





SN74LVC3G98-Q1

ZHCSTB7A - OCTOBER 2023 - REVISED MARCH 2024

SN74LVC3G98-Q1 具有施密特触发输入的 汽车级可配置多功能门

1 特性

- 符合面向汽车应用的 AEC-Q100 标准:
 - 器件温度等级 1:-40°C 至 +125°C
 - 器件 HBM ESD 分类等级 2
 - 器件 CDM ESD 分类等级 C4B
- 采用具有可湿性侧面的 QFN (WBQA) 封装
- 工作电压范围为 1.1V 至 3.6V
- 5.5V 容限输入引脚
- 支持标准引脚排列
- 闩锁性能超过 250mA, 符合 JESD 17 规范
- ESD 保护性能超过 JESD 22 规范要求
 - 2000V 人体放电模型 (A114-A)
 - 1000V 充电器件模型 (C101)

2 应用

- 将电源正常信号进行结合
- 使能数字信号

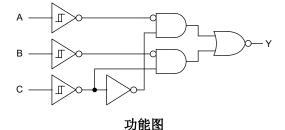
3 说明

SN74LVC3G98-Q1 器件具有支持施密特触发输入的多 项可配置功能。3位输入的8种模式决定了输出状态。 用户可以选择多路复用、与、或、与非、或非、反相器 和同相器等逻辑函数。

封装信息

器件型号	封装 ⁽¹⁾	封装尺寸 ⁽²⁾	本体尺寸(标称值)
SN74LVC3G98-Q1	BQA (WQFN , 14)	3mm × 2.5mm	3mm × 2.5mm
SN/4LVC3G98-Q1	PW (TSSOP , 14) ⁽⁴⁾	5mm × 6.4mm	5mm × 4.4mm

- (1) 有关更多信息,请参阅节10
- 封装尺寸(长×宽)为标称值,并包括引脚(如适用) (2)
- (3) 本体尺寸(长×宽)为标称值,不包括引脚。
- 仅为预发布封装



English Data Sheet: SCLS974

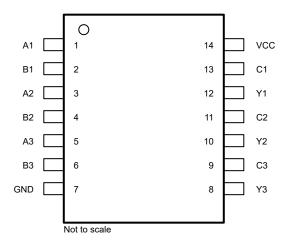


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4 Pin Configuration and Functions



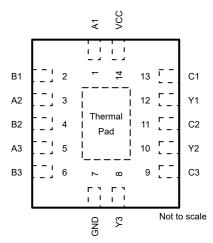


图 4-1. SN74LVC3G98-Q1 PW Package (Preview), 14-Pin TSSOP (Top View)

图 4-2. SN74LVC3G98-Q1 BQA Package, 14-Pin WQFN (Top View)

表 4-1. Pin Functions

PIN		- TYPE ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.	ITPE(')	DESCRIPTION
A1	1	I	Channel 1, Input A
B1	2	I	Channel 1, Input B
A2	3	I	Channel 2, Input A
B2	4	I	Channel 2, Input B
A3	5	I	Channel 3, Input A
В3	6	I	Channel 3, Input B
GND	7	G	Ground
Y3	8	0	Channel 3, output Y
C3	9	I	Channel 3, Input C
Y2	10	0	Channel 2, Output Y
C2	11	I	Channel 2, Input C
Y1	12	0	Channel 1, Output Y
C1	13	I	Channel 1, Input C
V _{CC}	14	Р	Positive supply
Thermal Pad ⁽²⁾)	_	The thermal pad can be connected to GND or left floating. Do not connect to any other signal or supply

Product Folder Links: SN74LVC3G98-Q1

⁽¹⁾ I = input, O = output, I/O = input or output, G = ground, P = power.

⁽²⁾ BQA package only.



5 Specifications

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

				MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage range			-0.5	6.5	V
VI	Input voltage range ⁽²⁾			-0.5	6.5	V
Vo	Output voltage range ⁽²⁾			-0.5	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	V _I	< 0V		-50	mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	Vo	< 0V		-50	mA
Io	Continuous output current				±50	mA
Io	Continuous output current through V _{CC} or GND			±100	mA	
TJ	Junction temperature		-65	150	°C	
T _{stg}	Storage temperature			-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Operation outside the Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device damage. Absolute maximum ratings do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Recommended Operating Conditions. If briefly operating outside the Recommended Operating Conditions but within the Absolute Maximum Ratings, the device may not sustain damage, but it may not be fully functional. Operating the device in this manner may affect device reliability, functionality, performance, and shorten the device lifetime.

