

# USB Eye Diagram Trimming (TPS65950/930/920/921)

## ABSTRACT

The USB high-speed (HS) eye diagram is sometimes difficult to achieve. The TPS65950, TPS65930, TPS65921, and TPS65920 devices have trimming features that allow a slight correction of the eye opening. This document explains the use of these features through programming models, a description of the adjustment procedure, and eye pattern examples.

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# 1 Introduction

The TPS65950 family devices have adjustment capabilities to help achieve the USB high-speed (HS) eye diagram. This document explains how to use these capabilities.

## 2 USB Connectivity

## 2.1 USB Transceiver Connectivity

The USB 2.0 standard defines an HS transfer rate of 480 Mb/s. The transmission is done from a transmitter to a receiver through a differential data line. To limit data reflection, the following must match:

- Transmitter output impedance
- Line characteristic impedance
- Receiver input impedance

The USB 2.0 standard defines a cable with a  $90-\Omega \pm 10\%$  differential impedance and  $45-\Omega$  single-ended impedance. Therefore, the USB cable characteristic impedance (ZTERM) is  $45 \Omega \pm 10\%$ . Eye patterns define the quality of the transmitted signal and the sensitivity of the input receiver. USB compliancy tests check these parameters

Figure 1 shows the USB transceiver connectivity.



Figure 1. USB Transceiver Connectivity



# 2.2 USB Connection Simplified Model

Figure 2 shows a simplified model of the driver TX path.



Figure 2. Driver TX Path Simplified Model

## 2.3 Adjustable Parameters

## 2.3.1 USB Driver and Connection Simplified Model

Figure 3 shows the simplified model of the USB driver and connection.



Figure 3. Half USB Driver Model

- IHSTX is a current source that sets the driver strength.
- ZHSTX is a resistor that sets the driver output impedance.
- ZSER is a resistor. It models the resistive path from DP, (DM) IC balls to DP, (DM) connector pin where the near-end measurements are made. The main contributor is the common mode filter.
- ZTERM is the USB cable characteristic impedance.



# 3 Programming Models

## 3.1 TPS65950, TPS65930, and TPS65920

Two registers control the eye tuning:

- VBUS\_EN\_TEST: Controls the driver output impedance ZHSTX
- ID\_EN\_TEST: Controls the driver strength and AC boost feature

## 3.1.1 Procedure to Access Registers

The VRUSB\_3V1, VRUSB\_1V8, and VRUSB\_1V5 USB regulators must be set to on to start the configuration.

These registers are read/write protected. It is mandatory to:

- 1. Write: 0xB6 at address 0x97, I<sup>2</sup>C address 0x49
- 2. Update: VBUS\_EN\_TEST and/or ID\_EN\_TEST
- 3. Write: 0x00 at address 0x97, I<sup>2</sup>C address 0x49

## 3.1.2 Driver Output Impedance Adjustment

## 3.1.2.1 VBUS\_EN\_TEST Register

This register controls the HS driver output impedance.

Table 1. TPS65950-930-920 VBUS_EN_TE	EST
--------------------------------------	-----

I2C Address	0x48			
Physical Address	0xF4	Instance	USB	
Description	Test enable register – VUSB			
Туре	RW			

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	RESE	RVED		COMP_VBUS_EN_BIT3	COMP_VBUS_EN_BIT2	COMP_VBUS_EN_BIT1	RESERVED

Bits	Field Name	Description	Туре	Reset
7:4	RESERVED		R	0
3	COMP_VBUS_EN_BIT3	HS 45- $\Omega$ data line termination (ZHSDRV) output impedance programming. See Table 2 for details.	RW	0
2	COMP_VBUS_EN_BIT2		RW	1
1	COMP_VBUS_EN_BIT1		RW	0
0	RESERVED		RW	0

## 3.1.2.2 Output Impedance Programming

	ZHSDRV (Ω)		
[3]	[2]	[1]	
0	1	0	45
0	1	1	44
1	0	0	43
1	0	1	42

## **Table 2. Output Impedance Programming**

# 3.1.3 Driver Strength Adjustment

# 3.1.3.1 ID\_EN\_TEST Register

This register controls the driver output strength.

