

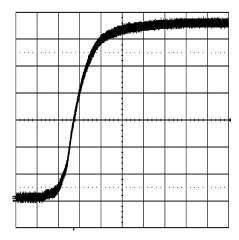
10 Performance Characteristics

10.1 Turn-On Waveforms

When applying power to the LM5035 evaluation board, a certain sequence of events occurs. Soft-start capacitor values and other components allow for a minimal output voltage for a short time until the feedback loop can stabilize without overshoot. Figure 1 shows the output voltage during a typical start-up with a 48V input and a load of 5A. There is no overshoot during startup.

10.2 Output Ripple Waveforms

Figure 4 shows the transient response for a load change from 15A to 22.5A. The upper trace shows minimal output voltage droop and overshoot during the sudden change in output current shown by the lower trace.



Conditions: Input Voltage = 48VDC

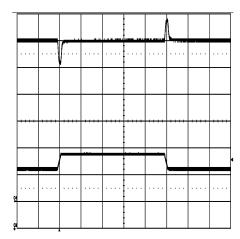
Output Current = 5A

Trace 1: Output Voltage Volts/div = 500mV

Horizontal Resolution = 0.5ms/div

Figure 3. Output Ripple Waveforms



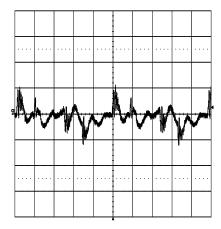


Conditions: Input Voltage = 48VDC Output Current = 15A to 22.5A

Upper Trace: Output Voltage Volts/div = 50mV Lower Trace: Output Current = 15A to 22.5A to 15A

Horizontal Resolution = 0.5ms/div

Figure 4. Transient Response for a Load Change From 15A to 22.5A



Conditions: Input Voltage = 48VDC

Output Current = 30A Bandwidth Limit = 20MHz

Trace 1: Output Ripple Voltage Volts/div = 20mV

Horizontal Resolution = 1µs/div

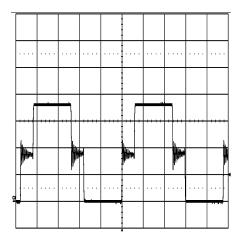
Figure 5. Typical Output Ripple

Figure 5 shows typical output ripple seen across the output terminals (with standard $10\mu F$ and $1\mu F$ ceramic capacitors) for an input voltage of 48V and a load of 30A. This waveform is typical of most loads and input voltages.

Figure 6 and Figure 7 show the drain voltage of Q1 with a 5A load. Figure 6 represents an input voltage of 36V and Figure 7 represents an input voltage of 72V.

Figure 8 shows the gate voltages of the synchronous rectifiers. The deadtime provided by the $20k\Omega$ DLY resistor is difficult to see at this timescale.

Performance Characteristics www.ti.com



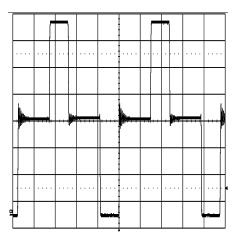
Conditions: Input Voltage = 36VDC

Output Current = 5A

Trace 1: Q1 drain voltage Volts/div = 10V

Horizontal Resolution = 1µs/div

Figure 6. Input Voltage of 36V



Conditions: Input Voltage = 72VDC

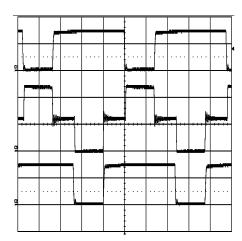
Output Current = 5A

Trace 1: Q2 drain voltage Volts/div = 10V

Horizontal Resolution = 1µs/div

Figure 7. Input Voltage of 72V





Conditions: Input Voltage = 48VDC

Output Current = 5A

Upper Trace: SR1, Q4 gate Volts/div = 5V Middle Trace: HS, Q2 drain Volts/div = 20V Lower Trace: SR2, Q6 gate Volts/div = 5V