5.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
Electrostatic	Human body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 HBM ESD Classification Level 2 ⁽¹⁾	±2000		
V _(ESD)	discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011 CDM ESD Classification Level C4B	±1000	V

⁽¹⁾ AEC Q100-002 indicate that HBM stressing shall be in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Specifications	Description	Condition	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		1.1	3.6	V
VI	Input voltage			5.5	V
Vo	Output voltage	(High or low state)		V _{CC}	V
		V _{CC} = 1.8V		-4	
	High-level output current	V _{CC} = 2.3V		-8	A
I _{OH}		V _{CC} = 2.7V		-12	mA
		V _{CC} = 3V		-24	
		V _{CC} = 1.8V		4	
	Low-level output current	V _{CC} = 2.3V		8	A
I _{OL}		V _{CC} = 2.7V		12	mA
		V _{CC} = 3V		24	
Δ t/ Δ v	Input transition rise or fall rate			10	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature		-40	125	°C

Product Folder Links: SN74LVC3G98-Q1

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⁽²⁾ The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

5.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		Packag	Package Options			
		PW (TSSOP)	BQA (WQFN)	UNIT		
		14 PINS	14 PINS			
R ₀ JA	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	150.8	102.3	°C/W		
R _{θ JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	78.3	96.8	°C/W		
R _{θ JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	93.8	70.9	°C/W		
Ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	24.7	16.6	°C/W		
Y _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	93.2	70.9	°C/W		
R _{θ JC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	-	50.1	°C/W		

⁽¹⁾ For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

5.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

DADAMETED	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{cc}	-40°C to	-40°C to 125°C		
PARAMETER			MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT	
V _{T+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	1.1V	0.5	0.8	V	
V _{T+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	1.5V	0.7	1.11	V	
V _{T+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	1.65V	0.4	1.3	V	
V _{T+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	1.95V	0.6	1.5	V	
V _{T+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	2.3V	0.8	1.7	V	
V _{T+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	2.5V	0.8	1.7	V	
V _{T+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	2.7V	0.8	2	V	
V _{T+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	3V	0.9	2	V	
V _{T+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	3.6V	1.1	2	V	
V _{T-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	1.1V	0.2	0.6	V	
V _{T-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	1.5V	0.34	0.75	V	
V _{T-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	1.65V	0.2	0.9	V	
V _{T-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	1.95V	0.3	1	V	
V _{T-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	2.3V	0.4	1.2	V	
V _{T-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	2.5V	0.4	1.2	V	
V _{T-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	2.7V	0.4	1.4	V	
V _{T-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	3V	0.6	1.5	V	
V _{T-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	3.6V	0.8	1.7	V	
ΔV _T	Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-})	1.1V	0.07	0.53	V	
ΔV _T	Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-})	1.5V	0.18	0.60	V	
ΔV _T	Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-})	1.65V	0.1	1.2	V	
ΔV _T	Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-})	1.95V	0.2	1.3	V	
ΔV _T	Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-})	2.3V	0.3	1.3	V	
ΔV_{T}	Hysteresis (V _{T+} – V _{T-})	2.5V	0.3	1.3	V	
ΔV_{T}	Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-})	2.7V	0.3	1.1	V	
ΔV _T	Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-})	3V	0.3	1.2	V	
ΔV_{T}	Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-})	3.6V	0.3	1.2	V	
V _{OH}	I _{OH} = -100 μ A	1.1V to 3.6V	V _{CC} - 0.2		V	
V_{OH}	I _{OH} = -4mA	1.65V	1.2		V	



5.5 Electrical Characteristics (续)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

DADAMETED	TEST COMPLIANC	V _{cc}	-40°C to	-40°C to 125°C		
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{OH}	I _{OH} = -8mA	2.3V	1.75			V
V _{OH}	10.4	2.7V	2.2			V
V _{OH}	I _{OH} = − 12mA	3V	2.4			V
V _{OH}	I _{OH} = - 24mA	3V	2.2			V
V _{OL}	I _{OH} = 100 μ A	1.1V to 3.6V			0.15	V
V _{OL}	I _{OH} = 4mA	1.65V			0.45	V
V _{OL}	I _{OH} = 8mA	2.3V			0.7	V
V _{OL}	I _{OH} = 12mA	2.7V			0.4	V
V _{OL}	I _{OH} = 24mA	3V			0.55	V
I _I	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	3.6V			±5	μA
I _{off}	V _I or V _O = V _{CC}	0V			±10	μA
Icc	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	3.6V			40	μA
ΔI _{CC}	One input at V_{CC} - 0.6V, other inputs at V_{CC} or GND	2.7V to 3.6V			500	μΑ
Cı	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	3.3V				pF
Co	V _O = V _{CC} or GND	3.3V				pF
C _{PD}	f = 10MHz	1.8V		31		pF
C _{PD}	f = 10MHz	2.5V		31		pF
C _{PD}	f = 10MHz	3.3V		32		pF