Tahlo 3	TP\$65950-930-920 ID	ΕN	TEST
i able 5	IF 303930-930-920 ID		

I2C Address	0x48			
Physical Address	0xF5	Instance	USB	
Description	Test enable register – ID			
Туре	RW			

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	RESERVED		COMP_ID_EN_BIT4	COMP_ID_EN_BIT3	COMP_ID_EN_BIT2	COMP_ID_EN_BIT1	RESERVED

Bits	Field Name	Description	Туре	Reset
7:5	RESERVED		R	0
4	COMP_ID_EN_BIT4	HS differential output voltage (VHSOH) programming. See Table 4 for bit decoding.	RW	0
3	COMP_ID_EN_BIT3		RW	1
2	COMP_ID_EN_BIT2		RW	0
1	COMP_ID_EN_BIT1	HS differential output voltage AC boost enabling	RW	0
		0: Disabled (default)		
		1: Enabled		
0	RESERVED	Test mode: (OTG). Keep this bit set to 0.	RW	0

# 3.1.3.2 Driver Strength Programming

## Table 4. TPS65950-930-920 USB Driver Strength Programming

	COMP_ID_EN[4:2]				
[4]	[3]	[2]	-		
0	0	0	18.091		
0	0	1	18.472		
0	1	0	18.853		
0	1	1	19.234		

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		0 0 0	<b>`</b>
	COMP_ID_EN[4:2]		IHSDRV (mA)
1	0	0	19.615
1	0	1	19.996
1	1	0	20.377
1	1	1	20.758

### Table 4. TPS65950-930-920 USB Driver Strength Programming (continued)

## 3.2 TPS65921

Driver output impedance and driver strength are tuned in the same way as the TP65950 family. The programming model, however, differs. One register holds the entire feature. The register is not write protected.

The USB driver adjustment register is OTHER\_FUNC\_CTRL2 (see Table 5).

## 3.2.1 Driver Adjustment

# Table 5. TPS65921 OTHER\_FUNC\_CTRL2

I2C Address	0x48			
Physical Address	0xB8	Instance	USB	
Description	USB eye diagram tri	m register. Access is possible only thr	ough the I <sup>2</sup> C.	
Туре	RW			

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ZH	ISTX		IHS	тх		RESERVED	VBAT_TIMER_EN

Bits	Field Name	Description	Туре	Reset
7:6	ZHSTX	HS output impedance configuration for eye diagram tuning:	RW	0x0
		00: 45.455 Ω		
		01: 43.779 Ω		
		10: 42.793 Ω		
		11: 42.411 Ω		
5:2	IHSTX	HS output drive strength configuration for eye diagram tuning:	RW	0x1
		0000: 17.928 mA		
		0001: 18.117 mA		
		0010: 18.306 mA		
		0011: 18.495 mA		
		0100: 18.683 mA		
		0101: 18.872 mA		
		0110: 19.061 mA		
		0111: 19.249 mA		
		1000: 19.438 mA		
		1001: 19.627 mA		
		1010: 19.816 mA		



#### Programming Models

Bits	Field Name	Description	Туре	Reset
		1011: 20.004 mA		
		1100: 20.193 mA		
		1101: 20.382 mA		
		1110: 20.570 mA		
		1111: 20.759 mA		
		IHSTX[0] is also the AC Boost enable.		
		IHSTX[0] = 0: AC Boost is disabled.		
		IHSTX[0] = 1: AC Boost is enabled.		
1	RESERVED	Charge pump enable	RO	0
0	VBAT_TIMER_EN	Enable the VBAT function for BCI.	RW	0

## 3.2.2 Driver Output Impedance Adjustment

The OTHER\_FUNC\_CTRL2[7:6] ZHSTX bit field controls the output impedance. Table 6 summarizes the behavior.