Horizontal Resolution = 1µs/div

Figure 8. Gate Voltages of the Synchronous Rectifiers



Application Circuit www.ti.com

11 Application Circuit

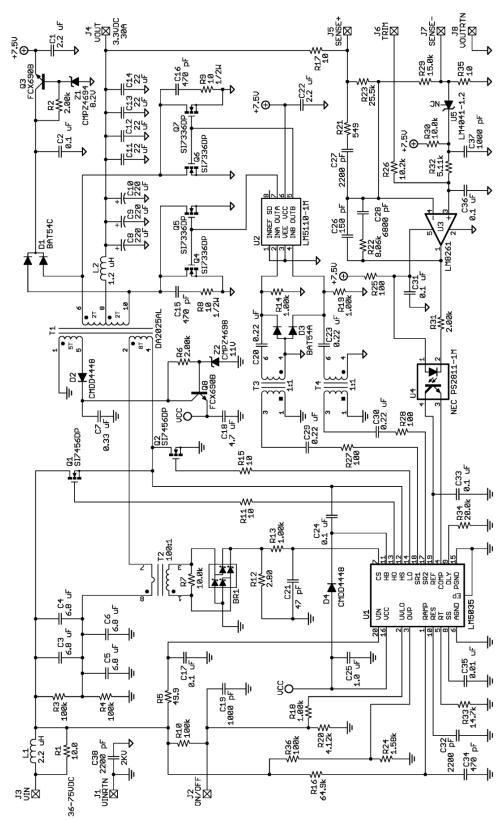


Figure 9. Application Circuit: Input 36 to 75V, Output 3.3V, 30A



www.ti.com Application Circuit

Table 1. Bill of Materials (BOM)