5.6 Switching Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range; typical values measured at $T_A = 25$ °C (unless otherwise noted). See *Parameter Measurement Information*

PARAMETER	FROM TO (OUTPUT)	TER FROM TO (OUTPUT) LOAD CAPACITANCE VCC	TO (OUTPUT)	-40°C to 125°C			°C	UNIT
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	10 (001701)	LOAD CAPACITANCE	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{pd}	A, B or C	Υ	C _L = 15pF	1.2V ± 0.1V		12	44	ns
t _{pd}	A, B or C	Υ	C _L = 15pF	1.5V ± 0.12V		9	15	ns
t _{pd}	A, B or C	Υ	C _L = 30pF	1.8V ± 0.15V			10.2	ns
t _{pd}	A, B or C	Υ	C _L = 30pF	2.5V ± 0.2V			6.9	ns
t _{pd}	A, B or C	Υ	C _L = 50pF	2.7V			6.4	ns
t _{pd}	A, B or C	Υ	C _L = 50pF	3.3V ± 0.3V			5.6	ns
t _{sk(o)}				3.3V ± 0.3V			1.5	ns

5.7 Noise Characteristics

VCC = 3.3V, CL = 50pF, TA = 25°C

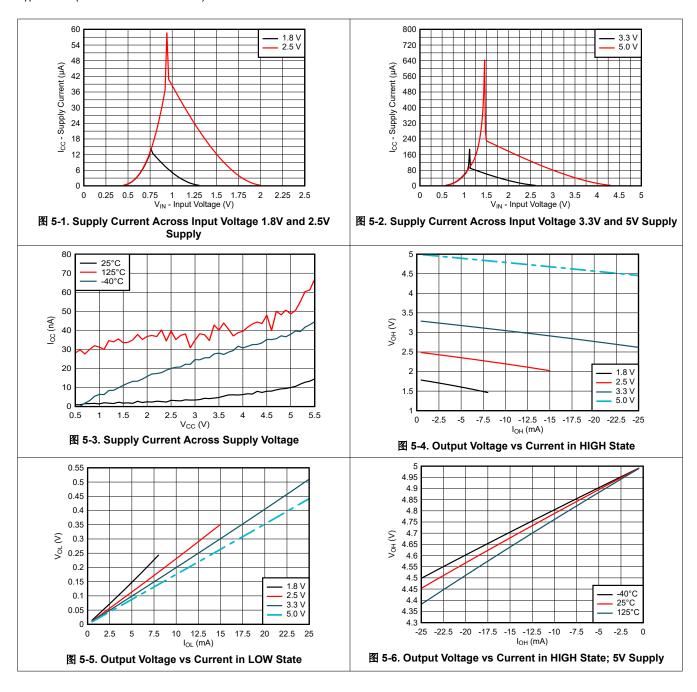
PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{OL(P)}	Quiet output, maximum dynamic V _{OL}		0.9	0.8	V
V _{OL(V)}	Quiet output, minimum dynamic V _{OL}	-0.8	-0.3		V
V _{OH(V)}	Quiet output, minimum dynamic V _{OH}	2.2	3.3		V
V _{IH(D)}	High-level dynamic input voltage	2.0			V
$V_{IL(D)}$	Low-level dynamic input voltage			0.8	V