### Table 6. TPS65921 USB Driver Output Impedance Programming

OTHER_FU	ZHSTX (Ω)	
[7]	[6]	
0	0	45.455
0	1	43.779
1	0	42.793
1	1	42.411

## 3.2.3 Driver Strength Adjustment

The OTHER\_FUNC\_CTRL2[5:2] IHSTX bit field controls the driver current and the AC boost feature. The OTHER\_FUNC\_CTRL2[5:3] bits set the current source magnitude, while the OTHER\_FUNC\_CTRL2[2] bit enables the AC\_BOOST feature. This function decreases DP (DM) rise and fall time; it keeps the eye amplitude unchanged.

In Table 7, to improve readability, the field corresponding to the OTHER\_FUNC\_CTRL2[5:2] bit field is named IHSTX. Therefore, IHSTX[0] is OTHER\_FUNC\_CTRL2[2]. It sets the AC\_BOOST feature. IHSTX[3:1] are OTHER\_FUNC\_CTRL2[5:3]; they set the driver strength.

### 3.2.3.1 How to Read the IHSTX Current Table

The IHSTX table is split over AC\_BOOST to improve readability of the document.

## 3.2.3.2 No AC Boost

AC boost is disabled when IHSTX[0] = 0; IHSTX[3:1] bits set the magnitude.

### Table 7. TPS65921 USB Driver Strength Programming – No AC Boost

No AC Boost (IHSTX[0] = 0)					
IHSTX[3]	IHSTX[2]	IHSTX[1]	Drive Strength (mA)		
0	0	0	17.928		
0	0	1	18.306		
0	1	0	18.653		
0	1	1	19.061		
1	0	0	19.438		
1	0	1	19.816		
1	1	0	20.193		



## Table 7. TPS65921 USB Driver Strength Programming – No AC Boost (continued)

No AC Boost (IHSTX[0] = 0)					
1	1	1	20.570		

## 3.2.3.3 AC Boost Enabled

AC boost is enabled when IHSTX[0] =1; the IHSTX[3:1] bits set the current magnitude.

With AC Boost (IHSTX[0] = 1)					
IHSTX[3]	IHSTX[2]	IHSTX[1]	Drive Strength (mA)		
0	0	0	18.117		
0	0	1	18.495		
0	1	0	18.872		
0	1	1	19.249		
1	0	0	19.627		
1	0	1	20.004		
1	1	0	20.382		
1	1	1	20.759		

### Table 8. TPS65921 USB Driver Strength Programming – AC Boost

## 4 Adjustment Procedure

To adjust the eye diagram:

- 1. Adjust the driver impedance (ZDRV) to ensure correct impedance matching between the device and the PCB. Remember that only the DC resistances of the routed paths and components can be compensated.
- 2. Adjust the driver strength to achieve the correct eye amplitude.

## 5 Conclusion

TPS65950/930/920/921 have USB eye diagram capability. This document explains how to exercise it.



# Appendix A Measurements and Examples

# A.1 Measurements Setup

Figure 4 shows the USB eye diagram setup.



Figure 4. USB Eye Diagram Setup

# A.2 Eye Pattern Examples (TPS65920)

The plots in Figure 5 through Figure 14 are related to the TPS65920. Other devices of the family behave in the same way.







Figure 5. TPS65920 - COMP\_ID\_EN[4:2] = 0b000





Figure 6. TPS65920 - COMP\_ID\_EN[4:2] = 0b001







Figure 7. TPS65920 - COMP\_ID\_EN[4:2] = 0b010





Figure 8. TPS65920 - COMP\_ID\_EN[4:2] = 0b011







Figure 9. TPS65920 - COMP\_ID\_EN[4:2] = 0b100





Figure 10. TPS65920 - COMP\_ID\_EN[4:2] = 0b101







Figure 11. TPS65920 - COMP\_ID\_EN[4:2] = 0b110





Figure 12. TPS65920 – IHSTX = 0b111



## A.2.2 AC\_Boost (TPS65920)



Figure 13. No Boost – COMP\_ID\_EN[4:2] = 0b010





Figure 14. With Boost – COMP\_ID\_EN[4:2] = 0b010

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