Qty	Designator	Part Number	Description	Value
1	BR1	BAT54BRW	RECTIFIER, BRIDGE, DIODES INC	30V
2	C1,22	C2012X7R1C225K	CAPACITOR, 0805 X7R CER, TDK	2.2µ, 16V
4	C2,31,33,36	C1608X7R1H104K	CAPACITOR, 0603 X7R CER, TDK	0.1µ, 50V
4	C3 - 6	C4532X7R1H685M	CAPACITOR, 1812 X7R CER, TDK	6.8µ, 50V
1	C7	C2012X7R1H334K	CAPACITOR, 0805 X7R CER, TDK	0.33µ, 50V
3	C8 - 10	6TPE220MI	CAPACITOR, POSCAP, SANYO	220µ, 6.3V
4	C11 - 14	C3216X5R0J226M	CAPACITOR, 1206 X5R CER, TDK	22µ, 6.3V
2	C15, 16	C0805C471M5RAC	CAPACITOR, 0805 COG CER, KEMET	470p, 50V
2	C17, 24	C2012X7R2A104K	CAPACITOR, 0805 X7R CER, TDK	0.1μ, 100V
1	C18	C3216X7R1C475K	CAPACITOR, 1206 X7R CER, TDK	4.7µ, 16V
2	C19,37	C1608X7R1H102K	CAPACITOR, 0603 X7R CER, TDK	1000p, 50V
4	C20,23,29,30	C1608X7R1E224K	CAPACITOR, 0603 X7R CER, TDK	0.22µ, 25V
1	C21	C1608C0G1H470J	CAPACITOR, 0603 X7R CER, TDK	47p, 50V
1	C25	C1608X7R1C105K	CAPACITOR, 0603 X7R CER, TDK	1.0µ, 16V
1	C26	C1608C0G1H151J	CAPACITOR, 0603 COG CER, TDK	150p, 50V
2	C27,32	C1608C0G1H222J	CAPACITOR, 0603 COG CER, TDK	2200p, 50V
1	C28	C1608C0G 1H682J	CAPACITOR, 0603 COG CER, TDK	6800p, 50V
1	C35	C1608C0G 1E103J	CAPACITOR, 0603 COG CER, TDK	0.01µ, 25V
1	C34	C1608C0G1H471J	CAPACITOR, 0603 COG CER, TDK	470p, 50V
1	C38	C4532X7R3D222K	CAPACITOR, 1812 X7R CER, TDK	2200p, 2000V
1	D1	BAT54C	DIODE, SOT-23 SCHOTTKY, VISHAY	200mA, 30V
2	D2,4	CMDD4448	DIODE, SOD-323, CENTRAL SEMI	250mA, 75V
1	D3	BAT54A	DIODE, SOT-23 SCHOTTKY, VISHAY	200mA, 30V
1	L1	RLF7030T-2R2M5R4	INDUCTOR, TDK	2.2µH, 5.4A
1	L2	SER2010-122MX	INDUCTOR, COILCRAFT	1.2µH, 37A
2	Q1,2	SI7456DP	N-FET, SILICONIX	100V, 25mΩ
2	Q3,8	FCX690B	NPN, ZETEX	45V, 2A
4	Q4 - 7	SI7336ADP	N-FET, SILICONIX	30V, 3mΩ
3	R1,11,15	CRCW080510R0F	RESISTOR, 0805, VISHAY	10
2	R7,30	CRCW06031002F	RESISTOR, 0603, VISHAY	10kΩ
1	R2	CRCW08052001F	RESISTOR, 0805, VISHAY	2.00kΩ
2	R3,4	CRCW06031003F	RESISTOR, 0603, VISHAY	100kΩ
1	R5	CRCW080549R9F	RESISTOR, 0805, VISHAY	49.9Ω
1	R6	CRCW08051002F	RESISTOR, 0805, VISHAY	10kΩ
2	R8,9	CRCW201010R0F	RESISTOR, 2010, VISHAY	10Ω
2	R10,36	CRCW08051003F	RESISTOR, 0805, VISHAY	100kΩ
1	R16	CRCW08056492F	RESISTOR, 0805, VISHAY	64.9kΩ
1	R12	CRCW06032R80F	RESISTOR, 0603, VISHAY	2.8Ω
4	R13,14,18,19	CRCW06031001F	RESISTOR, 0603, VISHAY	1kΩ
2	R17,35	CRCW060310R0F	RESISTOR, 0603, VISHAY	10Ω
1	R20	CRCW06034121F	RESISTOR, 0603, VISHAY	4.12kΩ
1	R21	CRCW06035490F	RESISTOR, 0603, VISHAY	549Ω
1	R22	CRCW06038061F	RESISTOR, 0603, VISHAY	8.06kΩ
1	R23	CRCW06032552F	RESISTOR, 0603, VISHAY	25.5kΩ
1	R24	CRCW06031581F	RESISTOR, 0603, VISHAY	1.58kΩ
3	R25,27,28	CRCW06031000F	RESISTOR, 0603, VISHAY	100Ω
1	R26	CRCW06031022F	RESISTOR, 0603, VISHAY	10.2kΩ
1	R29	CRCW06031502F	RESISTOR, 0603, VISHAY	15kΩ



PCB Layouts www.ti.com

Table 1. Bill of Materials (BC	OM) (continued)
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Qty	Designator	Part Number	Description	Value
1	R31	CRCW06032001F	RESISTOR, 0603, VISHAY	2.00kΩ
1	R32	CRCW06035111F	RESISTOR, 0603, VISHAY	5.11kΩ
1	R33	CRCW06031472F	RESISTOR, 0603, VISHAY	14.7kΩ
1	R34	CRCW06032002F	RESISTOR, 0603, VISHAY	20kΩ
1	T1	DA2025-AL	POWER XFR, COILCRAFT	8:5:2:2
1	T2	P8208	CURRENT XFR, PULSE ENG	100:1, 10A
2	T3,4	SM76924	GATE XFR, DATATRONIC	1:1
1	U1	LM5035	CONTROLLER, Texas Instruments	
1	U2	LM5110	DRIVER, DUAL, Texas Instruments	
1	U3	LM8261	OPAMP, SOT23-5, Texas Instruments	
1	U4	PS2811-1M	OPTO-COUPLER, NEC	
1	U5	LM4041	REFERENCE, SOT23, Texas Instruments	1.225V
1	Z1	CMPZ4694	ZENER, SOT23, CENTRAL SEMI	8.2V, 5%
1	Z2	CMPZ4698	ZENER, SOT23, CENTRAL SEMI	11V, 5%
6	J1,2,3,5,6,7	3104-2-00-01-00-00-08-0	0.040" PIN, MILL-MAX	
2	J4,8	3231-2-00-01-00-00-08-0	0.080" PIN, MILL-MAX	