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5.8 Typical Characteristics

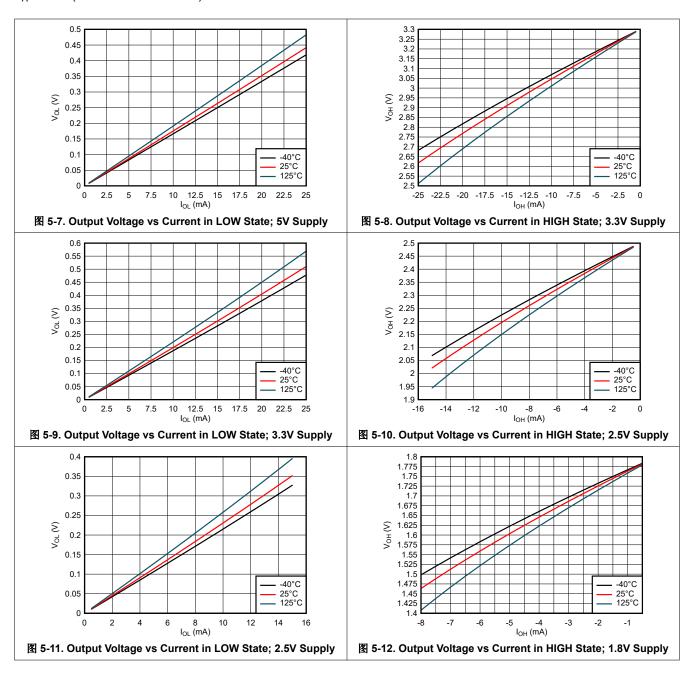
T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)





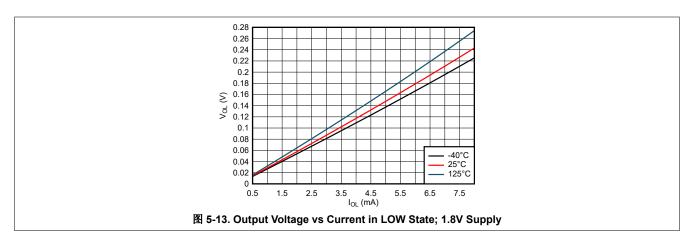
5.8 Typical Characteristics (continued)

T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)



5.8 Typical Characteristics (continued)

T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)



English Data Sheet: SCLS974

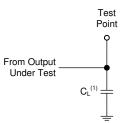
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6 Parameter Measurement Information

Phase relationships between waveforms were chosen arbitrarily. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1MHz, Z_0 = 50 Ω .

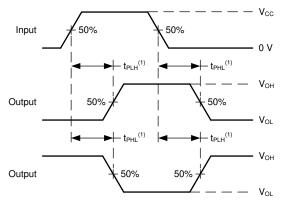
For clock inputs, f_{max} is measured when the input duty cycle is 50%.

The outputs are measured one at a time with one input transition per measurement.



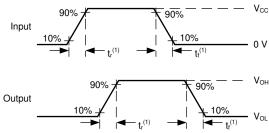
(1) C_L includes probe and test-fixture capacitance.

图 6-1. Load Circuit for Push-Pull Outputs



(1) The greater between t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} is the same as t_{pd} .

图 6-2. Voltage Waveforms Propagation Delays



(1) The greater between t_{r} and t_{f} is the same as t_{t} .

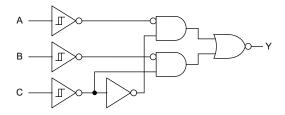
图 6-3. Voltage Waveforms, Input and Output Transition Times

7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The SN74LVC3G98-Q1 device features configurable multiple functions with Schmitt-trigger inputs. Eight patterns of a 3-bit input determines the output state. The user can choose the logic functions MUX, AND, OR, NAND, NOR, inverter, and non-inverter.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 CMOS Schmitt-Trigger Inputs

This device includes inputs with the Schmitt-trigger architecture. These inputs are high impedance and are typically modeled as a resistor in parallel with the input capacitance given in the Electrical Characteristics table from the input to ground. The worst case resistance is calculated with the maximum input voltage, given in the Absolute Maximum Ratings table, and the maximum input leakage current, given in the Electrical Characteristics table, using Ohm's law $(R = V \div I)$.

The Schmitt-trigger input architecture provides hysteresis as defined by ΔV_T in the *Electrical Characteristics* table, which makes this device extremely tolerant to slow or noisy inputs. While the inputs can be driven much slower than standard CMOS inputs, it is still recommended to properly terminate unused inputs. Driving the inputs with slow transitioning signals will increase dynamic current consumption of the device. For additional information regarding Schmitt-trigger inputs, please see *Understanding Schmitt Triggers*.

7.3.2 Balanced CMOS Push-Pull Outputs

A balanced output allows the device to sink and source similar currents. The drive capability of this device may create fast edges into light loads so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing. Additionally, the outputs of this device are capable of driving larger currents than the device can sustain without being damaged. It is important for the output power of the device to be limited to avoid damage due to overcurrent. The electrical and thermal limits defined in the Absolute Maximum Ratings must be followed at all times.

The device can drive a load with a total capacitance less than or equal to the maximum load listed in the Switching Characteristics - 74 connected to a high-impedance CMOS input while still meeting all of the data sheet specifications. Larger capacitive loads can be applied, however it is not recommended to exceed the provided load value. If larger capacitive loads are required, it is recommended to add a series resistor between the output and the capacitor to limit output current to the values given in the Absolute Maximum Ratings.

7.3.3 Clamp Diode Structure

7-1 shows the inputs and outputs to this device have negative clamping diodes only.

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Voltages beyond the values specified in the Absolute Maximum Ratings table can cause damage to the device. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clampcurrent ratings are observed.

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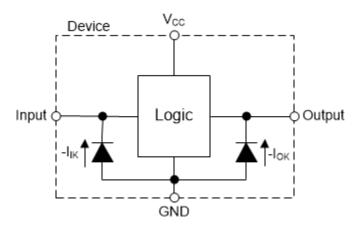


图 7-1. Electrical Placement of Clamping Diodes for Each Input and Output

7.3.4 Wettable Flanks

This device includes wettable flanks for at least one package. See the *Features* section on the front page of the data sheet for which packages include this feature.

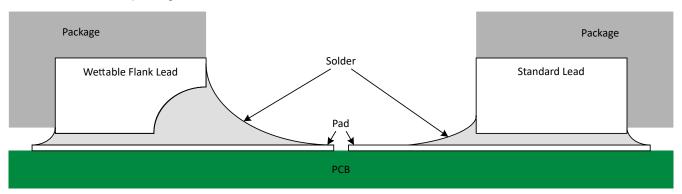


图 7-2. Simplified Cutaway View of Wettable-Flank QFN Package and Standard QFN Package After Soldering

Wettable flanks help improve side wetting after soldering, which makes QFN packages easier to inspect with automatic optical inspection (AOI). As shown in [8] 7-2, a wettable flank can be dimpled or step-cut to provide additional surface area for solder adhesion which assists in reliably creating a side fillet. See the mechanical drawing for additional details.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

表 7-1. Function Table

INPUTS ⁽¹⁾			OUTPUTS
Α	В	С	Y
L	L	L	Н
L	L	Н	Н
L	Н	L	L
L	Н	Н	Н
Н	L	L	Н
Н	L	Н	L
Н	н	L	L

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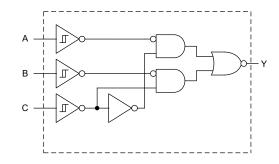
表 7-1. Function Table (续)

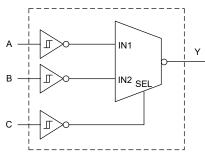
	OUTPUTS		
Α	В	С	Υ
Н	Н	Н	L

(1) H = high voltage level, L = low voltage level

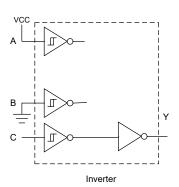


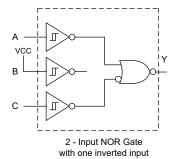
7.4.1 Logic Configurations

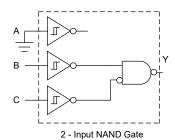




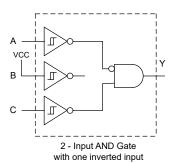
2 to 1 Data Selector with inverted output $Y = \overline{A}$ when C is H $Y = \overline{B}$ when C is L

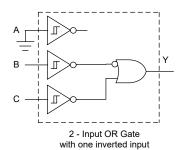






with one inverted input





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8 Application and Implementation

备注

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The SN74LVC3G98-Q1 device offers flexible configuration for many design applications. This example describes basic power sequencing using the AND gate configuration. Power sequencing is often used in applications that require a processor or other delicate device with specific voltage timing requirements to protect the device from malfunctioning.

8.2 Typical Application

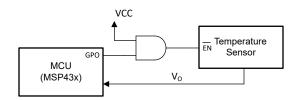


图 8-1. Typical Application Schematic

8.2.1 Design Requirements

8.2.1.1 Power Considerations

Ensure the desired supply voltage is within the range specified in the Recommended Operating Conditions. The supply voltage sets the electrical characteristics of the device as described in the Electrical Characteristics section.