12 PCB Layouts

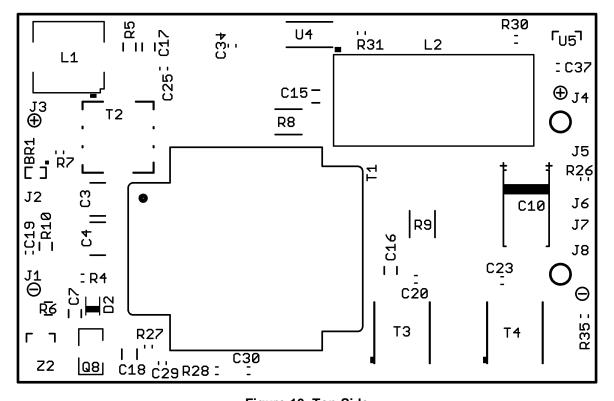


Figure 10. Top Side



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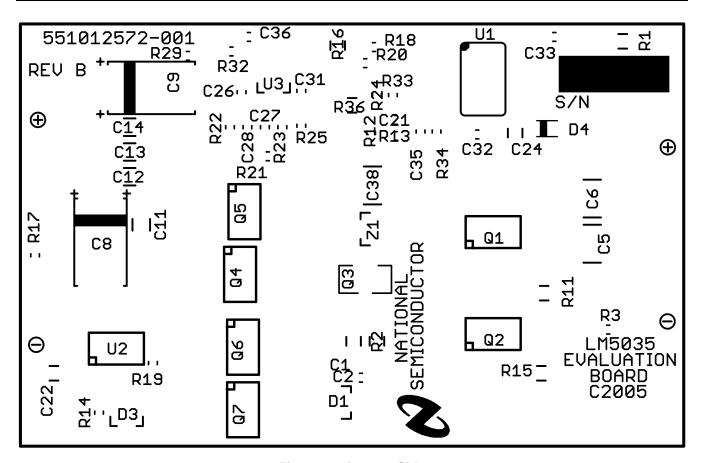


Figure 11. Bottom Side



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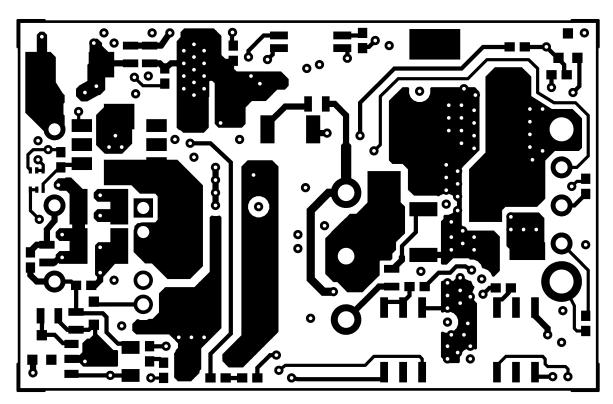