The positive voltage supply must be capable of sourcing current equal to the total current to be sourced by all outputs of the SN74LVC3G98-Q1 plus the maximum static supply current, I_{CC}, listed in the Electrical Characteristics, and any transient current required for switching. The logic device can only source as much current that is provided by the positive supply source. Ensure the maximum total current through V_{CC} listed in the Absolute Maximum Ratings is not exceeded.

The ground must be capable of sinking current equal to the total current to be sunk by all outputs of the SN74LVC3G98-Q1 plus the maximum supply current, I_{CC}, listed in the Electrical Characteristics, and any transient current required for switching. The logic device can only sink as much current that can be sunk into its ground connection. Ensure the maximum total current through GND listed in the Absolute Maximum Ratings is not exceeded.

The SN74LVC3G98-Q1 can drive a load with a total capacitance less than or equal to 50pF while still meeting all of the data sheet specifications. Larger capacitive loads can be applied; however, it is not recommended to exceed 50pF.

The SN74LVC3G98-Q1 can drive a load with total resistance described by $R_L \ge V_O / I_O$, with the output voltage and current defined in the Electrical Characteristics table with VOH and VOL. When outputting in the HIGH state, the output voltage in the equation is defined as the difference between the measured output voltage and the supply voltage at the V_{CC} pin.

Total power consumption can be calculated using the information provided in the CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation application note.

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Thermal increase can be calculated using the information provided in the *Thermal Characteristics of Standard Linear and Logic (SLL) Packages and Devices* application note.

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The maximum junction temperature, $T_{J(max)}$ listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, is an additional limitation to prevent damage to the device. Do not violate any values listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*. These limits are provided to prevent damage to the device.

8.2.1.2 Input Considerations

Input signals must cross $V_{t-(min)}$ to be considered a logic LOW, and $V_{t+(max)}$ to be considered a logic HIGH. Do not exceed the maximum input voltage range found in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

Unused inputs must be terminated to either V_{CC} or ground. The unused inputs can be directly terminated if the input is completely unused, or they can be connected with a pullup or pulldown resistor if the input will be used sometimes, but not always. A pullup resistor is used for a default state of HIGH, and a pulldown resistor is used for a default state of LOW. The drive current of the controller, leakage current into the SN74LVC3G98-Q1 (as specified in the *Electrical Characteristics*), and the desired input transition rate limits the resistor size. A 10-k Ω resistor value is often used due to these factors.

The SN74LVC3G98-Q1 has no input signal transition rate requirements because it has Schmitt-trigger inputs.

Another benefit to having Schmitt-trigger inputs is the ability to reject noise. Noise with a large enough amplitude can still cause issues. To know how much noise is too much, please refer to the $\Delta V_{T(min)}$ in the *Electrical Characteristics*. This hysteresis value will provide the peak-to-peak limit.

Unlike what happens with standard CMOS inputs, Schmitt-trigger inputs can be held at any valid value without causing huge increases in power consumption. The typical additional current caused by holding an input at a value other than V_{CC} or ground is plotted in the *Typical Characteristics*.

Refer to the Feature Description section for additional information regarding the inputs for this device.

8.2.1.3 Output Considerations

The positive supply voltage is used to produce the output HIGH voltage. Drawing current from the output will decrease the output voltage as specified by the V_{OH} specification in the *Electrical Characteristics*. The ground voltage is used to produce the output LOW voltage. Sinking current into the output will increase the output voltage as specified by the V_{OL} specification in the *Electrical Characteristics*.

Push-pull outputs that could be in opposite states, even for a very short time period, should never be connected directly together. This can cause excessive current and damage to the device.

Two channels within the same device with the same input signals can be connected in parallel for additional output drive strength.

Unused outputs can be left floating. Do not connect outputs directly to V_{CC} or ground.

Refer to the Feature Description section for additional information regarding the outputs for this device.

8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

- Add a decoupling capacitor from V_{CC} to GND. The capacitor needs to be placed physically close to the device and electrically close to both the V_{CC} and GND pins. An example layout is shown in the *Layout Example* section.
- 2. Ensure the capacitive load at the output is ≤ 70pF. This is not a hard limit; by design, however, it will optimize performance. This can be accomplished by providing short, appropriately sized traces from the SN74LVC3G98-Q1 to the receiving device.
- 3. Ensure the resistive load at the output is larger than $(V_{CC} / I_O(max))$ Ω . Doing so prevents the maximum output current in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* from being violated. Most CMOS inputs have a resistive load measured in mega ohms; much larger than the minimum calculated previously.

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English Data Sheet: SCLS974

4. Thermal issues are rarely a concern for logic gates, however the power consumption and thermal increase can be calculated using the steps provided in the application report, CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation

8.2.3 Application Curves

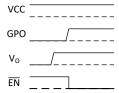


图 8-2. Typical Application Timing Diagram

8.3 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating located in the Recommended Operating Conditions. Each V_{CC} terminal should have a bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. A 0.1 µF capacitor is recommended for this device. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass capacitors to reject different frequencies of noise. The 0.1 µF and 1 µF capacitors are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power terminal as possible for best results, as shown in 8 8-3.

8.4 Layout

8.4.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple-input and multiple-channel logic devices inputs must never be left floating. In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused; for example, when only two inputs of a tripleinput AND gate are used. Such unused input pins must not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a logic high or logic low voltage, as defined by the input voltage specifications, to prevent them from floating. The logic level that must be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally, the inputs are tied to GND or V_{CC}, whichever makes more sense for the logic function or is more convenient.

8.4.2 Layout Example

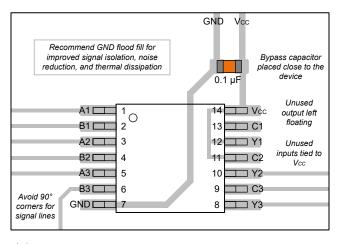


图 8-3. Example Layout for the SN74LVC3G98-Q1

Product Folder Links: SN74LVC3G98-Q1

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提交文档反馈

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9 Device and Documentation Support

TI offers an extensive line of development tools. Tools and software to evaluate the performance of the device, generate code, and develop solutions are listed below.

9.1 Documentation Support

9.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation, see the following:

- Texas Instruments, CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation application note
- · Texas Instruments, Designing With Logic application note
- Texas Instruments, Thermal Characteristics of Standard Linear and Logic (SLL) Packages and Devices application note
- Texas Instruments, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs application note

9.2 接收文档更新通知

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ESD 的损坏小至导致微小的性能降级,大至整个器件故障。精密的集成电路可能更容易受到损坏,这是因为非常细微的参数更改都可能会导致器件与其发布的规格不相符。

9.6 术语表

TI术语表本术语表列出并解释了术语、首字母缩略词和定义。

10 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

11 Revision History

注:以前版本的页码可能与当前版本的页码不同

Changes from Revision * (October 2023) to Revision A (March 2024)

Page

• 将数据表的状态从*预告信息* 更改为 *"量产数据"*1

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
PCLVC3G98WBQARQ1	ACTIVE	WQFN	BQA	14	3000	TBD	(6) Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125		0 1
										100000	Samples
SN74LVC3G98PWRQ1	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LC3G98Q	Samples
SN74LVC3G98WBQARQ1	ACTIVE	WQFN	BQA	14	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LC398Q	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

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In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74LVC3G98-Q1:

Catalog: SN74LVC3G98

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

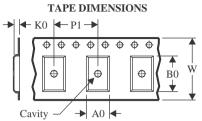
Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74LVC3G98PWRQ1	TSSOP	PW	14	3000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74LVC3G98WBQARQ1	WQFN	BQA	14	3000	180.0	12.4	2.8	3.3	1.1	4.0	12.0	Q1

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*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins SPQ		Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	
SN74LVC3G98PWRQ1	TSSOP	PW	14	3000	356.0	356.0	35.0	
SN74LVC3G98WBQARQ1	WQFN	BQA	14	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0	

2.5 x 3, 0.5 mm pitch

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

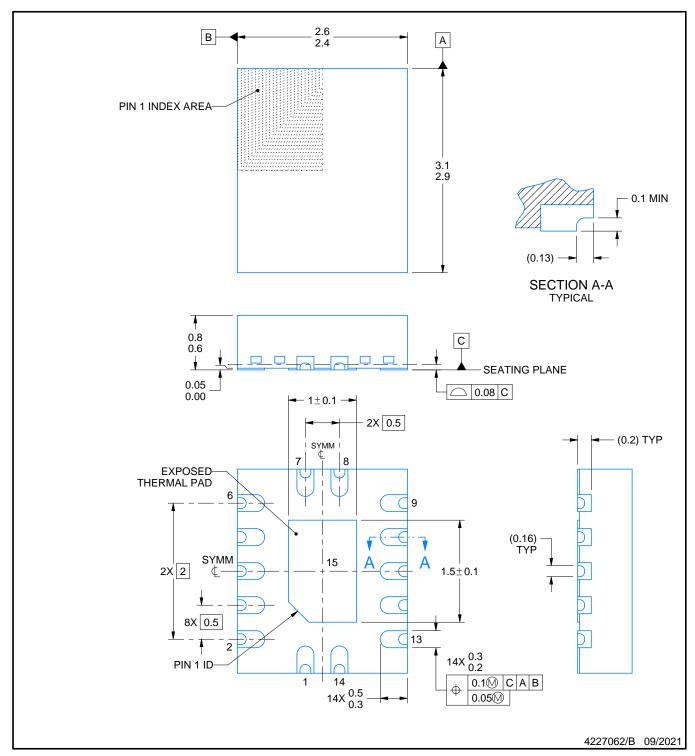
This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