Figure 12. Layer 1

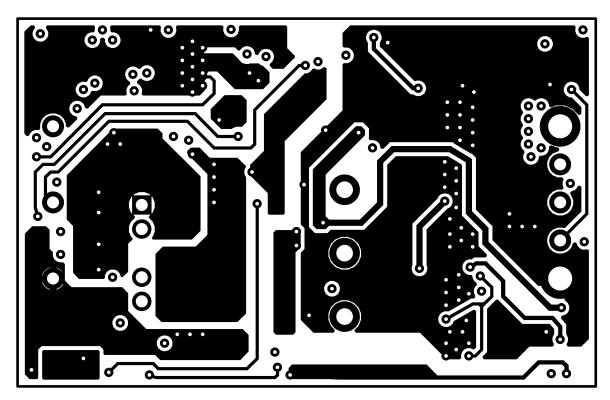


Figure 13. Layer 2



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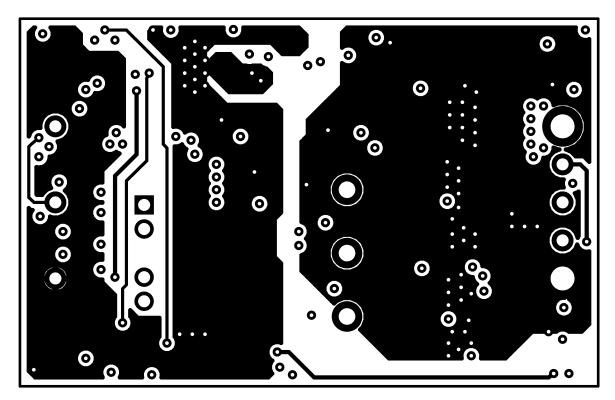


Figure 14. Layer 3

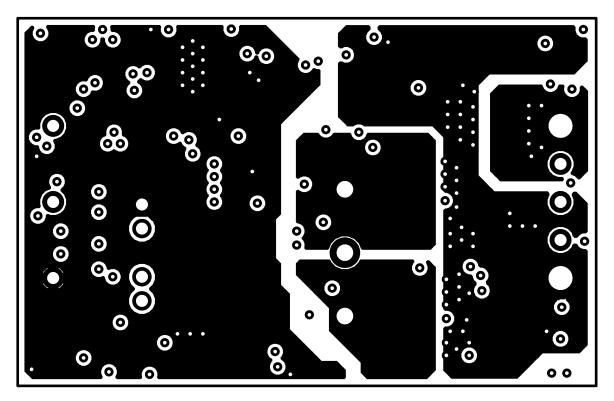


Figure 15. Layer 4



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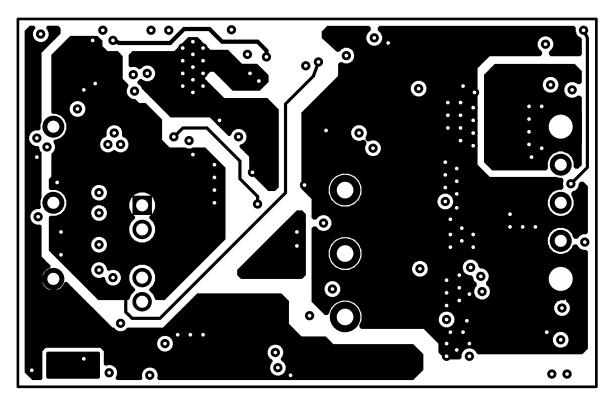


Figure 16. Layer 5

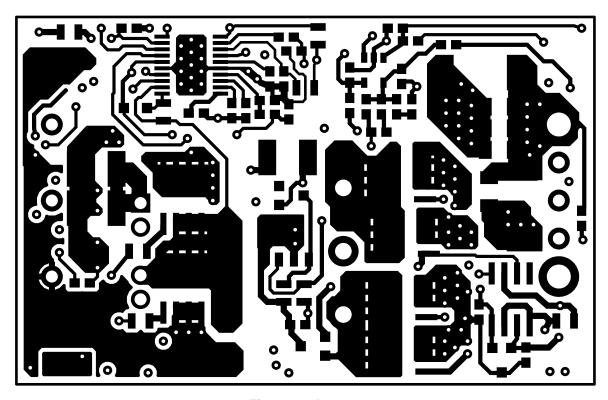


Figure 17. Layer 6

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