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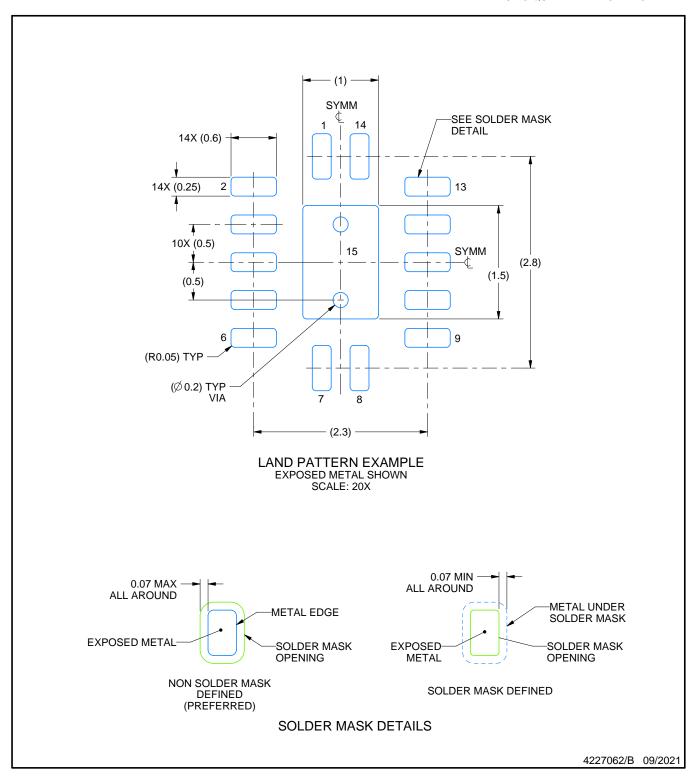


NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.



PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

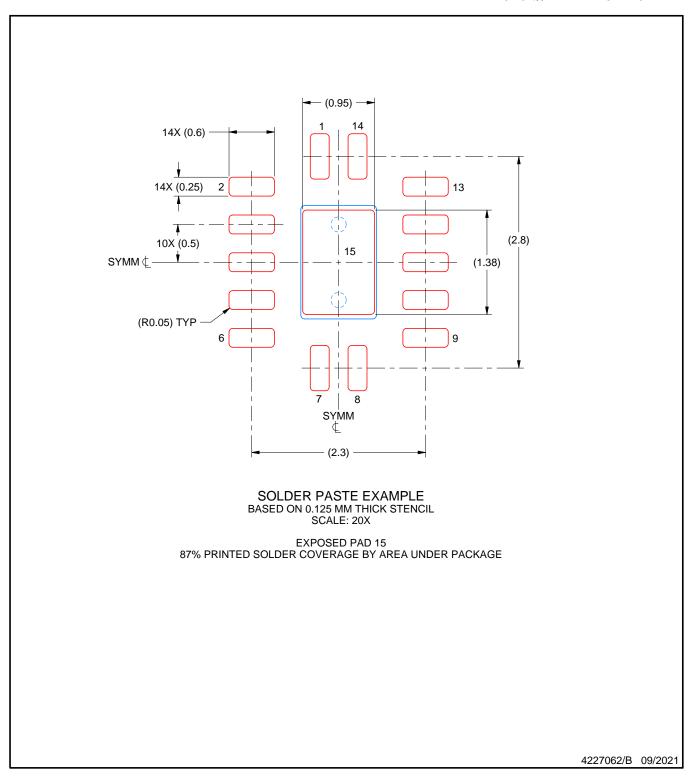


NOTES: (continued)

- 4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).
- 5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.



PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

^{6.} Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



PW (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,25 each side.
- E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153



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